Tixon Got \$100,000 Loan in

By Jack Anderson

Donald Nixon, the President's likable, loquacious, wheelerdealer brother, got a \$100,000 personal loan from a California builder at a time when the builder was seeking federal business.

This is the second substantial loan which Donald Nixon has wangled from government contractors. In late 1956, while his brother was Vice President, Donald secured a \$205,000 loan from billionaire defense contractor Howard Hughes.

Our disclosure of the Hughes loan became a major issue in Richard Nixon's defeats for President in 1960 and governor of California in 1962.

Now we have learned that Donald received a \$100,000 check, dated August 4, 1971, from Lloyd Hallamore, then president of Hallamore Homes, Inc.

Securities and Exchange the loan. Commission records show that in July, 1971, Donald was also appointed a director of a closely affiliated Hallamore firm, San/

Bar Electronics Corp.
My associate, George Clifford, infiltrated a Hallamore meeting in July, 1971, and heard Donald Nixon boast of his efforts to get homes.

The firm wound up a few ment of any project related to months later with a \$4,721,000 "energy or its uses" if President subcontract to construct modular homes at 18 Air Force bases. But the firm's president, Harold Anderson, who is also Lloyd construction, offshore oil drill-Hallamore's son-in-law, denied ing and shale and strip mining that Don Nixon had anything to do with arranging the Air Force safeguards or public recourse. contract.

Reluctantly conceding that a made, Anderson insisted to us: 'The loan had absolutely nothing to do with the operation of Hallamore, Inc." The \$100,000, he also swore, has been repaid.

Meanwhile, we have discovered that President Nixon's former aide, John D. Ehrlichman, personally checked on the Hal-Nixon's involvement. Ehrlichman traveled with presidential pal C. G. (Bebe) Rebozo to make for projects relating to energy. a quiet survey of the Hallamore

pose still remains a mystery.

Footnote: Don Nixon and Lloyd Hallamore could not be reached for comment.

SECRET STRATEGY-The encontracts to build Hallamore vironmental laws will be susNixon's secret strategy is successful.

This would mean atomic plant could be pursued without any

The strategy to undermine environmental laws in the name of \$100,000 personal loan had been the energy crisis is being plotted behind closed doors in the byzantine Old Executive Office Building next to the White House. We have gone behind those doors to get the story.

At the latest session, deputy budget chief Frank Zarb presided. He outlined five options for the group to discuss, includlamore firm because of Don ing a proposal from the President that the National Environmental Policy Act be suspended

Russell Peterson, head of the operations in California at Council on Environmental Qualabout the time Don Nixon got ity, broke in to demand why they needed to discuss the options at We wrote about Don's deal-all. When, he demanded, had ings with the Hallamores but environmental concerns ever never learned until now about stopped an important energy the \$100,000 loan. Its exact pur-project? No one could come up with a single example.

Clearing his throat, Under Secretary of the Interior John Whitaker, a former oil executive, suggested that instead of suspending the environmental pended to permit the develop- act that they move merely to

environmental guidelines. This would produce the same result with less uproar.

White House aide Richard Fairbanks interrupted with a loud complaint about "environmental kooks." He snorted: "When the lights go out, people don't give a damn about the environment."

Yet Fairbanks, incredibly, is President Nixon's top aide for environmental affairs.

The Federal Energy Office's representative, Eric Zausner, who came in late, was asked by Zarb what FEO thought about suspending the environmental act. At his bureaucratic best, Zausner said his agency needed week or so to think it over.

Zarb quickly closed the meeting, saying that because FEO needed more time to mull over the problem, they would meet again on March 13.

Footnote: Fairbanks told us his remark about the lights going out was taken from a twoyear-old statement by Interior Secretary Rogers C. B. Morton. Fairbanks raised it again, he said, because of his concern about an "emotional reaction" against environmentalism if things get too bad, "a la gas-lines." Whitaker did not return our calls.

1974, United Feature Syndicate, Inc.