JAN 1 8 1974 Dean Warning Sparked 'Alarm'

By George Lardner Jr. Washington Post Staff Writer

A top White House aide sent up alarm signals about President Nixon's secret tapes immediately after John W. Dean's public warning last April that he would not be a "scapegoat" in the Watergate scandal.

Testifying in federal court yesterday, the Secret Service agent in charge of the taping system said the White House was promptly assured that Dean, then counsel to the President, had not been let in on the

closely guarded setup.
The agent, Louis B. Sims,
who heads the Secret Service's technical security division, said the question of whether Dean knew of the

system for recording Mr. Nixon's conversations was put to him by the President's appointments secretary, Stephen B. Bull.
Sims said he told Bull he

"could rest assured" on that

Dean goat" s made his scapeat" statement last April A few days later, on April 25, Bull checked out 22 tapes covering Mr. Nixon's meetings and telephone conversations that spring and delivered them to White House chief of staff H. R. (Bob) Haldeman. The Secret Service testi-mony indicating early White

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House awareness of the po-tential importance of the tapes came as U.S. District Court Judge John J. Sirica continued his hearings on the controversial 18½-minute erasure of a June 20, 1972, discussion of the Watergate scandal between Haldeman and the Presi-

The report of a panel of technical experts submitted to Sirica this week strongly suggested tampering.

According to Secret Service and White House records, the June 20 tape never left the storage vault in the Executive Office Building until last September when it and other subpoenaed recordings were turned over to Mr. Nixon's personal secretary, Rose Mary Woods, for summaries the President had asked her to make.

Miss Woods began work on the tape at Camp David on the weekend of Sept. 29-30 and, according to her testimony, was finishing work on it in her White House office Oct. 1 when she made "a terrible mistake" on the

"a terrible mistake" on the Uher 5000 recording machine she was using.

She said she accidentally pressed the "Record" key instead of the "Stop" key on the machine when she machine when she twisted around at her desk to answer a five-minute phone call. She said she must have kept her foot on the floor pedal at the same time.

Miss Woods said she immediately told the President what happened, but has insisted that she could have caused only a five-minute gap in the tape.

White House lawyers have

testified that they did not discover the erasure lasted

18½ minutes until Nov. 14. The experts assigned to study the tape reported that the obliterated segment was the result of five separate erasures, all done manually. They said the erasures were "almost surely" produced on the Uher 5000 Miss Woods said she used, but not by any mistakes with the floor pedal.

Yesterday's testimony before Sirica by Sims and Secret Service technician Raymond C. Zumwalt included

these points:

• The Secret Service had four Uher 5000 recording machines in its supply room Oct. 1 when Bull asked for a machine with a foot pedal. Zumwalt said the Secret Service somehow over-looked the new Uhers in somehow stock and bought a new one. It was delivered to Bull around 1 or 1:15 p.m. that day. Bull has said he then turned it over to Miss Woods. In turn, Miss Woods has said she told the President of her "terrible misdent of her "terrible mis-take" on the machine around 2:15 p.m. She has also said she worked on the June 20 recording some 21/2

hours that day.

On Nov. 12, the Uher machine Miss Woods got was modified by the Secret Service-at Bull's request-



LOUIS B. SIMS ... agent "assured" aide

so that it could still be used for playbacks without accidentally recording anything. This was two days before the White House has said the 18½-minute erasure on the June 20 tape was discovered. ered. According to Bull asked for the modification on Nov. 9.

• On Nov. 26, Bull asked Secret Service agent Sims when the Uher had been purchased and was told "Oct. 1." Some two weeks later, on Dec. 7, Bull asked Sims "what time of day" the Uher had been bought.

Sims said he told Bull the machine was turned over to

him "at approximately be-tween 1 and 1:15 p.m." on Oct. 1. Asked by Watergate special prosecutors when he got the Uher, Bull testified Wednesday that it was during "the noon hour—12, 1 o'clock, something like that."

 Zumwalt signed Bull's name to a Secret Service receipt for the Uher and put his own initials "RCZ" next to the signature. Zumwalt described this as routine since the receipt was designed simply for Secret Service "in-house" records showing who had the re-

corder.

• A Secret Service plan to improve the secret taping system and eliminate unwanted sound effects was shelved, Zumwalt "when the Watergate break-in was exposed" in June, 1972. He did not elaborate.

• The taping system was dismantled July 18, two days after Bull's predecessor at the White House, Alexander Butterfield, publicly dis-closed its existence to the Senate Watergate committee, but it was not until "the first part of November" that the wires to the hidden microphones in Mr. Nixon's offices were cut.

Zumwalt said this was fi-

nally done becuse the Secret Service decided it was "just not very good policy to have hot microphones" in the President's offices that could conceivably be put to work again without the Secret Service's knowledge.

In the Oval Office, Zumwalt testified, the wires were cut just beneath Mr. Nixon's desk and shoved up a foot or two inside it. They are still there, along with the hidden microphones.