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**KROGH ASKS COURT
TO SUMMON NIXON**

**Says President Has Refused
Help on Ellsberg Case**

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 8 (AP) Egil Krogh Jr., a former White House aide, contending that President Nixon has "refused to cooperate" with Mr. Krogh's attorneys, has asked a California court to subpoena the President for questioning concerning conversations about Daniel Ellsberg.

Mr. Krogh, along with John D. Ehrlichman and David Young, also asked for access to all tape recordings or written records of White House meetings in which the President discussed Dr. Ellsberg and the disclosure of the Pentagon papers. Only one meeting cited — on March 21, 1973 — was among those recorded on tapes that Federal Judge John J. Sirica has requested in the Watergate inquiry.

Mr. Krogh, once head of the secret White House "plumbers squad" assigned to plug leaks of secret Government information, was the only defendant in the Ellsberg case to seek the President's personal appearance.

His attorney, Robert Schlei, said in a pre-trial discovery motion released by the court yesterday that "President Nixon has, for his own reasons, so far refused to cooperate with counsel for Krogh in permitting access to potentially exculpatory evidence." He said the tapes and other records in Mr. Nixon's possession would help prove Mr. Krogh innocent of burglary and conspiracy charges in the 1971 break-in at the Beverly Hills office of Dr. Lewis J. Fielding, Dr. Ellsberg's former psychiatrist.

Oral Examination Sought

Mr. Krogh's motion asked Superior Court Judge Gordon Ringer to allow issuance of a subpoena to Mr. Nixon, "requiring him to appear for oral examination and to bring with him all tape recordings and documents in his possession" relating to the plumbers.

The motion said that if Mr. Krogh were ultimately convicted, such evidence might encourage a light sentence.

It noted that the "plumbers squad" had been formed on orders of President Nixon "to meet what was perceived to be a grave threat to national security of the United States," the leak of national secrets.

Mr. Ehrlichman, in a separate motion, asked for access to tape recordings of 12 specific conversations involving Mr. Nixon and himself as well as other former officials. The two tapes the White House now

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says do not exist—one of a Presidential conversation with former Attorney General John N. Mitchell on June 20, 1972, and of another with John W. Dean 3d, former White House counsel, on April 15, 1973, were not among them.

The fourth defendant in the case, C. Gordon Liddy, asked for neither the tapes nor Mr. Nixon's presence, although he requested general discovery of prosecution evidence. The motions are scheduled for hearing Monday.