Nixon Counsel Meet Haig On Eve of Tapes Hearing

President Reportedly Briefed—Lawyers Warned by Sirica to Expect Tough Query on Nonexistent Recordings

By LESLEY OELSNER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5—this summer that on April 15 the two lawyers and Mr. matter. Nixon's chief of staff, according to a White House source.

ment, the President's counsel, Dean said. And at the meeting, and J. Fred Buzhardt Jr., spethe President's former counselcial counsel—met with Mr. went on, Mr. Nixon made cer-Haig at Key Biscayne, Fla., and tain statements and asked cer-

said that the lawyers had simply "been available" if the President wanted to talk to them.

The President spent most of the day on the energy conservation decisions that he is to announce this week, Mr. Warren said.

The lawyers' meeting came on the eve of their scheduled appearance in Federal Courthere before Judge John J. Sirica. Last Friday afternoon, Judge Sirica warned them that they could expect tough questioning this week on their contention.

Judge Sirica began holding a fact-finding hearing on, the matter last Wednesday, a day after the White House lawyers told him privately that two of the nine Presidential conversations involved in the legal battle over the tape recorded. The judge had previously ordered the President to comply with a subpoena by the special Watergate prosecution calling for tape recordings of all nine conversations.

'No Missing Tapes'

There has been speculation on the possibility that the White House might change its stance this week. According to Mr. Warren, however, Mr. Garment and Mr. Buzhardt will continue to present evidence to back up their statement that the so-called "missing tapes" never existed.

"We are convinced the proceedings will show that there are no missing tapes," Mr. Warren said, and that the woonversations were never recorded.

There was also some confusion last' week about the White House position regarding the date that the non-existence of the two tape recordings first became known. Afternon, the White House position regarding the date that the non-existence of the two tape recordings first became known. Afternon, the White House position regarding the date that the non-existence of the two tape recordings first became known. Afternon, the White House position regarding the date that the non-existence of the two tape recordings first became known. Afternon, the White House position regarding the date that the mon-existence of the two tape residence of the

conversations were never recorded.

The type of evidence to be presented is apparently in large part technical, showing how the existing tape recordings were made and stored.

One of the two conversations said not to have been recorded is a telephone call between Mr. Nixon and John N. Mitchell, his former Attorney General and campaign director, on June 20, 1972. According to the special Watergate prosecution, that telephone call—just three days after the break-in at Democratic party headquarters at the Watergate complex here—may provide crucial evidence regarding what Mr. Nixon knew or did not know of the crime. Last week, Mr. Buzhardt said that this conversation was not recorded because it was made on a telephone that was not hooked into the White House recording system.

The second conversation took and the courts tapes over to the courts.

'Comply in All Respects'

And even when the President reversed his position two weeks ago and agreed to obey the court order to comply with the subpoena, he did not mention nonexistence of the two tapes. His lawyer, Charles Alan Wright, told Judge Sirica then that the President would comply with the subpoena in all respects.

The existence of the White House system of tape-recording all Presidential conversations became known last July 16, through the testimony of a former White House assistant named Alexander P. Butterfield. Both Archibald Cox, the special Watergate prosecutor, and the Senate Watergate committee immediately began to move for the disclosure of tape recordings of certain conversations bearing on Watergate-related crimes.

On July 23, in a letter to the

Two of President Nixon's chief he sent a message to Mr. Nixon legal advisers met again with regarding his, Dean's discus-Alexander M. Haig to discuss sions with Federal prosecutors the White House's attempt to regarding the Watergate coverprove that two of the disputed up. In the message, Dean testi-Watergate conversations were fied, he told the President that never recorded. It was the third he would be willing to meet meeting in two days between with him to talk over the

'Leading Questions'

The President The lawyers—Leonard Gar-him to a meeting that evening,

Haig at Key Biscayne, Fla., and according to the President's deputy press spokesman, Gerald L. Warren, Mr. Haig briefed Mr. Nixon on what the lawyers had said.

The White House press office had previously announced that the lawyers would meet with the President himself. This afternoon, however, Mr. Warren said that the lawyers had simply "been available" if the President wanted to talk to them.

The second conversation took place last April 15 between President Nixon and John W. Dean 3d, his dismissed counsel.

Dean has since pleaded guilty to a charge of obstruction of justice for his role in the Watergate cover-up and has agreed to testify for the Watergate prosecution. He testified On July 23, in a letter to the chairman of the Senate committee, Sam J. Ervin Jr., the President declined to give the