### NYTimes

AGNEW QUITS VICE PRESIDENCY AND ADMITS TAX EVASION IN 67; NIXON CONSULTS ON SUCCESSOR

# CONGRESS TO VOTE

## Opposition Indicated if Choice Is Possible 1976 Candidate

#### By CHRISTOPHER LYDON Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10— President Nixon began his search today for a successor to Vice President Agnew amid indications that he will face stiff resistance from Congress if he chooses anyone who might qualify as a strong Republican candidate in 1976.

The Senate majority leader, Mike Mansfield, Democrat of Montana, said the choice of either John B. Connally, the former Treasury Secretary and Texas Governor, or Governor Ronald Reagan of Californiaboth presumed contenders for the Republican Presidential nomination in 1976— would provoke a fight from Seiate Democrats.

Similar warnings had come from Democratic leaders in the

#### Quick Action Indicated

Mr. Nixon's first moves today that he wished to move quickly but with some show of bipartisan consultation.

"President Nixon intends to move expeditiously in selecting a nominee and he trusts the Congress will then act promtly to consider the nomination,"
Ronald L. Ziegler, the President's Press Secretary, announced shortly after word that the President had accepted Mr. Agnew's resignation spread through the White House.

Mr. Nixon then began meeting with Congressional leaders of both parties and with George Bush, the Republican party chairman, to reach an understanding on the procedures he will follow in selecting a Vice President acceptable to both houses of Congress.

Under the 25th Amendment, ratified in 1967, when there is a vacancy in the office of Vice President the President must appoint a person to fill the Continued on Page 34, Column 2

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office, subject to approval by a simple majority of both houses.

Mr. Ziegler said the President would confer over the next few days with a wide range of national leaders, both Democrats and Republicans, to hear their views on who or what kind of person should be named to the second highest office in

to the second highest office in the nation.

One longtime Nixon counselor who hinted he had talked with the President said that one of Mr. Nixon's first objectives would be to avoid a confrontation with Congress.

Another primary consideration, the President's confidant said, would be choosing a man who shared Mr. Nixon's views on foreign policy.

on foreign policy.
Accordingly, men such as former Secretary of State William P. Rogers, former Governor William W. Scranton of Pennsylvania and former Senator John Sherman Cooper of Kentucky—all Republicans—figured persistently in the fevered speculation here.
Other Republican names being mentioned in the guessing—much of it uninformed—were those of Senator Barry Goldwater of Arizona; the Treasury Secretary, George P. Shultz; a Presidential counselor, Melvin R. aird, and Warren F. Burger, Chief Justice of the United States.

Democrat Held Possible Choice

#### Democrat Held Possible Choice

At the same time some ob-

At the same time some observers thought it was not inconceivable that Mr. Nixon would nominate a Democrat. Mr. Bush, the Republican chairman, said this afternoon that he would "strongly urge" the nomination of a Republican. Mr. Bush dispatched telegrams the nomination of a Republican. Mr. Bush dispatched telegrams to more than 150 members of the party's national committee, asking them, he said, "who they think it should be." But Mr. Bush—like other party figures who proposed individual candidates for the job—recognized that the choice at this point was the President's.

Within both parties today there continued to be a sharp crossfire of point on the ques-

crossfire ofopinion on the question whether Congress should consider partisanship and the 1976 election in the confirmation process, and whether Mr. Nixon should be prepared to bargain with the Democratic majorities in both House and

Senate.

Senate.

Among the Republicans, for example, Senator Goldwater was reported to have said privately that he and his fellow conservatives would seek to block a nomination of either Mr. Connally, a recent convert to Republicanism; Governor Rockefeller of New York, who lost the Presidential nomination to Mr. Goldwater in 1964; or to Mr. Goldwater in 1964; or Senator Charles H. Percy of Illinois, a liberal who is already exploring the possibility of a run for the Presidency in 1976.

Mr. Percy, on the other hand, said otday that no conditions should be placed on Mr. Niversa

said ofday that no conditions should be placed on Mr. Nixon's choice, and that no considerationshould be given to "what effect this will have on 1976.

#### Connally Opposes 'Caretaker'

Mr. Connally, too, has persistently denounced the Democrats' proposal of a "caretaker" Vice President. "The very idea that you'd select a political eunuch," he commented last week. "You select a Vice President on the basis of his capacity to serve if something han

dent on the basis of his capacity to serve if something happened to the president."

Some Democrats, including Senator Edward M. Kennedy of Massachusetts, himself a possible candidate for the Presidency in 1976, have disagreed sharply with the Congressional leadership view that potential Republican candidates be ruled out for Vice President.

out for Vice President.

Mr. Agnew informed the President last night of his decision to resign and plead no

contest to a single charge of ing the news secret from most, Mr. Nixon aid in his letter that chosen to be his successor in tax evasion. According to Mr. if not all, of his staff. This began "Dear Ted." "You have the event of death or disability, Ziegler, it was a 40-minute morning, shortly before noon, been a valued associate through-under felony charges. meeting, beginning at 6 P.M., Mr. Nixn still gave no hint of out these nearly five years that in which the two sat alone be-the devxelopment as he, in obvi-we have served together."

deep personal loss and he expressed his appreciation for the Vice President's dedicated service to the nation over the past four and one-half years and his respect for the Vice President's decision to put the national interest above personal considerations in taking this very difficult action," Mr. Ziegler Nixon Gives No Hint

After the meeting with Mr. Agnew, the president was host as a state dinner last evening for President Felix Houphouet-Boigny of the Ivory Coast, keep
Mer. Sizellet's and photographers.

It was shortly after 2 P.M., of the matter in this way, to conclude that a resolution of the matter in this way, at the matter than through an extended battle in the courts and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in the Congress, was advisable in order to prevent a protracted period of national division and the Congress, was advisable in the Congress, was a

White House Role Pondered One of the main unanswered the devxelopment as he, in obvious high spirits, presented the National Medal of Science awards in the East-Room before the Vice President his sense of deep personal loss and he expressed his appreciation for the Vice President's dedicated service to the nation over the past when Mr. Agnew was appearing trather they have served together."

when we have served together."

"However," he continued, "I the devxelopment as he, in obvious high spirits, presented the National Medal of Science awards in the East-Room before scores of scientists, Cabinet also respect the concern for the played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew was appearing trather there through a resolution of the matter in this way, ice to the nation over the past when Mr. Agnew was appearing trather there through a residual of the main unanswered questions at the end of this tumultuous day was how much respect your decision, and I also respect the concern for the played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew would resign in return for a suspended sentence. "The President played in Mr. Agnew was appearing trather there there were to the continued, "I though a respect your decision, and I also respect the concern for the played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew would resign in return for a suspended sentence. "The President played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew was appearing trather there there were the concern for the played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew was appearing trather there were the concern for the played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew would resign in return for a suspended sentence. "The President played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew was appearing trather the played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew was appearing trather the played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew was appearing trather the played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr. Agnew was a played in working out the arrangement whereby Mr.

"The President played no direct role in the arrangement that was worked out," Mr. Ziegler said, "or the decision which has been announced today. The President and the White House and the Vice President have made the point that this is a decision which was a personal decision which only the Vice President could make. The President, of course, respected President, of course, respected

However, White House officials has acknowledged for some time, and again today, that the White House counsel's that the White House counsel's office has been in on negotiations regarding the Agnew problem "for purposes of communication." Some high Presidential assistants have said privately an Agnew resignation would be welcome.

Thus today's developments

Thus today's developments were seen as helping the President move farther away from his own problems in Watergate and related matters and re-storing his credibility with the

country.

Meets G.O.P. Leaders

After the news was announced, President Nixon moved rapidly to choose a successor. First he called Republican leaders from Congress—Hugh Scott of Pennsylvania and Robert P. Griffin of Michigan in the Senate, and Gerald R. Ford of Michigan and Leslie C. Arends of Illinois in the House—who arrived at midafternoon in their black limousines and were ushered immediately into the Oval Office. ately into the Oval Office. He telephoned Senator James

O. Eastland, the President pro-tem of the Senate, a conserva-tive Democrat and Nixon ally who was on his plantation in

Mississippi. And he talked also with Mr. Bush to get his ideas about names and procedures.

Later in the day, Mr. Nixon met with Carl Albert of Oklahoma, and Senator Mansfield.



United Press Internat John B. Connally of Texas.



John Sherman Cooper of Kentucky.



United Press International Melvin R. Laird, adviser to President.



The New York Times Warren E. Burger, the Chief Justice.



Barry Goldwater, Arizona Senator.



Governor Rockefeller of New York.



Gov. Ronald Reagan of California.



United Press International William P. Scranton of Pennsylvania.