WXPost Aug 2 4 1973 - Executive In Md. **Indicted**

Baltimore Co. Leader Faces 39 Charges

By Richard M. Cohen and Bill Richards Washington Post Staff Writers

BALTIMORE, Aug. 23-Dale Anderson, the county executive of Baltimore County and leader of one of the nation's most potent suburban political organizations, was indicted here today by a special federal grand jury on 39 counts involving bribery and extor tion.

The indictment, alleging that Anderson received \$46,420 in kickbacks from eight enin kickbacks from eight engineering, architectural and consulting firms doing business with the county, is the first returned by the grand jury since it was impaneled last December and charged with conducting a massive probe of alleged corruption in the Baltimore area.

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Anderson was the sole person indicted today. His long-time county administrative officer, William E. Fornoff, was named as a co-conspirator, but not indicted. Fornoff, who resigned his post June 4 after pleading guilty to a minor tax charge, has apparently been cooperating with the government in return for leniency. He is accused in the indictiment of accepting money as Anderson's "agent."

In a statement, the U.S. attorney for Maryland, George Beall, said that further indictiments "can be expected." Sources added that the eventual number could be in the

tual number could be in the dozens and include local, state and federal political figures

and federal political figures as well as private businessmen.

Legal sources speculated that, in terms of tactics, only one indictment was handed down today to exert pressure on others who might be indicted. Such pressure could result, say the legal sources, in offers of cooperation from those who fear they are targets of indictment.

gets of indictment.

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Neither Beall or the three assistant U.S. attorneys assigned to the investigation would comment on when other indictments would be sought or how many persons would be involved. Beall, however, suggested the scope of the investigation in progress when he said earlier this week when he said earlier this week that the probe may continue for another six to eight months.

The Anderson indictment was sought by the same prose-cution team that has been investigating alleged payments made to Vice President Spiro T. Agnew during his tenure as Maryland governor. Agnew was notified by the U.S. attorney's office on Aug 1 that torney's office on Aug. 1 that he was under investigation.

At least two of the engineering firms named in the massive, 72-page indictment of An-

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INDICT, From A1

derson are known to figure in the Agnew investigation as well, and sources said the prosecution wished to dispose of the Anderson and related indictments before turning their full attention to Agnew.

Agnew, who was succeeded by Anderson as county executive in 1966, issued a statement today in which he said he found the charges against Anderson "totally at variance with my improvious af him with my impressions of him and everything I know about him."

Gov. Marvin Mandel, who like others in the state's political community had been expecting the indictment, said, "Lintend to refrain from any comment until Mr. Anderson has had his day in court."

Beall, the U.S. attorney, said that Anderson would probably be carraigned sometime in Service and the said of the said

be arraigned sometime in September, but set no date.
Anderson himself had no

comment on the indictment except to reaffirm his innocence. He spent the morning in his Towson office and left with his wife and daughter at

1 p.m.
"I have no comment at all," he told reporters. "I don't want to talk to anybody," he said. Asked if he still was maintaining his innocence, he said, "Absolutely," and departed. His lawyer, Norman Ramsey, also would not com-

In the indictment, the 56-year-old Anderson is accused of both bribery and extortion, a legal tactic that allows the prosecution to argue both charges. It will be up to the judge, informed legal sources said, to decide whether Anderson allegedly extorted the son allegedly extorted the money by threatening to with-hold county contracts or whether he allegedly accepted bribes in exchange for county business.

Of the 39 counts in the indictment, 31 charge Anderson with extortion and with causing extortion by Fornoff. Con-

In seven counts of the indictment, Anderson is charged with interstate travel and the use of interstate commerce facilities to promote extortion and bribery. Conviction on each of these counts carries a maximum penalty of five years imprisonment and a fine of \$10,000. Anderson is also charged with one count of conspiracy to obstruct interstate merce by extortion, which carries a maximum penalty upon conviction of 20 years imprisonment and a fine of \$10,000.

The 39 counts in the indictment involve maximum penalty.

viction on each of the extortion counts carries a maximum penalty of 20 years im-

prisonment and a fine of \$10,-

ment involve maximum penalties totaling 675 years in prison and \$270,000 in fines.

All of the contracts mentioned in the indictment are for public works projects in Baltimore County and were granted by the county government without bids. Architects, engineers and consultants consider themselves "professionals" and will not bid on a

contract.

Except in one case, the indictments charge that Fornoff acted for Anderson in allegedly receiving the money. The sole exception to this alleged pattern, the indictment charges, occurred when "another public official" allegedly acted as Anderson's agent in receiving \$1,500 in October of 1970 from two engineering firms. The public offi-

neering firms. The public official was not named.

The companies named in the indictment are Gaudreau, Inc.;
George W. Stephens, Jr. and Assoc. Inc.; John B. Funk Assoc., Inc.; General Engineering Consultants, Inc.; Greiner Environmental Services, Inc.;
James Petrica and Assoc. James Petrica and Assoc.; Whiteford, Falk, Mask, Inc.; and Matz, Childs and Assoc.,

According to the indictment, the largest payments were made by the officers and owners of Gaudrea, Inc. The indictment charges that the firm made eight payments between November, 1968, and March 13, 1972 to Fornoff and Anderson on work related to the construction of the \$20 million Baltimore County Courts Building. The largest single payment, the indictment says, was \$5.970 made on Sept. 23 was \$5,970 made on Sept. 23, 1969. The total amount received, the indictment says, was \$23,920.



WILLIAM FORNOFF . . . cited as co-conspirator

indictment do not refer to the a line of Baltimore County pospecific projects, but rather to litical bosses, he enjoyed enorunspecified public works projumous statewide power as the ects such as the design of leader of the county's large sewer, water and storm drains delegation to the Maryland

and highway projects.

in addition to Gaudreau's eight payments, the Stephens payments for a total of \$4,500; a captain in 1946 after four Whiteford, Falk and Mask made four payments for a total of \$2,850; Greiner made he entered the home-building tal of \$2,850; Greiner made he entered the home-building three payments totaling \$1,750 and Matz-Childs made five other Maryland political figures a developer. payments for a total of \$5,600.

Both the Greiner Environnental Systems Co., a subsidiary of the J. E. Greiner Co., and Matz-Childs are involved in the Agnew probe. The rec-ords of both firms have been subpoenaed and both Lester Matz of Matz-Childs and Jerome Wolff, the president of Greiner Environmental Systems, have told prosecutors sources said, that they person-ally turned over cash pay-ments to Agnew when he was governor.

Both Matz and Wolff have been granted a limited form of immunity in the Agnew probe in exchange for their

testimony.

Wolff was Baltimore County's assistant director of public works under Agnew, became the Agnew-appointed chairman of the old state roads commission when Agnew became Maryland governor in 1966 and later served two years on Agnew's vice presidential staff.

firms, Wolff is named in one count of the Anderson indict-ment. The count charges that affluent areas of Baltimore Anderson "unlawfully" forced County. Wolff to travel from Washington to somewhere in Maryland for the purpose of obtaining a bribe for Anderson. Both Matz and Fornoff have

been under investigation, sources said, since the stages of the probe. Fornoff was the county's number two man under both Agnew and Anderson and his testimony reportedly has led to the investigation of others, includ-

ing Agnew.

In June, when he pleaded guilty to the minor tax charge, Fornoff told the grand jury that he had funneled cash kickbacks from several local contractors "to another official in Baltimore County." Fornoff Fornoff refused to publicly name the official and Anderson maintained it was not he.

Later, Anderson revealed that he had used both Fornoff and Donald B. Sheeley, another top aide, to solicit political contributions from firms doing business with the county. Anderson called the two his "prime salesman" and maintained there was nothing either illegal or about the practice. or unethical

Anderson for long has been a pivotal and influential figure in Maryland Democr

The remaining counts in the politics. The most recent in General Assembly and as the indictment alleges that key fund raiser in Maryland's second most populous county.

The blunt-speaking Andercompany made three pay-ments totaling \$6,300; Funk and General Engineering to-gether made one payment of \$1,500, Petrica made seven payments for a total of \$4,500; a Whitford Felk and Wash discharged as a captain in 1946 after four ures—a developer

He entered politics as a precinct worker in the machine of Baltimore County's old political boss and county executive, Michael Birmingham. In 1958, Anderson won election to the County Council and by 1962, the year Agnew became county executive, Anderson was chairman of the Council and a formidable Democratic and a formidable Democratic

power.

In 1966, the year Agnew won election as Maryland governor, Anderson succeeded him as county executive. There established the sort of politi cal organization his successors had maintained - a basically old-style urban machine transplanted to the working class areas of Baltimore County.

The machine, like its constituents, was basically conserva-tive. In 1966, for instance, it swung behind Democratic gubernatorial candidate George P. Mahoney whose slogan — Your Home is Your Castle, Protect He left Agnew's staff in 1970 It — appealed to the large to join the Greiner company. county constituency which

All the alleged payments to viewed open-housing legislation Fornoff and Anderson from Greiner occurred, sources said, after Wolff joined the firm.

Unlike the officers and executives of most of the other firms. Wolff is named in one ling blocks in the Weshington.