WXPost JUL 2 8 1973 Court Rejects Nixon View Of 'Privilege'

By Morton Mintz Washington Post Staff Writer

A sweeping claim of executive privilege by President Nixon was rejected yester-day in the first court hear-ing of its kind in 166 years.

U.S. District Court Judge William B. Jones ordered the government to produce, for his private examination in chambers, 67 memos con-cerning the dairy industry and a 1971 decision in which the Agriculture Department reversed itself in order to increase price supports for

The Justice Department

told Jones it would comply.
On orders from President
Nixon, the White House had asserted executive privilege for the papers. Their re-lease, presidential counsel Lease, presidential counsel
Leonard Garment said in an
affidavit filed on July 11,
"would be injurious to the
public interest and to the
constitutional doctrine of
separation of powers."

The White House made a
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parallel argument Thursday in refusing a request by special prosecutor Archibald Cox for certain tape recordings and documents in the Watergate case. Former White House counsel John W. Dean III wrote some of the documents involved in both cases. both cases.

In Jones' court yesterday Justice Department attorney Irwin Goldbloom argued that the President could invoke executive privilege for the 67 memos even if he merely sketchily outlines or listed them, as was done in Garment's affidavit.

The court should decide only if the papers fall within the privilege because they involve advice, opinions or deliberations leading up to an executive decision, up to an executive decision, Goldbloom contended. He said the question of need of the papers by the people who brought the lawsuit—Ralph Nader's Public Citizen, Inc., and allied consumer groups—should not enter into the decision.

But Jones, telling Gold-

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artment lawyer was getting awfully close" to claiming that the privilege is absorte, told the government wyer that his argument osed a dilemma: How he buld decide what the mems actually are when all he tent's uninformative list-

"I don't see how I can sit ere and say, 'That's fine,'" ones said. "I'm going to reak the dilemma. Please eliver those documents." oldbloom said he would do on Aug. 6.

The judge will examine papers in camera hambers), as proposed by Villiam A. Dobrovir, lawyer or the plaintiffs. Jones then ill decide which, if any, ill be disclosed to Dobro-

Jones' ruling raised the ossibility that prosecutor lox may seek an in camera xamination of the docu-ients he seeks by Chief udge John J. Sirica. Dobroir told reporters he be-eved Jones' ruling has a very direct" bearing on the lox case.

The lawyer also said that esterday's hearing was the rst on executive privilege or White House records nce 1807, when Chief Jus-ce John Marshall approved subpoena duces tecum for letter in the possession of resident Thomas Jefferson. he President turned over ie letter.

Dobrovir relied on the 307 case in argument, citg Marshall's conclusion that a presidential paper essential to the justice of the case" should be prodced.

Goldbloom readily agreed nat none of the 67 milk me-tos—47 from the files of ae White House, 16 from ae Office of Management ad Budget and 4 from the resident's Council of Ecoomic Advisers-involved ational security.

Twenty-four of the me-10S, according to Garment's ffidavit, were dated in farch, 1971. In that year nd in 1972, the political rms of three dairy co-ops—ssociated Milk Producers, nc.—Mid-America Dairymen Inc. and Dairymen. 10s, according to Garment's ien, Inc., and Dairymen, nc.—contributed \$422,500 to Ir. Nixon's re-election cam-

Then-Secretary of Agriculure Clifford Hardin denied n increase in price sup-orts on March 1, 1971. One f the memos in dispute, ated March 3, dealt with a roposed meeting between eaders of the three co-ops nd the President.

The flow of contributions of Contributions Mr. Nixon's campaign reasury began on March 22. In March 23, the co-ops had meeting with the President at the White House—a reating that was the suited.

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f at least 10 memos, according to the Garment memo.
On March 25, Hardin anounced that price supports rould be increased after all. he reversal added roughly 500 million to \$700 million of dairy farmers' income, coppleaders have said. The White House had denied hat campaign contributions afluenced the reversal.