## A.T.&T. MONITORED MILLIONS OF CAL

Recorded Some in 1965-70 Bid to Curb Toll Fraud -Sees No Illegality

**NYTimes** 

By The Associated Press

The American Telephone and Telegraph Company said yesterday that it monitored millions of long-distance calls between 1965 and 1970 as part of a campaign to stop cheating on toll charges.

"I don't think we did anything illegal," said a spokes man, William Mullane, about the voice recordings, first reported by The St. Louis Post-

Dispatch.

'We believe that what we did was necessary to protect the integrity of our network and to keep people from cheating," he said.

Mr. Mullane said that some calls originating in New York, Los Angeles, Detroit, Miami, St. Louis and Newark had been monitored but that he could not confirm the newspaper's figure of 1.5 million calls recorded and sent here for analysis.

He said, however, that about 500 fraudulent calls were dis-Continued on Page 39, Column 1

## A.T.&T. Monitored Millions of Toll Calls

long operation.

Mr. Mullane said the com-

## Figure Put at 30 Million

Continued From Page 1, Col. 5 monitoring policy, he said, a details of it, was unknown to new electronic system times covered during the five-year-calls and bills customers.

effect, the source said.

The monitoring equipment, because of physical plant misfunctions, frequently misread Mr. Mullane said the company had been plagued by people using an electronic blue box" that by-passed hundred thousand instances, end tire conversations were recut directly into the switching equipment, thereby completing free calls.

"Obviously we can't just say how the box worked or everyone would go out and make their own," he said.

90-Second Segments

To check, he said, the company made its random samplings and recorded 90-second segments of calls that appeared to be going through a "blue box." These were sent to fraud specialists.

Mr. Mullane added that the policy of intercepting payment-evading calls had "been upheld in the courts. Such calls are illegal and since calls are our only property we have the right to intercept them."

Figure Put at 30 Million
Special to The New York Times
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 2—In several hundred thousand instances, en-land thousand instance