58 to 37 Vote in The Senate

SE CHRONICLE

New York Times

Washington

The Senate, moving to reassert the war powers of Congress, approved legislation yesterday that would limit the President in undertaking future military operations in Cambodia.

After 34 days of debate over the division of warm-making powers between the presidency and congress, the senat, by a vote of 58 to 37, adopted the Cooper-Church amendment to a foreign military sales bill.

The legislation now returns to the House, where considerable resistance is expected to the amendment, cosponsored by Senators John Sherman Cooper (Rep-Ky.) and Frank Church (Dem-Idaho).

FUNDS

The amendment would preclude the President—in the absence of congressional consent—from spending any funds after July 1 for "retaining" American forces in Cambodia, for sending military a dvisers to instruct Cambodian forces, fro providing financial assistance to advisers or troops of hird countries going to the assistance of Cambodia, or for providing air combat support to Cambodian forces.

The restrictions in the amendment presumably would not apply to South Vietnamese troops so long as the Saigon overnment did not demand extra pay for its troops operating in Cambodia.

As the protracted and confused ebate drew to a climax, the Senat beat back an attempt to modify the amendment so that the United States could provide additional pay to foreign troops, such as those of Thailand, going to Cambodia's assistance.

It took four roll call votes, however, to defeat the modification, offered by assistant Republican leader Robert P. Griffin of Michigan at the specific request of the White House.

PROVIDE

One provision oin the ooper-Church amendment would prohibit the President from entering into any arrangements to provide military instructors or troops to support Cambodian forces.

To the sponsors of the amendment, this was the "anti-mercenary" provision designed to prevent the administration, without the con-

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sent and knowledge of Congroup from following the enample set in South Vietners, where the United States has given entra pay allowances to That. South Rosean and Philippine to aps assigned there.

Gri In proposed to modify the restriction so that a would apply only to "U.S. personnel." His argument was that the restriction was no har to core of that I would injected with the implement it and the Peaulity Cossa doctrine, which hald a for the should be respected.

The Coner-Church forces replied that nothing in the amendment we all diprevent her United Etries from aurelaint military assistance to his december forces going a the circ of Cambodia, and has the replication to prevent the United Tiviles from hiring reports light in Cambodia.

The Claif, in a mendment in the evaled by a 47-46 vots n what laif ally appeared to be an other in mention victory.

Dut then the conh a series of real languages the desired terms to not as the Cooper-Chine has been a reconstituted for the cond a reconstitute of the vote.

On the succeeding votes, Etuarf Symington (Dem-Ma.) switched his position and voted against the Griffin modification after J. William Fulbright (Dem-Ark.), chairman of the Sonate Foreign Relations committee, hurriedly contered with him in the melon the Seaste chamber.

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Sylatonera's pervious votaTor the County modification,
after he had indufed with
the vol. I as known (Demwash), a supporter of the
administration move, caused
gasps in the senate chamber.
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corresponding transments in
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the local to the prohibilight it is cooper church
amendman.

The suffin modification eventually was foliated on the formin vote by a 5.50 45 yets.

The Dep Olicros, as had been the depote the depote the non-May 10, succeeded in powenting a vota on the couper-church amendment until the President an nounced the withdrawel of all American forces from Carebodia.

Manc D

With the troops withdrawn. Criftin pro mpilly declared the amendment to be legally meaningless— an epailor not shared by the coopercharch forces, who have always raninained that the amendment was aimed at preventing a future military involvment in Cambodia.

For all their delaying tactics, however, the Republicans failed to prevent the Senate from voltag to clace legislative restrictions on the President as commandering of the first time during a war — although this was is underlied.

With the Coro of hereh amendment flants adepted after 23 speeches, the lientate west on to peak the Foreign Military sales bill by a 75 to 53 vale. The bill anthorizes 1 Position in the outent and mail forcity are a well as Lapacing new real intens, uppered by the Pertagon, on the disposal of surplus weapons to other countries.

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the House Foreign Affairs committees — to reconcile difference in the House and Searche versions of the Military Sales Bill.

Whether the Senate's Cambodian restrictions will be accepted by the House is unclear.

From the start, the Administration has planned to rely upon the more hawkish House to defeat the Cooper-Church amendment if it was adopted by the Senate.

But as Senator Church suggested, the Senate conferees will have one bargaining lever at their disposal, namely the desire of the Administration to obrain the Foreign Military Sales Bill. The clear implication in Church's comments was that the Senate conferees might be prepared to see the legislation die if the House conferees were unwilling to accept some variation of the Cooper-Church amendment.

During the long debate, the four operative sections in the amendment remained basically unchanged. The only change was made yesterday when the prohibition against American air activity was reworded to make clear that it only applied to "direct" support of Cambodian forces.

The insertion of the word "direct" was proposed by Senator Jackson and accepted by a 67 to 27 vote after Senator Church said this was in fine with the objectives of the amendment.

At least by implication, the Administration would be free to provide air wupport to Thai or South Vietnamese forces operating in Cambodia. But it would be prohibited under the amendment from providing air support to Cambodian forces, as both Administration and Cambodian officials have suggested was being contemplated in recent days.

Semate Dell Call

washington

Here is the 58-37 roll can by which the Senate adopted the Cooper-Church amendment to be trief fu-une United States military operations in Cambodia.

For the amendment 58, Democrats for (42):

Bamocrats for (42):
Anderson of N.M., Bayh of Ind.,
Balle a Nev., Burdick of N.D., Byrd
of W. Va.
Cannon of Nev., Church of Idano,
Cannon of Calif., Eagleton of Mo.
Fullaright of Ark
Gore of Tenn., Gravel of Alaska,
to., is of Chia., Hart of Mich., Hartke
of Ind.
Hodings of S.C., Hughes of Iowa,
Inoulye of Hawaii, JacksonofWash.,
Joudanof N.C.

House of Hawaii, Jacksonof Wash., Jouand N.C., Ne. moety of Mass., Magnuson of Wash., Mansheld of Mont., McCarthy of Minn, McCort of S.D., McIntyre of N.H., Metcalf of Mont., Moss of Ulah Muskie of Maine, Pastore of Ri., Peri of R.f., Proximire of Wis, Randolston W.Va., Month of W. Tydings of Md., Franciscon of Mo., Tydings of Md., State of Mo., Tydings of Md., Broke of Mass., Case M.J., Looper of Ky., Dole of Kan., Cootiell of NY., Hatfrield of Ore., John of Md., Backwood of Ore., Saxbe of Onio, Schweiker of Pa., M. J. G. III., Mathis of Md., Backwood of Ore., Saxbe of Onio, Schweiker of Pa., J. J., G. III., Mathis of Md., Backwood of Ore., Saxbe of Onio, Schweiker of Pa., J. J. J., Latter of Mass., Persy of III., Saxbe of Onio, Schweiker of Pa., J. J. J., Latter of Mass., Persy of Alaska.

Democrats against (11):

Allen of Ala., Byrd of Va., Eastland of Miss., Ellender of La., Ervin of

Holland of Fla., McGlettan of Ark., McGlettan of Wiss. Sparkman of Ala., Technis of Miss. Starkman of Ala., Technis of Miss. Talmadge of Ga., Republicans against (25); Alott of Colo., Baker of Tenn., Bellmon of Okla., Bennett of Utah. Cook at Ky., Collon of N.H., Curtis Alb., Dominick of Colo., Fannin of Ariz.

Cook of Ky. Cotton of N.D. 1997.

Jab. Dominick of Colo., Fannin of Ariz.,
Griffin of Mich., Gurney of Fla., Hanself of Verlo.

Hruska of Neb., Jordan of Idaho, Hruska of Neb., Jordan of Idaho, Hruska of Neb., Jordan of Idaho, Froug of Vit.

Cotto of Pa., Smith of Maine, Thurmond of N.C., Tower of Tex., Williams of Det Venus of N.D.

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