Nixon's

Message

Washington

Here is the transcript of Presilent Nixon's address to the nation ast night:

Good evening.

I have asked for this radio and television time tonight for the purpose of announcing that we today have concluded an agreement to end the war and bring peace with honor in Vietnam and in Southeast Asia.

The following statement is being issued at this moment in Washington and Hanoi.

At 12:30 Paris time today, January 23, 1973, the agreement on ending the war and restoring peace in Vietnam was initialed by Dr. Henry Kissinger on behalf of the United States and special advisor Le Duc Tho on behalf of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

The agreement will be formally signed by the parties participating in the Paris conference on Vietnam on January 27, 1973, at the International Conference Center in Paris. The cease - fire will take affect at 2400 Greenwich mean time January

The United States and the Democratic Republic of Vietnam expressed the hope that this agreement will insure stable peace in Vietnam and contribute to the preservation of tasting peace in Indochina and Southers Asia

That emphales the formal date-

Honor

Throughout the years of negotia-tions we have insisted on peace with honor. In my addresses to the nation from this was of January 25, and May 8, I set the goins that we considered essential for peace with honor.

In the settlement that has now been agreed to, all the conditions that I laid down then have been

met. A cease - fire, internationally supervised, will begin at 2400 hours this Saturday, January 27, Greenwich mean time. Within 60 days from this Saturday all Americans held prisoners of war throughout Inheld prisoners of war under dochina will be released.

POWs

Nixx Ad

There will be the fullest possible accounting for all of those who are missing in action. During the same 60 day period all American forces will be withdrawn from South Vietnam.

The people of South Vietnam have been guaranteed the right to determine their own future without outside interference. By joint agreement the full text of the agreement and the protocols to carry it out will be issued tomorrow.

Thieu

Throughout these negotiations we have been in the closest consultation with President Thieu and other representatives of the Republic of Vietnam. This settlement meets the goals and has the full support of President Thieu and teh government of the Republic of Vietnam as well as that of our other allies who are affected.

The United States will continue recognize the government of the Republic of Vietnam as the sole legitimate government of South Vietnam. We shall continue to aid South Vietnam within the terms of the agreement and we shall support efforts of the people of South Vietnam to settle their problems peacefully among themselves.

We must recognize that ending the war is only the first step toward building the peace. All parties must now see to it that this is a peace that a peace that heals-and a lasts. peace that not only ends the war in Southeast Asia but contributes to the prospects of the peace in the whole

This will mean that terms of the acreement must be scrupulously adhered to. We shall do everything the agreement requires of us. And we shall expect the other parties to do everything it requires of them:

We shall also expect other inter case nations to help ansure that the agreement is carried out and peace is maintained.

As this long and very difficult

war ends. I would like to address a few special words to each of those who have been parties in the conflict. First, to the people and government of South Vietnam. By your courage. by your sacrifice you have won the precious right to determine your own future. And you have developed the strength to defend that right. We look forward to yorking with you in the future. Friends in peace as we have been allies in war.

Hanoi

To leaders of North Vietnam, as we have ended the war through negotiations let us now build a peace of reconciliation. For our part we are prepared to make a major effort to help achieve that goal. But just as reciprocity was needed to end the war, so too will it be needed to build and strengthen the peace.

To the other major powers that have been involved, even indirectly, now is the time for mutual restraint so that the peace we have achieved can last.

And finally to all of you who are listening, the American people. Your steadfastness in supporting our insistance on peace with honor has made peace with honor possible. I know that you would not have wanted that peace jeopardized. With our secret negotiations at the sensitive stage they were in during this recent period, for me to have discussed publicly our efforts to secure peace would not only have violated our understanding with North Viethave seriously nam, it would harmed and possibly destroyed the chances for peace.

Therefore, I know, that you now can understand why during these past several weeks I have not made any public statements about those ellorts. The important thing was not to talk about peace, but to get peace. And to get the right kind of peace. This we have done.

Now that we have achieved an honorable agreement, let us be proud that America did not settle for a peace that would have betrayed our allies, that would have abandoned our prisoners of war or that would have ended the war for us but would have continued the war for the 50 million people of Indochina.

Let us be proud of the $2\frac{1}{2}$ million young Americans who served in Vietnam - who served with honor and distinction in one of the most selfless enterprises in the history of nations. And let us be proud of those who sacrificed gave their lives, so that the people of South Vietnam might live in needom and so that the arld might live in peace.

Prisoners

In particular. I would like to say a word to some of the bravest people I have ever met. The wives, chilknow he would join me in asking—for those who died and for those who live—let us consecrate this moment by resolving together to make the peace we have achieved a peace that will last.

New Year's. He spoke then of his concern with bringing peace, and with making it the right kind of peace. And I was grateful that he once again expressed his support for my efforts to gain such a peace.

No one would have welcomed:

Just yesterday a great American who once occupied this office died. In his life President Johnson endured the vilification of those who sought to portray him as a man of war. But there was nothing he cared about more deeply than achieving a lasting peace in the world.

s. You had the courage to stand he right kind of peace, so that who died and those who sufficient have died and suffin veh, and so that where this ration knew war, the next genof our prisoners g in action. When to settle on any ed on us to . you had to le right kin who died those who directed would r tered in vergeneration erms.

war,

Thank you and good evening.

day after

with him, at

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