Mood of White House Advisers:

NYTimes APR 29 1972

By ROBERT B. SEMPLE Special to The New York Times

KEY BISCAYNE, Fla., April 28—If there are two words to describe the mood of the White House, they are hope and uncertainty.

There is hope for the South

Vietnamese soldiers, but un-

There is hope for the South Vietnamese soldiers, but uncertainty about the outcome of the struggle; there is hope for the Paris talks, but no clear view of what they will yield.

And since Vietnam is clearly a major domestic Analysis problem for President Nixon, there are a few signs of nervousness about his political future as well.

Nobody at the White House is showing signs of panic; all of his aides think that if the election were held today he would win. But for once, the men in the White House donot seem agreed on the political consequences of Mr. Nixon's decision to resist the North Vietnamese invasion with increased airpower, or his speech Wednesday night appealing for fortitude and patience on the part of the public.

In an allowly at uncertainty about the outcome of the struggle; there is hope for the struggle; there is hope for the side doing. The latter flourish he is doing. The latter flourish he h

Some senior assistants — including John Connally, the Secretary of the Treasury — are telling reporters that the President thinks the war might, in time, cost him the election; others, however, are saying that a majority of the people (anough anyway to elect him). The secretary asserted that

that a majority of the people (enough, anyway, to elect him) understand and support what he is doing. The latter flourish private polls to help prove their case.

Differences of Opinion
Although all factions in the White House agree that much white house agree that much the progress of the more than the progress of the call tuture.

The secretary asserted that most of Mr. Nixon's advisers, while not resisting his decision, warned that he would suffer costly political setbacks by heating up the campuses, stirring unrest, and giving the divided Democrats an issue.

Yet the President went ahead anyway, according to Mr. Contact the progress of the proposed that most of Mr. Nixon's advisers, while not resisting his decision, warned that he would suffer costly political setbacks by heating up the campuses, stirring unrest, and giving the divided Democrats an issue.

Hope and Uncertainty

profit. As evidence, they are citing a recent poll by Albert E. Sindlinger, an analyst of business and consumer attitudes based in Swarthmore,

tudes based in Swarthmore, Pa.

Mr. Sindlinger is a favorite poll-taker of Charles W. Colson, one of the President's pollitical advisers. There is no evidence that Mr. Colson or anyone else in the White House arranged it, but last Friday—on the very day when Mr. Connally was presenting his thoughts — Mr. Sindlinger held a rare news conference at the Mayflower Hotel to announce that a random sample of 4,774 adults on April 17, after the bombing of Hanoi and Haiphong, suggested that public approval of the President's efforts to settle the war had not diminished and had, in fact, marginally increased.

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Still a third group of advisers doves and sharpening the Vietfrankly refuses to guess at the
consequences. But they worry
that Mr. Nixon's bombing will
remind many voters of the policies of his predecessor, Lyndon
B. Johnson, and the foreign
policy establishment of the
pineteen-sixties and thus hurt he has left to prevent "defeat."