WHITE HOUSE COOL TO HEARD'S STUDY

Nixon Men, Disappointed in Data on Campus Unrest, Are Critical of Schools

> by Robert B. Semple, Jr. Special to The New York Times

San Clemente, July 30 -The White House view of the recent Heard report on campus unrest is only now becoming known, and it can be summarized in one word: disappointment.

The 40-page report was written by Alexander Heard, Vanderbilt University chancellor, who served from May 8 to June 30 as President Nixon's special adviser on the academic community. It was unveiled late one afternoon last week with little White House comment.

But on the basis of extensive talks with Mr. Nixon's senior aides here, it is clear that in their minds the report fell short of expectations as both a philosophical examination of the causes of student unrest and as a practical guide to policy.

Their major objection, they complain, is that Mr. Heard tended to attribute student unrest to national policies. particularly Vietnam,

## WHITE HOUSE COOL TO HEARD REPORT

Continued From Page 1, Col. 2

ticularly Vietnam, whereas in their view the fault lies at least in part with the students, faculties and university administrators and what one aide called "the overwhelming sense of self-righteousness in the academic community.'

## Article Is Praised

At the Presidential compound in San Clemente yesterday, for example, one of Mr. Nixon's top four advisers came up to a reporter with an article that he had clipped from yesterday's Wall Street Journal. The article, written by Douglas L. Hallett, a senior at Yale and present chairman of The Yale Daily News, was headlined, "Campus Unrest: Don't Blame Mr. Nixon" and argued that the responsibility lay with the very same people "who have been devoting so much energy to blaming the President."
"This," the aide said, bran-

here as "very helpful." Also, his energies are widely appreciated by Mr. Nixon and his aides.

Yet the criticism persists in many forms. As a practical matter, for example, one aide said that he and the President had hoped the report would yield concrete suggestions for a "permanent mechanism" for communicating with students. But he said that Mr. Heard's urgings to bring young people into policymaking posts or "improve two-way communications with the campuses" were either too vague or impractical. The same aide also acknowledged that the White House itself had not been able to devise a "permanent mechanism." Indeed, if private interviews here this week are a reliable guide, the appointment of Robert H. Finch, counselor to the President, as "White House liaison" with the campuses is the only initiative likely to be undertaken, apart from general efforts to make sure that the President's point.

"This," the aide said, brandishing the clipping, "is the best thing written on the campus problem." The article has since received widespread distribution among the President's staff.

None of the criticism is directed at Mr. Heard personally. He arranged many meetings between the President and university leaders, and all of the meetings were described here as "very helpful." Also, his energies are widely appreciated by Mr. Nixon and his aides.

Yet the ariticism remains in the campus dents as a small element of the population whose responses are "emotional," whose "commitments are transitory" and who tend to react to "rhetoric" alone because "they are frighteningly ignorant of the problems the country faces and of the efforts that have been made to solve them."

President of All

"There are seven million students in colleges and university about 4 per cept of the