RAY ADMITS GULT IN DR. KING DEATH, SUGGESTS A PLOT

Judge Sets 99-Year Term After a Jury of 12 Men Agrees to Arrangement

A CONSPIRACY DISPUTED

Both Prosecutor and Defense Doubt That There Was One Despite Slayer's Protest

> By MARTIN WALDRON Special to The New York Times

MEMPHIS, March 10—James Earl Ray pleaded guilty today to murdering the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. and was sentenced to serve 99 years in the Tennessee State Prison in Nashville.

The sentence was imposed by Judge W. Preston Battle in Criminal Court after a brief presentation of evidence against the defendant to a jury of 12 men.

The jury had agreed in advance to the arrangement by the state and the defense for a plea of guilty.

Both the prosecutor, Memphis Attorney General P. M. Canale, and Ray's counsel, Percy Foreman, told the court that there was no evidence Ray had been involved in a conspiracy.

But Ray himself refused to accept these statements.

In a tense moment in the proceedings, Ray leaped to his feet and declared that he did not intend that his plea of guilty should include a finding that there was no conspiracy.

Had Faced Death

Had Ray pleaded not guilty and been convicted of first-degree murder in the full-scale trial that had been scheduled for April 7, he could have been sentenced to death.

If he had received a life sentence he would have been eligible for parole in 13 years. Under the 99-year sentence, he will not be eligible for parole until he serves half his term.

The disagreement between Ray and the lawyers appeared to many observers to leave unresolved the question of whether a conspiracy was involved in the killing of Dr. King last April 4 at a motel here.

Mr. Foreman said it had taken him a month to become convinced that there was no conspiracy. The Texas lawyer said it had taken former Attorney General Ramsey Clark and J. Edgar Hoover, the di-

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Ray Pleads Guilty to the Murder of Dr. Ki

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rector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, less than one day after the laying to conclude there was no conspiracy.

Ray 'Can't Agree'

A transcript of Ray's remarks today showed that he said, "Your honor, I would like to say something. I don't want to change anything that I have said, but I just want to enter one other thing. The only thing I have to say is that I can't agree with Mr. Clark."

agree with Mr. Clark."

Mr. Foreman interrupted to say, "Ramsey Clark."

"Mr. who?" asked the judge.

"Mr. J. Edgar Hoover," said Ray. "I agree with all these stipulations, but I am not trying to change anything."

"You don't agree with whose theories?" asked the judge.

"Mr. Canale's, Mr. Clark's, and Mr. J. Edgar Hoover's about the conspiracy. I don't want to add something on that I haven't agreed to in the past," said Ray.

Attorney Interprets

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"I think that what he said is that he doesn't agree that Ramsey Clark is right or that J. Edgar Hoover is right," said Mr. Foreman to the judge. "I didn' argue that as evidence in this case. I simply stated that—underwriting the statement of General Canale—that they had made the same state-

in this case. I simply stated that—underwriting the statement of General Canale—that they had made the same statement. Your are not required to agree with it all. Jim."

"You still—your answers to those questions that I asked you would still be the same?" the judge saked Ray. "Is that correct? There is nothing in these questions that I have asked you and your answers to them—you changed none of them at all? In other words, solve a repleading guilty to and taking 99 years?"

"Yes, sir," said Ray.

"I think the main question that I want to asky you is this case because you killed by murder in the first degree in this case because you killed for murder in the first degree in this case because you killed for murder in the first degree in this case because you killed for murder in the first degree in this case because you be widence to indict anyone as under the them to reputative the appearance of the presention at all will be the same?" "Yes, sir," said Ray.

"I think the main question of doing away with that I want to ask you is this case because you killed for murder in the first degree in this case because you willed of murder in the first degree under the law se explained to you by your lawyer? Your answer is still yes?"

"Yes, sir," said gan.

"I think the main question of the case, my the decided at the start of the prosecution at this time is would make you legally guilty to my the prosecution at this time is the prosecution at this time is would make you legally guilty to reputative the prosecution at this time is would make you legally guilty to reputative the prosecution at this time is the prose



Judge W. Preston Battle, center, who presided at the brief trial of James Earl Ray, reading a statement to newsmen after Ray was sentenced yesterday. Flanking him are Sheriff William Morris, left, and Phil M. Canale, the Shelby County (Memphis) Attorney General.

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ing and Is Sentenced to 99 Years in Prison

if Ray had escaped from the and a small blue valise, Missouri State Prison with the idea of killing the civil rights escorted by five deputies, was brought into the courtroom and Canale and Judge Battle for

Origin of Money

leader, although the prosecu- brought into the court through seated in the jury box. tion did have some evidence a rear door. He was wearing that Ray had made racist remarks while in the prison.

The prosecutor, Mr. Canale, guilty and take 99 years. The prosecutor, Mr. Foreman what was happening. In Tensaid, "is as big as his office. He and black shoes. He walked as nessee, he said, a jury must find is a man not concerned with if his feet hurt him. He was a defendant guilty in a murder scalps on his belt and is not reason to assume that the not wearing theb lack horn-case even if the defendant trying to make a record to run

nd a small blue valise, already on duty in the court-cents made by Ray.

About 15 minutes later, Ray, house were picked and the men Mr. Foreman processes the same of the court-cents made by Ray.

But he said that he doubted and black checkered suitcase, called from a regular jury venire expenditure of more than 50

agreeing to allow Ray to plead

Origin of Money
Mr. Canale said there was not rectorate the money that Ray spent so freely distributed and place and the money that Ray spent so freely distributed and place and the money out of the Miscouri State Prinon while he was an immate that Ray had sold drugs while he was an immate that Ray had sold drugs while he was an immate in the prinon.

Mr. Sanday, five Negroes had a managed to get in the course of the said and the prinon of the said and the principal said the said and the principal said the said and the said the said and the