KENNEDY DECRIES LAOS OPERATION

Says 'Nightmare' Ended in a 'Humiliating Retreat'

By R. W. APPLE Jr.

Senator Edward M. Kennedy today described the South Vietnamese incursion into Laos as "a nightmare" that has ended in a "humiliating retreat" carried out "so obviously in panic." WASHINGTON, March 25

Speaking to a meeting of Democratic state chairmen, Mr. Kennedy bitterly attacked the Nixon Administration's support of the Laos operation and its entire conduct of the Indo-

china war.

"For, millions of American meople," he said, "the vision of meople," he said, "the vision of the Laos operation is scores of tamerican helicopters shot the highest American casualty rates in many weeks, and American troops refusing a command to engage the Merican

"Above all, the vision is of South Vietnamese soldiers in heading flight, desperately South Vietnamese soldiers in heading flight, desperately distant for room on the skids of the American helicopters that bound carry them to safety, will American airmen just as desperately push them back to the ground to wait for the next the ground to wait for the next internation and overloaded. uncertain and overloaded plane. America is coming out of Laos on the skids."

Attack on Moral Ground

Like other prominent Democratic spokesmen in recent weeks — including Senator weeks including Senator George S. McGovern of South Dakota, the only announced Democratic Presidentials of didate for 1972— Mr. Kantiy attacked the war not only on pragmatic grounds but also on moral grounds.

Meither President Nixon nor other American officials, the Massachusetts Democrat said, asks how many Laotian people have been killed by the tons of bomb sand rockets we have poured into that unhappy land.

"There were 50,000 civilian casualties in Faor even before the recent invasion," he continued. "How many will die in future similar adventures? Can America ever wash its hands of the innocent Asian blood it has political continued was the ugly recial connotation of this war?"

Although he has repeatedly said that he is not a Presiden-tial candidate, and said today that he did not even plan to endorse a candidate, Mr. Ken-nedy was invited to appear be-fore the state chairmen along with the notential nominees. with the potential-nominees.

Humphrey to Be Host

Senator Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota will be the host at a breakfast for the chair-men tomorrow morning. Senators Edmund S. Muskie of Maine and Henry M. Jackson of Washington will speak dureing the day. Senator McGovern and Senator Birch Bayh of Indiana were invited but were unable to appear.

At this morning's meeting, Lawrence F. O'Brien, the party's national chairman, continued his campaign to persuade the television networks to give the Democrats time to respond to President Nixon's speeches.

He said that he planned to appeal within the next few days to the Federal Communications Commission and to the networks to provide time under the fairness doctrine to counter Mr. Nixon's recent television appearances. Mr. O'Brien said he would go to court if neces-

He also said that a Demo-cratic victory in 1972 was "pessible," though not yet probable. Senator Harold E. Hughes of Iowa, another po-tential Democratic Presidential nominee, agreed, asserting that "Mr. Nixon's on a long slide" toward defeat in 1972.

Mr. Hughes told the chair-men that the Nixon years had been "cold impersonal years, been "cold impersonal years, relying too much on computer efficiency and too little on compassion and human understanding." An appeal for compassion has been one of his main themes in recent speeches around the country.

He said that the Administrarie said that the Administra-tion was vulnerable chiefly be-cause of its performance on the war and on the economy, as well as what he called its failure to "bring us all to-gether."