## STATEMENTS OF 2 ON 'PLOT' DOUBTED

N.B.C. Says Lie Detectors Weaken Garrison's Case

By ROBERT E. DALLOS

The National Broadcasting Company said last night it had learned that lie-detector tests had cast grave doubt on the testimony of two key witnesses in District Attorney Jim Garrison's investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy. nedy. The two

nedy.
The two witnesses, Veron Bundy, a 29-year-old narcotics addict, and Perry Raymond Russo, 26, an insurance salesman, had testified to a three-judge panel that Clay L. Shaw, using the name Clay Bertrand, had conspired to assassinate President Kennedy.

It was on this testimony that the judges decided that there was sufficient evidence to try the retired New Orleans busi-

the retired New Orleans busi-nessman.

The Warren Commission found that Lee Harvey Oswald, acting alone, killed Mr. Kennedy. 'Bundy was Lying'

'Bundy was Lying'
On an N.B.C. program,
entitled "The J.F.K. Conspiracy:
The Case of Jim Garrison,"
which was prepared for presentation last night, Frank Mcee, a network reporter, said the
lie-detector test on Mr. Bundy
before his testimony "indicated
that Bundy was lying."
According to Mr. McGee,

that Bundy was lying."
According to Mr. McGee,
"Assistant District Attorney
Charles Ward was informed of
this." Then, he continued:
"Ward went to Garrison. He
told Garrison that in view of
the outcome of the lie-detector
test, the indication that Bundy
was lying, Bundy should not be
allowed to testify.
"Despite this, Bundy was put
on the witness stand by Garrison. He testified against Shaw,
partly as a result of that
testimony, Shaw was held for
trial." trial."
Mr. McGee called Russo's

testimony even more important than Bundy's, "He was in fact, vital to Garrison's case," he said.

said.

Mr. McGee declared:

"Russo's answers to a series of questions indicate, in the language of the polygraph operator, deception-criteria. He was asked if he knew Clay Shaw. He was asked if he knew Lee Harvey Oswald. His 'yes' answer to both of these questions indicated deception-criteria."

"Russo's general reaction to this series of questions, led the

polygraph operator to suspect a psychopathic personality. At least one investigator and one assistant district attorney in Garrison's office was present. The list of questions was taken away from the polygraph operator. He was told not to say anything."

Mr. McGee said that despite this Russo was put on the stand six days later as the chief witness against Clay Shaw."

"The core of his testimony was his description of a party sometime in September, 1963, Mr. McGee noted. "He said [David W.] Ferrie, Oswald and Shaw were there, Ferrie and Oswald are dead, Shaw was the defendent."

In a statement issued last might Mr. Garrison lashed out

In a statement issued last night Mr. Garrison lashed out at the network for what he called its "effort to torpedo the state's case." He also said an N.B.C. reporter had offered to pay Russo's expenses to leave Louisiana.

"Although the guise of news coverage has been used as the basis for the initial contact," Mr. Garrison charged, "the National Broadcasting Company's agents have made no secret of the fact that the objective is to bring an end to the investigation into the facts of the assassination."

TV Reporter Named

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Mr. Garrison charged that
Walter Sheridan, an N. B. C.
reporter suggested to Russo,
"an important eyewitness for
the State of Louisiana" that if
he wanted to move to California before the trial N. B. C.
would pay all of his expenses,
"Mr. Sheridan told Russo,
according to the district attorney, "that the National
Broadcasting Company would
guarantee to protect him from
an attempt by our office to
extradite him from California
back to Louisiana."

William R. McAndrew, president of N. B. C., news,
vehemently denied the Garrison
charges last night.

"Sheridan had no authority

ident of N. B. C., news, vehemently denied the Garrison charges last night.

"Sheridan had no authority to do that," he said. "It had never been suggested."

Mr. McAndrew added that N.B.C. was "not interjecting itself into the legal proceedings," as Mr. Garrison had charged.

"We are doing a definitive reporting job," he declared.

Last night's program was also scheduled to carry statements by Miguel Torres, a one-time heroin addict and John Cancler, a convicted burglar, that Bundy told them that he had been promised a lighter sentence in a narcotics conviction if he testified that he saw Mr. Shaw talking to Oswald on the shore of Lake Pontchartrain in the summer of 1963.