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Chile Planning to Try 5,200 Jailed Civilians

Reuter

SANTIAGO, Sept. 17 — A total of 5,200 civilians detained during the military takeover of Chile last week will be tried by court martial, a senior official source said here today.

The detained will be tried under war-time military laws, the source said.

Last night the government said it was holding 4,000 supporters of the former President Salvador Allende.

The source said there had been summary executions during the fighting which raged in the capital and other areas last week.

Troops had only executed people caught shooting at the military or engaged in acts of sabotage, the source added.

There were also summary executions in the port of Valparaiso, the northern city of Antofagasta, and Puente Alto near the capital, he said.

The foreigners detained by the military will also stand trial, he said. Last night, the junta announced it would re-

lently hunt down "extremists and foreigners."

There are estimated to be 13,000 foreigners in Chile. Many of them are leftist exiles. The military have charged that they took part in terrorist activities here and joined in the fighting last week.

A spokesman for the junta said that the armed forces staged the coup because of alleged government plans to assassinate leaders of the opposition parties, military chiefs and rightist journalists.

Military intelligence uncovered the assassination plot and found plans in the safe of Daniel Vergara, undersecretary of the interior ministry and a Communist Party member, the spokesmen said.

All the plans will be published later, he said. The allegation was also published by *El Mercurio* and *La Tercera de la Hora*, Santiago's two anti-Allende newspapers and

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the only dailies still permitted to appear.

The assassinations were scheduled to take place Sept. 18, during the military parade to mark national independence day, he added. "Thousands of people" had been earmarked for assassination and the 15,000 foreign leftists in Chile were to have taken part in the operation, the spokesman said.

Meanwhile, commercial activity was slowly resuming in the capital and other cities.

A communique issued tonight said that foreign journalists could resume their work freely, and that reporters would be allowed into the country again. Chile's frontiers have been sealed off since the fighting began Tuesday, but journalists would now be free to come and go, the communique said.

The city was still under a night-long curfew imposed by the military. But the curfew, originally enforced around the clock and lifted for varying periods during the day since Thursday, was cut back further today despite reports over the weekend of continued armed resistance to the military junta.

The curfew was lifted this morning, three hours earlier than yesterday, and was to be reimposed half an hour later than the previous deadline of 6:30 p.m.

Trucks rumbled through the streets distributing supplies to food stores, and public transport services were operating as the battle-scarred city began recovering from the effects of the coup and the street fighting that followed it.

Following a meeting with Gen. Augusto Pinochet, president of the junta and com-

mander-in-chief of the army, officials of the construction industry said their organization would undertake repairs to the badly damaged presidential palace where Allende died, reportedly by suicide. But Allende's presidential residence, also damaged by air and land attacks after members of his bodyguard resisted an army takeover of the building, will be demolished and a chapel constructed on the site, a construction industry official said.

The military government ordered workers to return to work today. But the situation in the industrial belt around Santiago, where supporters of the ousted Popular Unity government were believed to be still holding out against the military, was not immediately clear.

Neither were there any reports on the situation in Valparaiso, Chile's second largest city. It has been cut off since an around-the-clock curfew was imposed there following attacks on two naval installations over the weekend.

The government today partially lifted a freeze it had clamped on all bank accounts last week, allowing banks to make certain payments, subject to strict control by the central bank.

Today's resumption of activities will be shortlived since the independence day holiday tomorrow marking the 163d anniversary of the start of Chile's struggle for freedom from Spain is a day off for workers.

In Mexico City Huge Vigorena who resigned three days ago as the Chilean ambassador there, blamed the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency for masterminding the coup. In an interview with the Mexican daily *Excelsior*, Vigorena claimed that a plan called

"Centaur," which eventually toppled Allende was put into motion by the C.I.A. two years ago.

"We have proof of this but we got hold of it too late to neutralize it," he said.

Vigorena noted that the U.S. ambassador in Santiago made a quick trip to Washington the day before the coup and that four U.S. warships were off the Chilean coast, ostensibly for naval maneuvers with the Chilean navy.

"All this makes us think that the coup was probably timed to depose Allende while he was at the nonaligned summit in Algiers," he said. Allende chided his plans and did not go to Algiers.

The CIA has consistently denied any complicity in the coup.

Cuba Accuses U.S. Of Instigating Coup

Washington Post Foreign Service

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 14 — Cuba accused the United States in the Security Council today of instigating the revolt that overthrew the government of Salvador Allende in Chile last week.

Cuban Ambassador Ricardo Alarcon Quesada also called the Chilean armed forces "the the Pentagon" in reciting his version of their firing at the Cuban embassy and a Cuban ship during the day of the Chilean coup Sept. 11.

During a stopoff at New Delhi on his way home from a visit to North Vietnam, Cuban Prime Minister Fidel Castro said the Allende government was overthrown by "a fascist coup instigated by the United States." He also told a cheering airport crowd in Calcutta earlier in the day that he is confident that popular resistance to the junta will continue.