Pueblo

## Pueblo Inquiry: 5 Admirals on Court Were 'As Carefully Chosen as a Bride'

By BERNARD WEINRAUB

Through these crowded sessions, the admirals sit behind a raised, green-felt-covered table in the center of the room and peer at the witnesses, question them—sometimes acidly, sometimes gently—smile, frown, whisper to one another and scrawl notes on large yellow pads of paper.

The Pacific Fleet.

A thin, stoop-shouldered havy officer with a chiseled patrician face and a fondness for tennis and squash, he speaks with dry precision and usually focuses on questions that require delicately complex answers.

Like the other officers seated besides him, Admiral Bowen addresses the Pueblo crewmonth in a voice that between the sympathy not sometimes acidly, sometimes gently—smile, frown, whisper to one another and scrawl notes on large yellow pads of paper.

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"This court," says one Navy official close to the case, "was as carefully chosen as a bride."
The five admirals were selected by the Commander in Chief, United States Pacific Fleet, Adm. John J. Hyland. They were directed "to inquire into all the facts and circuminto all the facts and circum-stances" of the ship's seizure and the crew's detention.

## Court To File Report

Shortly after the inquiry ends—probably in two weeks—

Bucher and the Pueblo's crew- White has repeatedly focused men. This action could range on the more or less controver-the commander of the naval from commendations to courts-sial details of the Pueblo case: training center in San Diego, is

the bitter 11 months in prison.

## Misses Gardening Chores

The admirals respond quickly. The admirals respond quickly. A break is called, a question is rephrased, the subject changed. The admirals turn and stare at the yellow wall as the crewman struggles to keep control upon returning to face control upon returning to face the admirals.
Seated to the right of Ad-

Shortly after the inquiry ends—probably in two weeks—the court will file a secret report of recommendations to Admiral Hyland. The Pacific commander will, in turn, file his own report to Washington. It is up to the Secretary of the Navy and the Chief of Naval Operations to decide sighs about missing his gardenwhat action, if any, to take against Comdr. Lloyd M. Seated to the right of Admiral Bowen is Rear Adm. Marshall W. White, the commander of the Pacific missile range in Point Mugu, Calif. The 57-year-old admiral, who flew with a Missouri drawl and sighs about missing his gardenwhat action, if any, to take against Comdr. Lloyd M. During the hearing, Admiral

Special to The New York Times
CORONADO, Calif., Feb. 23
—Shortly before 9 o'clock each weekday morning, five admirals are Annapolis graduates, and four of them saw yellow carpeted amphitheater and take their seats. "The court will come to order," murmurs Vice Adm. Harold G. Bowen Jr.

For the next five or six hours, the admirals face a group of nervous, even trembling officers and enlisted men.

The admirals are studies in contrast. Admiral Bowen, the president of the court, is the commander of antisubmarine forces for the Pacific Fleet.

Special to The New York Times from commendations to courts—from courts—from commendations to courts—from commendations to courts—from commendations to courts—from commendations to courts—from courts—from commendations to courts—from courts—from commendations to courts—from commendations to courts—from courts—from commendations to courts—from courts—from courts—from courts—from court struction devices for secret passeruction devices for secret pas

Rear Adm. Allen A. Bergner,

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and continually while listening has provided some of the bluntto the testimony.

The smiling Admiral Grimm
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quiry. He and several other permit much more rapid burnmembers of the court appeared ing," Captain Williams said. especially uneasy about the testimony of a Washingtonbased intelligence officer who said that the Pueblo's crew should have destroyed all the ship's secret document in a one-hour "maximum all-out ef-

This officer, Capt. John H. D. williams, spoke precisely of the numerous Navy regulations about the destruction of secret papers and what exactly destruction means.

"Tearing up publications, no matter how small, does not meet your criteria for destruction?" asked Admiral Grimm during Captain Williams's testimony.

Criteria Explained

"No sir," the bespectacled officer replied. "The criteria for shredding or tearing up publications requires pieces so small that a typewriter character cannot be put on it, so this is impractical. Burning is the preferred method of destruction."

"But shredders are obviously provided," replied Admiral Grimm.

"It's was intended for routine destruction, sir," said Captain Williams with an edge in his voice.

"This is routine destruction?" asked Admiral Grimm. "It's not emergency destruction we're talking about."

Moments later Admiral Bowen turned to the officer and said:

"It seems to me that in a thighly technological Navy, in the area of emergency destruction of classified material on paper, we haven't come very far from the Stone Age."

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"In late 1967 . . . we furnished a policy to fleet com-manders that crypto [decoding material] would be shredded and streamed over the fantail pris secret document in a chour "maximum all-out eft".

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at dusk, providing at least six bags of material were streamed at once and providing that crypto material and other material had been intermixed in the shredding process."

Admiral Grimm shook his head. "It makes life a little bit difficult if it's not dusk, doesn't it?" he asked.

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Captain Williams stared at the admiral and said nothing,