FBI Accused him a lifetime government job

Of Ignoring Klan Violence

Washington

prevent-instances of Ku Klux testify to before the committee, Klan violence and other civil are the following: liberties violations in the 1960s, a operative has told Senate investigators.

who also says he can testify to in. details of the FBI's campaign to defame and discredit Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. before the civil rights leader's assassination in

FBI agents on major cases of tested segregation barriers in racial violence during six years interstate buses and terminals.) as an undercover man. He participated in violence, he says, with the FBI's knowledge and approvdo.

He was the government's star witness in a trial at which three Klansmen were convicted of civil rights violations in the March 25, 1965, murder of a white civil rights worker, Viola Liuzzo of Detroit, in Lowndes County, Ala.

Since the trial, Rowe, now a rights private detective, has been living around in Birmingham police cars an assumed name southern California.

Interviewed in the presence of his attorney by the Los Angeles Times, Rowe recounted details of a lengthy deposition he had given Senate investigators.

His account of FBI activities raises questions not only about past abuses, but about the current status of FBI men who participat- as saying that J. Edgar Hoover,

and other abuses.

At his news conference last
Wednesday President Ford said
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Wing was 'abhorrent to all Americans.

are still alive, is difficult, but I leader into silence about the certainly will consult with the bureau. attorney general regarding that matter," he said.

In addition to other major

Rowe said some FBI men who participated in civil liberties violations not only are still alive, but are still with the FBL

Rowe said he decided to tell

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and fulfill other promises he said the bureau made to him in return for his undercover work. 🛠

Among Rowe's allegations, some of which the Times has corroborated from other sources The FBI had advance know and all of which he and his ledge of—but took no action to attorney say he is prepared to

- The FBI participated in at and Klansmen's homes, as well as He is Gary Thomas Rowe Jr., a motel room King was staying
- He gave the FBI three weeks advance notice that the Klan, in conspiracy with Birmingham police, was planning to assault Freedom Riders in 1961 in Rowe, scheduled to be a Birmingham. The FBI apparently witness before the Senate Intellinever relayed the warning to the gence Committee later this week, Justice Department and the as-joined the Klan at the FBI's sault occurred without federal joined the Klan at the FBI's sault occurred without federal request. He worked closely with intervention. (Freedom Riders
 - · Klansmen and the Jefferson county sheriff's office, with the FBI's advance knowledge, "planted" evidence of illegal liquor at an integrated country club. The club was padlocked after a sheriff's raid seized the "planted" evidence.
 - Klansmen had access to Birmingham police files on civil rights leaders and also rode planning violence, all with the FBI's knowledge.

Rowe said FBI agents told him they had bugged King's motel room and had damaging informa-tion about him, including photographs showing him in compromising situations.

He quoted one of the agents ed in those abuses. He said he who served as FBI director for could identify agents who took almost a half century until his part in the anti-King campaign death in 1971, "hated King with a and other abuses.

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criticism that King had expressed about the FBI and had used the "Whether or not we can damaging information to "literal-identify the individuals, if they ly blackmail" the civil rights

cases, Rowe worked on the Sept. 15, 1963, Birmingham church bombing that killed four black girls attending Sunday school.

He disclosed that he gave the

FBI the names of eight Klansmen suspected of being involved in the bombing. Later, he said he furnished the FBI with the name of a state investigator he said had urged him to tell one of the Klansmen to "keep his goddam mouth shut" if questioned about the bombing.

The bombing case has never been solved.

Rowe said that when first recruited by the FBI in 1960 he was told he was to "participate in no violence whatsoever."

"This went on for several months," he said, "and then they said 'Look, there's crap going on that you're not reporting."

He said he explained that he could not get information on violence by merely attending Klan meetings, that he would have to participate in what the Klan called "missionary work" and this would put him in jeopardy if he did not join in the violence.

"They said, 'Well, we have to tell you by law that you can't get involved, but we...know you are gonna have to get involved. You have to get the information, that's the main thing.'

"So after that I became very active in the missionary work," Rowe said, "but each and every time I would report to the FBI what we were going to do. And nothing was ever done about it."

Rowe said he told the FBI about meetings he'd held with Birmingham police arranging a Klan "reception" for Freedom Riders when they traveled to Alabama in 1961.

The arrangement was for a Klan mob armed with clubs to be given 15 minutes in which to assault the Freedom Riders before any police would arrive on the seene. He said he passed the information on to the FBI.

The assault took place in Birmingham on Mother's Day, May 14, 1961. Rowe said several FBI agents observed the attack, including two agents who took moving pictures of it.

The late Eugene (Bull) Connor, who was Birmingham police commissioner, later told reporters police were not on the scene because it was Mother's Day and the police were at home with their mothers.

Burke Marshall, a Yale law school professor who was director



GARY ROWE

EX-FBI operative

of the Justice Department's civil rights division at the time, said U.S. marshals would have been dispatched to the scene or other action taken if the department had been alerted to the planned violence, but that no such warning was received.

Los Angeles Times

Clippings on Rowe's appearance as a government witness at the trial of KKK members for the murder of Mrs. Liuzzo are filed FBI-II, 22 Oct 65.

* On Rowe's claim of promises made to him by the FBI, see note attached to shorter version of this LATimes story, filed FBI-II 1 Dec 75.