Nixon Won't Enter Hospital For New Blood Clot in Leg

Washington Post Staff Writer

Former President Nixon rejected his doctors' advice yes- arising from a recurrence of terday to go into a hospital for phlebitis, Mr. Nixon's left leg of Mr. Nixon's condition, said treatment of a new, painful "is swollen and painful," potentially dangerous Tkach said. blood clot in his upper left

on's White House physician start a nine-day visit to the and a close friend of the for- Middle East. He rejected Washington to San Clemente that he cancel the trip, and yesterday to conduct the ex-followed it up with a state amination. In a statement to visit to the Middle East. reporters later, he said:

given to hospitalization, but it the clot from the June attack has been ruled out at this time is still present in Mr. Nixon's

By Stuart Auerbach based on former President lower left leg, attached to the Nixon's wishes."

As a result of the new clot, him "periodic pain."

The new clot is just above one that troubled Mr. Nixon Dr. Walter Tkach, Mr. Nix-last June, as he was about to President, flew from Tkach's recommendation then

Tkach, an Air Force major "Serious consideration was general, said yesterday that

wall of the vein, and causes

Two doctors not connected with the case, upon learning they would hospitalize him immediately. But another specialist said he probably could be treated at home if there were no signs that a clot had moved to the lungs-where it could cause death.

Tkach and Dr. John Lungren of Long Beach, Calif., who treated Mr. Nixon before he was elected President, said that "the former President will continue to receive medi-

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it - got loose in the vein and started moving through the larger vessels of the heart to the lung. If the clot is small, it could block a small vein and cause part of the lung to

A massive clot, however, could block the main artery between the lung and the heart and cause almost immediate death.

The blockage of a small vein in the lung would cause chest pains - something that Tkach did not report, indicating that Mr. Nixon has not suffered any lung damage.

Nevertheless, another expert said, phlebitis "is a silent

process until a clot gets critically located in the lung."

The main treatment is rest with the leg elevated. Anticoagulant drugs such as heparin and anti-inflammatory drugs such as butazolidin are used, and an elastic bandage on the leg to keep the swelling down. But there is some debate among doctors as tojust when and for how long the drugs should be given.

Medical sources reported Thursday that Mr. Nixon had stopped taking his medicines and was refusing to wear the elastic bandage. He had also rejected the pleas of his family that he go to Eisenhower Memorial Hospital in Palm Springs, near the Annenberg

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cation"-probably an anticoagulant drug-at his San Clemente home.

"He will be under doctors" care, and an evaluation will be made on a weekly basis by Dr. Lungren and myself," Tkach

He added that Mr. Nixon "is suffering from severe physical strain and physical fatigue, but he is mentally alert and has been working at his office or at home each day."

son-in-law, Wr. Nixon's David Eisenhower, told The Washington Post Thursday that the former President was bedredden at the Springs estate of Walter Annemberg, the ambassador to Britain. Mr. and Mrs. Nixon left the Annenberg estate Thursday night for their San Clemente home.

A source close to Mr. Nixon in California said that the former President spent yesterday morning working at his desk in San Clemente while waiting for Tkach and Lungren to examine him.

Mr. Nixon first suffered from phlebitis, and inflamation of a vein, 15 years ago. Doctors aren't sure what causes phlebitis, or if the blood clot that almost always accompanies it arises from the inflamation or if the clot comes first. But they do know that people who have phlebitis

once are likely to get it again.

If Mr. Nixon were to be hospitalized, he would probably go to the base hospital at the Pendleton base near San Clemente. The hospital includes special VIP area that Mr. Nixon can use and has special-

ists on its staff who could treat phlebitis.

Concerned over reports of Mr. Nixon's illness that came from members of his family. President Ford yesterday asked his White House physician, Dr. William Lukash, to keep him informed on the former President's health.

While some medical sources close to the case said they believe that Mr. Nixon's phlebitis is confined to superficial veins-those close to the skin —other doctors said the amount of swelling and the fact that the clot is located above the knee indicates that it is in deep veins below the muscles, which is considered more serious.

"Because there is so much edema (swelling)," said a Washington specialist who had been consulted by the White House on Mr. Nixon's previous phlebitis attack, "I have to conclude that it is in a deep

"That's where you can get trouble."

The trouble would be when the clot - or a large piece of