

Co-Conspirator List Delivered

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Watergate prosecutors yesterday gave defense lawyers in the Watergate cover-up case a list of 19 alleged co-conspirators, but insisted that the names be kept secret.

Watergate Special Prosecutor Leon Jaworski contended that the list should not be made public until after the Supreme Court reviews the Watergate grand jury's naming of President Nixon as one of the unindicted participants in the alleged conspiracy.

Despite the secrecy, it was understood that the list, in addition to Mr. Nixon, includes:

- Former White House counsel John W. Dean III and Nixon re-election campaign deputies Jeb Stuart Magruder and Frederick C. LaRue. All have pleaded guilty of obstructing justice in the Watergate scandal and are expected to be called as government witnesses at the cover-up trial this September of six of President Nixon's former top aides and campaign advisers.

- Watergate burglars E. Howard Hunt Jr. and G. Gordon Liddy Jr., who headed the team that bugged Democratic National Committee headquarters at the Watergate complex here two years ago.

- Hunt's former lawyer, William O. Bittman, and Hunt's late wife, Dorothy. She was killed in an airline crash in Chicago in Decem-

ber, 1972, but both she and Bittman were allegedly involved in payments of hush money for the original Watergate defendants.

- Former White House special counsel Charles W. Colson, who was allegedly involved in attempts to secure assurances of executive clemency for Hunt. Colson was originally indicted for taking part in the cover-up, but the charges against him were dropped after he pleaded guilty to obstructing justice in the case of Pentagon Papers defendant Daniel Ellsberg.

- Former New York City policeman Anthony Ulaszewicz, an undercover agent for the White House, who allegedly delivered hush money to both Mrs. Hunt and Bittman in the summer of 1972.

- Herbert W. Kalmbach, President Nixon's former personal attorney and behind-the-scenes fund-raiser, who is said to have raised some of the cash that was secretly paid to keep the original Watergate defendants from talking.

- John J. Caulfield, the former Treasury Department official and White House ex-aide, who says he was enlisted by Dean to convey an offer of executive clemency to Watergate burglar James W. McCord Jr. in the midst of the first Watergate trial.

- McCord, former security co-ordinator for the Committee for the Re-election of the President, who publicly charged in March, 1973, that perjury had been committed

at the original Watergate trial and that political pressures had been exerted to make the defendants plead guilty.

- Washington attorney Paul L. O'Brien, a former lawyer for the Nixon re-election committee, who conveyed Hunt's demands for \$120,000 in hush money to the White House just before Hunt's provisional sentencing on March 23, 1973.

Hunt's demands were discussed at a meeting between Mr. Nixon, Dean and former White House chief of staff H. R. Bob) Haldeman on March 21, 1973. Some \$75,000 was allegedly delivered to Hunt's lawyer that night.

The reasons for naming unindicted co-conspirators in a criminal conspiracy case are usually evidentiary, lawyers pointed out yesterday.

For example, admissions and statements made by one conspirator in the course of carrying out an illicit scheme are admissible against fellow co-conspirators who have been indicted.

Jaworski's official spokesman, James D. Doyle, refused to comment on yesterday morning's meeting with defense attorneys in the cover-up case. Lawyers who attended the meeting, however, said there were "no surprises" in the list of co-conspirators.

"We got the list in exchange for a promise that we wouldn't release it," one of the defense attorneys said. The names of unindicted co-conspirators are

routinely made public in conspiracy cases, but lawyers at the meeting said Jaworski contended that disclosure would conflict with the Supreme Court's order last week promising review of Mr. Nixon's status.

The Supreme Court officially disclosed the Watergate grand jury's allegation that "Richard M. Nixon (among others) was a member of the conspiracy to defraud the United States and to obstruct justice" in the Watergate scandal.

But except for that brief extract, the court refused to make public the record of last month's secret hearings before U.S. District Court Judge John J. Sirica where the allegation against the President was first thrashed out.

The Supreme Court also ordered both Watergate prosecutors and White House lawyers to maintain the confidentiality of the sealed record, but the reasons for Jaworski's insistence on keeping the list of other unindicted co-conspirators secret still were not entirely clear. Both prosecutors and defense lawyers have affirmed that the only unindicted co-conspirator named in the sealed record was Mr. Nixon.

Jaworski refused, through a spokesman, to say how public disclosure of the other alleged co-conspirators would violate the Supreme Court's edict. Defense attorneys said the prosecutor gave them no explanation, either.