

Mr. Gray. ... When I was a boy growing up my mother said, "Pat, the world can take everything from you but your reputation and your education", and if I thought that was being tarnished I would return to southeastern Connecticut and go back into my law firm and I really mean that.

Mr. Gray. I have had the matter researched, Senator Bayh, and have been informed that the statute, Title 18, U.S. Code, Section 2511, provides no waiver of the prohibition against disclosure when there is an espionage charge involved. In fact, the statute (Title 18, U.S. Code, Section 2515) specifically prohibits the use of intercepted wire or oral communications as evidence before any court, grand jury, Department officer, agencies, regulatory body, legislative committees, or other authority of the United States. Therefore, if an espionage charge is involved and criminal prosecution is contemplated, the statute would prohibit use in the prosecution of evidence obtained through unlawful intercepts.