W atergate Judge Wants U.S. to Revive Its Inquiry

By WALTER RUGABER Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2—The ing Presidential adviser—to judge in the Watergate trial submit their testimony in writcharged in blunt language to-ing. day that the recently concluded criminal proceeding had failed going to be a Congressional into get to the bottom of the case vestigation in this case," the resume its investigation.

whose feelings were apparent Democrat of North Carolina. during the trial, expressed his "I would hope frankly-not dissatisfaction during a hearing only as a judge but as a citizen on bail for the two defendants of a great country and one of convicted last Tuesday.

doubt" about the testimony of would hope that the Senate Hugh W. Sloan Jr., former committee is granted power by treasurer of the President's Congress by a broad enough fund-raising arm, and disclosed resolution to get to the bottom that he had suggested the of what happened in this case." names of "several persons" who ought to be questioned.

oath in the grand jury room," \$199,000 by the Committee for the judge said, and not permit-

"Everybody knows there's and urged the Government to 69-year-old judge said, referring to a projected inquiry Chief Judge John J. Sirica, under Senator Sam J. Ervin Jr.,

millions of Americans who are He said that he had "great looking for certain answers—I

The judge appeared especially displeased with the testimony They should be "put under concerning cash payments of

ted-as was at least one rank-Continued on Page 16, Column 3

"I am not satisfied that somebody else doesn't know any-thing about what the \$199,000 Mr. Liddy got was going to be used for," the judge, a Republican appointed to the bench by President Eisenhower, said.

Panel Still Sitting

Judge Sirica cannot force the Government to resume its grand jury inquiry, but the panel that returned indictments in September is still sitting, and the prosecutors have indicated that further testimony will be taken.

During the trial, the judge said, "I gave the Government the names of several persons who should be called before the grand jury to testify about what they know about this case."

"I made these suggestions after hearing testimony from the lips of the witnesses on the stand and listening to the tapes of Mr. [Alfred C.] Baldwin's interview with The Los Angeles

Times," he said.

Mr. Baldwin, a major Government witness who said that he had monitored a wiretap on telephones at the offices of the Democratic National Committee, detailed his experiences in an interview with the newspaper.

Today the judge told Earl J. Silbert, the principal Assistant United States Attorney, that he hoped any further witnesses would be "put under oath" and not allowed to send in depositions, as some have been allowed to do in the past.

A spokesman for the Justice Department reported in September that Mr. Stans had given a "sworn statement" to the grand jurors. Whether others did so was not disclosed. Mr. Mitchell was said to have appeared personally.

Names Are Secret

Judge Sirica said that the names of those he wanted called in a renewed investigation had been provided to the Government in a closed-door session, and he warned those who had attended it not to disclose the names.

The judge disclosed his action in excoriating a defense lawyer, Gerald Alch of Boston, for cit-

ing in a motion for bail some of the statements that had been made at the secret proceeding.

Mr. Alch said that he had not realized that the transcript had been sealed by the court and apologized for quoting from it. But the judge said that the incident "deserves censure," and added that he was "strongly considering" referring the matter to the bar association.

Judge Sirica, defending his examination of Mr. Sloan and other witnesses, said that he had felt that neither the Government nor the defense attorneys had "asked questions."
"I don't think a Federal judge

should sit up on a bench-particularly in a case like this one, with great public interest in it -I don't think we should sit up here like nincompoops," the

judge said.
"I had a right to question
him [Mr. Sloan] to see that all the facts are brought out. I don't make any apologies to the attorneys or to anybody else or the Court of Appeals, if they should look at it.

I'm glad I did it; if I had it to do over, I would do the same, and that's the end of that."

At today's hearing, the judge refused to set bond for appearance at sentencing at less than

James W. McCord Jr., the other defendant found guilty on Tues-

Five others who pleaded guilty in the case are under bonds of the same amount. Only one of them, E. Howard Hunt Jr., was able to obtain a surety and remain free until the sentencing reports have been compiled.

Lawyers for Liddy and Mc-Cord said that they would be unable to post the amount. Judge Sirica indicated that he would attempt to have the two men removed from the District of Columbia jail, a grim institu-tion, to a Federal prison.

Four of those convicted— Bernard L. Barker, Eugenio R. Martinez, Frank A. Sturgis and Virgil R. Gonzalez, all of Miami—have remained in the jail here since their guilty pleas were entered.

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the Reelection of the President to a defendant in the case, G. Gordon Liddy.

First, the judge said, he has "great doubt" about whether Mr. Sloan "has told us the entire truth in this case."

Jeb Stuart Macgruder, former deputy director of the re-election committee, testified that Liddy had ben put in charge of spying on the Democrats.

Mr. Sloan said that he had been approved by former Attorney General John N. Mitchell and former Commerce Secretary Maurice H. Stans.

Under close questioning by Judge Siria, Mr. Sloan insisted that he had "no idea" what Liddy had done with the money and gave no indication that Mr. Stans or Mr. Mitchell had either.

The judge said today that in addition to doubting Mr. Sloan, he also suspected that others at the Committe for the Reelection of the President might have known the purpose of the payments.

"I have not been satisfied, and I am still not satisfied, that all of the pertinent facts that might be available have been produced before an American jury," Judge Sirica said. | , , ,