Laundering Of Campaign Land Probed 2/10/14 By Lawrence Meyer

him a Possited Writer en seect Watergate himitee is investigating regations that \$200,000 in

the paign contributions to the Nonr. To election a campaign its funneled through other Ren blican committees to displice the source and the in-

ended recipient.

Sources close to the Senate committee and yestenday that the sommittee has evidence that the money was passed from the Republican committee and be Republican senatorial campaign committee to the Republican National Finance Committee and then to the Finance Committee to Re-elect the President in an effort to Taluney the contributions.

Because the transactions

were reported according to the law and federal regulations prevaining at the time, committee sources said, alleged the laundering operation was not fine at

not Pulic ecords indicates that C-TAPE, the Committee for Thorough Agricultural Political Education which was one of the tunnittees of the Associated Milk Producers, Inc., contiduded \$150,000 to the Republican congressional committee and \$50,000 to the Republican senatorial committee on Oct. 27, 1972.

Within the next 10 days, the

senatorial committee transferred \$120,000 to the Republican Research for the committee and the congressional committee mansferred \$101,600

and the congressional committee transferred \$101,000.

I official of the senatorial dop nittee, who asked not to be centified, said he had been in med had prior to the C. TA contribution that it would be expected to she will be expected to she the contributional Committee." This official said, however, that he was not aware of any attempt to launder the money. He said that his committee and the Republican National Committee were continuously passing money back and forth as a necessary and legal part of their operation.

Within a week of the Nov. 7, 1972 election, the Republican National Committee transferred \$200,000 to the Finance Committee to Re-elect the President.

Sources said that although it has conflicting testimony concerning the transaction, it has some evidence that Lee Nunn, then a fund-raiser for the Nixon re-election campaign, was instrumental in arranging the matter.

George Mehren, general manager of AMPI testified in a sworn deposition that he had been approached by Nunn on Oct. 17, 1972, soliciting a \$650,000 contribution. Mehren said he told Nunn, "No we weren't going to do that."

In 1971 the milk industry had given the Nixon feelection campaign \$427,500 in contributions as the Nixon administration decided to raise government milk price supports. The Senate committee is in vestigating to determine whether the contribution and the price decision were related.