Public Figures Stunned at Disclosure of Tape Recording

LBJ Aides Disavow System

Washington Post Staff Writer By Jules Witcover 7/17/73

phones is "similar" to one used in the previous admin-Administration system of automatically recording Mr. veral offices and Nixon's conversations in seyest rday that The White House reported Nixon

But Johnson administra-tion officials quickly said they knew nothing of it. A spokesman for the Se-

Service didn't put it there. the system for the Nixon administration, said if there cret Service, which installed vas one in place during the Johnson years, the Secret

Library in Austin, Texas, said through a federal government spokesman that there is a section in the library that "reflects selective" Harry Middleton, director of the Lyndon B. Johnson tween Mr. Johnson and othtelephone conversations" be-

were recorded manually by Some of them, he said,

> Most of these concerned naphone belt." Also, he said, a secretary, some by dictational security matters." 1968 in the Cabinet room. ber of meetings recorded in there were "a limited num-

sel to Mr. Nixon, to Sen. Sam J. Ervin Jr. (D-N.C.), chairman of the Senate Watergate committee.
Mr. Nixon's conversations Fred Buzhardt, special counmony by White House aide of the practice of automatic in a short letter from J. Alexander Butterfield, came recording under Mr. Nixon, White House confirmation Senate

still in use, is similar to that that this system, which is have been recorded until the spring of 1971." been discontinued from 1969 the spring of 1971," Buzhardt wrote. "I am advised stration and which had employed by the last admin-

See HISTORY, A16, Col. 1

Wonders of Watergate

Washington Post Staff Writer By William Greider 7/17/73

tradiction, save the President or maybe sink him. flicting charges, reconcile all the confusion and conwitness—the one who can reliably sort out the con-Wonders of Watergate do not cease. Now the investigating senators have stumbled on to the ultimate

the search for truth, they have all been upstaged, appropriately enough, by an electronic gizmo—a tape It's not John Dean or John Mitchell, not Haldeman or Ehrlichman, not even President Nixon himself. In recorder that faithfully eavesdropped on all presidential conversations.

If the White House will turn loose the spools, they could answer countless questions surrounding what the President knew about Watergate and when, which has become the principal issue of the Senate investiga-

a line and add it up." "We now know there's a complete record of all these meetings," Dash said. "I don't think you have to draw like a cat licking canary feathers from his mouth Samuel Dash, the committee's chief counsel, smiled

big ears was popped out yesterday by a reluctant White House alumnus named Alexander Butterfield, chives, among other matters, when he was a deputy assistant to the President. who used to arrange for security and historical ar-The startling revelation that the Oval Office has

See SCENE, A18, Col. 5

Some Say They Don't Mind

By Lou Cannon 7/17/73
Washington Post Staff Writer

with incredulity yesterday calls without consent. conversations and telephone to testimony that President George Romney reacted from George Meany to Nixon had tape-recorded Public figures ranging

were being recorded. refraining from direct criti-cism of the President, said tion Cabinet members, while know their conversations to a man that they didn't Present Nixon administra-

astonishment. Attorney General Richard G. Kleindienst in a voice of "No kidding," said former

cause of my personal relawas not aware of the practice and would "have no furtionship on a business trip, said he hotel in London where he is Kleindienst, reached at a with the

"I'm literally astonished, I'm incredulous," said Rob-Finch,

> ment like that but it had been discontinued. I asmember being told by several sources that Lyndon Johnson had an arrangeand Health, Education and mer White House counselor Nixon confident and a for-Welfare Secretary. "I re-

sumed that was the case."

Former Interior Secretary
Walter J. Hickel, who was
dismissed by the President after publicly protesting the will be sick at heart" over policies, said that "America the disclosures and added: administration's Vietnam

anyway. All they had to do was ask." "I was trying to get my message to the White House

were recorded but was pleased that his views Romney, said that "from ban Development Secretary ber, former Housing and Ur-Another ex-Cabinet memstandpoint"

See REACT, A17, Col. 1

REACT, From A1

never suspected that this was the case.

"I had some things to say I thought needed saying," said Romney. "They weren't always listened to, but I'm glad they were recorded. I hope they don't get edited."

AFL-CIO President
Meany, a White House guest
on several occasions, said he
did not have "the slightest
idea" that any of his conversations were recorded. Referring to the testimony of
former White House aide
Alexander P. Butterfield,
Meany said:

"If this man were not testifying under oath, I would not believe it, because it is so fantastic as to be almost beyond belief. God bless the blunderers at Watergate. If they hadn't been so clumsy, America would never have known about things like this."

Democratic leaders in the Congress were critical of the recordings, though most said they would not have objetced if they had been told in advance.

"I'm not surprised but I don't like it," said Senate Democratic Leader Mike Mansfield of Montana. "I wouldn't have minded if they told me."

The member of congress



GERALD FORD ... "I see nothing wrong"

who seemed least surprised of all was Sen. Barry Goldwater (R-Ariz.), who said through a spokesman that he regarded recording conversations for historical purposes as appropriate but believes that people who are being recorded should be notified in advance.

The spokesman said Gold-water was not surprised "for a very strange reason . . . One conversation he had in the Oval Office was reported so precisely by Jack Anderson that he felt there had to be a recording device in operation at the time; there was not a comma out of place."

Goldwater told the President this at the time, the spokesman said, adding that the source of the story must be a very well-placed leak.

Sen. George McGovern (D-S.D.) the 1972 Democratic presidential candidate, called the practice "a violation on privacy." Sen. Bob Dole (R-Kan.), the Republican national chairman during the 1972 campaign, said that he also had not known of the recordings but joked, "I'm glad I always nodded when talking to the President."

On the House side, Speaker Carl Albert (D-Okla.) said "that if this kind of thing did go on it was an



CARL ALBERT ... "it was an outrage"



ROBERT H. FINCH ... "I'm astonished"

outrage, almost beyond belief."

Minority Leader Gerald Ford (R-Mich.) issued a statement in which he said he was never aware of the tape recordings but didn't have any objections.

"I have never said anything to any President that could not be a matter of public record," Ford said. "I, personally, therefore, see nothing wrong with the practice."

Senate Republican leader Hugh Scott of Pennsylvania said he didn't know about the recordings "but always assumed, as far as phone calls are concerned, that there must be some method of keeping a record."

Housing and Urban Development Secretary James T. Lynn, said he didn't know that his conversations with the President were being taped but added:

"That doesn't bother me a bit."

Interior Secretary Rogers C. B. Morton and Health Education and Welfare Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger said they hadn't been aware of the practice but declined further comment. Agriculture Secretary Earl Butz and William D. Ruckelshaus, former Environmental Protection Agency administrator and former act ing director of the FBI, declined comment



GEORGE ROMNEY . . . "but I'm glad"



RICHARD G. KLEINDIENST ... "no kidding"

A close friend of the late FBI director J. Edgar Hoover said "for sure" that Hoover had not known of the practice.

And a spokesman for Charles Colson, the controversial former special counsel for President Nixon, said that Colson also hadn't known about the recordings.

In responding to the Butterfield disclosure, Finch said that "those of us who were present at various meetings were asked to jot down our notes and get them into the central files for the presidential records.

"I assumed this would

requirements," Finch added. "I'm quite surprised."

Herbert G. Klein, the departing communications director for the Nixon administration, said that he had not been aware of the recordings and agreed that "most people assumed' that history was preserved by the note-taking.

However, Klein said the Butterfield testimony "basically indicates that the major interest was to preserve the history of the presidency."

In Hickel's view this view of history will not be a fair one to the people who didn't know they were being taperecorded.



WALTER J. HICKEL have fulfilled any historical ... "my message ... anyway"



GEORGE MEANY ... "almost beyond belief"

"If one person knows the conversation is being taped, he's speaking for history and self-protection," Hickel said. "The other person should know it as a matter of self-protection."

House Ways and Means Committee Chairman Wilbur Mills (D-Ark.) believes that the party being taped also should know about it for reasons of language.

"I'd have appreciated it if he'd have let me know ahead of time," said Mills. "My English would have been better."

Staff writers Sanford J. Ungar and Peter Milius contributed to this report.