## assination Panel Is Given Right to Bypass House

By WENDELL RAWLS Jr. Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16-The House of Representatives has given its Select Committee on Assassinations a strong demonstration of support by granting the committee the right to bypass the full House, and apply directly to the courts to compel witnesses to testify about their knowledge of events surrounding the deaths of President Kennedy and the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

That decision, taken by the House last month in an overwhelmingly favorable vote, is considered the most significant recent development in the yearlong history of the embattled committee.

After struggling for the better part of its first year to obtain Congressional support and public credibility, the committee hired G. Robert Blakey as staff director and chief counsel last July 1, and since then has enlarged its staff from 56 to 114.

The number of field investigators rose from five to 28 in the same period, and the staff has opened a branch office in St. Louis, according to sources close to the committee.

Researchers are accumulating "immense stacks" of documents and are computerizing the information they contain, the sources said, and investigators are interviewing "hundreds" of witnesses.

At the same time, the sources said.

the committee is hearing testimony in executive session from Government agents and from people allegedly linked to the events in Dallas, where President Kennedy was shot in 1963, and in Memphis, where Dr. King was killed in 1968.

However, the sources said that House passage of the request by the committee on what is called "use immunity" was especially important because it carried as much symbolic as practical significance. The committee and its subcommittees are now allowed to bypass the normal procedure of going to the floor of the House each time they want to go to court for an order of use immunity for a witness.

Use immunity protects a witness by

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prohibiting the prosecutorial authorities said, lies in the favorable vote rolled up certain segments of organized crime that any respect against him. Therefore, it in only the House committee investigating that it cannot be ignored or outwaited. sures that the testimony cannot lead to criminal penalties against the witness.

However, under a grant of use immunity, which the Senate Watergate committee gave to John W. Dean and Jeb Stuart McGrunder, the witness must testify or face charges of civil contempt of Congress or possibly charges of criminal contempt of court.

If a witness refuses to testify, the committee could sentence him to jail in the basement of the Capitol for the life of the committee (until Dec. 31, 1978), or take him to court in the District of Columbia, which could sentence him to three years in the District jail. If the witness testified falsely, he could face possible perjury charges.

The symbolic significance, the sources

only the House committee investigating the Korean payoff scandal now shares such authority to go to the courts without full House approval in advance.

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The 290-to-112 vote favoring the committee's request contrasts with the much narrower 223-to-195 vote last March that extended the life of the committee through the end of the 95th Congress.

"The vote demonstrates that the House members now feel that the committee is conducting its affairs in a proper and dignified manner," a committee source said, "and that the House with its vote has told everybody that it is prepared to support the work of the committee."

In addition, the source said, the action signals to such Government agencies as the Federal Bureau of Investigation and that it cannot be ignored or outwaited.

Seeking 'Degree of Involvement'

"The proper application of use immunity gives this country the best opportunity ever to discover the degree of involvement, if any, by the F.B.I., the C.I.A., organized crime or other entities with Dr. King and President Kennedy," the source said.

The members of the committee seem to be adhering to a gag rule requested by Mr. Blakey, its chief counsel and staff director, and imposed by its chairman, Representative Louis Stokes, Democrat of Ohio. But Mr. Stokes said in a speech on the House floor that the committee was receiving "excellent cooperation from all the agencies from whom we have the Federal Bureau of Investigation and sought any type of testimony of evidence the Central Intelligence Agency and to of any type."