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The New York Times

## Pursuing an Assassin, 130 Years Later

## Petition Seeks Exhumation to Verify Identity of John Wilkes Booth

WASHINGTON, May 11 - More than 125 years after a body identified as that of John Wilkes Booth was family are asking a court to allow that it be exhumed. They want to know if it actually is Booth, the actor who assassinated President Lincoin mbers of the Booth

at Ford's Theater here in 1865.
The request, which will be made on Wednesday before Judge Joseph H. H. Kaplan in Baltimore Circuit marking the Booth family graves, some historians have argued that someone other than Booth was bur-Court, represents more than idle cu-riosity. For nearly as long as the body has lain beneath the obelisk

They contend that when Federal They contend that when Federal troops shot and killed a man in Bowling Green, Va., 12 days after the assantination and identified him as ster their claims, the escape theo-rists say that the Government enaged in a cover-up and that Booth wed out his life, another 38 years, in fississippi, Texas and the Okiahoresident's killer, they say, es-before the troops arrived it was really someone else; rich supply of written ac-and sworn affidavits to bolbefore he committed

By examining the body, they argue, adentists could determine with
reasonable certainty whether it is
Booth's by his physical characteristies, including a scar over his right
eye, a crushed thumb and a fractured bone in his left leg from leaping to the stage after he shot Lincoln.
The petitioners, a great-greatgrandniece and a third coustin of
Booth, have been joined in the request by the Smithsonian Institution's National Museum of Natural
History and two other museums. which has taken no position on the historical interpretation the case inthree historians and several Mary-land officials. The Smithsonian

rolves, has agreed to participate in

The petition has also been signed



ohn Wilkes Booth.

by 23 other members of the Booth family and by three women who contend that they are direct de-accedants of Booth through a child they say he fathered in 1868, a year after the assassination.

But with most historians saying the escape theory is pure fantasy, representatives of the cemetery have dealed permission to dig up the body. They cite a promise the cometery made in 1889 to Booth's mother, Mary Ann, that the graves would remain protected, fear that a Booth descendant not involved with the case might object and skepticism about the escape theory.

Rathbun, 44, a great-great-grand-niece of Booth, and Virginia Hum-"We only see this as a win-win situation," said Mark S. Zaid, a Washington lawyer who is representing the descendants, Lois White

family for burial.

McPherson, a professor at Princeton

in 1877 a man he knew as John St.

brecht Kline, 73, who is described court papers as both a third cousi Booth and the niece of a woman v married one of Booth's brothers.

"If the body is exhumed remains have deteriorated left with is the status quo, mid. "Then, we put the casket back esults are incon-Mr. Zaid

"But," he added, "If it turns out not to be John Wilkes Booth, that

papers say that "the technology now exists to close the books on this conpetitioners referred to other exhu-mations conducted for historical purposes, including those of Lee Harvey Oswald, to confirm identity and President Zachary Taylor, determine the cause of death. In court papers filed last year, the The

If the remains are not those of Booth, another location would be found. identity, the papers say, the body would be returned to the cemetery. If the body is that of Booth or if the amination cannot determine its

Nathaniel Orlowek, an amateur historian who has studied the case for years, argues that exhumation is the only way to disprove theories of a question of whether An effort to settle the

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Booth slipped into Lincoln's theater box on April 14 and shot him in the box on April 14 and shot him in the back of the head. He lesped on the stage and escaped using a back alley. For 12 days he eluded Federal topy the proper searching for him.

Then on April 28, the 16th New York Cavalty trapped him and another man in a barm on Richard other man in a barm on Richard escaped.

Garrett's farm in Bowling Green.
After refusing to surrender, Booth
was shot in the neck, and he died
several hours later. His body was
returned to Washington and stayed
there until 1889, when President Lincoin's successed Apadesys domain. ordered that it be given to the Booth

Among the historians who support that version of events is James M. on a variety of sources. One is a 1907 book, "The Escape and Suicide of John Wilkes Booth," by Finis L. Bates, a lawyer who contended that

nan who

Government cover-up.
If the body is not Booth's, he said
"one of the most major facts of

Lincoln's killer

was shot, the evidence and sound-ness of the people who did the view-ing are definitive and indisputable." Shortly after the shooting, howev-er, rumors that the killer had actual-University and an expert on the Civil War. "All the theories that Booth somehow survived, I find none of them persuasive," he said. "Despite questions some people have raised, the identification of Booth after he

ly escaped were already rife. Mr. Orlowek and other conspiracy theorists say they base their views

Helen who thought himself to be dying identified himself as John Wilkes Booth and confessed to the assassination. Mr. Bates wrote that Mr. St. Helen gave him a photograph of himself and said to notify his bruther, Edwin Booth, an actor.

In 1903, Mr. Bates had read accounts of the suicide of a man in Enid, Okla, named David E. George, who had apparently contessed to an acquaintance and the proprietor of the basel in which he lived that he was John Wilkes Booth

Still in possession of the photo-graph Mr. St. Helen gave him, Mr. Bates showed it to people who had known Mr. Booth or Mr. George and said he came away convinced they were all the same person.

Meanwhile, Mr. Bates had the body of Mr. St. Helen munmified, and after his death in 1923, it was sold to a carnival and exhibited around the country as the munimy of John Wilkee Booth. In 1931, six doctors examined the body inside

John Wilkes Booth was supposedly buried in the family plot in Baltimore. A court case seeks to make sure

the wrappings and said it might be John Wiless Booth.
One of the doctors, Edward L. Miloslavich, wrote, "I team to the belief that the body I examined was that of President Lincoin's assassin." The mummy has since disap-

The family members and historians are prepared to cite other evidence suggesting that Booth escaped, including motorized statements of relatives and acquaintances who said they knew Booth long after the assassination. But a lawyer for the cemetery, William C. Trimble, contended that the escape theory was a baax and that the writings of Mr. Bates and others supporting the theory were "absolute poppycock."

"There is no controversy in the American historical community," he said. "It's a non-issue by any recog-nized historical published account. Therefore, this request is reduced to historical curlosity and a whim. Nothing more."