

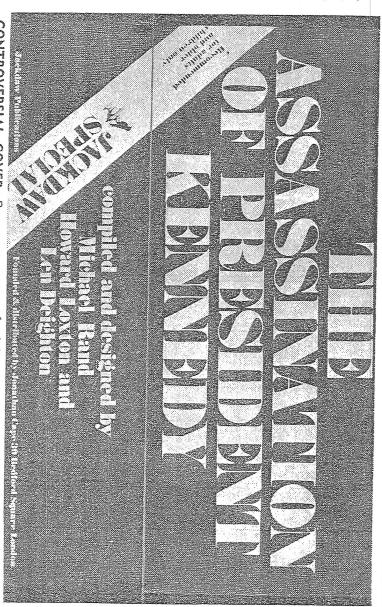
By STAN HAYES

An educational "JFK assassination kit" containing two documents that disprove the findings of the Warren Commission has been impounded by the U.S. Customs.

The documents — one FBI report and one photograph which were not published by the Warren Report — reveal that President Kennedy was shot in the back — not in the back of the neck as the Warren Commission asserts.

The FBI report states that this bullet did not pass through Kennedy's body ---contradicting the Warren Commission's finding that Governor John Connally and the President were hit by the same bullet which first passed through Kennedy's neck. And if the two men were hit almost simultaneously by separate bullets, there must have been two gunmen, not one as the Warren Commission contends.

The "assassination kit," published in England, is meant for students of the Kennedy as-



a version of the Presidential seal (below left) appeared on this British publicati JFK's assassination, U.S. Customs impounded 500 copies and prevented their sale. **CONTROVERSIAL COVER:** Because country of origin was not printed on cover and because a version of the Presidential seal (below left) appeared on this British publication about

on March 17: "Instead of doing and told this ENQUIRER reporter their job as inspectors, Customs officials are playing the role of Baron was outraged at the ruling, country where the packet is cause a version of the Presiden-Airport on March 6, they were impounded by the U.S. Customs made fails to appear. tial Seal appears on the back of the cover and the name of the Department York's Kennedy International daws," from their manufactursassination kits," called "Jack exhibits contained in the dicts two other Warren Report As soon as they arrived at New them in the United States. London, planning to market City purchased 500 of the "asexited at his throat. in the neck and that the bullet which say the President was hit a pathologist's report from the pinpoints the bullet wound in Warren Commission which also ing a bullet hole in the back nedy's bloodstained shirt showsome detail of that Nov. 22 Kennedy's back. autopsy and a picture of Kenments — an FBI report of the 1963. that brings to life every grueboard cutout kit of the scene tos, descriptions and a cardsassination, and it contains pho-Dial Press Publisher Richard But not one packet was sold Dial Press Inc., of New York Yet this exhibit flatly contra-In addition to the two docuthe assassination kit carries Jackdaw Publications of officially bekit **EXHIBIT NO. 3:** This photograph was taken approximately one second after assassin's bullet struck President Kennedy. JFK, in car at left, is partly hidden by car mirror. mention are only a pretext. For what the Jackdaw from being sold. police by using censorship to prevent "The two legal technicalities they ð

which the Jackdaw severely criticizes. time defend the Warren Report, American public and at the same tablish a standard of taste for the they are really trying to do is es-

ing." ficials review the department's rulmoment is to demand a 'Customs inquiry' in which high Customs of-"Our only legal right at the

sassination. to publish its own Kit on the as-And now Dial Press is planning not be allowed into the country. ment ruled that the kits would But later the Customs Depart-

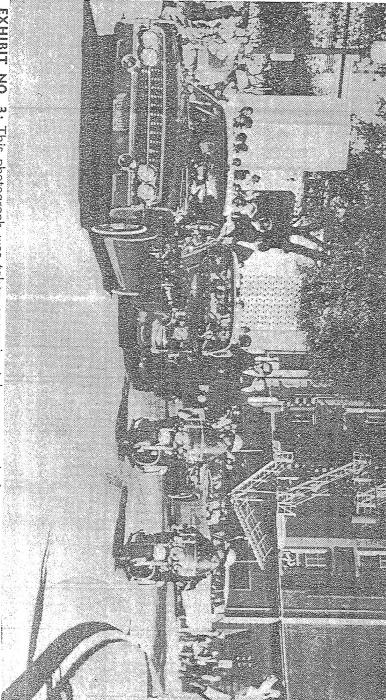
"educational packets," have dealt widely used in English schools as Jackdaws, which have been

> tle of Waterloo. Carta, Joan of Arc and The Batwith such historical events as The Battle of Trafalgar, The Magna

ton, a mystery writer. daw Publications, and Len Deighward Loxton, a director of Jack compiled by Michael Rand, Ho-The Kennedy Jackdaw was

sions. two thirds of the American public rejects the Report's concluthe Warren Report claiming that It takes a definite stand agains

Priced at under \$2 in England, the packet contains 12 "exhibits," the findings of the Warren Comthe including the FBI report and (Continued on next page) photograph which disprove



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During the autopsy inspection of the area of the brain, two fragments of metal were removed by Dr. HUMES, namely, one fragment measuring 7 x 2 millimeters, which was removed from the right side of the brain. An additional fragment of metal measuring 1 x 3 millimeters was also removed from this area, both of which were placed in a glass jar containing a black metal top which were thereafter marked for identification and following the signing of a proper receipt were transported by Bureau agents to the FBI Laboratory.

During the latter stages of this autopsy, Dr. HUMES located an opening which appeared to be a bullet hole which was below the shoulders and two inches to the right of the middle line of the spinal column.

This opening was probed by Dr. HUMES with the finger, at which time it was determined that the trajectory of the missile entering at this point had entered at a downward position of 45 to 60 degrees. Further probing determined that the distance travelled by this missile was a short distance inasmuch as the end of the opening could be relt with the finger.

Inasmuch as no complete bullet of any size could be located in the brain area and likewise no bullet could be located in the back or any other area of the body as determined by total body X-Rays and inspection revealing there was no point of exit, the individuals performing the autopsy were at a loss to explain why they could find no bullets.

A call was made by Bureau agents to the Firearms Section of the FBI Laboratory, at which time SA CHARLES L. KILLION advised that the Laboratory had received through Secret Service Agent RICHARD JOHNSON a bullet which had reportedly been found on a stretcher in the emergency room of Parkland Hospital, Dallas, Texas. This stretcher had also contained a stethescope and pair of rubber gloves. Agent JOHNSON had advised the Laboratory that it had not been ascertained whether or not this was the stretcher which had been used to transport the body of President KENNEDY. Agent KILLION further described this bullet as pertaining to a 6.5 millimeter rifle which would be approximately a 25 caliber rifle and that this bullet consisted of a copper alloy full jacket.

Immediately following receipt of this information, this was made available to Dr. HUMES who advised that in his opinion this accounted for no bullet being located which had entered

EXHIBIT NO. 6: Page 4 of the report filed by FBI agents James W. Sibert and Francis X. O'Neill Jr., who witnessed the autopsy at Bethesda Naval Hospital. Their report contradicts the Warren Commission claim that a bullet struck President Kennedy at the back of the neck and exited at the front of the throat. This FBI report was not published by the Warren Commission.

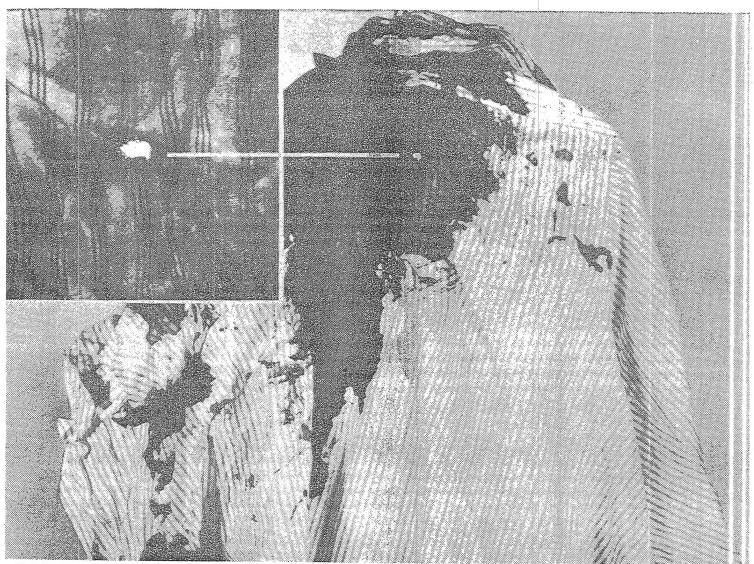
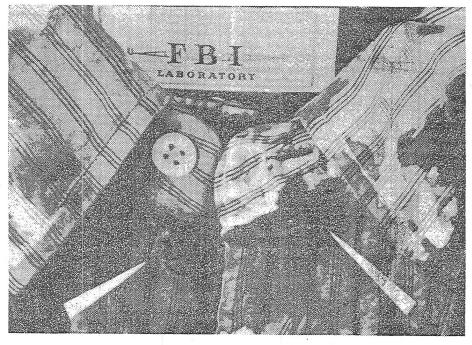
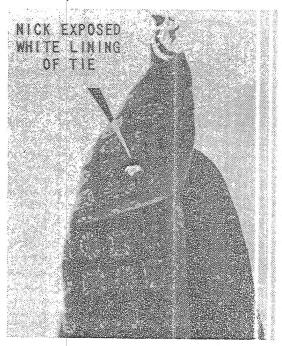


EXHIBIT NO. 8: The Warren Commission did not publish this FBI picture of Kennedy's bloodstained shirt (above) showing a bullet hole (close-up in inset) 5¾ inches below the collar. The bullet hole disproves the Warren Report's conclusion that the President was struck in the back of the neck. The two photos below, with arrows pointing out bullet holes in JFK's collar (left) and one in his tie (right), calso were not published by the Warren Commission.





fragments of skull bone. These are develop Agent Roy H. Kellerman of the U. S. Secret ((attached). SUMMARY: of two perforating gunshot wounds inflicted person or persons unknown. The projectiles what above the level of the deceased. The o do not permit a satisfactory estimate as to and to the right of the external occipital p traversed the cranial cavity in a posterior. roentgenograms) depositing minute particles jectile made its exit through the parietal H portions of cerebrum, skull and scalp. The the force of the missile produced extensive the superior saggital sinus, and of the right	Service, who executed a r Based on the above observ opinion that the deceased by high velocity project were fired from a point observations and availabl the sequence of the two The fatal missile entered protuberance. A portion -anterior direction (see along its path. A porti bone on the right carryin two wounds of the skull fragmentation of the skull	mitted three e custody of receipt therefor died as a result iles fired by a behind and some- e information wounds. the skull above of the projectile lateral skull on of the pro-
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portion of the right upper lobe of the lung, of the right side of the neck, damaged the t anterior surface of the neck. As far as car bony structures in its path through the body	he base of the right side at apical parietal pleura . The missile contused t trachea and made its exit h be ascertained this mis	the supra-scap- of the neck. and of the apical he strap muscles through the
I wound of the skull produced such extensive d possibility of the deceased surviving this i	In addition, it is our op lamage to the brain as to lnjury.	inion that the preclude the
A following more detailed examination of the b it is not anticipated that these examination	A supplementary report wi prain and of microscopic As will materially alter	sections. However
J. J. HUMES J. J. HUMES CDR, MC, USN (497831) J. J. HUMES (J. J. HUM	CON BOSWELL PIE JSN (489878) LT	an afinck COL, MC, USA -043-322)



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The agents reported that Dr. Humes concluded that the bullet did not pass through the President's body. Therefore, say the authors of the kit, it could not have caused the small, neat wound in front of the throat.

And, say the authors, if the President was struck by bullets coming from both the front and back, the assassination could not have been committed by a single rifleman.

The writers point out that the controversy concerning the position of the rear wound could be resolved by an examination of the X-rays and color photographs of the President's body which were taken at the autopsy. But these valuable pieces of evidence were not published nor even examined by the Warren Commission. Until November 1 they were in the custody of the Kennedy family. Now they are in the U.S. National Archives and, on the instructions of the Kennedy family, they will not be released until the late President's wife, parents, brothers, sisters and children are dead.

Exhibit #7: The autopsy pathologists' illustration of President This page, part of Warren No. 397, was prepared by gists during the medical President's body on the evening of Nov. 22, 1963. The sketches show a wound in the President's back which appears considerably lower than the one on his throat — corroborating the FBI report of the autopsy in Exhibit 6 and the photo of the bloodstained shirt in Exhibit 8, but contradicting Exhibits 4 and 5 which say the bullet struck the President in the back of the neck.

The authors of the kit say it seems clear (Continued on next page)

(Continued from preceding page)

that a bullet on a downward path could not have exited from the President's throat if it entered his back at the point marked.

The authors conclude: "If the front and back wound were each caused by entering bullets, then the President was the target of gunmen firing from two different directions."

This is in direct contradiction to the Warren Report's conclusion that the assassination was the work of one man.

Exhibit #8: FBI photographs of President Kennedy's shirt and tie at the time he was shot, were prepared for the Warren Commission by the FBI, but were not published by the Commission.

The authors of the kit say that the photograph showing the bullet hole in the back of the shirt agrees with Sibert and O'Neill's eyewitness account of the autopsy on the President's body, and with the original illustration of the President's back wound prepared by the autopsy surgeons but it contradicts Exhibits 4 and 5.

- The nick in the tie and the hole in the front of the shirt show the exit hole, says the Commission. But the authors of the kit point out: "The hole in the back of the shirt is 5 and 3⁄4 inches below the top of the collar. According to the Commission, the bullet entered the point on a downward trajectory then exited at the necktie knot in the front of the shirt!"

Exhibit #9: A partial transcript of Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy's testimony before the Warren Commission. This contains Mrs. Kennedy's description of the assassination sequence and was recorded in her home in Washington on June 5, 1964. But the Warren Commission deleted, "for an undisclosed reason," her references to her husband's wounds.

Exhibit #10: This report, which was also not published by the Warren Commission, summarizes an interview by Secret Service Agent Lane Bertram with newsman Alonso Hudkins who was then a reporter on the Houston Post. Hudkins said that "Lee Harvey Oswald was being paid \$200 a month by the FBI as an informant in connection with their subversive investigations" and gave the "alleged informant number assigned to Oswald by the FBI as 'S172'." Hudkins said his main source for this information was Allen Sweatt, the chief Criminal Deputy of Dallas County.

The authors of the kit point out that the Warren Commission was concerned with finding out whether Oswald had worked with the FBI or any other federal agency, but neither Hudkins nor Sweatt was called as a witness or asked to submit a statement or affidavit. But the Warren Report stated flatly: "Oswald was not an agent for the U.S. Government."

Exhibit #11: The advertisement for the Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, the gun Oswald allegedly used to shoot Kennedy. The authors say that even though the Warren Commission identified the advertisement as the one from which Oswald ordered the rifle, the advertisement was not used as evidence (Continued on next page)



WANTED

FOR.

TREASON

THIS MAN is wanted for treasonous activities against the United States:

- Betraying the Constitution (which he swore to uphold): He is turning the sovereignty of
- the U.S. over to the communist controlled United Nations. He is betraying our friends(Cuba, Katanga, Portugal) and befriending our enemies (Russia, Yugoslavia, Poland).
- 2. He has been WRONG on innumerable issues affecting the security of the U.S. (United Nations-Berlin wall-Missle removal-Cuba-Wheat deals-Test Ban Treaty, etc.)

- 3. He has been lax in enforcing Communist Registration laws,
- He has given support and encouragement to the Communist inspired racial riots.
- ired racial riots. 5. He has illegally invaded a sovereign State with federal troops.
- He has consistantly appointed Anti-Christians to Federal office: Upholds the Supreme Court in its Anti-Christian rulings. Aliens and known Communists abound in Federal offices.
- He has been caught in fantastic LIES to the American people (including personal ones like his previous marraige and divorce).

EXHIBIT NO. 2: This vicious handbill was circulated in Dallas the day before President Kennedy's assassination.



ASSASSINATION KIT: This is the entire kit. U.S. Customs prevented its sale in this country.

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	n	(this matter)	Assassination of	President Kennedy			
INVESTIGATION MADE AT		PERIOD COVERED	Lee Harvey Oswald				
Houston, Texas		12/16-17/63		11			
INVESTIGATION MADE BY SAIC Lane Dortram				12,2,2,2			
DETAILS	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	SYNOPSIS	-				
Interview with Houston Post reporter Alonso H. Hudkins III. He states Oswald reported to be on FBI payroll as an informant, and other information, DETAILS OF INVERTMENTION On December 16, Alonso H. Hudkins, reporter, Houston Post, called the office and advised that he was of the opinion that Jack Rubenstein's roommate, George Senator, could possibly have some connection with the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald. He did not appear to have any particular reason for making this suggestion other than when reinterviewed on December 17 he stated that Huby had a brother and a nephew who formerly worked for Jimmy Hoffa in Detroit, Michigan and he stated it was a "wild of guess" that the Hoffa organization could be behind the assassination. On December 17, Mr. Hudkins advised that he had just returned from a weekend in Dallas, during which time he talked to Allen Sweatt, Chief Criminal Division, Sheriff's Office, Dallas; Chief Sweatt mentioned that it was his opinion that Lee Harvey Oswald was being paid \$200 a month by the FBI as an informant in connection with their subversive investigations. He furnished the alleged informant number assigned to Oswald by the FBI as "S172". Mudkins stated it is significant to him that attorney Milton L, Belli of San Prancisco, attorney representing Jack Rubenstein, was listed as an east coast associate on stationery of attorney Eot who was the first attorney Lee Harvey Oswald aked to represent him. Medica He states that Chief Deputy Sheriff Allen Sweatt has copies of this stationery. Sweatt censors all of Ruby's mail.							
				17			
DISTRIBUTION	OPIES	REPORT MADE BY		DATE			
Chief .	Orig & 1						
Dallas Rouston	2-cc	and the state of t	IAL AGENT				
L2/mts	1-cc	APPROVED	Sent in Charge	DATE 1/3/64			
(CONTINUE ON PLAIN PAPER) U. S. GOVERNERT PRINTING OFFICE 20-51400-3							

EXHIBIT NO. 10: This is a Secret Service report indicating that Lee Harvey Oswald may have been an FBI informant. The Warren Commission did not publish this document and stated flatly: "Oswald was not an agent for the U.S. government."

RA

dence from a man who saw someone running away right through the President's body, through Connalwas fresh out of a carton?" ly's body, wrist and thigh, and still look as though it and bent. vestigators. the wrist of a corpse by Warren Commission into Connally's wrist, but in doing so was distorted ly supported by a comparison with a bullet fired into ernor Connally's chest, wrist and thigh. posed to have passed through Kennedy's neck, Gov pears to be undamaged — even though it is supmission's "single bullet" theory that Kennedy and swered Questions," which criticizes the Warren Com-Connally were injured by the same bullet. the neck or head. ly as Oswald, but none of the shots hit the target on did succeed in firing a group of three shots as quickto duplicate Oswald's marksmanship. One rifleman seconds as Oswald is alleged to have done. was capable of firing three accurate shots within 5.6 reconstructed the shooting, to prove that the rifle tical weapon in the Imperial War Museum in London. dence. The Jackdaw print was made from an idennot use a full-scale drawing of the weapon as evisold by his wife as a memento, the Commission did licher-Carcano rifle Oswald is said to have used was The release points out that since the actual Mannsame type of rifle allegedly used in the assassination. in the published 26-volume Warren Report. Why didn't the Warren Commission take evi-The pamphlet also asks: "So, could its companion really have traveled Say the authors of the kit: "This theory is hard "It inflicted damage very similar to the damage In a The kit also contains a pamphlet headed, "Unan-But not one of three expert riflemen was able The kit explains that the Warren Commission Exhibit #12: A full-size reproduction of the Warren Commission picture the bullet ap (Continued from preceding page) bullet (right) was the one that went **BULLETS:** This practically undamaged ward after it entered the President's body at a downward angle. is the path the bullet would have had to travel. Since Exhibits 6, 7 and 8 prove the non-fatal bullet struck JFK $5\frac{3}{4}$ inches below the collar, the bullet would have had to travel upthrough President Kennedy and then also wounded Texas Governor John Connally --- this BULLET'S PATH? If the Warren Report's conclusion is true BELOW COLLAR WAS 534 INCHES IN SHIRT KENNEDY IN THE KNOT BULLET ARMPIT NEAR RIGHT --- that a single bullet went CONNALLY BULLET SHATTERED THEN WOUNDED SHATTERED RIGHT WRIST, RIGHT NIPPLE AND EXITED LEFT THIGH Sth RIG

from the assassination scene with what appeared to

be a rifle?

lished record of a film of the assassination?

Why were four frames missing from the pub-

Why did Dallas police radio a description of

tors for the Warren Commission, showed considerable damage.

similar bullet (above), after being fired only through the wrist of a corpse by investiga-

according to the Warren Report. Yet a

through the President and then Governor Connally, shattering the Governor's wrist,

Oswald 13 minutes after the assassination when he hadn't been identified as a suspect until 11 minutes after the broadcast?

• Why does the Warren Commission say Oswald boarded a taxi at 12:48 p.m. when the cabbie's log shows the trip began at 12:30 p.m.?

• Why did a Dallas police car stop outside Oswald's lodgings at 1:02 p.m., sound the horn twice then drive away?

In addition, the packet has five essays on the background to the assassination. They are:

1. JOHN F. KENNEDY: A historical portrait of Kennedy from the time he was a child to the day of his death. It traces the development of his character, his political interests, his rise to power and how he founded his "New Frontier" administration. The essay decribes Kennedy as a "practical politician who acted with cold intellectual detachment."

2. DALLAS: "The home of extreme right-wing political elements." The essay describes how Ken-

nedy was killed despite the fact that Secret Service Agents made careful arrangements to protect him before his trip to Dallas. It describes the air of tension in that Texas city, the circulation of the handbill (Exhibit 2) which charged Kennedy with treason, describes Oswald's activities, and the President's final ride.

3. THE ASSASSINATION: A detailed description of the President's route, his death, the reactions of local police, doctors' futile efforts to save Kennedy, the capture of Oswald, and the swearing in of Lyndon B. Johnson as the 36th President of the United States on the Presidential plane.

4. THE WARREN COMMISSION: This describes how its members gathered evidence and how the hearings were held, and points out that the bulk of the 912-page document was written by Norman Redlich, a lawyer, and Alfred Goldberg, a

Alfred Goldberg, and U.S. Air Force historian. It also details all the conclusions of the Warren Report and criticizes many of those conclusions as being unsatisfactory.

grant the request. would be present, also says that Ruby Warren refused police representatives Washington, where no to give evidence in asked Chief Justice ed Oswald. The essay ment, and how he kill-Dallas police departfriendship with the acter, his reported report on Ruby's char-Warren to permit him 5. JACK RUBY: A but to

> And this is the material which is contained in the controversial kit that the U.S. Customs refused to let into the country.

When it was impounded on March 6, Michael Stramiello Jr., Regional Director of Customs at Kennedy International Airport, said:

"We stopped the packets only because there is a possible violation of regulations. One involves the use of the Presidential Seal on the packet's cover. It is also necessary to mark the country of origin on all printed material."

Baron of Dial Press argued bitterly with Customs officials that the Presidential Seal, identical with that on the Jackdaw, had appeared on the cover of "Whitewash," Harold Weisberg's highly critical book on the Warren Report, published in 1965 by Dell Publishing Company, of which Dial Press is a partly owned subsidiary.

Apparently Customs officials were influenced by Baron's argument, for a department spokesman told this reporter on March 17 that the question of the Presidential Seal had been dropped.

The spokesman admitted that the only regulation then stopping the sale of the Jackdaws was the technicality that the country of origin is not marked clearly on the packet, which says "London," but fails to add "England."

Remarked Baron: "This is a ridiculous reason for preventing Dial Press from selling the Jackdaws. Because everybody knows where London is and even if a few people don't, what harm can result?

"Something should be done to put the Customs Department in its proper place. For their job is that of inspection, not to set the taste of the American public, or to defend the Warren Report just because it was endorsed by many high-ranking politicians and government officials."





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- The nick in the tie and the hole in the front of the shirt show the exit hole, says the Commission. But the authors of the kit point out: "The hole in the back of the shirt is 5 and 3⁄4 inches below the top of the collar. According to the Commission, the bullet entered the point on a downward trajectory then exited at the necktie knot in the front of the shirt!"

Exhibit #9: A partial transcript of Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy's testimony before the Warren Commission. This contains Mrs. Kennedy's description of the assassination sequence and was recorded in her home in Washington on June 5, 1964. But the Warren Commission deleted, "for an undisclosed reason," her references to her husband's wounds.

Exhibit #10: This report, which was also not published by the Warren Commission, summarizes an interview by Secret Service Agent Lane Bertram with newsman Alonso Hudkins who was then a reporter on the Houston Post. Hudkins said that "Lee Harvey Oswald was being paid \$200 a month by the FBI as an informant in connection with their subversive investigations" and gave the "alleged informant number assigned to Oswald by the FBI as 'S172'." Hudkins said his main source for this information was Allen Sweatt, the chief Criminal Deputy of Dallas County.

The authors of the kit point out that the Warren Commission was concerned with finding out whether Oswald had worked with the FBI or any other federal agency, but neither Hudkins nor Sweatt was called as a witness or asked to submit a statement or affidavit. But the Warren Report stated flatly: "Oswald was not an agent for the U.S. Government."

Exhibit #11: The advertisement for the Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, the gun Oswald allegedly used to shoot Kennedy. The authors say that even though the Warren Commission identified the advertisement as the one from which Oswald ordered the rifle, the advertisement was not used as evidence (Continued on next page)



WANTED

FOR.

TREASON

THIS MAN is wanted for treasonous activities against the United States:

- Betraying the Constitution (which he swore to uphold): He is turning the sovereignty of
- the U.S. over to the communist controlled United Nations. He is betraying our friends(Cuba, Katanga, Portugal) and befriending our enemies (Russia, Yugoslavia, Poland).
- 2. He has been WRONG on innumerable issues affecting the security of the U.S. (United Nations-Berlin wall-Missle removal - Cuba-Wheat deals-Test Ban Treaty, etc.)

- 3. He has been lax in enforcing Communist Registration laws,
- He has given support and encouragement to the Communist inspired racial riots.
- ired racial riots. 5. He has illegally invaded a sovereign State with federal troops.
- He has consistantly appointed Anti-Christians to Federal office: Upholds the Supreme Court in its Anti-Christian rulings. Aliens and known Communists abound in Federal offices.
- He has been caught in fantastic LIES to the American people (including personal ones like his previous marraige and divorce).

EXHIBIT NO. 2: This vicious handbill was circulated in Dallas the day before President Kennedy's assassination.



ASSASSINATION KIT: This is the entire kit. U.S. Customs prevented its sale in this country.

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Protective Resear	1	rus Closed - Houston	TITLE OR CAPTION			
INVESTIGATION MADE AT		(this matter)		of President Kennedy		
Houston, Texas		PERIOD COVERED	Lee Harvey Oswald			
INVESTIGATION MADE BY	********	12/10-17/03	_	nall		
SATC Lane Dertram	L			12C		
DETAILS	**************************************	SMICPSIS	4	27. × -		
Interview with Houston Post reporter Alonso H. Hudkins III. He states Oswald reported to be on FBI payroll as an informant, and other information. DEFAILS OF INVECTIMATION On December 16, Alonso H. Hudkins, reporter, Houston Post, called the office and advised that he was of the opinion that Jack Rubenstein's roommate, George Senator, could possibly have some connection with the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald. He did not appear to have any particular reason for making this suggestion other than when reinterviewed for Jimmy Hoffa in Detroit, Michigan and he stated it was a "wild of guess" that the Hoffa organization could be behind the assassination. On December 17, Mr. Hudkins advised that he had just returned from a weekend in Dallas, during which time he talked to Allen Sweatt, Chief Criminal Division, Sheriff's Office, Dallas; Chief Sweatt mentioned that it was his opinion that Lee Harver Oswald was being paid \$200 a month by the FBI as an informant in connection with their subversive investigations. He furnished the alleged informant number assigned to Oswald by the FBI as "S172". Mudwit Hudkins stated it is significant to him that attorney Hilton L, Belli of San Francisco, attorney representing Jack Rubenstein, was listed as an east coast associate on stationery of attorney Ept who was the first attorney Lee Harvey Oswald asked to represent him,						
No states that Chief Deputy Sheriff Allen Sweatt has copies of this stationery. Sweatt censors all of Ruby's mail,						
				11		
DISTRIBUTION	COPIES	REPORT MADE BY		DATE		
Chief Land	Orig & 1			1		
Dallas Rouston	2-cc 1-cc		IAL AGENT			
L2/ints		APPROVED	Sent In Charge	DATE 1/3/64		
		(CONTINUE ON PLAIN PAPER) Ц. 1. ботсала	4nt Painting Office 20-51500-1		

EXHIBIT NO. 10: This is a Secret Service report indicating that Lee Harvey Oswald may have been an FBI informant. The Warren Commission did not publish this document and stated flatly: "Oswald was not an agent for the U.S. government."

RA

dence from a man who saw someone running away right through the President's body, through Connalwas fresh out of a carton?" ly's body, wrist and thigh, and still look as though it and bent. vestigators. the wrist of a corpse by Warren Commission into Connally's wrist, but in doing so was distorted ly supported by a comparison with a bullet fired into ernor Connally's chest, wrist and thigh. posed to have passed through Kennedy's neck, Gov pears to be undamaged — even though it is supmission's "single bullet" theory that Kennedy and swered Questions," which criticizes the Warren Com-Connally were injured by the same bullet. the neck or head. ly as Oswald, but none of the shots hit the target on did succeed in firing a group of three shots as quickto duplicate Oswald's marksmanship. One rifleman seconds as Oswald is alleged to have done. was capable of firing three accurate shots within 5.6 reconstructed the shooting, to prove that the rifle tical weapon in the Imperial War Museum in London. dence. The Jackdaw print was made from an idennot use a full-scale drawing of the weapon as evisold by his wife as a memento, the Commission did licher-Carcano rifle Oswald is said to have used was The release points out that since the actual Mannsame type of rifle allegedly used in the assassination. in the published 26-volume Warren Report. Why didn't the Warren Commission take evi-The pamphlet also asks: "So, could its companion really have traveled Say the authors of the kit: "This theory is hard "It inflicted damage very similar to the damage In a The kit also contains a pamphlet headed, "Unan-But not one of three expert riflemen was able The kit explains that the Warren Commission Exhibit #12: A full-size reproduction of the Warren Commission picture the bullet ap (Continued from preceding page) bullet (right) was the one that went **BULLETS:** This practically undamaged ward after it entered the President's body at a downward angle. is the path the bullet would have had to travel. Since Exhibits 6, 7 and 8 prove the non-fatal bullet struck JFK $5\frac{3}{4}$ inches below the collar, the bullet would have had to travel upthrough President Kennedy and then also wounded Texas Governor John Connally --- this BULLET'S PATH? If the Warren Report's conclusion is true BELOW COLLAR WAS 534 INCHES IN SHIRT KENNEDY IN THE KNOT BULLET ARMPIT NEAR RIGHT --- that a single bullet went CONNALLY BULLET SHATTERED THEN WOUNDED SHATTERED RIGHT WRIST, RIGHT NIPPLE AND EXITED LEFT THIGH Sth RIG

from the assassination scene with what appeared to

be a rifle?

lished record of a film of the assassination?

Why were four frames missing from the pub-

Why did Dallas police radio a description of

tors for the Warren Commission, showed considerable damage.

similar bullet (above), after being fired only through the wrist of a corpse by investiga-

according to the Warren Report. Yet a

through the President and then Governor Connally, shattering the Governor's wrist,

Oswald 13 minutes after the assassination when he hadn't been identified as a suspect until 11 minutes after the broadcast?

• Why does the Warren Commission say Oswald boarded a taxi at 12:48 p.m. when the cabbie's log shows the trip began at 12:30 p.m.?

• Why did a Dallas police car stop outside Oswald's lodgings at 1:02 p.m., sound the horn twice then drive away?

In addition, the packet has five essays on the background to the assassination. They are:

1. JOHN F. KENNEDY: A historical portrait of Kennedy from the time he was a child to the day of his death. It traces the development of his character, his political interests, his rise to power and how he founded his "New Frontier" administration. The essay decribes Kennedy as a "practical politician who acted with cold intellectual detachment."

2. DALLAS: "The home of extreme right-wing political elements." The essay describes how Ken-

nedy was killed despite the fact that Secret Service Agents made careful arrangements to protect him before his trip to Dallas. It describes the air of tension in that Texas city, the circulation of the handbill (Exhibit 2) which charged Kennedy with treason, describes Oswald's activities, and the President's final ride.

3. THE ASSASSINATION: A detailed description of the President's route, his death, the reactions of local police, doctors' futile efforts to save Kennedy, the capture of Oswald, and the swearing in of Lyndon B. Johnson as the 36th President of the United States on the Presidential plane.

4. THE WARREN COMMISSION: This describes how its members gathered evidence and how the hearings were held, and points out that the bulk of the 912-page document was written by Norman Redlich, a lawyer, and

was written by Norman Redlich, a lawyer, and Alfred Goldberg, a U.S. Air Force historian. It also details all the conclusions of the Warren Report and criticizes many of those conclusions as being unsatisfactory. 5. JACK RUBY: A

grant the request. would be present, also says that Ruby Warren refused police representatives Washington, where no to give evidence in asked Chief Justice ed Oswald. The essay ment, and how he kill-Dallas police departfriendship with the acter, his reported report on Ruby's char-Warren to permit him 5. JACK RUBY: A but to

> And this is the material which is contained in the controversial kit that the U.S. Customs refused to let into the country.

When it was impounded on March 6, Michael Stramiello Jr., Regional Director of Customs at Kennedy International Airport, said:

"We stopped the packets only because there is a possible violation of regulations. One involves the use of the Presidential Seal on the packet's cover. It is also necessary to mark the country of origin on all printed material."

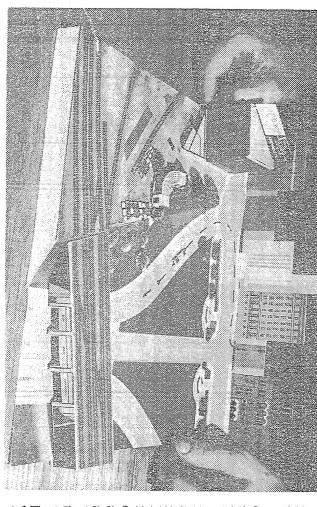
Baron of Dial Press argued bitterly with Customs officials that the Presidential Seal, identical with that on the Jackdaw, had appeared on the cover of "Whitewash," Harold Weisberg's highly critical book on the Warren Report, published in 1965 by Dell Publishing Company, of which Dial Press is a partly owned subsidiary.

Apparently Customs officials were influenced by Baron's argument, for a department spokesman told this reporter on March 17 that the question of the Presidential Seal had been dropped.

The spokesman admitted that the only regulation then stopping the sale of the Jackdaws was the technicality that the country of origin is not marked clearly on the packet, which says "London," but fails to add "England."

Remarked Baron: "This is a ridiculous reason for preventing Dial Press from selling the Jackdaws. Because everybody knows where London is and even if a few people don't, what harm can result?

"Something should be done to put the Customs Department in its proper place. For their job is that of inspection, not to set the taste of the American public, or to defend the Warren Report just because it was endorsed by many high-ranking politicians and government officials."



EXMIBIT NO. 1: A scale model cutout of the assassination scene.