

Writer Tells Court Viereck Attended Nuremberg Rally

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Berlin Correspondent
Saw Propagandist at
Nazi Party Meeting

Miss Siegfried Schulz, former Berlin correspondent for the Chicago Tribune, testified in District Court today that she last saw George Sylvester Viereck at the annual Nuremberg Rally of the Nazi party in 1936.

Viereck, German propagandist, is on trial for violation of the Foreign Agents' Registration Act.

Miss Schulz, on questioning by Prosecutor Albert E. Arent, identified several high Nazi officials who have been linked with Viereck in earlier testimony.

Dr. Hans Dieckhoff, former German Ambassador to the United States, was in charge of "American problems" in the German Foreign Office, the witness said. Viereck's former secretary testified last week that the defendant sent weekly reports on the American political scene to Dr. Dieckhoff, to a Munich newspaper and to a man identified only as "Von Stempel of Bethesda."

Identifies Von Stempel.

Asked if she knew Heribert von Stempel, Miss Schulz replied in the affirmative, identifying him as former press attache at the German Embassy here.

First witness to be heard today was Mrs. Gordon L. Spielman, a former secretary of the late Senator Lundeen of Minnesota. She testified that Viereck helped Senator Lundeen prepare several isolationist speeches. She said Senator Lundeen told his office force not to make it "widely known" that Viereck was a frequent visitor to his office.

With a recess in the trial scheduled for the next four days, the Government was not expected to rest its case until Monday, Prosecutors George A. McNulty and Mr. Arent said earlier today. The jury probably will receive the case late next week.

Pvt. Prescott Dennett, former treasurer of the prewar, isolationist Make Europe Pay War Debts Committee, returned to the witness stand yesterday and was questioned on Viereck's connections with the committee.

Memory "Still Hazy."

Defense Attorney John J. Wilson repeatedly attempted to refresh Pvt. Bennett's memory by reading from minutes of grand jury proceedings in 1941 and 1942, but the witness insisted that he was "still pretty hazy." Pvt. Dennett has been quoted as saying Viereck contributed anywhere from \$510 to \$5,000

to the committee.

George Hill, former office assistant of Representative Fish, Republican, of New York, was next called by the prosecution, and he went into detail of how Pvt. Dennett's committee ordered large numbers of reprints of speeches by members of Congress. Among speeches sent out to a select mailing list under Pvt. Dennett's direction, the witness asserted, were those delivered by Senators Wheeler, Democrat, Montana; Nye, Republican, North Dakota; Clark, Democrat, Idaho, and La Follette, Progressive, Wisconsin, and Representatives Hoffman, Republican, Michigan; Knutson, Republican, Minnesota; Burdick, Republican, North Dakota, and Day, Republican, Illinois, and former Representative Tinkham, Republican, Massachusetts.

Denies Being Isolationist.

Questioned by Mr. Wilson, Hill admitted he had served time for perjury as a result of testimony in Viereck's first trial. When asked if he were an isolationist, the witness replied "I was not an isolationist. I was a non-interventionist."

Among speeches sent out under congressional frank, Hill testified, were "You're On Your Way to War," "England Expects Every American to Do His Duty," "I Burned My Fingers Once," "War Propaganda," "Stay Out of War" and "Petty Minds and Foreign Quarrels."

Hill said he once received "a tip" of \$100 from the defendant for supplying him a mailing list of the National Committee to Keep America Out of War. He said the organization was composed of 50 members of Congress.

Nye's Aide Testifies.

Gerald Movius, secretary to Senator Nye disclosed that Viereck once asked him if he could order six or seven million copies of "Propaganda in the Next War," which he described as a reprint from a British publication. Mr. Movius said he told Viereck such a job would cost around \$75,000, but that he was afraid that Senator Nye would not authorize such a printing.

Mr. Movius described a subsequent

meeting with Viereck in which he said he made clear to the defendant that while members of Congress and others were interested in keeping this country out of war, they were not in sympathy with the Nazis.

"I guess I became right angry with Mr. Viereck," the witness declared.