Dear Jia, If you clipped Geerge Lardner's 11, 15/74 stery headed in the carly editions "Helms Heme on Cover-up Clouds Trial "I would appreciate a copy. The last part in this edition is part of a review amusing in its way. It goes from Sirica sending the jury back to its motel to "The finale is really one for the books. Laughling wheels in Hiss Taylor...." Even forma Strica this 'is rather exceptional, no? HW 11/16/74

## **Helms** Memo On Cover-up Clouds(Tria

By George Lardner Jr. Washington Post Staff Writer

U.S. District Court Judge John J. Sirica said yesterday that he will demand former CIA Director Richard Helms' testimony at the Watergate cover-up trial in an effort to clear up the CIA's backstage maneuverings in the scandals. Helms is now aambassador

to Iran.

The long-simmering controversy centers on what Watergate prosecutors have called "a very strange memo" that Helms wrote 11 days after discovery of the bugging and break-in at Democratic National Committee headquarters here.

In the memo, Helms called for a tight rein on the FBI's investigations of the Watergate case.

The directive, dated June 28, 1972, was addressed to CIA Deputy Director Vernon W. Walters, and said in part that fwe [the CIA] still adhere to the request that they [the FBI] restrict themselves to the peronalities already arrested or directly under suspicion and that they desist from expanding this investigation into other areas which may well, eventually, run afoul of our operations."

By contrast, both Helms and Walters have repeatedly testified that they told both White House officials and former FBI Director L. Patrick Gray III that the Watergate investigation would not jeopardize any CIA activity.

The dispute over the Helms memo came up at the cover-up yesterday afternoon trial

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when Walters was called back to the witness stand for crossexamination by attorneys for former White House chief of staff H. R. (Bob) Haldeman.

Chief trial prosecutor James E. Neal objected hotly, however, to any attempts to question Walters about the document. Although the memo was addressed to him, the CIA deputy director insists that he never saw, heard of or knew of the existence of the memo" until a year later, in June, 1973, Neal told the court.

As a result, the prosecutor said that only Heims could be properly questioned about the document, but he emphasized that the government has no intention of caling him as a prosecution witness. He said defense lawyers should be required to summon Helms if they want an explanation.

Judge Sirica indicated his agreement on that score, but made plain that he would insist on Helms' appearance at some point in the trial and that he expects the prosecutors to make sure he gets here.

"Let's get him back here and do it the right way-instead of trying to cross-examine a memorandum," Sirica said.

Told that Helms was in Iran, the judge told the proseget on the telephone and Ellsberg's psychiatrist. bring him back to this country

... I think he'll come back here if I order him to come Hunt's requests and cut him back."

bring him back," but said once Ellsberg burglary was carried again that the former CIA di- out. rector's appearance should be

out of this contradiction," the retired lockpicker prosecutor declared. "This wit- entryman." ness (Walters) doesn't have to do it."

The Helms memo suggests, -was playing along with the ped the year before. Nixon White House's attempts to block the original Water fact," he testified. gate investigation and prevent Watergate burglars checks, some of them issued fied only as the "EEAC." through a Mexico City bank "Can you tell me what those

account, were used to help fi-initials are?" the Haldeman nance the bugging.

According to Neal, Helms has offered Watergate prose. CIA's No. 2 man. cutors an explanaiton for the Judge Sirica ruled that he memo, but it is evidently one would not permit Walters to

tempt to get the CIA to block jurors back to their motel. the Watergate investigation at a meeting with Haldeman on June 23, 1972. Watergate prosecutors have charged that the ploy, which held up the FBI's investigation of the telltale campaign checks for some two weeks, was part of the coverup conspiracy.

For their part, however, Haldeman's lawyers are apparently trying to bolster suggestions that the CIA may have had something to cover up after all.

One of Haldeman's attorneys, Frank H. Strickler, began pursuing that theme as soon as Walters resumed testifying yesterday afternoon.

Strickler pointed out that Walters had stated in a July 28, 1972, memo that the CIA "had no contact whatsoever" with Watergate figure E. Howard Hunt Jr. "subsequent to Aug. 31, 1971." A former CIA agent, Hunt had prevailed on the agency for phony papers, disguises and other technical assistance in 1971 in connection with the White House-sponsored burcutors, "Well, why don't you glary at the offices of Daniel

The CIA has said it became increasingly suspicious of off shortly before the 1971 La-Neal promised that "we'll bor Day weekend when the

Strickler, however, cited a put off until the defense be- CIA memo dredged up by congins presenting its case, Neal gressional investigators that indicated that the prosecution said Hunt had gone back to has no intention of vouching the agency sometime between for his credibility. March and May, 1972, with a "Mr. Helms can bail himself fresh request, this time for "a and

Under questioning by Strickler, Walters indicated that he had not been aware of on its face, that the then-CIA this when he wrote that all director—if not the CIA itself contacts with Hunt had stop- French leader's views on inter-

"I heard about this after the

Strickler pointed out that discovery of the Nixon cam. the CIA memo about Hunt's paign checks that one of the pitch for a "lockpicker and enhad tryman" had been written by cashed. The proceeds from the the chief of a CIA unit identi-

lawyer asked Walters.

"You've got me," replied the they cannot accept. "It's a bit be cross-examined about confusing to me," Neal said. "memos prepared by some-Mr. Nixon authorized the at- body else," and then sent the

> The finale is really one for the books. Laughlin wheels Miss Taylor into a memorial service at the school chapel. Teresa Laughlin is wheeled in at her side, Lynn Baker, another Freedom School holdover, begins warbling something about a golden lady who taught us love. When she breaks down, a brightfaced Negro boy breaks into the Lennon-McCartney period piece, "Give Peace a Chance." The other kids join in, clapping and raising their fists as they sing. Miss Taylor dissolves in tears, and little Miss Laughlin tries to keep pace, and the screen is positively humid with eyewash.

> This absurdly lachrymoseconclusion suggests a cuck-Goo leftwing adaptation of the "Tomorrow Belongn to number Me" from Chance" is the inevitable who starts off all the heartfelt singing of "Give Peace a Chance' is the inevitable stereotype to replace the blond Aryan youth who started "Tomorrow Belongs to Me." Laughlin is quite oblivious to the emotional correspondences, but the links are revealing, and a little creepy to contemplate. Laughlin's point-of-view may be militantly liberal, but his artistic methods are reactionary in the extreme.

## **Kennedy Hears Giscard's Views**

PARIS, Nov. 14 (UPI)-Sen. Edward M. Kennedy (D-Mass.) met with President Valery Giscard D'Estaing today as part of an eight-country European and Middle Eastern tour national problems.

Kennedy arrived today from London where his mother, Rose Kennedy, is promoting a book of her memoirs. Kennedy was accompanied by his sister, Jean Smith, who also attended the luncheon with Giscard D'Estaing at the presidential Elysee Palace. A PARTY CALER SHITTER