U.S. Won't Shift Cuban Policies. Guevara Says

By Bernard D. Nossiter The Washington Post Foreign Service

GENEVA, March 31—Er the large conference rooms at nesto "Che" Guevara today the Palais des Nations here. said he is glad that Sen. J. W. Fulbright "recognizes" that stay."

The Cuban Minister of Industry said at a news conference that this was the "most important" feature of the Arkansas Democrat's foreign he doubted it would have much immediate effect on U.S.-Cuban relations.

He reminded newsmen that Secretary of State Dean Rusk had rejected Fulbright's approach the next day. Both, he said, are important personages, but "we have to be objective in our analysis."

the chief of the Cuban econothe United States would ac- given their speeches and then cept Premier Castro's offer to departed, leaving their deleopen discussions.

Low-Key Performance

The United States, Guevara said, attaches a "strange and difficult condition" to any talks, "the non-existence of the present regime." He added ropeans on more trade. that Washington in effect wants talks "without our being there."

On the whole, it was a low-key the Castro regime is "here to performance compared with some of his past sessions with the press. His answers generally were restrained and he avoided obvious opportunities to gibe at the United States.

This may have been due in policy speech last week. How part of Guevara's recognition ever, Guevara made clear that that his tub-thumping speech last week to the United Nations Trade Conference fell flat. He even joked about this himself, saying in explanation of his lack of an opening statement: "I've already spoken more than enough in the plenary."

3 Goals Seen

There is considerable specu-To underscore this point, lation over why Guevara is remaining at the trade confermy indicated his doubts that ence. Typically, ministers have gations in the hands of No. 2 the grounds that "indiscret men. Guevara spoke last ears" were listening. men. Guevara spoke last Wednesday but stays on in Geneva.

The prevailing belief is that he is working at three goals:

1. Sounding out West Eu-

2. Fostering Latin American nations' disenchantment causing more trouble for the pressing world prices. Russia with the cool U.S. approach United States because it had has agreed, he said, to buy Guevara had no prepared toward their trade plans so created disputes among the 5 million tons a year from statement and answered questhat they will support Cuba's Western Allies. tions for 80 minutes in one of struggle to end the North In other areas, Guevara pound.



Associated Press

Cuban Minister of Industry Ernesto Guevara said at Geneva that the speech by U.S. Sen. J. William Fulbright (D-Ark.) could have improved the atmosphere if Secretary of State Dean Rusk had not rejected it.

with the island.

3. Seeking to put Cuba's relations with other Latin staates on a more relaxed footing.

ing on ending the "blockade" but declined to give details on equipment."

it had once hurt the Cuban to use them if the moment economy but now it "is just comes." a nuisance of secondary importance."

Ducks Question

American embargo on trade ducked a question about Soviet troop strength and troop withdrawals from Cuba. He said only that Russia has some "technicians" on the Guevara said he was work island, teaching Cubans how to use "marvelous military

Guevara said, "we don't As for the embargo, he said ons), but we won't hesitate

Guevara said he wasn't worried that the current high price of sugar would induce In fact, he cracked, it was excess production, thus de-Cuba until 1970 at 6 cents a