Ike Denies He Gave Cuba Plan To JFK, Two Newsmen Report

Former President Dwight writers is summed up in this er Administration with the D. Eisenhower directed the passage from the Sorensen Cuba invasion fiasco and dis-Central Intelligence Agency to book:

train an emigre army of anti-

view with Gen. Eisenhower or withdrawal." was conducted by Newsday publisher Harry F. Guggen. 'No Plan Discussed' heim and writer Earl Mazo Richard M. Nixon.

The Cuban affair came up Mr. Kennedy, quotes the old Later Meeting in the interview, because of soldier as saying: what has been written about "There was no tactical or the administration of Pres-operational plan even disident John F. Kennedy by two cussed." of his staff aides-Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr., and Theodore Sorensen.

"On January 20, 1961, John train an emigre army of anti-Castro Cubans in 1960, but he did not discuss a plan for in-vading Cuba with his succes-und a policy attacement or executive decied policy statement or execu-

This is the highlight of a tive order, this inheritance copyrighted interview pub- could not be simply disposed lished by Newsday. The inter- of by presidential rescission

author of a biography on day that Gen. Eisenhower cide what to do." turned the Presidency over to

Mazo goes on to say: "The General and several of

his knowledgeable former Reporter Mazo says in an Government associates view account of the interview that the Schlesinger and Sorensen the disputed material by both attempts to link the Eisenhow-

credit Eisenhower - appointed

military and intelligence exsions."

The Newsday reporter says that Gen. Eisenhower's last words about Cuba to President-elect Kennedy before they started for Capitol Hill Then Mazo, telling of the "You people will have to de-

The story goes on to say that the two men did not speak to each other again for three months. Then, after the Bay of Pigs disaster, President Kennedy invited Gen. Eisenhower to Camp David, and they had a wide-ranging talk about what had happened.

Mr. Kennedy, according to the Newsday story, told Gen. Eisenhower that the Joint Chiefs of Staff approved the Kennedy battle plan "with a few changes," and that the plan was trimmed so that the world would not see "America's hand" in the operation.

Then, the account continues, Gen. Eisenhower told Mr. Kennedy that the country's prestige and power should never be committed unless its Chief Executive was determined to win, and said: "There is no alternative. Force is a naked, brutal thing in this world. If you are going to use it, you have got to be prepared to go all the way."

After the Bay of Pigs debacle, Gen. Eisenhower called on all American's to support President Kennedy in his handling of foreign affairs.