## The Washington Merry-Go-Round Fortas Hurt by Airing Adviser Role

By Drew Pearson

sion that he gave advice to the role of impartiality; then President Johnson on high Secretary of Defense Mc-policies of state has strength- Namara, a definite dove; Amened Senate opposition to his bassador Averell Harriman, a confirmation.

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It had long been known in Washington society that the Fortases canceled out on dinner parties because they were suddenly called to intimate family dinners at the White House.

It was also known that President Johnson had asked, Fortas's advice on a great many subjects ranging from whom he should appoint as Attorney General and to the regulatory agencies, to the war in Vietnam.

On more than one occasion after he was appointed to the Supreme Court, Fortas remarked bellicosely that it was libel per se to print reports that he had been conferring with President Johnson. Obviously this was a sensitive matter-though he has now confessed it to the Senate Judiciary Committee.

But the President himself was not so sensitive, and frankly informed many people that Justice Fortas was one of the trusted friends on whom he leaned for advice.

tas's own testimony that he ary, he should not. Yet Fortas soup made by boiling the © 1968. Bell-McClure Syndicate, Inc.

and Jack Anderson Justice Abe Fortas's admis to the president numbered among his advisers Secretary of State Rusk, who assumed dove; Walt Rostow, a hawk; then Under Secretary of State George Ball, a dove; then Am-bassador Arthur Goldberg, a dove; the Joint Chiefs of Staff, hawks; and Clark Clifford. who since he has become Secretary of Defense has been re-

vealed as something of a dove. If Justice Fortas summarized this conflicting advice for the President, then by his own testimony it would appear that he kept the President on a war course which turned out to be one of the most disastrous in the history of the United

States; a course which has undermined the other truly great domestic accomplishments of the President.

## **Other Fortas Advice**

Testifying on other matters, Fortas glossed over his persist-

ent recommendation that U.S. Attorney David Brass be made a U.S. district judge. Brass has been an excellent U.S. attorney and deserves reward. preme Court should recom-mend judgeships. Under the

must have been the leading recommended Bress as U.S. shadow of a pigeon that had hawk among the war advisers. attorney in the first place, and starved to death."

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then asked that he be promoted to be a judge.

has conferred with the President more than has Fortas, except for Justice Felix Frankthe White House.

All of this runs counter to the long history of the United States in which the Chief heads with it.

It began with Chief Justice John Marshall, whom Thomas Jefferson described as reasoning."

who probably more than any where policy is concerned. other man used the Supreme

On the other hand there was the close and secret liai-No Supreme Court Justice son between President Buchanan and Justice Catron of Tennessee and Justice Grier furter, who was a notorious of Pennsylvania by which busybody in running back and Buchanan knew in advance forth between the Court and that the Missouri Compromise was to be held invalid.

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Among the more recent Chief Justices, Charles Evans Justice has been completely Hughes was horrified when independent of the White President Roosevelt suggested House, sometimes at logger- conferences between him and the Court.

Perhaps the ideal relationship between the President and the Chief Justice has been crafty Chief Justice who and the Chief Justice has been sophisticates the law to his that between Earl Warren and mind by the turn of his own Lyndon Johnson. They maintain friendly, cordial relations, Yet it was John Marshall but remain completely aloof

In the case of Justice Fortas Court to keep the early strug it is easy to understand why gling states from becoming a Lyndon Johnson, having loose-knit federation. Had it leaned on Abe for advice for not been for John Marshall's 30 years, continued to lean on tough decisions and his inde-pendence of the White House, the United States would not relationship and Fortas's adbe the powerful country it is vice on domestic matters was today.

The tug-of-war between the ever, is, first, whether this was ney and deserves reward. The tagon was between the total a correct relationship; and, However, the basic point is whether a member of the Su-continued under Abraham second, whether the advice of Dreme Court should recom-Lincoln, who said of the Dred a man who knew nothing Scott decision that it got the about foreign affairs was not No. I Hawk constitutional separation of doctrine of democracy down disastrous for the American Now it develops from For- the executive from the judici- "as thin as the homeopathic people.