LBJ Warns Of Perils in ABM Race

President Stresses
Determination to
Reduce Tensions

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By Murrey Marder

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President Johnson put
maximum emphasis yesterday on the need to head
off a new arms race with
the Soviet Union just when
"our mutual antagonism is
beginning to ease."

"I am determined," the President said, "to use all the resources at my command to encourage the reduction in tension that is in our mutual interest, and to avoid a further, mutually defeating (arms)

buildup."

Mr. Johnson's newest and strongest warning over the danger of an antimissile missile race came in a letter to Congress. It accompanied the sixth annual report of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency which showed, the President

said, the "immensity" of that task.

Soviets Reassert Sand

By coincidence, news reports from Moscow yesterday newly asserted that the Soviet position is negative on discussing with the United States any ban on deploying antimissile missile systems. American officials, however, refused to accept those reports as authoritative at this stage, and maintained that in any event, they do not rule out discussions of both offensive and defensive weapons.

President Johnson said "recent developments in the Soviet Union" are a reminder that "our hard-won accomplishments can be swept away overnigrt by still another costly and futile escalation of the arms race."

Danger of New Spiral

eH pointed to "the buildup" of Soviet strategic forces and the deployment of an antiballistic missile system around Moscoy."

"It is my belief, said the President, "that the United States and the Soviet Union have reached a waershed in the dispiriting history of our arms competition.

Decisions may be made on both sides which will trigger another upward spiral. The

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Pravda erred in indicating Soviet willingness to discuss missile ban, Moscow source says. Page A10.

President Promises All-Out Effort To Head Off Any New Arms Race

paradox is that this should! be happening at a time when Kholer put on the record some said Kohler, have "confused there is abundant evidence that our mutual antagonism is critics of the Administration the companies to acce." beginning to ease."

armament problem "can be which conservatives challenge, without the protection of this made to yield to imagination

far, he said, shows "the hot ship," said Kohler "it is no line" between Moscow and langer an effective instru or accidental war; the limited clearly has little to do with nuclear test-ban treaty; meas- the daily life of the people" ures to strengthen policing inside the Soviet Union. safeguards of the Internationsafeguards of the Internation-al Atomic Energy Agency; the Antarctic nuclear-free zone, "I believe the East Europeans outer space.

Right now, said the Presi-European brothers.' dent, "our hopes are high" for spread of nuclear weapons.

emotions are running high servient to Moscow." over the war in Vietnam.

ments with the Russians was ican Presidents from night by Foy D. Kohler, Deputy Under Secretary of State and until recently Ambassador Soiet relations.

to the Soviet Union.

the disputed U.S. Soviet Con-change" among Communist na-strument to maintain leverage suler Treaty that he signed tions, said Kohler, "fundamen on the Communist world" to in Moscow in 1964, and which tal evolutionary developments encourage greater flexibility is sidetracked in the Senate, in the Communist world" have in it; but it is "not a weagon awaiting ratification. He spoke resulted. to the Cincinnati Council on World Affairs.

and determination." ogy" still provides "basic The productive "score" so guidelines for Soviet leaderogy" still provides "basic between Moscow and longer an effective instru-Washington to reduce danger ment of political power and

and the recently-signed treaty and Russians are in some rebarring nuclear weapons from spects even less ideolgically oriented than their West

"Today we can no longer achieveing agreement, at Gen-talk of a Sino-Soviet bloc," said Kohler, "would have no eva, on a treaty to prevent the said Kohler; "Indeed, we cannot properly refer to a Soviet What he Johnson Adminis- bloc. The Communist world because sales of strategic tration is facing, however, is both internal opposition, as ceased to be a monolithic goods are, and would remain, both internal opposition, as entity. Every day brings new prohibited. well as external obstacles, to evidence of increasingly indenew agreements with the Sopendent actions by govern-trade with the Communists," viet Union when American ments that were once sub-said Kohler, "would have no

The allaying of domestic when faced with the threat and North Vietnamese. suspicions about new agree- of force," said Kohler, Amer-Harry the object of a speech last Truman onward helped induce less restraint in their relations what has come to be a "measure of restraint" in American- nists because they would have

Kohler vigorously defended ing "the process of gradual Kohler said, is "a useful in-

In defending that treaty, "license" for Soviet espionage, have charged that the United ler said, "I would not want The record shows, said the States has been too slow to Americans in these sensitive Presideit, that the world acknowledge publicly — but positions in the Soviet Union While "Communist ideol-immunity" from criminal prosecution that would be granted to Soviet consulate officials in this country.

Kohler noted. Similarly, Administration proposals for East-West trade are encountering charges that the Communists "are supplying the weapons being used to kill American soldiers in Vietnam." The same charge was raised against the Consular Treaty in Senate hearings yesterday.

"The kind of East-West trade we are talking about," Communist effort in Vietnam,"

Even "a complete ban on effect upon their continuing By standing "unflinching to supply arms to the Vietcong

"If anything," he said, "it could encourage them to use with the Vietnamese Commuless to lose if they did pull out all the stops." Trade, By simultaneously encourag- out all the stops." which could be effectively em-Critics' charges the the U.S.- ployed in the conflict in Viet-Soviet Consular Treaty is a nam."