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INSIDE KENNEDY'S FOREIGN POLICY

Last month, William P. Bundy, controversial editor of "Foreign Affairs" and not particularly known for his warmth during the days when he served Presidents Kennedy and Johnson as a top aide, lectured a class of students at Princeton on the decision-making process in the Kennedy Administration.

According to Bundy, President Kennedy's foreign policy was based on two pillars: "A considerable sense of an overall world threat, specifically from the Soviet Union," and the overriding belief that a rivalry would exist between the United States and the Communist nations for the loyalty of the Third World nations.

"That's the way it appeared at the time," Bundy declared, "which is a lot more accurate than memoirs or accounts written 10 years later."

Bundy, a warhawk out of Yale, suggested that two widely differing views of Kennedy's foreign policy have emerged in recent

years, and that the truth probably lies somewhere in between.

"There's a very strong revisionist view of Kennedy today," he said,

"picturing him as a cold war warrior through and through as opposed to the earlier memoirs of Sorensen and Schlesinger. I think the answers are not quite so clear.

"If revisionists are to be believed and we were imperialists, then we were remarkably naïve ones."