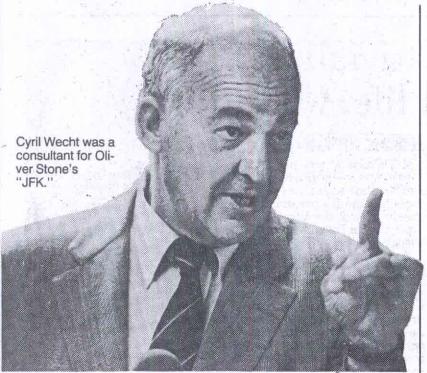
## PHSburgH Post-GAzette 1/4/92



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## Q&A

## WECHT: ONE-BULLET THEORY 'IMPOSSIBLE'

Dr. Cyril Wecht, a forensic pathologist who lives in Squirrel Hill, was a technical consultant to Oliver Stone during the filming of Stone's controversial movie, "JFK." Wecht, a former county coroner and commissioner, has been a critic of the Warren Commission's conclusion that the same bullet that struck President John F. Kennedy in the back and exited his neck on Nov. 22, 1963, fractured a rib and the right wrist of Gov. John Connally, who was seated directly in front of Kennedy in the limousine. He recently discussed the movie and the "single-bullet theory" with Post-Gazette staff writer Mark Belko.

Q: How do you feel about being associated with this movie? It has encountered a lot of criticism since its release — people saying it has distorted history, that there were distortions of the truth, distortions of testimony, that sort of thing.

A: The answer to your question is that I'm very proud and happy to be involved in the movie. As a movie it is a work of art, it is really top-notch and the actors are outstanding. So I'm pleased. It was a lot of fun.

I frankly am very puzzled by the reactions [of] the New York

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## theory impossible Wecht: single-bullet

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spasmodic convulsive reaction to this is responsible for their incredible Times, et al. I don't understand what

their big, big bosom buddy.

Rewriting history? According to [attack] anybody, any time on any-thing, [even] the same U.S. govern-ment that they are now allied with, a movie when they can editorially ing Oliver Stone and his right to make quintessential hypocrisy for The New York Times and their ilk to be attack-It is incredible hypocrisy, it is

people objecting to the Warren Com-mission report. The one that interestwhom? According to them. The fact is sole assassin and only 19 percent, I believe, who said they agreed with it. ingly has lower figures was done by the Washington Post and even that 75 to 80 percent-plus of the American that has been done we've seen around that in every national survey or poll about Lee Harvey Oswald being the one was 56 percent who rejected the Warren Commission's conclusion

on Assassination] itself concluded two people shooting. there was a conspiracy, there were that with a high degree of probability And the House [Select Committee

a huge conspiracy involving the that were true, don't you think plex, the Mafia and the media. If CIA, the military-industrial com-Q: The movie alleges there was years after the that someone

> would have cracked or come forward?

such a massive conspiratorial plot not believe that all of those groups with such a multitude of parties. I do were involved.

think there were probably less than insofar as who knew everything. I believe it's much more limited

element, a rogue element of the CIA the only outfit that could have engiwhat was going to happen. I don't much greater magnitude in covering tingly - a secondary conspiracy of a consciously, in other instances unwit there came to be — in some instances neered this. Now I do believe that orchestrating it. think they were at all involved in those people knew anything about up things. But I don't believe that Specifically, it was a maverick

accuracy of "JFK?" Q: What about the historical

me greatly, as a Jew, that have attempted, in my opinion, to whiteies... Remember the movie, "Mississippi Burning?" Remember the movie, "The Last Temptation of Christ"? Remember the movie, wash things that were done by Nazis which things were portrayed in movprobably disagree with the way in disagree and many historians would that you and I might disagree with "Reds"? People have made movies A: I can think ... of a dozen or so [movies] . . . in which I would strongly I've seen movies that have bothered

A: I personally do not subscribe to

six people.

second gunman, that there was rect. You were the lone dissenter. came from behind, that indeed the autopsy materials, 19 of them concluded that all of the shots probably a conspiracy. Yet of the mentioned there was probably a Select Committee report. You the single-bullet theory was cor-20 medical experts that reviewed How do you account for that?

ogists on the panel. everyone on. There were nine patholand they use the number 20. I don't forensic pathologists on the panel. You and I have read the same articles know where they get the number 20 from. What they've done is piled A. Number one, there were nine

Judge my eight colleagues by an objective review of the single-bullet by my eight colleagues. Judge my eight colleagues by their answers. My answer to that is don't judge me

You are aware that they did an experiment in 1964 at Edgewood ton wadding and then though goat Mannlicher-Carcano weapon into cot the same ammunition from another Army Arsenal in Maryland, shooting

unadulterated nonsense The single-bullet theory is sheen

— Dr. Cyril Wecht

and Nazi sympathizers in foreign countries going into and during World

criteria, some measuring yardstick ver Stone is being held to some set of movie makers. for anybody else, including that has not heretofore been applied I really don't understand why Oli-

Q: Let me ask you about the

bullet, which had broken both a rib and wrist of Gov. Connally and emerged near pristine, could have formed, several fragmented? And yet cadavers to simulate Connally's wrist then through the wrist of human simulate Connally's rib fracture and carcasses to break one rib of a goat to they concluded that the stretcher those bullets were substantially defracture? Are you aware that all of done so.

over to the left and forward can then had a slightly upward trajectory? You degree downward angle thereafter. angle through his chest and a move downward at about a 27-degree behind the right armpit, and then turn over to the right and hit Connally out of Kennedy's neck and moving show me then how that bullet coming the bullet through Kennedy's neck forensic pathologists concluded that Are you aware that that panel of And their answer was bullets do

strange things. nally's wrist. Those fragments ments removed from Gov. Conactivation tests done on the fragindicated that the bullet found on those fragments came from. the stretcher was the same bullet Q: There were some neutron

sion of other bullets of an identical copper jacket, lead core bullet. And composition — a 6.5 millimeter, lead stretcher bullet. But not to the exclufrom his wrist was consistent, with the metallic composition of the the one fragment that was removed A. Well, it's my understanding that then, of course, we have all the other fragments that were not tested for.

Q. You've alluded to the singlebullet theory before. What is wrong with it?

A. Three things. Its weight, its condition and its trajectory.

The bullet, as found, their stretcher bullet, weighed 158.6 grains. That bullet, in its store-bought condition, is about 161 grains. So we have a weight loss of about 1.5 percent. Yet we have fragments of metal in Kennedy's chest, Connally's chest, Connally's wrist and Connally's thigh, as well as the very fine particles that would have been dispersed in midair, transversing from one part of the anatomy to another. Yet we're told all of these fragments together ... weighed no more than 1.5 percent of the original mass of the bullet. That's impossible.

Reason number two — I've already told you about it - is its condition. And the only experiment the government ever did totally torpedoed their

own single-bullet theory.

The experiment was repeated by one person. That's a John Nichols, a professor of pathology at the University of Kansas School of Medicine. John's experiment completely duplicated the Edgewood Army Arsenal [the government's experiment]. Those bullets that went through human cadaver wrists, some of them fragmented, all of the others were significantly deformed. The bullet that broke a rib of an animal carcass had significant deformity [but] not as much as the one that struck the human cadaver wrist. So here we have the proof. This isn't speculation on my part. I'm taking the govern-ment's own evidence and saying it's impossible.

Reason number three is its trajectory. You don't have to be a forensic pathologist. Just take the official diagram of the car, take the photos, not only from the Zapruder film, other photos, and they show the positions of Kennedy and Connally in that car. It's my colleagues who are speculating and conjecturing, not I, as to well, what if [Kennedy and Connally] sat like this and what if they sat like that. Yeah sure, and what if pigs could whistle or fly? We don't have any what-ifs. We know how they were sitting. We know where the jump seat in that car was in relation to the rear seat. We know that Connally was directly in front of Kennedy. And so you draw a straight line. The bullet struck no bone or cartilage in Kennedy's upper back, lower neck. And it moved then from back to front, from

right to left.

The bullet emerges from the front of Kennedy's neck. It has to then stop and turn in midair and hit Connally ... behind the right/armpit. It then proceeds downward, and leftward and then goes into the wrist at a different downward angle and then over to the left thigh. The trajectory absolutely is impossible.

There's no question that you cannot get a bullet emerging from Kennedy's neck, moving leftward, downward and forward, to hit into Connally's right armpit area. Impossible.

The single-bullet theory is sheer

unadulterated nonsense.

Without the single-bullet theory you cannot have a sole assassin ...

You've got to have two people shooting and that to me means conspiracy.

Q: How do you think the shots. occurred, what was the sequence and where did they come from?

A: Well, it's hard for me to arrive at a precise scenario because, again, I've been deprived of materials and now there are some serious questions raised about whether some of the autopsy photos and X-rays have been altered.

But I'll tell you what I do feel is definite. There were definitely two shooters - one from the grassy knoll area and one from the Texas School Book Depository Building, not the southeast corner but a position further to the west, further down toward the grassy knoll area. I think there's a very strong likelihood there was a third shooter from the rear, probably the Dal-Tex Building - triangulation fire, which would be classical.

The sequence of shots? It's not possible to give you the exact sequence, except that we know Kennedy was struck first. There's a strong likelihood now that that shot in the neck was a wound of entrance. We know that Connally was not struck by the same bullet.

Q: You believe that it was a rogue element of the CIA that did the shooting. If that were the case, what motivation would the government have to cover it up?

A: Well, the motivation to cover it up was that it was a fait accompli. You could not bring back the president. An awful lot of damage would be done to the government psychologically in every way. Who knows what that might lead to? A lot of people who were in the positions of authority were not particularly unhappy that Kennedy was out of the way. The important thing was to assuage the anxiety, put it to rest and move ahead with the business of the day. The second big reason was that there were a lot of reputations that were at stake.

And these were powerful, powerful organizations. The FBI and CIA today are not Mickey Mouse organizations [but] in 1963, the early '60s, the CIA and FBI, they were really unrestrained, totally, totally uncontrolled agencies. They pretty much did whatever they wanted to.

Q: This rogue element in the CIA that you believe assassinated what was its Kennedy, motivation?

A: Its motivation was to eliminate John Kennedy, whom they could not eliminate in any other way and also to pretty much eliminate the likelihood of Bobby Kennedy, or, to put it another way, 13 more years of the Kennedys — five more because Kennedy would have been re-elected .... and eight years of [Bobby Kennedy].

They were looking at a totally different approach, from civil rights to Cuba to Russia to the Vietnam War and so on. They could not touch these guys. These guys had charisma. They could go on television any time. Jack Kennedy could go on television and make Americans believe, if he wanted to, that night was day and up was down. So the power, the magnetism, the strength, the personal family wealth. There's no other way to deal with this. You couldn't sit back and say let democracy run its course.