Enclosed is a list of bur books you requested.

You do not under stand my objection to the Stone fraud and travesty.

He beg an by telling the world that his film would record their history for the people and would tell them who killed their President, why and how. Or, non-fiction.

Garrison's book, to my personal knowledge, is false from beginning to end.

He never did any real investigating. He made it up as he went.

So, no movie in any way based on it can be true.

If Stone's movie had been fictional I'd not have said a word. But because he repeatedly said he was telling the people the true facts I wanted the shitorical record to reflect the fact that it isn't, in any degree.

You, I am sure believing it, say that "this exposure of some true evidence in the case has opened the eyes ...." There is no evidence in the film. It is all, at beast, theory and unproven theory.

You say you are forming an informal group in St. Louis "to continue the investigation..." From most of the available books, almost all of which espouse some theory as a solution, you will not be investigating. You will also be theorizing.

I regret to say that because the crime itself was never officially investigated there are no real leads to be followed in any investigation.

Please understand that I take this time only to let you know the realities and so that your group will not be a gathering of the frustrated who do not know where to look or what to believe.

Sincerely,

Harol d Weisberg

**DECEMBER 27, 1991** 

Mr. Harold Weisberg 7627 Old Receiver Road Frederick, MD 21701

Dear Mr. Weisberg,

I have been endeavoring to find copies of your works relating to the Kennedy Assassination lately and I am writing you in hope that you can point me in the right direction.

For the last several years, since the program "Reasonable Doubt" in which you appear, I have been digging into this subject. You might be interested to know that I consider myself to be a moderately conservative Republican. I am interested in this subject not because I revere JFK, but because we do not change government in this country by coup d'etat.

I note and understand your objections to the fictional movie, "JFK". You should realize that the silver lining in the cloud is that this exposure of the some of the true evidence in the case has opened the eyes of those I have argued with for years without success. At least Oliver has stirred the pot and awakened the public out of apathy. The effect this movie is having on people is electric.

We are trying to form an informal group here in St. Louis to continue the investigation of this tragic event, in spite of the probable truth in your statement that the truth will probably never be known. However, it is essential that my generation, (I am 36), not let your efforts go to waste.

Thank you for letting me get this off my chest, I look forward to news of how to attain your books.

Sincerely,

Leth W. Poston Keith W. Preston 727 Turtle Cove

Manchester, MO 63011

I have enclosed a SASE.

Rear Harl, many agree that the ofk movie is a farce, but it's a popular face.
OK, it's a conspiracy, but who are the conspirators. Foreign Affairs P.S. THANKS FOR Westry and LESLIE H. GELB letters.
Kennedy and Vietnam

On Oct. 11, 1963, President Kennedy issued top-secret National Security Action Memorandum 263. In it he called for stepped-up training for South Vietnamese forces so they could take over the duties of U.S. forces, thus permitting the bulk of Americans to withdraw by 1965.

Based mainly on that document, Oliver Stone's "JFK" movie asks us to believe one of the great historical "ifs" of the century: that if the young President had survived through a second term, the U.S. would have been spared the ordeal of full-scale war in Vietnam.

It is fair for Mr. Stone or anyone to take up that historical sword. But on a matter that remains so raw for so many Americans, it is gross of him to distort the record, and foolish to be so confident of decisions J.F.K. would have made in circumstances he never had to face.

Stone makes swaggering assertions about mighty unknowns. First, he maintains that J.F.K. was going to abandon South Vietnam to a Communist takeover. Second, he tells us that right-wingers (from the F.B.I. and C.I.A. to the Mafia) believed this, and killed the President to put Lyndon Johnson in the White House and insure that the U.S. would stay the course in Vietnam. I am competent only to address the first point.

To begin with, NSAM 263 was grounded in one of the few periods of genuine optimism about the war. So J.F.K. had some basis for believing the war might be won soon and that U.S. forces could be withdrawn — without a Communist victory. Put another way, J.F.K. might never have issued the directive if he had thought it would mean losing the war.

While some officials took the directive at face value, most saw it as a Kennedy bureaucratic scheme to regain control of the leaping American presence in South Vietnam — up from about 700 in 1961 to almost 17,000 in late 1963. The idea being to keep force levels from going up, order them to go down.

Most officials also viewed the with-

drawal memo as part of a White House ploy to scare President Diem of South Vietnam into making political reforms. Without such reforms, many officials believed, the war they thought so vital would be lost. That is precisely how the State Department instructed the U.S. Embassy in Saigon to understand NSAM 263.

The clarifying event was, of course, the coup against Diem and his powerful brother-in-law, Ngo Dinh Nhu, on Nov. 1. The coup was fully supported, if not inspired, by the U.S. in good part because of the fear that Nhu was conspiring with North Vietnam to "neutralize" South Vietnam. In other words, the Kennedy team felt that Diem and Nhu might be selling out to the Communists. Whatever J.F.K.'s precise intentions, the removal and killing of Diem profoundly increased America's political responsibility for the war.

As for Mr. Kennedy's underlying thinking about the war, that is a murky matter. In the last weeks of his life, he gave sharply diverse signals as befits a President trying to keep open his options, especially before an election. To CBS he said: "In the final analysis, it is [the South Vietnamese] who have to win or lose this struggle." Then he added, "But I

## Oliver Stone's version vs. the tortured reality.

don't agree with those who say we should withdraw. That would be a great mistake..." To NBC he said he believed "the domino theory," whereby the fall of Saigon to Communism would lead to the collapse of America's position throughout Asia

ca's position throughout Asia. Brushing aside these complications, some have argued that Mr. Kennedy had gained self-confidence from successes like the Cuban missile crisis and would not have felt the need to prove himself in Vietnam as did Lyndon Johnson. Soon after the assassination, Ted Sorensen painted a more tortured picture of J.F.K.'s thinking. "The struggle could well be, he thought, this nation's severest test of endurance and patience," the Kennedy intimate wrote. "He was simply going to weather it out, a nasty, untidy mess to which there was no other acceptable solution. ..."

These words carry great weight. They echoed the private soul-searching of President Eisenhower and foreshadowed almost precisely the documented dilemmas of Presidents Johnson and Nixon. These torments are not to be trifled with by Oliver Stone, or anyone, however many men shot J.F.K. for whatever lunatic reasons on that tragic November day.