KGB Agents Concentrate on the

By Jack Anderson and Les Whitten

While CIA officials squirm under the kleig lights on Capitol Hill. Soviet KGB agents are operating in the shadows of the same congressional corridors.

In the past few years, the KGB has stepped up its activities on the Hill. KGB operatives in a dozen guises have been slipping around to see key members of Congress and their aides.

Many congressional aides, as political appointees, are granted access to secret documents after no more than a cursory background check. Their leaks, although unwitting, could be serious.

Secret government files identify diplomat Boris Solomatin as the KGB "residentura," or operating chief, who first recognized how much valuable intelligence is available on Capitol Hill.

Until his recent departure, he was the deputy Soviet envoy at the United Nations. His replacement, although expected soon, hasn't arrived.

Under Solomatin, the KGB "residentura" in Washington has been Dmitri Yakushkin, the brilliant Soviet embassy coun-selor. His KGB rank, according to the secret files, makes him second in power only to amiable

reporters and sympathizers from countries friendly to the United States. Visiting delegations from Russia also are loaded with KGB experts, who

Officials indicate that Yakushkin concentrates on Capitol Hill, where information is abun-

know how to spot useful intelli-

dant and security is lax.

One of the Soviets' most effective spies on Capitol Hill was Galina Utehkina, a modish cultural attache, who moved in congressional circles and even began dating prominent figures on the Hill. The files identified her as a KGB Mata Hari, a fact we revealed in a 1979 column. She quickly returned to Moscow.

The KGB appears to be most interested, according to officials, in intelligence about U.S.-China relations, SALT disarma-ment talks, MIRV missiles and

U.S. computer technology.

The KGB reportedly also helps orchestrate the Soviet lobbying effort on Capitol Hill. Soviet diplomats, academics, economists and others have sought particularly to persuade. Congress to grant the Soviet Union "most favored nation" trad-ing status.

Ambassador Anatoliy Dobrynin.
The files allege that Yakushkin directs a Washington spy
ring, which employs diplomats,
reporters and sympathizers
quietly lobby for Soviet views
are called "agents of influUnited States. Visiting delegaence." ence.

The KGB ringers in visiting delegations may be technologi-cal experts, who can quickly size up a piece of U.S. equip-ment. Or they may be personnel experts, who sound out sympa-thetic Americans for recruit-ment as informants. This is called "talent spotting."

Sen. Barry Goldwater (R-Ariz.) has quoted "very, very good sources," meanwhile, as alleging that foreign agents have actually infiltrated congressional offices. Our sources said the secret files contain no evidence that any members of Congress, nor their employees, are secret spies.

Footnote: Yakushkin never returned our calls. A Soviet spokesman, however, said, "I don't think it's true" that Ya-kushkin is a KGB spy chief. The spokesman added,

Onassis Crash-Sources close to the late Aristotle Onassis have told us that he privately blamed himself for his son's death in a 1973 plane crash.

ng status.

The son, Alexander, had
A favorite KGB approach is wanted to install some new

fatal flight. Don McCusker of Westerville, Ohio, who survived the crash without any permanent injuries. He said an invest tigation had established that the allerons used to steer believe had been misconnected.
A check-out flight he sale, would have detected this. would have detected this.

Although the accident wa caused by a defect in the plane, he still faces manslaughten charges in Greece. His trial has... been scheduled for Nov. 18.

Language Discrimination-The State Department's presti-gious Foreign Service Institute. which trains American diplomats in foreign languages, is struggling with a discrimina-tion scandal.

On the theory that democracy begins at home, Spanish-speakspokesman added, you are in-terfering in a very sensitive ing instructors have com-field."

plained they must wait twice as long for promotions as teachers: of such tongues as Hindi, Hun-garian and Swahili. 17.447

Instructors in German, French and other common tongues are also discriminated against, we found. •1975, United Feature Syndicate