Mrs. Barb Junkkarinen 1405 Williamina Ave., Borest Grove, OR 97116 Dear Barb,

Harold Weisberg 7627 Old Receiver Rd. Frederick, MD 21702 5/4/97

I've read Madeleine Brown's Texas in the Morning as published by Harry Livingstone and Constance Krtpzberg's Dalkas Did It. In it her dedication to you says you are f riends and I assume know how to get in touch with her. So, I was you.

In her appendix she missed something when she published the letternts about Billie Sol Estes written by his lawyer, Douglas Caddy. She may also ant to add, if she gets to doing it as a book for sale in stores, to what she has on pages 25ff headdd, "On the Phone wowlith Kemp and Perry." Their press conserence before she spoke to them was the first of the LBJ administration and was transcribed and distributed by the White House. She can get a copy from the LBJ brary or I'll be glad to send her a copy. Three times Perry was asked if the front neck wound was of entrance, three times he said it was, and three times he was confirmed by Clark.

Aside from whoth er Brown had an affair with LBI that lasted 20 years, has Kritzberg confirmation for anything else she says, particularly about the assassination? It seems to me all to rest on her word that has no confirmation and is in part impossible.

When I heard that Texas in the Morning had been published I also heard that Livingstone did it without permission or agreement and that Brown was going to sue him over it. Do you know anything about that? He used much of it in his Killing the Truth, which he did, and in Killing Kennedy, which he did all over again.

I've heard no more on those efforts to perfect the medical evidence and to compile a list of all present at the autopsy but hope that work has gone well and has been productive.

Best to your all, and thanks,

Douglas Caddy was the name of the first

lawyer those caught in The Watergate

had. We was also E. Howa Howard Hunt's office mate at the Mullen Agency, a CIA operation (Mullen is now a Atah Senator, as his father had been.) Caddy then worked for "nited Fruit, as I recall, also a CIA asset. And he wrote a strongly anti-labor book that Gerald Ford plugged after he was out first unelected Posident. It his interests Kritzberg it is all in the Wash. Post morgue, if she wants to ask them for it. They did publish the above.

Dallas Did It! @

by Madeleine Brown and Constance Kritzberg

Dallas Did It! is of course a metaphor and none should read into the title any meaning that the city of Dallas or all its citizens, including friends and family of the authors, had anything to do with the assassination of President John F. Kennedy. Yet, we submit the theory that some key players in the tragedy were in Dallas. Assisted by intelligence members and other groups who wanted the president killed, they saw to it that the deed was done as they wished.

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All material quoted from *Texas in the Morning*, (as yet unpublished), was written by the author, Madeleine Brown

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**** Bulletin—Just in from Moscow. Madeleine Brown received a call from a Boston, Massachusetts associate. Documents from the KBG have been released claiming that Lyndon Johnson was behind the killing of President John F. Kennedy. She is not surprised...

Previous Publications by Contance Kritzberg: Case Against Case Closed (co-author), 1993 Secrets from the Sixth Floor Window, 1994

On the Phone with Kemp and Perry

At about 3:30 p.m. one of the editors asked if I wanted to "talk to the doctors". Hell no! I'm no Barb Junkkarinen—a great JFK researcher who specializes in the medical evidence. Actually, I didn't want to talk to the good doctors. I was not a medical reporter and might have had a struggle with complicated terminology. I shouldn't have worried. It was the easiest story I took. Doctors Malcolm Perry and Kemp Clark had taken part in the resuscitation attempt and medical treatment given the President. Although Malcolm Kidluff, Press Secretary to the President, had announced the President's death, Parkland Hospital officials could not be sure the local press had been present and, therefore, allowed the "Herald" and the "News" to interview Perry and Clark by telephone.

Both doctors seemed recovered from the stressful hours, and Perry made more statements than Clark, although the few questions I asked were answered without hesitation or qualification. The only speculative matter was the time of death and finally Dr. Clark said, "We put it at 1300". Later, I realized the importance of the Last Rites of the Catholic Church. The rites were administered, and death was placed after that moment.

They agreed no decision had been made whether there were one or two wounds. Next, Dr. Perry said that the neck wound below the "Adam's apple" (the largest cartilage in the larynx) was an entrance wound.

I was embarrassed I hadn't said "larynx," but now feel better because that would not have been right either. It was the laryngeal prominence. Perry must have decided we were idiots, because he repeated "Adams Apple" in other press conferences. The story wrote was published as follows:

To President

Neck Wounds Bring Death

"Wounds in the lower front portion of the neck and the right rear side of the head ended the life of President John F. Kennedy, say doctors at Parkland Hospital.

Whether there were one or two wounds was not decided.

The front neck hole was described as an entrance wound. The wound at the back of the head, while the principal one, was either an exit or tangential entrance wound. A doctor admitted that it was possible there was only one wound.

Kemp Clark, 38, chief of neurosurgery, and Dr. Malcolm Perry, 34, described the President's wounds. Dr. Clark, asked how long the President lived in the hospital, replied, "I would guess 40 minutes but I was too busy to look at my watch.

Dr. Clark said the President's principal wound was on the right rear side of his head.

"As to the exact time of death we elected to make it - we pronounced it at 1300. I was busy with the head wound."

Dr. Perry was busy with the wound in the President's neck.

"It was a midline in the lower portion of his neck in front."

Asked if it was just below the Adam's apple, he said, "Yes. Below the Adam's apple."

"There were two wounds. Whether they were directly related I do not know. It was an entrance wound in the neck."

The doctors were asked whether one bullet could have made both wounds or whether there were two bullets.

Dr. Clark replied, "The head wound could have been either an exit or a tangential entrance wound."

The neurosurgeon described the back of the head wound as:

"A large gaping wound with considerable loss of tissue."

Dr. Perry added, "It is conceivable it was one wound, but there was no way for me to tell. It did however appear to be the entrance wound at the front of the throat."

"There was considerable bleeding. The services of the blood bank were sent for and obtained. Blood was used."

The last rites were performed in "Emergency Operating Room No. 1."

There were at least eight or 10 physicians in attendance at the time the President succumbed. Dr. Clark said there was no possibility of saving the President's life.

The press pool man said that when he saw Mrs. Kennedy she still had on her pink suit and that the hose of her left leg was saturated with blood. In the emergency room, Mrs. Kennedy, Vice President Johnson and Mrs. Johnson grasped hands in deep emotion."

Note that Dr. Perry said that he was "busy with the neck wound". When I asked directly whether one bullet could have made both wounds, Dr. Clark answered, "The head wound could have been either an exit or tangential entrance wound." Dr. Perry added, "It is conceivable it was one wound, but there was no way for me to tell. It did, however, appear to be the entrance wound at the front of the throat". The physicians told me there were "at least eight or 10 physicians in attendance at the time the President succumbed."

After writing the article with statements supplied by Drs. Perry and Clark, I went on to other tasks, such as talking to callers about canceled events, and scanning wire stories for references to local events. I heard

DOUGLAS CADDY

Attorney-at-Law

General Homes Building 7322 Southwest Freeway Suite 610 Houston, Texas 77074 (713) 981-4005

August 9, 1984

Mr. Stephen S. Trott
Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division
U.S. Department of Justice
Washington, D.C. 20530

RE: Mr. Billie Sol Estes

Dear Mr. Trott:

My client, Mr. Estes, has authorized me to make this reply to your letter of May 29, 1984.

Mr. Estes was a member of a four-member group, headed by Lyndon Johnson, which committed criminal acts in Texas in the 1960's. The other two, besides Mr. Estes and LBJ, were Cliff Carter and Mack Wallace. Mr. Estes is willing to disclose his knowledge concerning the following criminal offenses:

1. Murders

- The Killing of Henry Marshall
- 2. The Killing of George Krutilek
- 3. The Killing of Ike Rogers and his secretary
- 4. The Killing of Harold Orr
- 5. The Killing of Coleman Wade
- 6. The Killing of Josefa Johnson
- 7. The Killing of John Kinser
- 8. The Killing of President J. F. Kennedy

Mr. Estes is willing to testify that LBJ ordered these killings, and that he transmitted his orders through Cliff Carter to Mack Wallace, who executed the murders. In the cases of murders nos. 1-7, Mr. Estes' knowledge of the precise details concerning the way the murders were executed stems from conversations he had shortly after each event with Cliff Carter and Mack Wallace.

In addition, a short time after Mr. Estes was released from prison in 1971, he met with Cliff Carter and they reminisced about what had occurred in the past, including the murders. During their conversation, Carter orally compiled a list of 17 murders which had been committed, some of which Mr. Estes was unfamiliar. A living witness was present at that meeting and