Senator Richard Brevard Russell, Georgia Democrat and the most conservative "ember of the Warren Commission, refused to agree to the basic conclusion of that Commission, that one bullet, which came to be known as "the magic bullet," inflicted all seven nonfatal injuries on Presdient ohn F. Kennedy and Texas Governor John B. Connally. In firm disagrement he was joined by the Kiberal Kentucky Senator, "epublican John Sherman Cooper. In refusing to sign the Report as drafted, based on this single-bullet theory, Russell forced a Commission executive session, all of which were to have been recorded for hundry rund. ste Nographically. But the Commission's executive head, J. Lee Eankin, former Solicitor General of the United States, saw to it that no court reporter was there. Instead he had a staff stenographer pretending to take it all down in shorthand. He then produced a fake transcript but withheld that until after the "eport was published and there was no interest in it. All the Members save one were overly- committed and had no time for what to them was the past. When Harold Weisberg gate Russell the proof of this he broke his long and close freidhship with lyndon Johnson. He never poke to him again. He liked Weisberg's to then books on the assassination and/encouraged him to disprove the Report number of the beautiful fits objections and broken. If did not, he had been tricked into believing incorporated into the Report he and Cooper did sign, believing that their views were repflocted in it. But the fact is that Rankin, probably with Warren's approval, saw to it that the record of their inflexible disagreement with What is basic to the Report was a consigned to history's memory hole.

Russell did prepare a five-paget statement or ad at the executive session he had forced for September 18, 1964. Weisberg has it and Russell and Cooper later correspondence reaffirming their expended disagreement with this basis of the Commission's Report; the phonied transcript; the commission and court reporter records showing that no court reporter was ent to ake record that executive session; and Russell's then assistant's memorandum to frim praising Weisberg's four books then published and stating that Weisberg agreed with the Senator in his disagreement with the Report.

Russell also told Weisberg of Warren's consternation when Russell told him he wingh fully many would not sign the "eport as then was in page proof. Russell said he told Warren not to worry, withat all he had to do was put in a little ol' footnote saying "Sepator Russell

Lee Harvey Oswalf alone with this single-bullet theory presented as fact by the Commission, an officially unadmitted without that theory the Commission's own evilence proved that the crime was a conspiracy.

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when the best shots in the country were unable to duplicate the shooting attributed to Lee Harvey Oswald alone his single-bulllet theory was still presented as fact by the Commission. Without this theory the Commission's own evidence proved that the crime was an officially unadmitted conspiracy.

Dissents." Warren, wanting unanimity very much, instead had Rankin reformulate what Russell would not agree to. They Then convinced Russell that his disagreement was accompdated, as It was not when printed.

"Senator Russell Dissents," is the title of a 43-page atrilce Weisberg has written about the foregoing and much that relates to it. He has the records he cites from the archives have itemathem Russell and Cooper are established at their State universities and the documents acquired in his own investigations.