

Panther Confession to FBI Agent Cited

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NEW HAVEN, July 21.—An FBI agent testified today that Lonnie McLucas admitted firing the second shot into a suspected Black Panther party infiltrator who was killed here of Rackley last year.

McLucas was acting under Rackley's orders as Twede told him of a third Panther and described it from notes taken shot Alex Rackley because he feared that his own life would be in danger if he disobeyed, Salt Lake City jail last summer.

The first testimony linking McLucas directly to the murder scene, Agent Lynn G. Twede's account was admitted over strong objections from McLucas's lawyers. They admitted it was illegal because the defendant's attorney had not been present at the interrogation.

It added nothing to the state's case against Panther National Chairman Bobby Seale, who is to be tried later on a first-degree murder charge.

When Seale first came to the New Haven Panther headquarters, the victim had already been killed, McLucas indicated he was quoted as saying. Seale

has been accused of ordering would be turned loose. Instead, he handed a .45 caliber pistol to Kimbro and said, "ice him — orders from national" (presumably Panther national headquarters). Kimbro pointed the gun at him of George Sams in carrying quick-like and fired."

• The three men ran back toward the car, the FBI agent's testimony continued, but Sams stopped, gave McLucas the gun, and told him to make sure Rackley was dead. "McLucas went back with a flashlight and gun and fired one shot" into the body," Twede continued.

According to a Connecticut medical examiner's earlier testimony, Rackley could have lived as long as four hours after his head was shot. First shot was fired into his head.

Under cross examination, the FBI agent acknowledged one item that had not been in his original version. He said McLucas told him he fired the second shot into Rackley because he feared Sams would kill him if he disobeyed. "Yes, that's what McLucas told me," Twede said.

McLucas was arrested on June 6, 1969, in Western Union's Salt Lake City office by FBI agents. His confession was made two days later in a

local jail where Twede took notes while two New Haven Police Department detectives asked the questions. He had signed a standard waiver declaring that he did not want assurances.

McLucas had been passing through Salt Lake City on his way to California, where he expected to be appointed field director for the Panthers in the area "from Boston to the Mason-Dixon Line," Twede said the prisoner told him.

"He said he had become disenchanted with the party because of all the violence," Twede went on, "but that he couldn't leave (the party) because he had learned too much."

Under cross-examination, the agent said he did not know if the FBI's knowledge of McLucas's whereabouts had been obtained through electronic eavesdropping. McLucas reportedly had called the New Jersey Black Panther headquarters asking that money be wired to him in Salt Lake City.

The state's attorney, Arnold Markle, has stated that to his knowledge none of the evidence was obtained as a result of wiretapping.

testified, McLucas indicated he had information about Rackley's murder but did not want to testify because he feared a reprisal. Twede said he told him he could offer no assurances.

McLucas had been present during the interview. His lawyer present during the interview.

Under questioning, Twede said the interview was held without the knowledge of an attorney appointed to represent McLucas.

McLucas's chief trial lawyer, Theodore I. Kosoff, argued that the absence of his appointed attorney had invalidated the confession and urged that Twede not be allowed to testify.

"The FBI went behind his lawyer's back . . . in an attempt to get information from him, in order to convict him," Kosoff said. "This is the most outrageous thing, going behind the counsel; it's an outrage."

Superior Court Judge Harold M. Mulvey ruled that the confession was voluntarily given and that McLucas had been informed of his rights during the interview, at his arraignment, and at a previous questioning in the FBI office. Before the interview, Twede