# New Guidelines Issued on Patient-Therapist Sex

### By DANIEL GOLEMAN

death and confused about her relasome years ago because she was in emotional pain over her father's who seemed completely trustworthy. Carolyn Bates, a single woman her 20's, went into psychotherap immense confidence in her therapist, ionship with her boyfriend. She had into psychotherapy

wanted to relax her, the therapist had her lie on the floor while he massaged But after nine months, the therapist said she needed to be more casual and relaxed about sex. If she could had sex her. After a few such sessions, they relationship with a man. Saying he not learn to be affectionate with him, he said, she would never have a good

A little over a decade ago, cases like that of Mrs. Bates were often winked at by the authorities, dismissed as the fantasy of troubled patients or ignored. But now, the cases of patient-therapist sex are by the therapists. themselves, by state legislatures and dealt with by the outraged patients being

#### Movement for Change

patients who have crossed the line. clients and in handling colleagues and train psychiatrists in dealing with their own sexual feelings toward ric association's annual convention featured a new videotape intended to train psychiatrists in dealing with pointed panel on sexual impropriety met to begin drawing up new guidechological Association's Last weekend, the American Psy Earlier this year the psychiatnewly ap

While no one knows exactly how pervasive the problem is, half of 1,320 clinical psychologists in a national survey said they had treated patients journal Psychotherapy, was con-ducted by Valerie Vetter, a psycholo-gist with the California State Medical Board, and Kenneth Pope, a psycholoprevious therapist. The study, which will be published next year in the who had had sexual relations with a

gist in Los Angeles.
Earlier surveys of psychotherapists have found that up to 7 percent

> it is wrong. therapist's touch, arousal in a If there is a hint of

acknowledged having had sexual con-tact with a patient at some point in

men and 0.2 percent of the women admitted having had sexual contact with a patient. Whether the drop reflects a decrease or a newfound retiducted the most recent study. cence on the topic among therapists is unclear, said Dr. Pope, who contrist, psychologists and social workers found that only 0.9 percent of the But the frequency of such contact may be decreasing. While a 1977 sur-vey of psychologists found that 12 percent of the men and almost 3 percent of women admitted such contact, a survey last year of 4,800 psychia-

state licensing boards concern sexual misconduct by psychotherapists, given the new climate of condemna-tion of the practice. About half of all complaints by therapy patients to "Even though the figures say patient-Such reticence is understandable

Increasing," Dr. Pope said. Since 1985, psychotherapists' therapist sex is declining, litigation is

setts and New Mexico, are moving in with patients has been made a felony in Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakothat direction. ta, Colorado, Florida, Maine and Cali-fornia. Two other states, Massachu-

#### The Emotional Damage

perception among psychotherapists of the emotional damage left in the aftermath of These efforts reflect a sharpened patient-therapist

> emotional problems you see in incest victims," said Dr. Nanette Gartrell, a psychiatrist at the University of Cali-fornia School of Medicine in San being taken advantage of in intimate ing anyone, they're frightened of Francisco. "They have trouble trust-"These patients end up with the same

relationships and they are severely depressed."

These problems, said Dr. Gartrell, occur in 90 percent of the patients in such cases. Studies have found that 10

percent of the patients have problems

so severe they need to be hospitalized and I percent commit suicide.

There are often warning signs of trouble, said Gary Schoener, a psychologist at the Walk-In Counseling Center in Minneapolis. Since 1974 Dr. Schoener and his colleagues have counseled more than 2,000 clients and therapists who have been involved in sexual contacts in therapy

## The Therapist as Seducer

with patients, six distinct types emerged: In 150 interviews with therapists who have admitted having sex

number, each may have as many as 100 victims. these therapists may suffer from delusions. Though small in THE SERIOUSLY DISTURBED. Typically psychotic or nearly so.

to find patients who are unlikely to turn them in and typically have oriented, they are superb liars and cover their tracks well. They try THE SOCIOPATHS. Very self-centered, exploitative and pleasure multiple victims.

of several symptoms of difficulty in controlling impulses. One such chronic gambling or alcoholism. For them, sex with patients is one therapist seduced at least 40 patients. THE IMPULSIVE. These therapists have an impulse disorder, like

patients; sexual relationships often follow. Frequently the therapist outside their practices and meet their own emotional needs through will get involved with a patient who has been in therapy for two or THE ISOLATED. Such therapists have few personal relationships

been a potential mate. These therapists are often contrite and relationship with a patient who, in other circumstances, might have divorced, may lead a vulnerable therapist to seek a sexual requently report themselves THOSE IN CRISIS. A personal crisis, like being widowed or

clients' personal lives outside therapy. understand professional boundaries and so become enmeshed in THE NAIVE. These are usually poorly trained therapists who do not

Source: Gary Schoener, Ph.D.

personal problems, especially loneli-ness or marital dissatisfaction," Dr. Schoener said. "The second most "The strongest early warning sign of sexual involvement is a therapist who talks too much about his or her mate parts, it is wrong." therapist. It's not always an impro-priety to hug a patient, but if there is common signal of trouble is excesany hint of arousal or touching of intisive touching of the patient by the

#### Utter Trust Is Betrayed

a feeling of utter trust, much like a with their therapists do so because of analysts call such feelings "transfersmall child feels for a parent. Psycho-"Counter-transference," the thera-Many patients who give in to sex

figures are even higher. Dr. Schoener said: "The issue isn't the 87 percent, but the other 13 percent who lied or are denying their feelings to themselves. The problem is not feeling an attraction, but when it interferes with ger or envy. In a 1986 survey of 1,000 psychologists, Dr. Pope found that 87 percent said that they had at times felt a sexual attraction toward a papist's intense feelings toward a pa-tient, can include lust as easily as an-Many therapists feel that the true

#### therapy by distracting you or impair-ing your judgment." Therapists Told to Seek Help

practitioner. apy." If necessary, the therapist apy." If necessary, the therapist should refer the patient to another you might act on your feelings, or that "If you think there's any chance at all the American Psychiatric Assoca-tion, advises therapists to seek help Dr. Elissa Benedek, president of

can skew therapy in a variety of ways. For one, if a therapist fails to recognize his own attraction to a patient, he may unconsciously try to distance himself, creating a great psy-chological gulf between them, said tact, erotic feelings toward a patient feel rejected. Even if there is no overt sexual con-Pope, which makes the patient

training as a counselor. "Remember," she said, "the vast majority of therapists are highly ethical people."

Mrs. Bates is in her final year of

"Sometimes a therapist who han-dles these feelings poorly will avoid any discussion at all of sex," Dr. Pope

lawyer with the program in psychia-try and law at Georgetown Univer-sity Medical Center, said: "Both ethically and legally, patient-therapist sex is always the therapist's fault. a patient to sex is no defense." Courts have ruled that the consent of Steven Bisbing, a psychologist and

This year also saw the formation of self-help groups for patients who pists. A group formed in Boston, Therapy Exploitation Link Line, or have been seduced by psychothera-Therapy Exploitation Link Line, TELL, is expanding to other states.

damages." each other," said Cindy Coopersmith, group. "You can complain to the state licensing board for your therapist's profession, and to his professional as-N.Y., who has established a self-help a clinical social worker in New City, sociation. And you can also sue for But Mrs. Bates, who joined with "There is much victims can do for

two other women to sue her therapist

ing guilty to sexual assault in the case of another patient, is currently under court supervision and prohibited for damages, cautions: "If you sue, you need people in your life who will give you emotional support. You will be blamed for what happened and accused of seduction." 10 years. from practicting psychotherapy for Mrs. Bates's therapist, after plead

said Patty Bizzell, executive director of the Texas Board of Examiners, with Mrs. Bates, but his license was revoked because of her complaint, which licenses psychologists. The therapist settled out of court

Options for the Victims





Nancy Contact