

Made clandestine trip to Havana Jack Ruby

About

10 weeks before

## Ruby, Castro Put in JFK-Death To

By PAUL MESKIL

Kennedy. and conferred with Fidel Castro about the possibility of assassinating President John F. A former agent of the Central Intelligence Agency has told the Senate Intelligence Committee that Jack Ruby made a secret trip to Cuba in the summer of 1963

the President. Nov. 24, 1963, less than 48 hours "He went there trying to after Oswald had assassinated make a dope deal," said the fortions, killed Lee Harvey Oswald owner in Dallas Police Headquarters on Cubana Airlines flight. Ruby, with underworld

told this story: the CIA in Cuba, had got former agent, a contract opera- cer for the Drug Enforcement tive—that is, not a regular pay- Administration. "He offered to

the CIA in Cuba, had got in ment in exchange for permission touch with an Intelligence Committee investigator recently and drug shipments to the U.S."

The former agent said Ruby The News learned that the as an undercover narcotics offi rmer agent, a contract opera- cer for the Drug Enforcement for supply arms and military equipmer agent, who has also worked

the had been invited to a conference

Dallas night-club Kennedy murder, Ruby made a at Castro's headquarters. Among underworld connect clandestine trip o Havana, flying those at the meeting were Castee Harvey Oswald there from Mexico City on a tro; his brother, Raul; Che

tempt, a Castro aide had been killed. Castro blamed Kennedy for the murder plots, according The Cubans, according to the former agent's account, said the CIA had been trying to assassinate Castro. In one such attempt, a Castro aide had been the control of the con to the account, tion, the former agent said. It is not known what the agentwould be willing to kill Kennedy or could arrange an assassina-Ruby was asked whether he said Ruby had replied. and indicated

conference with Ruby. He gave the names of others who had attended and details of the albrother, ed, a Cuban refugee in he had been present at Castro's received a letter from his half Castro's Army. The brother said After Kennedy had been kill-l, a Cuban refugée in Miami who was an officer in

The Cul Investigation, but it wasn't men-tioned by the Warren Commis-The Cuban refugee gave the letter to the Federal Bureau of Cuban refugee Warren Commis-Jones was arrested and convicte Jones

from Argentina. "El Mexccano," and a woman Guevara; the chief of Castro's Che

allow the Chicago branch of the Mafia to set up shop in Dallas. Guthrie said Jones had told the that Jones that Jones approached him in 1947 and offered him \$150,000 to Steve Guthrie, who was elected in sheriff of Dallas in 1946. Id the Warren Commission Commission

him that Ruby would operate a "fabulous restaurant" as a front for the mob's gambling opera-The sheriff's conversation with

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was tape-recorded,

assassination, sion, which interviewed FBI offi-cials in its investigation of the series of reports. Intelligence Committee in or by the Senate

ably was much more significant than the Warren Commission had indicated in its controversial report. tors away from possible real conspirators. But he said Ruby's News that the former agent's account might be a "red her-News that role in the Kennedy case ring" designed to lead investiga-'A committee source told The

a narcotics racketeer, Paul Ray-mond Jones. where night club owned by his sister. There he became an associate of moved to Dallas in 1947 to run a where his playmates several future crimina Born and reared in criminals, Ruby included Chicago

## Fidel, Ruby Placed in Death Talk

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of bribery. He was also jailed for violations of federal narcotics laws. Ruby eventually became the owner of two Dallas night clubs, both of which were hangouts for gamblers and dope racketeers.

## Ruby Tied to Narcotics

In 1956, two undercover informants told the FBI that Ruby was involved in "a large narcotics setup operating between Mexico, Texas and the East." From other sources, the FBI heard that Ruby was the "fixer" who served as the liaison agent between the Dallas gambling mob, the city police and the county authorities.

Ruby had several pals in the Havana gambling mob, including Dave Yaras, a former Chicago hood; Norman Rothman, a high ranking member of the Cuban crime cartel headed by Meyer Lansky and Santo Trafficante of Florida; and Lewis McWillie, a former owner of a night club in Dallas. McWillie left Texas in the 1950s to become the supervisor of a mob-owned casino in Havana.

In late August 1959, Ruby flew to Havana for a "social visit" with McWillie. He spent eight days there and left for Miami after the Labor Day weekend. At the time, Trafficante was in a Cuban jail, where he was treated more as a guest than a prisoner, receiving meals from the best restaurants and visits from fellow mobsters and Castro.

Trafficante had been arrested June 8 in Havana for deportation to the United States, where federal officers were waiting to question him about Mafia murders and a Cuban-based narcotics ring. Actually, it was reported, because he was aware of the federal interest in his activities, Trafficante had asked the Cuban officials to arrest him and hold him in jail until the mainland heat died down.

Four days after the Kennedy assassination, a British journalist walked into the American Embassy in London and told CIA officials there that he met Trafficante while they were both in a Cuban jail in the summer of 1959. He said one of Trafficante's visitors had been "an

American gangster type named Ruby." This information was passed on to the Warren Commission, but it was not mentioned in the commission's report. Nor did the report mention a mystery trip to Havana that Ruby made on Sept. 12, 1959. He left Miami on Pan Am Flight 415 and returned the next day on Pan Am Flight 750.

After Ruby had killed Oswald, FBI agents visited the racketeer Jones in jail and asked for his view of why Ruby had committed the slaying. Jones shrugged and replied, "Ask Joe Civello."

Civello, a convicted narcotics dealer, was the reakets boss of Dallas. A delegata to the 1957 crime convention at Apalachin, N.Y., he was an underboss of Carlos Marcello, the Mafia ruler of Louisiana and Texas. Marcello, a friend and rackets associate of Trafficante, hated the Kennedy brothers because of federal efforts to break up his empire. When President Kennedy died, those efforts stopped.