wisted: coroner

WASHINGTON (UPI) - A opposing the single-shot findpathologist said Thursday that the Rockefeller Commission had misrepresented his testimony to it about the assassination of President John F. Kennedy, which he said supports a two-gunmen theory.

Dr. Cyril H. Wecht, coroner for Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, said at a press conference that a two-gunmen theory would involve a conspiracy. "that says political assassination and cover-up," Wecht said.

Showing his anger at the commission report throughout the conference, Wecht said it had implied that he had with-- drawn from his previous stand, The fact that both gunmens workers were with the last that both gunmens workers were the last that the last that both gunmens workers were the last that both gunmens were the last that between the last that both gunmens were the last that between the last that both gunmens were the last that between the last that be

ing of the Warren Commission.

The Rockefeller Commission report said in part:

"Dr. Wecht testified that the available evidence all points to the President being struck only by two bullets coming from his rear, and that no support can be found for theories which postulate gunmen to the front or right front of the presidential car."

Wecht said the main thrust of his testimony had been that available medical, physical and photographic evidence "all point to the fact that the assassination was carried out by two gunmen." -

were located to the rear of the President, which after all includes half of the Earth's surface, in no way diminishes the impact of that conclusion," Wecht said.

Chrysler cuts layoffs

DETROIT (AP) - Chrysler Corp. said Thursday it has reduced layoffs of hourly workers by 1,600 and will operate all eight of its U.S. assembly plants Monday for a seventh straight week! But General Motors Corp. said it will halt production at its Wilmingtor (Del.) assembly plant Friday for nine weeks, -idling 1,150



White Areal

NEW YORK — Last week the Associated Press carried a story about the Warren Commission. Harold Weisberg, an untiring conspiratorialist, asked that a conversation by the commission be declassified and released, under the Freedom of Information Act. The conversation was, indeed, released — and it

Ionging to Oswald — No. 179.

The AP story made an oblique reference to a newsman's account in 1974; and though that story did not use the number 179, Weisberg knows very well what it is all about. Most of the AP report, ignoring the journalistic reference, quotes rather idle speculation by commission members (including Gerald Ford) about why the FBI would hire Oswald.

E

Back in 1967, when I was in Dallas to write about the death of Jack Ruby I met often about the Bill Alexander, the assistant district at

torney. Alexander, like many local law enforcement people, hated the FBI. As he put it, "J. Edgar Hoover couldn't track a bleeding elephant across snowfields if it hid in a telephone booth."

le birth of an Oswald conspiracy

BACK IN 1963, Alexander was convinced that the FBI was tapping his telephone, though agents denied this to his face. In order to find out, he arranged with two journalist friends to spring a story so wild it would bring the FBI running—if, indeed, they were listening in. The three men arranged a conference call from Alexander to the newspaper offices of the Dallas Morning News and the Houston Post.

concerned reports that Lee Harvey Oswald

was an FBI agent. These reports were given

a certain verisimilitude and specificity by the

mention of a distinct agent's number as be-

As the conversation wandered on, Alexander asked the two, "Do you remember what Oswald's payroll number was?" The man at the Houston Post said, "I think it was S-172." But Alexander said, no, he thought it was S-179.

Sure enough, within half an hour agents had showed up at all three men's desks, flashing their identification and asking what they knew about a government payroll number for Lee Harvey Oswald. The number, of course,

had been picked out of the air, and the whole story made up, to produce just the reaction it did.

THE HOUSTON POST man is now at the Baltimore News-American. His name is Lonnie Hudkins, and in recent weeks he wrote the first account of how he and Alexander made, up old 179 for their own purposes. This is the first time he has mentioned that number in print—though he explained it all to the Warren commission long ago. Yet through leaks and documents like the conversation now released, 179 became a number known to conspiracy hunters and led them on many chases.

Back in 1974, the FBI denied there was any such payroll designation for Oswald. To conspiratorialists, that is the high form of truth that there was one. An FBI denial is enough to establish any fact with them.