Ruy V.DJ (Webstern Backs)

Aug. 27, 1980

	Oliver Parrerson,	James E Ray
I	Just a short note with the enclosure. I didn't stople the exhibits	
	on to the Complaint as you will have t	to part them anyhow to xerox.
-	A couple days ago I received a letter from latter from the U.S. Tetts: Kingsland & Wedemeyer (St. Louis) saying the JD was giving to defend	
	Baetz. This is ok with me since he wor	n't be able to compl-in that he is
tion in	being financial harrassed by the suit	
	alleged acts to defend someone when the are not directly related to gov. service t	
	the one they are defending has allegedly committed. I have your letter dated August 16th., no I can't think of anything just now I will need. I am certain the St. Louis suit will never go to trial but it did I would have Mark represent me and he could call you as a witness.	
	Until later,	
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	T. San a continuence to	
	note, the gov. ask for a continuence to answer the Complaint, until Sept. 26th	
	SUPMET CHE COMPTENTION	and the same of th

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

JAMES E. RAY,

Plaintiff.

va.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE;

Defendunts.

Civil action no. 80-0963 6.(4).

COMPLAINT

Comes the Flaintiff, James E. Ray, acting pro se, petitioning the court for a "Declaratory Judgment" against defendants, United States Department of Justice and Conrad Bastz, alleging:

- 1. ALLEGATION OF JURISDICTION.
- (a) Jurisdiction founded on diversity of citizenship and the amount.

The plaintiff, James E. Ray (hereinafter, plaintiff), is a citizen under operation of law of the State of hissouri; defendant, United States department of justice (hereinafter, Department of Justice), is an agency of the Federal Government having it's principal place of business in the District of Columbia; defendant, Comrad Basts (hereinafter, defendant, Dastz), is a citizen of the State of Illinois. The matter in controvers exceeds, exclusive of interest and costs, the sum of ten thousand dollars.

(b) Jurisdiction founded on the existence of a federal question and the amount in controversy.

The action arises under the constitution of the United

States, Article 3 Section 2, the Fourth Amendment, as hereinafter more
fally appears. The matter in controversy exceeds, exclusive of interest
and costs, the sum of ten thousand dollars.

(c) Jurisdiction founded on the existence of a question wrising under particular statute.

The action arises under the Act of, 42 U.S.J.A. Soc. 1983; 28 U.S.J.A. Sec. 1343, as hereinafter more fully appears.

- (d) Relief is also sought pursuant to the Federal Declaratory Judgment Act, Title 28, United States Code, Section 2201 and 2202.
- Plaintiff requests that the court issue susmons pursuant to and accordance with Rule 4 (e (f) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

3. STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

In April 1967 Plaintiff escaped from the Missouri State panitentiary; thereafter in June 1968 plaintiff was indicted and arrested in the Dr. Martin Luther King jr. homicide; subsequently on Earch 10, 1969, counsel representing plaintiff, Percy Foreman, obtained a guilty plea from the plaintiff for the State in said homicide; the day following said plea plaintiff, then in a legal position to dismiss Percy Foreman as counsel, reputed the guilty plea alleging it was obtain through fraud and coescion, and thereafter plaintiff has been attempting unsuccessfully to have said plea set aside. During the aforementioned plea the State offered no motive on the part of plaintiff for the alleged homicide; in addition, during the period of plaintiff's 1967-68 fugitivity plaintiff received financing of approximately \$9.500; the State, during said plea, offered no explanation as to how plaintiff was financed during the 1967-68 period.

4. That Federal & State agencies which have in one form or another participated in the prosecution of plaintiff in the Kartin Luther King jr. homicide have subsequent to 1969 offered directly, or through elements in the print media sympathetic to government causes, the following explanations in respects to how plaintiff was financed during said 1967-68 fugitivity periods

- A. That by an F.B.I. AIRTEL dated 8-2-68 the bureau indicates no identification respecting plaintiff involvment in, bank burglaries, bank robberies, or major theft. EXH-A. attached.
- B. That shortly after said guilty plea (1969) the Attorney Ceneral for Shelby county, Tennessee, Mr. Phil M. Canale, who prosecuted the, Martin Lather King jr., homicide informed the press that..." he had reason to believe" plaintiff trafficked in drugs while in prison and sent out about \$7.000, and that he later committed several robberies in Canada and London (Sngland). SXH—B, attached.
- C. That in 1972 a Novel written by, Gerold Frank, with government assistance, published by "Doubleday & Co.", Mr. Frank alleged plaintiff financed himself during said fugitivity period by robbing "all night conveniences".
- D. That in the April 26, 1976, edition of "Time" Magazine
 mother Department of Justice front person, George KcMillium, had published
 an Article alleging plaintiff had financed himself during 1967-68 by
 peddling drugs in the Missouri penitentiary in the 1960's, then smuggling
 the profits to family members for later return to plaintiff. The aforementioned
 Article was subsequently published in Book form by, "Little Brown & Co." EXH-B,
 attached.
- E. That in January 1978 the Department of Justice/Federal bureau of Investigation releasted numerous files in the, Martin Luther King jr., case to United Press International and therein stated "...we do not Miew the source of even the smallest amount of money possessed by Exy.... EXH.—B, attached.
- F. That in Angust 1978 plaintiff appeared before a "Select Committee" of the U.S. House of Representatives investigating the, Dr. Martin Luther King jr. homicide. During interrogating of plaintiff a Committee member inferred that plaintiff and a Brother, Jerry W. Ray, had robbed in July 1967 the "Sank of Alton" Illinois. Shortly thereafter Jerry Ray appeared at the "Bank of Alton" and offered to waive the statute of limitation and stand

trial for the robbery; the Alton police then informed, Jerry Ray, that he had never be n a suspect in said robbery. EXH-C, attached.

G. That thereafter the "Select Committee" & government press
official line was that plaintiff and another Brother, John Ray, robbed
the "Bank of Alton".

He That the only apparent evidence linking, John L. Ray, to the "Bank of Alton" robbery is a female witness who saw John's picture in the Alton newspaper ten (10) years after said robbery and identified him on the basis that John had White hair & Blue eyes. EXH-D, attached. (John Ray has Brown hair & Brown eyes.

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J. That a Justice Department Document dated August 25, 1978, evidences (p.1), that the aforementioned "Select Committee" Chief Counsel, Robert Blakey, requested that the Department of Justice indict said, John L. Ray, for perjury in order to "convince Jumes Earl Ray to testify before the Committee". EXH.—E. This Document also states (p.5), in reference to the "Bank of Alton" "...There is no existing or anticipated testimony or other evidence to link John Ray or James Earl Ray to that robbery".

K. That Department of Justice/FBI documents evidence that in 1968 a, John Eugene Gawron, and F.B.I. informant, informed the F.B.I. that Fluintliff and "another person" robbed the "Bank of Alton"; however, said Documents also evidence that when the F.B.I. investigated Ar. Gawron's accusation the bureau found that the other "person" was in jail at the time of said robbery.

L. That in a telephone interview with , Charles Boswortha a Reporter for the St. Louis Post-Dispatch published on June 24, 1980, Mr. William H. Webster, director of the F.B.I., stated that there were two similarities between the shootings of, Mr. Vernon Jordan and Dr. Martin Luther King jr., Kr. Webster stating in effect that Jordan & King were "stalked" and the shootings were financed by "bank robberies"—implying that John Ray had robbed a bank to finance the Vernon Jordan assault, while plaintiff had robbed banks to finance the, Martin Luther King jr., assault. EXH-F, attached.

- 5. That the Bank located in Liberty, Illinois, that John L. Ray is alleged to have robbed was robbed after the, Vernon Jornan, assault, which F.B.I. Director Webster knew prior to his aforementioned telephonic news-conference.
- 6. The the Liberty "Bank" was robbed approximately seve (7) hours after the, Vermon Jordan, assault and since it requires approximately nine (3) hours to drive from Fort Mayne, Indiana, to Liberty, Illinois, it was not possible for, John L. Ray, to have committed both offenses—as Director Mobster knew before his Post Dispatch interview.
- 7. That the Department of Justice/ F.B.I. in league with "friendly press sources" orchestrating the, Vermon Jordan & Martin Luther King jr., assumits as described above is a continuing Department of Justice strategy of signaling the courts, through false and poisonous allegation in print, that the federal government cannot afford for the courts to order a public trial in the, Martin Luther King jr., hosicide.
- 8. That it is the Department of Justice/ F.B.I. policy to resolve the, fartin Luthur Ming jr., case through accusations leaked by them to "friendly Hewspaper contacts", as stated by former F.B.I. Of icial, Cartha Deloach. SXH-B, attached.
- 9. That defendant Basts while an employee of the aforementioned "Select-Committee" did under color of law direct one, Cliver B. Patterson, a Committee undercover operator, to purloin material from Flaintiff's Brother, Jerry W. Ray, when the opportunity arose,
- the "Capitol Hill Quality Inn" Washington, D.C., purloin from Jerry
 Ray's room, at the direction of Defendant Basts, letters and other items
 the property of plaintiff, and after xeroxing same Patterson posted
 copies to defendant Basts P.O. Box in Woodriver, Illinois. EXH-G, attached.
- il. That it was the policy of said "Select Committee" & Staff members including defendant Basts to harass under color of law plaintiff and members of plaintiff's family. EG-5. attached.

- 12. That plaintiff first learned of defendant Basts acts refered to in Paragraphs 9,10 & 11 above in January 1980 when the aforementioned Oliver B. Fatterson provided plaintiff with sworm of idavits attesting to said Acts.
- 13. The all said "Select Committee" staff members including defendant basts were required to obtain a security clearance from the F.B.I. before they could inspect F.B.I. records in the, Eartin Luther King jr., homicide; and in addition defendant Paets was required to sign an instrument stating in effect that he would in-perpetuity remain silest about the contents of said F.B.I. records.
- 14. That in effect the F.B.I. & Department of Justice were in charge of Daid "Select Committee" investigation(s) and that Defendant Bastz is still acting as a transmitter for Department of Justice propaganda in the, Eartin Luther King jr., hamicide.
- 15. That in an interview given the St. Louis Post-Dispatch newspaper published in the July 22, 1979, edition, Defendant Eastz informed the Newspaper that one of plaintiff's family members was an intermediary between plaintiff and a, John H. Sutherland, wherein Sutherland payed indirectly plaintiff money to assault, Martin Luther King jr.
- 16. That defendants have and are continuing to act in collusion under color of law to deprive plaintiff of constitutional & legal rights complained of above.
- 17. That plaintiff will waive the statute-of-limitations & any protection he may have under the Treaty he was extradited from England to the United States in 1968 and stend trial for any of the aforementioned or, offenses that the Department of Justice & the Department's "friendly news sources" have accused plaintiff of providing; however, that the government refrain from utilizing convict & ex-convict witnesses from the Missouri & Tennessee prison system. The plaintiff recognizes that the government could obtain several hundred inmates in the Missouri system to testify plaintiff expressed an intent to commit one of the aforementioned or, offenses, and a like figure from Tennessee-prisons' to testify plaintiff "confessed" the

18. QUESTIONED POSED BY FLAINTIFF FOR "DEGLARATORY JUDGHENT" DETERMINATION:

(1) whether the Defendants acting in consort or singularly can in mint libel plaintiff with impunity by accusing him of having constitted numerous criminal offenses regardless of the truthfullness of accusations under, wolston v. Rendam's Digost Associations Inc., et al No. 544 U.S. Sup. Ct. (1979). wherein the court in prescribing the gractice of libeling those convicted of crimes held:

" to hold otherwise would create an "open season" for all who sought to defuse persons convicted of a crime. Blip at, 11.

- (2) Whether the Department of Justice can classify all of the substantive evidence in the, Dr. N-rtin Luther King Jr., homicide, Lesar v. Department of Justice, 455 F. Supp. 921 (1978), while simultaneously on a year in year out basis have or point their agents, DC. F.B.I. Director, william H. Webster, attributed various original acts to plaintiff during the 1967-68 period.
- (3) whether Defendent Bastz can with legal impunity obtain illegally personal property rightfully belonging to plaintiff and retain same.
- 19. SITHOUT & DECLARATION OF THE LEGAL RICHTS OF PLUNTIPY MERSIN HE WILL BE:
- (1) Subject to civil liability suits where the aforementioned accusations against plaintiff may tell the statute of limitations.
- (2) Subject to original prosecution there the statute of limitations may be tolled.

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- (3) required to ong-ge in a multiplicity of litigation, and
- of perdons and paroles has broad authority to investigate and receive new exculpatory evidence and make recommendations to the Governor in respect to Perdon and paroles for State prisoners, after the courts have make a final determination.

 It is the intention of plaintiff to petition the State board of Faren & Paroles should with exculpatory evidence; however, if the harding definitions are permitted periodically to have published malicious and definitions directed at plaintiff, e.g., narcotics peddler, bank robber, without providing plaintiff with an opportunity to disprove same in the courts, said accusations will undoubtedly influence said Pardon & Paroles board adversely toward plaintiff.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff respectfully prays that this court enter judgment

1) A jury trial in all is use triable by jury.

- 2) That the Department of Justice specify just what criminal acts, and the evidence to support same, that the Department contends plaintiff committee prior to his departing the United States in April, 1968—excepting plaintiff convictions in courts of law.
- 3) Actual damages of \$25,000 and punitive damages in the amount of \$3,000 from Defendant daets for libel, and alike amount for violation of plaintiff civil rights.
- Such other and further relief as this court decas just, proper and equitable.

Respectfully submitted: James E. Ray, pro se

Brushy Lountain prison

Petro , TN . 37845.

a/ g omes E. Roy

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To:

EAC, Memphis (44-1987)

From:

Director, FBI (44-38851)

MURKIN

Reurairtel 7-19-68.

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This sirtel supplements Busirtel of 7-26-68.

Major case prints of James Earl Ray, FBI \$405942G, compared with latent impressions in bank burglary, bank robbery, and major theft sections of National Unidentified Latent File, but no identification effected.

EX-100

REC 74 44 38861-4990

6, 1 1 - Mr. Rosen BEC. D - CAUGE - 1968 difficed

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EXH-A

CAMP WAS not iny queed with Missouri's corrections system at the time of the 's imprisonment.

Also was serving a 20-year sentence in robberry when he made good his upon he made good his held see to he food on two families and the 'King's April and a seasassination in Memohis. GEORGE Camp, deputy director of the state Social Services Department, mel for an hour Monday with black leaders and agreed by send Ray's life to the burean with the regular that it be reviewed, that it be reviewed, that it be reviewed, would be fold that state sould flipt no evicy officials could flipt no evicy.

Suspicion that Ray was financed with large spent \$10,000 to \$15,000 in amounts of moneyts based on the estimate that he dence that Ray escaped with the help of prison guards or that he financed himself with money raised through lilegal drug (sedings) while in prison. Those allegations were reported in a Time mage which quoted excerpts from a book by George McMillan on the King as

The unanswered questions raised by the book strike at the nerve of back America, said the black America," said the Bev. Emanuel Cleavel sassination:

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FON NESSOBN. 61.

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Prison Break King and the restration of Back Rolls Arry Control Break Skeed Rolls as assistation, and the restration of Back Rolls Arry Carry Rolls and the restricted by the restration of the

Where did he get the more he lived on will have sentenced to serve by years. Carha DeLoach, a sentenced to serve and the server was and the sentenced to serve t

"Meer Ray's capture in London, Scoffand, yard linked him to two robberles and considered him a suspect in several others. The FB Director J. Edgar Hower reported that to then Attories General Ramsey Clark,

Ray also was believed to have been involved in the sale of drugs in Los Angeles in the year and a half between his escape from prison and a half between his escape from the first status.

Conference and other supporters who disputed the bureau's corollasion that Ray was not merely the agent for forces who wanted the world's topemost spokesman for racial equality. The files also show the EBI considerational means to discredit King's wid Coretta, Raph Abernath, his successing leader of the Southern Christian Leader

Surface of course, is obviously a rank trick in order to keep the money coming to Mrs. King.

Abernathy and the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. DeLoach said. "We can do this without any attribution to the FBI and his without anyone knowing that the information came from a wiretap."

The files disclosed nothing more about the

KINGSPORT TIMES

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ved on while

Jerry Ray Visits Alton Bank To Deny He Robbed It In '67

DOA brother of James Earl Ray popped into the Bank of Alton, III. today and told startled bank officers he had no part in robbing it II

cars he had no part in robbing it. U years ago.

Then Jerry Ray went to the Alten Police Department and repeated the denial for amused officers.

Both visits apparently stemmed, from the appearance of James Earling and the appearance of James Earling and the appearance of James Earling and the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King for which James Earl Ray is serving a prison sentence.

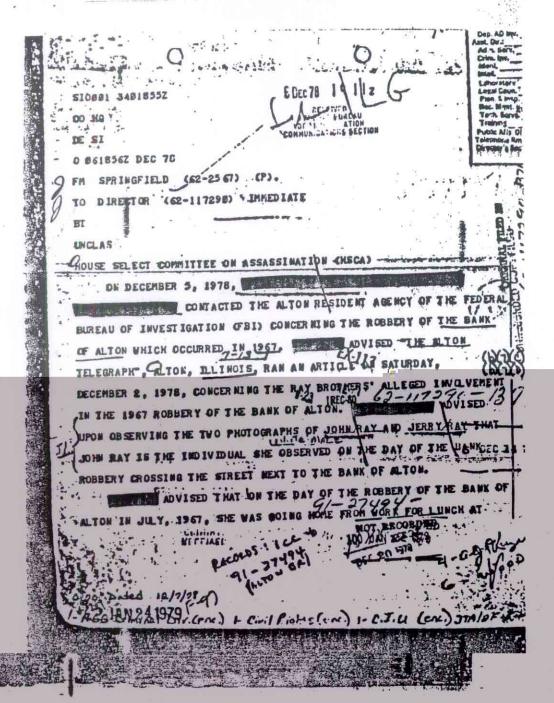
In questioning, Rep. Ployd Fifthian, D-Ind., strongly implied that James Earl Ray and brother Jerry could have robbed the Bank of Alton on July 13, 1987 and used the money to stalk king before the assassination 15 months later.

Standing before a local television camera and a newspaper reporter, Jerry, in a powder blue sport coatiol following the serving and was not then, a suspect in the serving and was not then, a suspect of t

By ROBERT I. WEHLING to, the poles station to wrive of the Post Disputch Staff that the charged with the cha

statute of limitations and to the police statute of limitations and to the charged with the 1967 armed addupt if police wanted.

At police headquarters, Jerry Ray told Police Chief Rudy Sofiders, Assistant Chief John Light, L. Walter Courad, and others, that he would take a lie detector test I they desired.



EXH. D

PAGE TWO ET 62-25 67 UNCLAS

APPROXIMATELY 1:88 P.M. ADVISED SHE WAS HEADING EAST ON APPROXIMATELY 1:88 P.M. ADVISED SHE WAS HEADING EAST ON THE ETREET WHEN SHE OBSERVED TWO MEN CROSS BROWN STREET FROM THE ETREET WHEN SHE OBSERVED TWO MEN CROSS BROWN STREET FROM THE ETREET TOWN OF THE BANK OF ALTON HEADING IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION TOWARD THE REAR OF THE CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH. ADVISED THERE WAS A HOLLOW BEHIND THE CHURCH THAT WAS WOODED.

STATED THAT ONE OF THE MEN STOPPED DIRECTLY IN THOM

OF HER CAR IN THE LANE OF TRAFFIC AND THE SECOND MAN WAS A FEW

SIEPS AHEAD OF THE INDIVIDUAL WHOM SHE DENTIFIED \$5 JOHN RAY.

ALLS AND THE INDIVIDUAL SHE IDENTIFIED AS JOHN RAY WAS WEARING A

WRAY AND WHITE CAP DESCRIBED AS ONE WORN BY A RAILROAD ENGINEER.

STATED WHEN JOHN RAY STOPPED IN FRONT OF HER CAR, HE WAS

APPROXIMATELY 12 TO 15 FEET AWAY AND AS HE TURNED TO LOCK AT HER

HE REMOVED HIS CAP AND SHE NOTICED HE WAS WEARING A RED WIG AND

SHE STATED THAT JOHN RAY HAD GRAY HAIR SHOWING UNDER THE WIG.

THE SECOND HAN.

SHE SECOND HAN.

or the want and

PAGE THREE. SI 62-2567 UNCLAS
A CAP, AND WAS HOLDING HIS RIGHT THIGH GIVING THE IMPRESSION HE WAS
CARRYING SOMETHING.

FURTHER STATED THAT IF SHE COULD SEE A PROFILE OF

JERRY RAY, SHE COULD POSSIBLY IDENTIFY HIM AS THE MALE INDIVIDUAL.

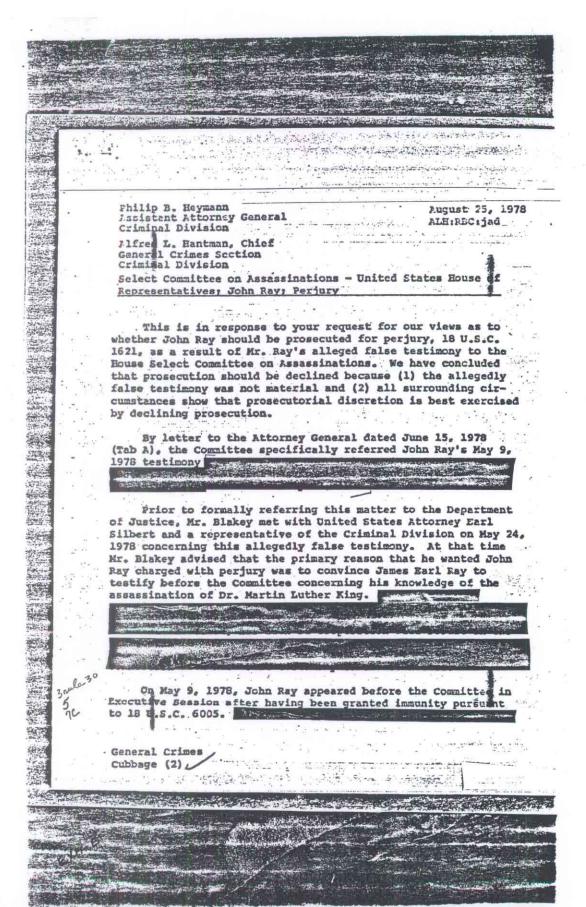
WHO WAS WITH JOHN RAY.

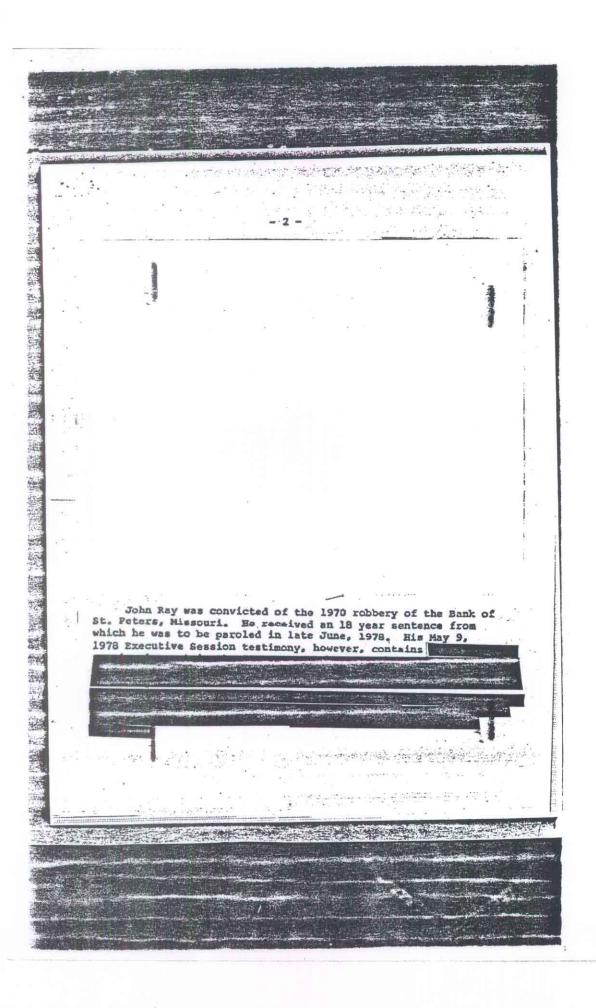
STATED SHE DID NOT KNOW ABOUT THE

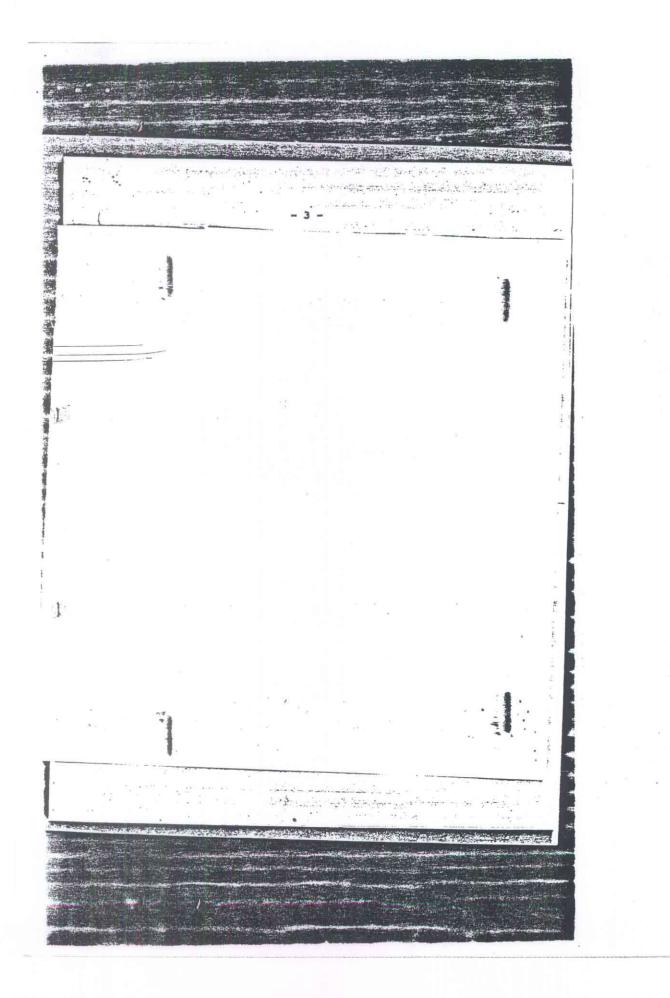
BANK ROBBERY AT THE TIME AND DID NOT LEARN ABOUT THE BANK ROBBERY

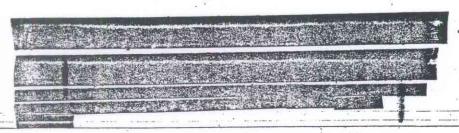
UNTIL LATER THAT DAY WHEN SHE NOTIFIED THE FBI AND FURNISHED INFOR
PATION CONCERNING HER OBSERVATIONS.

:S1 @-25-67 . UNCLAS PAGE FOLR PARTIALLY LACED, CLEAN SHAVEN, 35 TO 48 YEARS OF AGE WITH FAIRLY WELL SHAPED HANDS. THE SECOND INDIVIDUAL WAS DESCRIBED AS TO 5'11" . SENDER BUILD , APPROXIMATELY POUNDS, HAIR DARK, PARTED TON SIDE AND COMBED BACK, BROW. CLEAN SHAVEN, APPROXIMATELY 25 TO 28 YEARS OLD LEADS. SEPRINGFIELD DIVISION. WILL RECONTACT IN ORDER TO OBTAIN A SIGNED









Our recommendation to decline prosecution in this case is based on the following reasons:

(1) If John Ray were indicted for perjury, the charges would be of a "bootstrap" variety: i.e., the charge arises from sworn testimony recently elicited about events which occurred eight or more years ago. Since we can no longer prosecute John Ray for the bank robberies themselves because of the five year statute of limitations (see 18 U.S.C. 3282), we would be bootstraping ourselves by going after John Ray for perjury concerning those same bank robberies. 1/ Although logic indicates that a prosecution for perjury about crimes that occurred beyond the statute of limitations will lie, there is little law directly on the issue. Judge Wyzanski stated in dicts in United States v. Worcester, 190 P. Supp. 548, 569 (D. Mass. 1961); that a federal perjury prosecution may be based upon a willfully false statement about a matter not punishable by the federal criminal law. In Worcester, the defendants argued unsuccessfully that it was "fundamentally unfair to put them under oath as witnesses to testify to matters occurring many years ago, many of which [were] barred by the statute of limitations." Cf. United States v. Rayor, 204 F. Supp. 486, 492 (S.D. Cal. 1962), aff'd, 323 F.2d 519 (9th cir. 1963), cert. den., 375 U.S. 993 (1964).

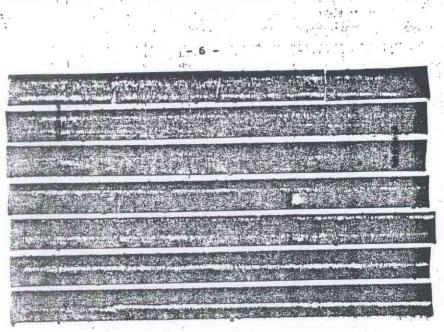
1/ See attached copy of former DAG Tyler's memorandum to former Director Kelley in which the bootstrap principle was used to decline prosecution of an FBI agent for obstruction of justice in connection with perjurious statements given during an FBI internal investigation into the destruction of a note from Loc Harvey Oswald that Mr. Oswald had left at the Dallas field office approximately a week before the Kennedy assassination (Tab E)

5 Tomas and Control of the Control o (2) Only one of the bank robberies, the robbery of the Bank of Alton, Illinois, on July 13, 1967, was committed during the period of James Earl Ray's fugitivity - from April 23. 1967 through June 8, 1968. There is no existing or anticipated testimony or other evidence to link John Ray or James Earl Lay to that robbery. It appears that the real issue concerning the remaining bank robberies is that of establishing the matoriality of the testimony, a necessary element for a perjury prosecution. The traditional test of materiality of a false statement is whether the testimony has a natural effect or tendency to influence, impede or dissuade the investigating body. United Ctates v. Parker, 244 F.2d 943 (7th Cir.), cert. den. broad (see

The bank robberies that occurred after James Earl Ray was arrested on June 8, 1968 could not have been a source of funds for James Earl Ray while he was a fugitive. Therefore, it could be argued that the broad authority of the Committee had been limited by the Committee's own statement in connection with the questions concerning the bank robberies. Even if it could be argued that the questions asked about the bank robberies that occurred after the Alton bank robbery went to credibility and were therefore material, it would seem that a relationship or similarity in

the bank robberics would be necessary.

The Committee has taken the position that because of mailbuever, my review of the facts surrounding the bank robberies as set forth in a chart supplied by the Committee



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(3) Returning an indictment against John Ray in order to pressure his brother James Earl Ray into cooperating could and should be viewed as an abuse of process. It is one thing to use the criminal laws to pressure an individual into cooperating with the government. It is another thing to use the criminal laws against someone to pressure another individual into cooperating with the government. This is particularly true when the individuals involved are close family relatives such as brothers.

The facts of this case have been discussed with United Ctates Attorney Earl Silbert who concurs in our recommendation. For your information, on two occasions, June 23, 1978 and August 24, 1978, representatives of the Criminal Division met with James Lesar, John Ray's attorney, in an unsuccessful effort to obtain Ray's truthful cooperation with the Committee. This approach of attempting to mid the Committee has been a paramount cuideline in reviewing this entire matter.

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Further, fir. Keuch's June 13, 1978 letter to Parole Commissioner Robert Vincent was instrumental in having John Ray's parole retarded for approximately one month. (Tab J) A subsequent hearing resulted in several months delay in Ray's parole (Ray is scheduled to be paroled on September 18, 1978). The Committee has been advised that we stand ready to assist them in all matters of importance to the Committee wherever appropriate.

Attachments

Fill Wants Lo Question John Ray

Silving Staff
Silving Pre-Cigation
Entre of Treftigation
The Cigation
The Cigation National Orban League in Jordan in Port Wayne A than Ray is Saw in St. T. evint William H E, C. . 25 Szsworth dr. A Section of the Sect

Fast of agents will question from the Rev Dr. Mail ... Let I King, about his account at the time of Jordan's Account a for Wayne mosel May & Alhough the FBI does not all provent includer Ray a suspect, there rights leaders that warrant and the shadings of Tites said

Fag. a Lightly, was spotted Monday by a Madison Cruzhy law enforcement ofter all against a road near Alton to-1 shot

Sgr. C., and "Peter". Basts of the Medical Control Section Control Section Sec

Str RAY, Page 4

Sgt. Conrad "Pete" Baetz 'Damn, that is him

Ray

TEROM PAGE ONE

QUENTORING A.—

X.E.M. Tabletty, III. A defants County
Fig. 8. St. Petrol S. A description of the federal excepts in the federal excepts in the federal excepts from the federal except from the federal excepts from the federal excepts from the federal excepts from the federal excepts from the federal except from the federal excepts from the federal except from th

A spokerman at the FBI office in Indianapolis, a which is handling the investigation of the Jordan Valenting. In a superior, "We are not seeking bind to that it purpose," the spokerman said. "We are not sweet presently of any connection be but with this matter." Represently of any connection be but with this matter." Represently of any connection be but with this matter." Represently of any connection between the said said investigator for the House Select Committee on Assistantians of the hold tabled to Ray several times. In Including twice when he served Ray with the conjuries may be the desired to the served Ray with the conjuries on the served Ray with the conjuries of the conjuri

J. 36 J.

On Monday, when Basez told his wife, Madifyen, that a man they saw whithing on the road looked like Ray, she suggested he take another look.

I turned sortund and drove past his again, "he said." I said. 'Dama, that is him, "heart said.

Since he was in civilian clothes and was with his said." Bast, went G. a heartly turner and called the shell. Bast went G. a heartly turner and called the shell. Bast waited for Deputy Thomas Bearce to a rive. Then, as Bearce taked to Ray in front of the patro car, Beatz approached from the other side.

"Then he turned around; that confirms his identity."

"Then he turned around; that confirms his identity."

wer John Larry Ray, so I stuck my gue in his face and toff him he was unded arress. After he had been payed down and handcuffed, I asked him if he renembered me. He fooked at me and said, 'Oh, hi Comed I thought you were in Endurance and said of him him county veine included Alman.

Baett said Ray, who was wearing a thue keisare said, did not resid arrest Baetz would not command non-reports that a leaded pistol was found in a shappang by Ray was carrying. Baetz said that, no ayond micriering with the investigation of the Liberty bank

produced in evidence of that
Bests and the believer Ray should by guar-notice
about the shooting last month of civil ingite teacer
Vermon Jordan tr Fort Wayne, Ind.

"There is nothing it indicate John Larry Ray was involved." Bear said "Hawever, the prescribity should not be ignored. The pre-schility that John Larry Ray was involved in the King assessmature with this brother has not been eliminated and the circumstances with Jordan eart eliminated and the Circumstances with Jordan eart elimon indicate, a to for fifth was used Jordan Peader of the National Urban League, was shou in front of the National Window so of Jordan sound like the first reports on King I would never agrove the possibility. But there is nothing to indicate a probability." Assistance Monday with Ray "II was a 10 million-to 1 sheet Time without a doubt the only guy in the area that has met John Jarry Ray.

Larry Ray.

The FBI had been among several agencies: Searching for Ray. The FBI entered the case only last need, when the bursan and St. Louis police were notified of Ray's scape four months after the fact St. Louis Police Cheef Eugene J. Camp and Robert Kingsland, U.S. antoney for the Eastern Discret of Missouri, were critical of the delays, saying they should have been notified immediately.

Bast manned the St. Louis area office of the House Assassinghouse Committee in 187 and 1978 white in a leave of abbence from his job with the Madisar County. Sherffer Department Basts had been assigned in Jean whether James Earl Ray had accomplices in this area. James Ray was born in Alice and Novel in

Before connect the Several years in St. Louis.

Sectif is a native of Ahon. Refore
Sheriff's Department in 1970, he wa
technician with Army latelligence. I was originally scheduled to testify before the House Select Committee on Assassinations during the first part of March. So was Jerry Ray. Because of illness, I was unable to travel, and my testimony was rescheduled for mid-April. Jerry Ray was also rescheduled for mid-April.

I was told by Baetz to drive to Marietta, Georgia, pick up Jerry Ray and drive together to Washington, P.C. to try and get information from him.

I was told repeatedly by Bactz to make <u>sure</u> that I shared rooms in Washington, D.C. with Jerry Ray so that I could:

1) Report statements and feelings between members

of the Ray family.

 Report statements and feelings between members of the Ray family and their attorneys.
 Be in a position to search Jerry Ray's personal belongings to look for anything that might be of import; to the H.S.C.A. (to search the room while the Committee held up Jerry Ray in hearings.)

After finding written documents in the search of the room, Bastz told me to mail the documents to his Post Office Box in Wood River, Illinois. (Clarification-Copies of the documents)

Bactz told me that a meeting was held in Washington, D.C. attended by FMI Director Webster, Attorney General Griffin Bell, H.S.C.A. Chief Attorney G. Robert Blakey and a fourth party to discuss the contents of the documents.

Allver Patterson

The all structibed before me on this 10th day of January, 1980.

ion expired:

EXn. 6

House Select Committee on Assassinations investigater, Conrad "Fete" Baeta often told me stories on how the House Select Committee of Assassinations would harass the Ray family, particularly Jerry Ray.

Several times I heard Baetz talking to Michael C. Eberhardt, Special Counsel for the !!.S.C.A. about slowing up and/or avoiding payments to Jerry Ray for travel expenses to Washington, D.C. for reimbursement for testimony travel.

Several conversations concerned calling and/or writing Jerry Ray to tell Jerry Ray that Jerry Ray could and would be called to reappear before the H.S.C.A. for additional testimony by Jerry Ray. Baetz would then tell me that they had no intention of recalling Jerry Tay until late fall and with laughter in his voice and expression would say "we'll screw him up all summer.

SWO-04 FO AND SUBSCREENED before me on this 10th day of January, 1980.

Julia Vynn Benton Mytary Public

My Comin ton expires:

Eth-H.