Mrs. Raphaela Seroy Richard Gallen and Co. 260 Fifth Ave., New York, NY 10001

Dear Raphaela,

Tuesday I got a copy of Posner statement to a House committee. Wednesday I mailed Richard an Epilouge based on it. (Berhaps it should be Chapter XXXII)Yesteday I got - from California - what I use for two insertions that are enclosed that I wrote this morning. I send these now because it seems probably that will eliminate the need to insert them after you have done the retyping.

I have begun to prepare other insertions for the most part based on what I did not have when I did the writing.

I'll hold them until I get the remainder to read. I'll then be able to indicate when where they go on your pages.

That I am so very, very anxious to get!

I hope you all have the best of holiday seasons!

Sincerely,

Epilogue Gerald Posner GIVES THE CONGRESS THE BENEFIT OF HIS WISDOM, KNOWLEDGE
AND "WALL STREET LAWYER" OPINIONS

In response to the pressures created by Oliver Stone's movie <u>JFK</u> and the controversy around it that I began the Congress passed a law to require the disclosure of JFK assassination recorda.

I was responsible for the controversy over that movie. By sole objection to it was that Stone had announced it as his telling the people who killed their President, why and how, and doing that on the basis of On the Trail of the Assassins, Jim Garrison's hook about the one trail that to my knowledge he never took. It is not possible to do a non-fiction movie based on that book. I gave the Washington Post Falitzer-Prize winning reporter George Tardner a copy of the script that had been given to me and access to my records of how I prevneted Garrison from commemorating the fifth anniversary of that assassination but an even more outrageous desecration that his charging Shaw,

Oswald and Ferrie with that assassination. Lardner and I were both well aware that the controversy would probable make more money for the movie and for Stone but the record for history was made straight.

If the government that is, in Justice Cardoza's wisdom, for good or ill the teacher of us all, had ever intended to live within the existing laws there would be a supposed to a second the law it passed in 1992 to require the disclosure of all of the second that can be disclosed. The 1966 Freedom of Informatation Act required that if requests were made for thier disclosure. I made such requirests, the government refused to abide by the law, and then in 1974, citing one of my earliest FOIA lawsuits as creating the need, the Congress amending the investigator files exemption of FOIA to open the files of the FBI, the CIA and other such agencies to access under FOIA.

The volume of records transferred to the National Archives for disclosure was great. Most accounts give the number of pages as a million. But it was also soon apparent that many of the supposedly "new" disclosures were duplicates of what had been disclosed earlier. Of them about a quarter of a killion pages were given me as the result of that dozen lawsuits I filed to compel their disclosure to me.

The 1995 1992 law required the President to appoint a review board to supervise compliance with it. President George Bush, while ordering compliance, did not appoint that board. He left that to incoming President William Clinton. A year after that law was passed Clinton still had not appigited that board. But some agencies did begin to comply.

John Newman, a professors at the "niversity of "aryland, College Park who had spent 18 years in the Army, retiring as a major in intelligence, examined some of those disclosed by the CIA. He tells me that in them he found that contrary to the CIA's earlier statements under oath, that it had had neither interest in nor any contact with Oswald, three different components had and recorded their interest in him before the CIA ez established a "201" file on him, a personality profile file. Newman also tells me that he found proof that Oswald as interviwed by the CIA on his return from the USSR.

Nogh of this im is in Posner's book. He says, indebted as he was and remains to the CIA, the exact opposite. His reproduction of the CIA's perjuries and other lies is absolutely faithful to them. This, too, makes him an outstanding expert. After all, is not his book the definitive biography of Oswald, as he and his publisher never stopped claiming?

So authoritative and dependable, so all-inclusive that it makes no mention at all of the fact that contrary to all official representations, contrary to what the Navy gave the Warren Commission and the Commission said, Oswald had an exceptionally high security clearance was as a Harine. It was "CRYPTO", and that has a a prerequisite his having a "TOP SECRET" clearance. Posner knew this from my 1967 book, Oswald in New Orleans. That is the one of my books Psoner does not include in his bibliography. It also is one of my books that he used in a faulted, a factually incorrect criticism of me and of a minor point I had made of Oswald's career in New Orleans. What he misuse misused, as we have seen, comes uniquely from that one book of all I have written all that have been ritten by others.

Now it happens that my friend Hal Verh, a San Francisco commercial artist, was with me when I broadcast on a KNEW radio talk show in mid—December, 1966, after the

When after the end of that show I spoke to that man it is without question that he had known Oswald. He said he had just started a new business and wanted not to get involved in any controversy. But he had wondered why after Oswald so-called "defection" to the OSSR Navy intelligence did not interview him. He also wondered why after Oswald was ordained the only assassin no investigator from any government component had wanted to speak to him.

He was troubled and he was troubled more because all they said about Oswald was unlike the man he knew. With whom he shot pool, with whom he led I istened to classical music, with whom he had discussed serious matters.

He is the one who told me that Oswald had that exceptionally bigh security clearance. I reported the above in Oswald in New Orleans.

On returning home I checked the Commission's records and make sure enough, there is confirmation for all this manufalty former "arine friend of Oswald told me. In that 1967 book my recounting of this unusual call begins on page 85. On the next page I refer to it as "part confessional, part w shame mixed with self-pity and self-derogation, part fear and all worry. " This was a genuinely troubled man, troubled by the false account of the man he had known so well and troubled by his government's gross, really crude dishonesty in the investigation of the assassination of the President.

After going to into Oswald's having an assignment back in the California that required at least a secret security clearance (pages 90 ff) I also cited the Ciamission testimony of the man, then a marines captain, who had been Oswald's boss in that radar trailer in which all that highly-classified equipment was kept and used, John E. Thovan. (pages 92ff) He testified to all the secrets Oswald had to have from that work and to the fact that it required at least a secret clearance.

As recounted marker, the Commission's own records reflect Oswald's interest in ohmny Kormundi.

classical music and in NewOrleans I found a par keep who knew him as a boy there and in knew which pool hall in Exhange Alley he shot pool. That harks approximate Kormundi's boas, known as "Ma" Sagyer, owned and operated the Society Page bar. She also lived in the same building in which hargie "margur Marguerite Oswald has beel lived, as I recall the marker paper apartment on the second floor of that Exchange Alley Building. "Ma" Sawyer confirmed what Kormundi had said about the boy Oswald.

(Oswald's favority opera, by the way, was Tschaikowski's Queen of Spades.)

Wilft all of this and more in Oswald in New Orleans and with all the hoopla by

Posner and Random House and the the all the sycophantic, unquestioning media about

Posner's definitive biography of Oswald as the assassin-to-be as a boy, when Posner made
on appearance in his SaN Francisco home town Hal Verb made it a point to be there, with

firends. When he told me about his questioning of Posner and of Posner's responses,

really non-responses, I asked him to writ me a letter briefly recounting that matter.

In

(I author's files, dated December 15, 1993).

Posner's apearance to liscuss his book was at the Green Apple book store, "Dr. (Gary) Aguilar (an opthalmalogist) pointedly made reference to Posner's misleading use of Sylvia Meagher's comments and his failure to quote fully from her book." As we have seen, this is vintage Posner. Hal's letter reports no response to Aguilar.

"During the question period, Hal wrote me,

T got up and asked Posner two specific questions. The first of these had to do with Posner's references to you in his book. The question I asked was, "why did you (Posner) omit any reference to Weisberg's book, "Oswald in New Orleans" in your bibliography when in your (Posner's) text you specifically stated that Weisberg wrote six books and clearly "O in N.O." was one of the six"? Posner immediately replied that he only listed those books he actually referred to in his book. I immediately countered this "explanation' as being not true

as Posner had referred to Oswald's transposition of address

Aut

(sic)

april

street numbers in his address book and that the only place Posner would've found this information would have come from Weisberg's "O in N.O.". Posner appeared embarrassed at my reply and could offer no reply to my point.

ON the second question by myself, Posner seemed almost caught in a tangled web of misdirection when he avoided my question. My query to him was to the effect that he had not properly explored the possibility of Oswald as an agent of the (U.S.) government by not going to the various intelligence agencies and confronted them with known indications of Oswald representing others than himself (I supplied instances from your book, "O in N.O."). His rather vacuous reply to this was that he knew that had he done so he would've gotten no satisfactory answers on this point. (I thought to myself: is this what we mean when we say "investigative reporting"?).

Stell

That Posser is a continuous liar is not new. nor is it new to the reader that his is anything but the "definitive" biography of Oswald nor that rather than closing the case his book opens a case against him and hus publisher and their official collaborator, the CIA. This matter of Oswald's having so unusual a security clearance is not worth including in Posner's book when he knew about it from my book that he so brazenly lied and said he did not have or use?

official candidate for Presidential assessin that the fact that he had such an acceptional clearance? Or that he learned Russian while in the Marines or that he got a fraudulent discharge when he his negistment was almost over and went to Russia? Could we now how manufactured for it?

Do not look for even the merest passing reference in this most definitive of biographies of Oswald to his having gotten a fraudulent discharge and to not have been charged with that on his return to the United States from the USSR. There is no reference to it. Posner has nine references to "military discharge" under Oswald. All except the forst are mere passing references to it. The first reference to it, as a "dependency discharge" (pages 32-3) is an encapsulation of what Posner did not supprress of what he knew. "e makes it appear to be a normal "discharge" (on page 32) and at now point tells the reader it was ar obtained by a prosecutable fraud.

That it as obtained by fraud and was indictable and that Oswald was not indicted for it Posner did not have to learn for himself. He learned in in Whitewash (page 124) and

(This is not by any means the only time Posner did not know the names of those of whom he writes. That he got wants well-known names wrong, even street names, is still another cause for wonder about how much of this work he did himself. Posner could not have prad much attention to or had much interest in Oswald as the special kind of special radar operator he was without know that his superior was a captain and not a lieutenant and that he was ohn, not Charles. Still again, this harkens back to Posner's boast about having read and indexed those 26 large Commission volumes. Donovan was a witness, he did testify, his testimony is published in those volumes Posner claims to have both read and indexed, and Posner does not know either his name or his rank?)

Leo indicated but does not say that he quotes this from Richard Reeves book, <u>President</u>
Kennedy.

In commenting on its review of that book, Dr. James W. Kasch (correct), of Oaklandr wrote the San Funcisco Chronicle of that "' persistent persistent venereal disase disease' is not a meaningful medical doagnosis. Neither are 'frequent mysterious, recurrent high fevers,' except in older novels." Published in the 11/28/93 Chronicle)

Of what else Leo's prejudicially-titled "T he' weathering of Camelot" aricle says here,

that book, as we have seen, he perused with such a sharp to he spotted four noncontinuous words of a page of six hundred words and he then misuses that.

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Readers of w this definitive biography wondering about any security clearance Oswald had in the "arines will not find that in Posner's index. Nor, if they have heard of Captain John Donovan as Oswald's superior in his that radar bubble or van, he was in will he be able to locate that from Posner's index. Unless it is a suspicious reader who uses the index and suspects that maybe to Posner's listing on "Donovan, Charles," is really to Captain Charles. If the reader cheack that he will find Posner saying that "Ideutenant Chal Charles Donovan, the officer in charge of Oswald's radar team..."

(page 22)

With this added glimpse of Posner's dependability and the definitiveness of his Oswald binography that as we have seen to told the CNN audience and other audiences is the most important part of his book, let us procede to the 30th anniversary of the JFK assassination. Random Hou'e marked that anniversary with a fill-page ad in U.S.News and World Report dated the day of the assassination. That ax was long after they peak of hardback copies of the book was past and when the coming august 1994 paperback a rather unusual time for placing so costly an add when the probability of a return of that cost was slight.

On its part, U.S. News considered that an appropriate occasion for a scurrilous attack on the martyr whose assassination it had earlier exploted by paying Posner and Random House for the right to use 20/full magazine pages of rehash of the book when it first apeared in August of 1995. The commemoration article by John Leo is an exaggerated rehash of the JFK revisionism. Its conclusion before with a factual error and it was gives no sources fixed it final two paragraphs. They begin with the untrue statement that the press managed to miss, although it was virtually dimped in their laps by the Lyndon Johnwon's people at the 1960 Democratic convention, was that Jack tennedy was virtually a cripple. He had serious slipinal problems, Addison's disease, recurrent infections, persected the autopsy it was not true. Then, "The wonder of it was that

and elsehwere. He played touch football, sailed his boat alone on the rough Atlantic and was photographed doing those and other things vigorously.

shabby in its self-from other and

Not content with this resc indecency in explicitation, U.S. News extended text to include the President personally and the institution of the presidency in the exploitation and its convercialization for the benefit of Case Closed, providing new and the best of plugs for it in any additional hardbkack reprints, of for advertising any coming hardback reprints, and for spectacular advertising and promotions of the paperback that in correspondence with others Posner said was due in September.

As it says in its Dexerter issue dated December 13, 1993 (page 37) ifs "White grad file. House correspondents Kenneth T. Walsh and Matthew Cooper" had an exclusive interview with President Clinton there are "last week", in the eval office. Of all the urgent national issues the Bresident could have been asked about, his responses to six anly are published. The fifth was fuestion not published about the about the assassination of President Kennedy. What lends itself to commercialization and exploitation is the President's comment that he'd read " a little bit" if it and "I thought it was pretty persuasive."

What the President thinks of the book to which <u>U.S.News</u> devoted a large part of an issue to is that urgent a national question is it one of <u>only six</u> that magazine believed newsworthy enough to be reported? (The sixth is his reaction to the disclosured of the content of some of the tapes of his conversation made by President Johnson and what he thinks about Johnson and his presidency.)

Is there anything more likely that if this blurb dones not apear on any hardback edition the paperback with boast and advertise that the President of the United States found that book "Pretty persuasive"?

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was that such a sickly, detached and cautious president, filled with cold old cold-war ideas and only repiffy promulgating change, should have ries released such energy among the goung." It then states that Kenedy was opposed to the changes blacks wanted.

We did have two and a half years of a very public Kennedy during his administration.

He held regularly news conferences, ab out one each week, and was photographed entering and leaving them. His autopsy reports he was "well muscled." That is hardly "sickly." Detached? After the Cuba Missile crisis? Detached when he got us the first limited test-ban agreements then he proposes all the legislation he proposed, when he rather than opposing black longings had the civil-rights bill introduced in the George Wallace/ Strom Thurmond racist era? "Tid-Gol "Old cold-ear ideas" in his correspondence with Khruschev when they groped toward ending the cold war? Detached in preventing World War III with his ettlemment of that Cuba missle crisis in October 1963, 1962?

Neither his autopsy nor the subsequent history of his family reflects anything like what is expectable from "persistent venereal dida disease."

The same character assassins protray him not as sickly but as a sexual athlete.

Whatever slander suits at any moment is the one they exploit.

They exploited the assassination anniversary to vilify the martyr with this kind of "commemoration."

book. Harved and could have severed no The perfore,

He gave the Suncommittee on egislation of the House of Representatives Committee on Ghvernment Operations the benefit of his subject-matter expertise, maturity, wisdom and "Wall Street lawyer" expertisopinion when it was considering how the government was complying with that 1992 Kennedy-assassination records disclosure law. He prepared his statement in advance for his presentation of it to that committee on November 17,1993, four days before the anniversary and coinciding with that "andom flouse full-page additional statement in the sunch that "andom flouse full-page additional statement i

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The utter shamelessness, of this ffaud, this poseur, this]honey, this subjectmatter ignoramus, this thief in his seeking to misuse every opportunity to plug
on November 17, 1993
his book is apparent in his statement prepared to be presented/to the House Of Representatives Suncommittee on Legislation affithm and National Security of the Committee
on Government Operations. Its then interest was the 1992 act requiring disclosure of
JFK assassination records.

Some of his baloney will need no amplification. Some I do comment on.

He begins by saying he will inform it about the effectiveness of that Act. He is no to have with a respective find the subject of the information of what had been disclosed to be able to comment on the new releases.

His second purpose, he says, it "to dispel some of the baseless speculation" in the case. Again, he does not know enough to know what all is pseculation. And he does not mention his own, without which he would not have had any book at all.

After a gratuituous plug for his book he actually comes up with this superspectacular lie that should be consider with all the other claims he made for what he did in little more than a yar year, like those 200 interviews and all the travel that required, reading all the books he claims to have read, and reading and indexing those 10,000,000 word of what the Commission published about which, as we have seen, he is so ignificant he was reduced to citing it from secondary sources:

"My research included not only a review of the body of the work generated by both the Warren Commission and the House Selecte Committee on Assassinations (an additional 14 volumes!), but also several hundred thousand pages of documents released through Freedom onf Information requests and lawsuits over the past teenty-five years as well as nelwant documents and make the purpose of private and wadness."

Allowed the property of the property of

Only his shyster's use of the words "review keeps this from being a total lie. He can claim that does not mean what his statement is clearly intended to mean, that he had made a real, a definitive study of what he cites. He did not and he never intended to.

"reviewed" those ""several hundred thousand pages" of documents disclosed under FOIA, here. He was here only three days. he did not once examine any of those massive

yay

files I got and to which he had access. And colld he have, in three days? I know of nothing he examined other than my "subject" file. It is my selection from those several hundred thousand pages that either I thought might later interest me or on which believed others might express have an interest. But they are but a minuscule fraction of all those records of which he retains the most outstanding and total ignorance.

As he book so amply reflects!

After beasting of those 200 interviews the sole putpose of which was to enable him to suppress what he did not want to say he has the gall to then boast of his Mosenko imterview. He says of it no more than that it was Nosenko's first that was "public" and it was not that, and that it was the first time he "spoke publicly about Oswald. " The latter is false no matter how it is interpreted. What Hosepko told the FEI was public and I pubstified the essence of it in 1975. As we have seen the essence that Posner used that interview to suppress from his book and from his readers. Beside, Edward Jay Epstein also interviewed Nosenko for his book of a decade earlier, Legend (New-York Mr. Maw-H, 11 1978.)

Ponser shamelessly lies in saying he "discovered primary documents" that had been

about toverlooked by the two previous governmet investigations."

There is not a single citation in his book to a single such document and in referring to only two government investigations he misstates. He apparently referred to the Commission and the House assassins committee. How about all those government agencies and their investigations? The FBI's? The Secret Service's? The GTAY CIA's? Those of the military? On of glicked Ford's Rochefeller Comun usion?

He boats also that he used "the latest computer enhancements and animation studies, technology unavailable to the previous government investigations." But he doe not say that they produced anything new and they not only did not there they were not even intended to!

It is obvious that this shameless exploiter and commercializer was misuing the Congress to plug his book and himself with nothing that was truthful or had any meaning other than this crude self-promotion.

And to make and leave a completely dishonest permanent Congressional record about him and his book for histor and for later exploitation.

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Ignorant of both the laws and regulations and of the documents themselves he next says what he contradicts in the very same paragraph. First it is that "The normal rukes for sealing documents by both government agencies and congressional investigations should no longer apply in the Kennedy assassination."

Those "documents" are not "sealed." They are withheld, and not under his undescribed "rules" but under laws the most important of which are POIA and the Privacy Act. Yet go concludes this paragraph by praising the committee from which the 4992 law issued "for having so done an excellent job of balancing the many competing concerns for privacy and security versus the public's sbsolute need to know what is contained in the files."

If there is this undescribed "absolute need to know" then there is no place for any "balancing" of "comfeting conerns." Nothing, if there is this "absolute need to know," is to be "balanced." All is to be disclosed, wethout any balancing.

Thus if some enemy told the FBI that Gerald Posner sleeps with both bots and girls and adds to his kicks by using whips on them, aided and abetted by his wife, and that he has pictures taken of his sexual indulgences and seals them only to perverts, that, in Posner mature judgement, there is this "absolute need to know" if it is scontained in the files, " as is true of some such records that were disclosed to me.

If he his wife has noctural sexual fantasies and discusses them with older woman friends, there is his "absolute need" to disclose that, too as certainly was done to be about another woman in records that were disclosed to me.

Or that another womn— and these people are all named in these files disclosed to me when they should not have been—slept with a man other than her husnable his band?

And how about the disclosure of hotel and motel registrations in which say a John forth of Podent is registered with his wife when that ohn Snoth's real wife is at home awaiting his return from his business trip? There is an "absolite" need to disclose that?

that a phoney Posner is! and how is storent. Studied for a lawyer, too , several hundred Mores and process of the In this statement he represented that he still studied all those disclosed

The word "researcher" as he uses it can only deceive. Anyone with reasonable intelligence can do research. But what do those people know about this subject matter? How can they really determine whether something is significant, even relevant, without the most detailed knowledge of the subject matter? They cannot and he knows they cannot. The only purpose they can serve, the only research they can do, is comb what they see for what they think can prove the phony case Posner did not prove, cannot prove and cannot be proven. As M May .

Suppose, for example, his researchers" saw the name Paul Aebersold in a document, or Lacombe, Louisiana, of of the corporation Union Carbide, of the places Davis, California, how could they possibly know, as I am confident Posner does not, the significance of these names and places in the investigations?

As we have seen, Posner himself does not know that Pontchartrain is a lake, not a river, but he refers to it as a river. He did not know Captain Donovan's first name or rank, so could he expect his researchers to?

Moreover, it is obvious that those alleged researchers did not report to him what others who are competent and informed found in thos very records his supposed substitutes allegedly worked in for him. Otherwise he would have had public conniptions.

This kind of "testimony" is the cheapest kind of trickery! "Willy was Does any one of his substitutes know what has been disclosed earlier? Obviously

Does any one of his substitutes know what has been disclosed earlier? Obviously they do not and cannot without having read at least a quarter of a million pages!

And have in addition a working knowledge of the Warren Report, its 26 volumes of published appendices, https://doi.org/10.1001/journal.2007/j

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words. But practised and skilled shyster that he is he was careful not to use such words. The endy was careful to select words that have no meaning unless they means this - typical of all his writing and statements I have read.

Mis ing no opportunity to plug whihis book he says that it is only "the national furor created by" it that denied him "the oppostunity to personally review the newly released files." He surely could have done that when he was not on trips promoting his book or with the time he spent in controversy with those he does not agree with on the Amputer networks. He was not constantly on the raod with promotions.

But He (Knows what has been disclosed because "private researchers have examined the files at my request, and they have not only reported to me the results of their review, but have provided me woth copies of the materials in which I am interested."

The disclosed pages are said to total a million. Is it possible that those he says report to him read all those pages?

And when he sole interest is in Oswald's guilt, at most they have sent him what they spotted indicating Oswald's guilt. 496 A

If they were really subject matter experts, I would know who they are was and what they have done. He may have epople knowsepping such at the Archives going over some of the disclosed records but when they begin with his prejd prejudiced concept of scholarship, the presumption of Oswald's lone guilt; will they spot enything else or if they do, tell him about it or end him copies?

Does any one of them now what had been disclosed arlier? Obviously not!

Does any one of them know the results of the FBI's scientific testing? Again, obviously not. But if they did, Posner himself as saw to it that he was as ignorant of this essential evidence when he left here as he was when he got here. He did not look at any of those documents I got or at any single page of the large file of court records of that most important litigation, the suit over which the Congress amending FOUA in 1974 to open FRM, CIA and similar files files to FOIA access.

He says that he has interviewed both Belin and Blakey who, "between them, are familiar with most, if not all, the sealed records government files."

If Posner was not aware of this grim truth before Jim's testimony then he is both an incompetent and a subject-matter ignoramus on this basis alone. Without knowing the truth he cannot as responsibly present Blakey as an impartial and a dependable source or authority.

The last part of a single sentence in Jim's prepared statement preparatory to his testimony states the relati rality about Blakey and his committee. He testified that "265,000 pages of the approximately 540,000 pages that it (the FBI) made available to the House Select Committee on Assassinations are not Kennedy assassination records because they relate to organized crime activities."

Blakey was hung up on the mafia to begin with and he did not heal that sick mind during his investigation. In Im worther.

But what else does this mean about Blakey and his committee and about Posner the poseur?

behind him, Blakey got from the FBI only about a third of the number of JFK assassination records the courts forced it to give me - and Posner saw the file cabinets full of them when he was here. (He dif. Not will will him contents.)

The FBI was so contemptuous of Blakey when he first got that job its internal records copies of which bottained in C.A.75-1996 include its belief that it could get away with letting him see only part of what it had already given me, a private citizen!

Afit so clearly did!

So much for Blakey - not that there is not much more.

How about Belin, that

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This is preposterously false and Posner is again flaunting his ignorance, his dishonesty of both.

Aside from records releating to the mafia, and they do not relate to the JFK assassination, Blakev and his committee got considerably fewer pages of JFK assassination records from the FBI than it had already disclosed to me and were in the public domain! This is in Jim Lesar's testimony to that same committee! 497 A

My Matthe specialist in saying he is right because he says, he is right and nothing else matters as Fosner does not say, informed expert that he is, Belin ran the Rockefeller Commission for President Ford, after the Warren Commission and before the House assassins committee that Bellakey ran. Belin's word and judgement are disclosed in my 1976

reprint of my 1967 third book, Photographic Whitewash. There I publish in facsimile what Belin got from the CIA and suppressed from from that investigatio! It is the results of the CIA's National Photographic Interpretation Center's study of the Zapruder film to determine when what shots were fired. (pages 298 fff) These result contradicts what the Commission said and what Posner said! P Disprove is not an exaggeration, such is the expertise of that CIA center!

Asso what is Belin's word, or Blakey's, woth about anything at all?

Noreover, there is not, with regard to those files, any question about there being any "smoking gun" in them, Posner's words and quotation marks. Only the most conspicuous of subject-matter ignoramuses or shameless apologists could eee conceive that is possible because, as my coming Never Again! documents with some of those disclosed records in which Posner had no interest at all, the crime itself was never official investigated and was never intended to be.

So of course there is no "smoking gun" in them! But that is not the importance of those records at all. Their major importance is their reflection of how the government worked - of or did not work- in its supposed investigations of the crime and of whether or not it as truthfull to the people.

And guess what? Posner knew this! It is in the book he not only has but has in his bibliography! (page 5/3)

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Still plugging his book in the guise of informed testimony to the Congress jurice next intoned:

I am sometimes asked how I can so confidently call my book CASE CLOSED when there are hundreds of thousands of document pages about the assassination still to be released by the federal government? The relevant question is whether there is enough credible information available on the record to draw an overall conclusion about what happened in the assassination. If the answer is yes, then the documents will fill particulars about the event, but will not alter that conclusion.

Personification of probity that he is, at that very time Posner was confessing to some invite among the critics that he knew very well the case was not closed, the very 2case" he testified to the Congress he was so "confident" that he and he alone, Dick Daring that he is, had closed.

and hundreds of thousands of pages, they can only support has claimed closing of the case he knows he did not and could not close, they will only "fill in the particulars about the event." But no indeed, they "will not later that conclusions," that he had "closed" that "case."

There is more than enough information on the record to conclude that Oswald, acting alone, killed JFK." More, "the documents which will be released " - that those documents he knows nothing at all about - "will not contradict that conclusions."

As the reader has also seen, those documents are not needed to disprove the conclusions with which Posner began his formula book, to exploit and commercialize the assassination by claiming that the government got the right answer even though it did that by being wrong about everything. yaa "

He does admit that these to-be-disclosed documents met may belp fillin some of the details for historians." Of these missing details, all presuming Oswald's lone gyilt, he states three only. Aside from the ignorance of what was long disclosed that these questions represent and the fact that they are hardly the most important questions to be answered, his ignorance so dominates him his misstates all three:

i.e., what exactly did the

CIA, in 1963, know about Oswald's visit to Mexico City; is there a copy of the original Army Intelligence file on Oswald which was routinely destroyed in 1973; did Garrison concoct photos of Oswald with New Orleans adventurer David Ferrie in order to boost his unravelling case?

With regard to what the CIA knew, it is not merely about Oswald's visit to exico City but what did it know about Oswald himself? Including whether it had had any wontact or any relationships with him.

With regard to what he refers to so "the original Army Intelligence file on Oswald,"

as usuali, Posner does not know what he is talking about. The file he(refers to that

of "army intelligence" was that one one of its many components, the one based in San

It was the state of one of its many components, the one based in San

Antoniou. That is the one, as he does Posner does not say, Paul toch, of perkeley,

California identified long before Posner saw the commercial possibilities in a formula

exploitation of the assassination first spread the report that Oswald as some kind

of "red." Moreover, there were at least three such army files destroyed. And they were

not destroyed to "poutinely" but in defiance of law and regulation, Both, as I established

from full file drawer of copies of laws and regulations, which required the permission

of the National Archives for any such destruction of historical records becase the

Archives has the right to keep them. That this had happened, not routinely, I larned

learned from an Army FOIA official who was about to retire. He wrote, in response to

my request, identifying those three files and telling me that they had been destroyed. I

Then Les Whitin)

gave that information to Tack Anderson through his associate who was a friend of mine

and that column, the Washington Herry-Go Round," then the most widely distributed of all columns, published it.

ASo much for Posner's definitive scholarship or for the use he made and intended making when he was not limited to the three days he spent in unsupervised access to and copying of my files.

That Texas Army intelligence file was destroyed at Indiantown Gap, Tennsylvania, after it had been transferred to that Army installation. (All The above in authors files.)

Posner's third queation is both stupid and false because "arrison did not make any such photo up. However, as Posner could have learned for himself if he had had any interest in making any real investigation of Oswald in New Tleans, as clearly he did not, he could have located such a real photograph that the PBS TV show commemorating the thirtieth assassination anniversary dired. That show aired it. Moreover, as Posner dies not at any time state, that Perrie was not officially active in the Carratxine ivil Air Patrol when Oswald as in it does not mean that he was not active in it unofficially. The FBI records I've had for more than two decades make it apparent that Perrie was unofficially connected with it. If Posner had looked in the filexin whisehabassapz under Ferrie, David," he would have seen those FBI reports.

This country has innumerable David Luis wan who can give much better questions that remain to be asked than beese three that need no answer inxhalmingxtaxanderstand to "help fill in many of the now missing details" of importance to historians about the assassination. But if Posner was even in the right area in these three, the only

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questions he told the Congress had to be answered for the assassination to be understood by "hoitrians," not one of how has asked any one of them, how about what Posner did know from my 1967 book he had and used in his book and lied saying he did not have or use it, Oswald in New Orleans He saw in it that Oswald had a TOP SEECRET and a CRYPTO security clearance as a Marine. How he could have held such an an exceptionally high security clearance as a Marine with his unhidden political interests is not a question to be answered? That his having this high clearance, a prerequisite for the work he did as a faither "arine, is not a question to be answered once he is accused of being the lone assassin? That there is no disclosed official record of this, inclduing in what the Navy gave the Commission, is not a real question requiring an honest answer?

Pontificating Posner, as in his book, told the Congress, which knew it much better than he, that "Certain rules are condistant, such as the use of the most contemporaneous witness statements." But he did not, as we have seen, practise this in his book. His only apparent reason for those 200 interviews was to get those people to say an almost 30 years later what is the opposite of what they were on record as saying contemporaneously. How many instances of this we have seen in our examination of his book without examining all of them!

The this came from the writer who so depended on the Bringuiers and the Badeauxes and their ilk, "The of the major problems with the Bennedy assassination is that the field is cluttered with so many spurious sources." He says it is this that makes it possible to "prove" anything. But what he does not say, as is by now clear to the reader, he personally did just that, used later statements by spurious" sources, and that, is essential to his book.

He got so carried away with himself and his concoction that he then d. There are more people today who claim to have been in Dealey Plaza than could physically have fit there." There is no way of knwoing how many people "could have fit there," but the very few nuts of whom he speaks, a mere handful at most, could not have found it impossiblem to fit" within what at the least is the area of a square city block, 400 or more feet in each direction.

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Without any taint of honest he continues pontificating, deceiving the Congress as he does. Referring to "Most issues in the case have yes or no answers," which is not at all true from the case record, he ixxx illustrates this without an snwer, "EiTher Oswald did or did not enter the Book Depository with a refile the day of the assassination." As we have seen, inoo of the official evolence at the time of the official investigation is that he did not and could not have. As we have also seen, by violiting his own precent as he had just put it, those "certain rules" and that are "constant," what is best evidence is "contemporanéous witness statements", he fabricated precisely the opposite story, that Oswald did bring the rifle there that day. In this, as we have also seen, Posner had many other lies and ignored much other unequivocal evidence, like that the well- piled rifle in which Oswald allegedly carried it in a hand-made paper sack left-noting even the tiniest trace of oil on that bag in which the rifile was wrapped while he carried it by hand, from the top, or while to lay on the back seat of Duell Wesley Frazier's car. In this Poster added magic oil on a magic rifle to the magic of that famous bullet and of the tree, or a branch of it or a wing twig on a brach of that tree, all of which were so magical.

Nearing the end he could not have told a bigger lie, as we have so burnly seen, that to tell the Congress that in his book he "concluded that Oswald acted alone in assassinating President John F. Kennedy, from a review of the public record." As this book proves so repetitiously, his alleged conclusion, which is what he began with, is disproven by that "public record" of the official evidence itself.

Were this not enough, this most successful of the commercializers and exploiters of that assassination, this their literary thief, this con man, this phney, this palpable fraud, says of alls others, built is time to stop denigrating the memory by turning the case into a pop culture game of who did it'? Let us allow Jack Kennedy to rest in peace."

That with his record, his book, his statements in all those appearance, Posner conuld say this wethout laughing and without all others/puking is remarkable.

When the law itself requires disclosure of all government assassination records that can be disclosed, there is no point at all in Posner's testimony that those records should be disclosed. However he got at the committee to listen to him, it got no benefit at all from his endorsement of the purposes of the law that was passed a year earlier to require the fulfilling of those purposes.

There is nothing else in Posner's statement other than propaganda for his untemable beliefs, self-promotion and promotion of the commercial possibilities remaining for his very dishonest book he tougsbeforesthensknews knew before he put a word on paper would inevitable be givery dishonest book. I b.