SHADOW OF A HAP Y ENDING * AN EPILOGUE

When the manuscript was completed, I mailed it to my agent in New York.

Forewarned by the experience of the past, when properly addressed letters were never delivered or returned, though they had correct return addresses, where mailed manuscripts were never delivered, delivered belatedly or only in part, were opened and examined without the effort to hide the intrusions into the rights and privacy of writers, I insured it and sent it by "special handling". I can drive to New York in five hours. Nine days later John Starr phoned to ask where it was. I gave him the insurance identification.

That night he phoned back to say he had checked with the New York post office and its investigation, which it assured him was intensive, established that the manuscript was not in New York; The post office searched the various—substations, and it was not, by accident, in any one of them.

The next morning, on my way to New Orleans, I mailed the copy isngiscomos the Italian publisher of WHITEWASH: THE REPORT ON THE WARREN REPORT, had asked to see. Thus was publication of this book delayed, both here and abroad, and its revelations denied the citizens who can function in a democratic society only when they are informed.

The carbon copy was making "registered". This requires the post office to keep it under lock and key at all times. In its sweep through New York, it magically scooped up the ribbon copy from some substation and John got the two at one time. Such interferences, the post office assures me, are only the manifestation of the consummate ineffection it has attained over the generations of its operation, the now normal worst possible service it renders. Nothing unwind, it dry - curtainly we interference with my writing.

SHADOW OF A HAPPY ENDING - AM EPILOGUE

My own investigations in New Orleans were fruitful, thanks entirely to the wonderful and friendly people I found there, people who were not afraid.

Not that all or even most of the potential witnesses in Jim Garrison's investigation do not live in fear -they do. Perhaps his major problem with witnesses is Many who took pictures at the time of the assessination and whose pictures were of no interest to the FBI, are not heard from. Pictures taken immediately before or after the firing may be of greatest value.

information also are silent.

what I learned in my own investigation ranges upward from the trivial but interesting. My own step-brother, Dr. Jack Kety, of Covington, Louisians, just a little past the training-camp site of the Lacombe-Mandeville road from New Orleans, had treated David Ferrie seven years earlier. Another Eastern Airlines pilot, one of Jack's patients, persuaded Ferrie to consult a doctor about his hair loss. Ferrie considered himself expert on everything, including medicine. But he saw Jack before his manie took total possession of him. It is not the romantic but never described accident, that "explosion" that caused the loss of his hair, nor the dripping of bettery acids in a plane, what he told Garrison, THATEX It was an unromantic disease.

When the sex charges were entered against Ferrie, he stopped going to Jack.

Until then he was suffering from a slopecie areta. It was responding to Jack's science and fuzz head had started to grow back in the bald spots. Without proper attention, it degenerated into slopecie totalis and rendered him hairless.

Then there was Orest Pene, who does not like his neighbor Carlos Bringuier.

An Associated attenty

Bill Martin, of Carrison's staff, who is fluent in Spanish, accompanied me when I interviewed Orest. Rightly or wrongly, as only the future can attest, we were both impressed by this new American's dedication to his new country. In discussing his attitude to his neighbor who is the darling of the Hargis wing of the radical right, it seemed to Pena that the most insulting thing he could say of Bringuier is that were they a change of government in Tube, Pringuier would go back there.

To Orest, it is inconceivable that anyone, even a native Cuban, would voluntarily leavet the 'nited States. Others may be afraid, but not Orest. With Bill Martin's fluency in Spanish to overcome my unfamiliarity with Orest's accent, we learned more from this new citizen, who does not fear getting involved and I think thereby shows a concept of citizenship that should be the standard of those born to it. When we talked about FBI Agent Warren deBrueys, Pena added the charge that after he testified before Liebeler deBrueys visited him at the Habana bar. When Pena entered his place of business he saw deBrueys sitting nervous, tense and quivering. The FBI man, he says, threatened him. Although Pena is a slight man, neither tall nor heavy, he says he invited deBrueys outside. His invitation was not accepted.

"Take me before the grand jury!" Pens demanded."I will tell them everything I know. Bring the whole New Orleans press in!"

He was baffled when we sought to explain to him that the grand-jury proceeding is and must be secret. I think he began to suspect us when we told him about the need for grand-jury secrecy, and I think he did not really believe us when we tried to explain that the integrity of the law and the rights of the individual require this. Our discussion began in his modest apartment above the bar, continued at it, and ended in the street in front of it. He was still, from his expression, dubious at our assurance there was a proper time for the press to be present, and that was in open court.

Less than a week after my departure a few newspapers \none that Imsew)
in Marvland or from Washington, noted that Garrison had subpensed deBrueys and
Regis Kenne dy before the grand jury. He will call more FB/agusts.

There are other witnesses now evailable and willing. I was only the catalyst. There are people in every society who cannot extablish a repport with public authority and vice versa. Often a writer can speak to those free souls who are uncomfortable with official investigators.

The charm, beauty and individuality of the French Quarter, the ancient put pet of the city, is as the travel brochures assure, anguarter. The decibel level

Thus with further learning of the windows of bourban-street flesh, music and liquor emporia. The come-ons at other establishments are male. The cafe-au-lait at the other end of the Vieux Carre, at the French "arket, where the street level is below that of the Mississippi and the ships from a far tower over the patios, is made as it was a century ago. It is served with the traditional square doughnuts, popover-like beignets, hollow but calorie-laden (at the "Morning Call", modern only in its neon sign, one shakes the pwooders suger on these delicacies to his own teste from the now disappeared canisters that once were in every kitchen and on the counters of all the now-game neighborhood bakeries).

In the early-morning, late Spring sun, with tourists, merhcents from the wholesale fruit and vegetable ***Examples** emporis**, sailors from afar and native local stevedores a cosmopolitan mixture with those who just live in the Quarter and all sharing the delight of the at once delicate and lusty morning brew, gracefully and found powered by aging waiters who have spent their lives learning to handle shining, Simultoneous powers the band large, narrow-spouted pots of hot black coffee and hot milk in just the band

large, narrow-spouted pots of hot black coffee and hot milk in just the bold blend each patron prefers, it is inconceivable to the stranger that this same picturesque relic of the past, still painted with the pastels so pleasing to the eye, can at night be a sink of iniquity to the "square" and a haven of freedom for the indulgences of the modern hippies, the jive set and those whose tastes in sex are nemeconformists nonconforming.

Even at night, with the narrow sidewalks unable to accommodate the

penforce slow-moving throng of short-skirted women and neatly-dressed men

so they whole walk and talk, swing from bar to ber and enjoy the abundance of

that is no not support that this is a

execution food/generally available, it seems inconceivable to the stranger that

this graceful and beautiful relic of the past can be the seat of iniquity and

falsely nest of crime and vice. The stranger walks alone and safe during the hours of birry hun it multiplet, heavy traffic, dropping occasionally into the narrow streets clogged with heavy, one-way traffic when he has no choice, and is unaware of the darkness of the deeds in the small, low buildings that are denied him.

A few short blocks from the river, thanks to Richard Townley of WDSU-TV, the station of Oswald's "pro-Castro" appearances, I found the unofficial historian of the Quarter who had just completed what may be the definitive writing on voodoo. She is slim, trim, soft-spoken and knowledgeable Barbara Reid, whose slert and individual mind stores more than Madem LaFagre LaFarge worked into her knitting. The detail of the past and knowledge of the present incredibly retained in this pretty little head may be of great value, for the Quarter is part of the story of the assassination. And Barbara is as unafraid as she is hospitable.

If I svoid enlarging this book with the added detail of this personal investigation, it is not alone to speed its appearance. What has been most lacking since the first bullet splet into the late President is the working of American law, the functioning of organized society. That, today, is represented by District Attorney Jim Garrison, "The Jolly Green Giant" to Dean Andrews, a six-foot-sixer with heart and mind to match. It is time for him to have his chance, uninhibited by the secial needs and longings of writers as he takes to countrand before a jury that part of the story of the assassination he as the proper representative of ogganized society behieves he must.

Garrison is an intense and outgoing man with a dedication to his responsibilities as towering as his frame. If only one incorruptable public official has assumed public responsibilities with the assassination, + believe he is that one. Days and work have neither beginning nor end with him. They are continuous. In successive nights, I worked with him until one office and left him still working. His office refrigerator held nothing but assorted brands and flavors of canned liquid dietary preparations, the only food he took during the

long days in his office.

From the rest of the worldend the ends of our country reporters flooded into New Orleans in late former February and found him accessible. He was flailed with his own frankness and widely ridiculed. The local newspapers, the "Times Picsyune and the States-Item, according to local gossip, were out to "get" him, seconding to local goesip. I found their reporters the embodiament of the theoretical concept of American journalists and a refreshing restorative after long acquaintaince with the professional sycophants self-appointed as spokesman for the "establishment" and apologists for government. While hawking over Garrison with the questioning eye and mind that would have delighted MAYFISKN Jefferson, who believed a free press more escential than government, they conducted their own incredibly professional investigations. There is not a Merriman Smith among more famous for his "Thank you, "r. President" than his exposures, they work together. Where Smith violated the traditions and standards of the journalistic pool, denying his colleagues in the assassination-day their sole link with the rest of the world until he severed it and won the Pulitzer Prize for it, these men organized on unrequired pool" to better discharge their reportorial obligations in a democratic society.

Esckzwenzpey zwaszibszoulyxusuxinzibszourtekonszzbuildingxbeforezseven

Before seven o'clock the morning I decided to check out the strange address notations in Oswald's address book, the only man I found in the court house building aside from police was Reporter Jack Dempsey, credited in New Orleans with beginning the digging into Garrison's investigation. There Reserves to the foundation of the form of the digging into Garrison's investigation. There Reserves to the foundation of the form of

After I testified before the grand jury, the first writer and "private investigator" to do so, and the New Orleans press decided that I considered the

senctity of its proceedings and the proper working of the law more important than selling books, they trusted me and revealed to me what Jim Carrison and all his competent assistant district attorneys and skilled investigators did not know, that they had organized a cooperative investigation of their own. That in those limited aspects duplicating my own it confirmed me was gratifying, but that they did it at all, zmdxwithzintegrityz after my earlier experience with the high-salaried literary finks, was an inspirational restorative.

Theirs is the true Pulitzer-Frize journalism, not alone of this

caliber in New Orleans, if secret (as it should have been) and independent.

I found two paraflel but separate reportorial investigations about neither of

which Carrison knew. Richard Townley has an official of that of his competitors. On his own he found much that also interested

Garrison and he investigated it in his own way. He also learned what an official of the States-Item of the States-Item of the States-Item of the States-Item of the Company of the states of the states

The benner headline accross the top of the States-Item for April 25, 1967, reads, "Evidence Links CIA to DA Probe". A subordinate streamer reads, "Novel Says federal functions Theft 'Set Up' by Agency". Indications at that the influence helped deny Garrison his witnesses and their testimony as obstacle after obstacle was placed in his way in what L believe is a prostitution of the law, not a preservation of individual rights and liberties. Ohio officials found evasions and mechanisms they expressed in what amounted tops prior demand that the fugitive Novel be guaranteed immunity from not only prosecution but even questioning about

his tole. Sendra Moffett McMaines, an unpleasant secret of whose past I also preserve, moved from Nebraska into Iowas a state which does not honor the interstate criminal-witness compact. It is me ely accidental that in his flight wovel found sanctuary in whio and Sandra in Towa, or is the long federal hand reaching out and moving Garrison's witnesses like pawns in an intelligence chess game?

The first sentence of this news story asks a similar question and the second enswersit:

"Do the long tentacles of the Central Intelligence Agency reach deep into Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison's Kennedy dealth plot Investigation;

"There is mounting evidence they do, and at least one Garrison probe figute intends to use CIA connections as part of his defense".

continues, "have been named as acting for the super secret espionege organization - as informers, as couriers and munitions carriers".

Orleans, the ordnance was stored in Ferrie's home and Novel's and Benister's offices. And Control to offices. And from explosives there were land mines, rifle granades and a kird of small missle.

The New Orleans reporters are officing an another angle of this operation that involves the intelligence organization of a large European power. I preserve their confidence and will say nothing about it other than that its motivation was fascist.

When the entire story is dischosed, we may find one intelligence agency burglarizing another and more than one munitions theft.

Typically, Novel named among his still-living associates and for the first time Arcacha had nothing to say, still secure in Dallas where public officials, having sheltered him from the first, were still not assisting Louisiana authorities.

To me, these reporters, unknown outside their immediate areas, have picked up the torch dropped (if indeed ever held) by the relatively wealthy and famous by-line writers of international and unwarranted reputation. With no predictable reward aside from the confort and satisfaction of knowling they have assumed and discharged the traditional obligation of the press in a democratic society, these writers went about their work with such undeviating integrity that the rumor I found in some New Orleans circles is that "oke May and Richard Townley had been assigned to axe Garrison.

This is as it should be, for they should be independent of public authority and public watchdog over it while with equal independence and freedom they do their own investigating and discharge the informative responsibilities of all writers and reporters.

If only unknown reporters like these could have covered the proceedings of the Warren Commission instead of the famous men so willing to be corrupted by the Marke bribery of favored "leaks"! How different and more honorable our subsequent history might have been!

And so for the time, after finishing my third book on this most unpleasant subject in which an American writer can immerse himself I can for the first time report that if belatedly our society is beginning to function, for the first time since the innocent accused assassin was murdered while in the hands of public authority and only because public authority made it possible. For the first time those previously-unknown of the few of us who wrote books and articles from our own researches, investigations and analyses are joined by equally unknown reporters given voice by their newspapers and radio and TV stations.

More important, the courts and the law are again working, through indefatigable, included the fearless and I am confident incurruptable New Orleans Parish District I im Garrison and his staff of lawyers and investigators who work with the selflessness and dedication I find in him, without regard to hours or personal risk (all I saw carry pistols and know how to use them).

and with proper regard for the duties and obligations of public assistant district atterneys and investigators.

What we have from the split-second of the first assassination bullet in Dallas on "ovember 22, 1963, we may now get - a judicial determination of fact by an American jury, in a proceeding conducted in conformity with American law, presided over by an American judge. Garrison's path has not the roses of the Commission; it has only the thorns. As he faces a critical press, which the Commission never did, so also he must live and work in conformity with the law and its regulations. Unlike the Commission, he cannot adopt these essential controls to meet his needs as he conceives them. He cannot improvise rules for each special occasion, each succeeding new problem and emergency. As he is the representative of the law, so is he its servent, and within its strictures and protections of the accused he will be inhibited.

He was confront the other great lack of the federal inquiry, legal adversaries who are competent, imaginative and better armed than he, for our

law is designed for the protection of the innocent and was fashioned with the concept that it is better for a hundred guilty to go free than for a single innocent to be falsely wrongly convicted.

Shaw, Arcacha, Novel and all the others are presumed innocent by a law fashioned to make the establishment of innocence possible and that demands not that their lawyers prove them innocent but that Garrison prove them guilty, and beyond reasonable doubt. Garrison carries a burden no federal wiement authority ever assumed. The legals and statistical odds are as stacked against him and his success, as is the might and influence of the federal power that is the invisible defendant in the New Orleans courtroom.

Even if he fails, as I believe he will not, he will have succeeded, for has already
he williams taken the first official step down the road that can lead to the
recapture of our national honor and the integrity of our institutions. In his
victory is he wins in court will be more than a conviction of the guilty, more
than the indictment of the federal government for what it did and did not do
when and after the President was murdered. We do not have the right to demand or
expect infalliblaty of public servents, from the President down. Tur court presupposes
fallibility and error and provides the mechanism for its correction. As Jesus could
trust Judas, so also can American Presidents and attorney generals and the myriads
of bureau chiefs and more common mortals under them err.

When our children do wrong, as sprents we must explain to them wherein they are wrong and why and charge them with thereafter doing right. If we did not get this from the mature men of the federal government when John Kennedy was murdered and when they pretended an investigation of the murder they never really made, and if spontaneous since then they avoided examination of their own failings and transgressions, we can now, at last, take comfort that, even if unwillingly, government may have to face its shameful record and with it have the chance to reconstruct its honor and the respect of man that this not its automatic due as it insists,

Approach the long days of national shame and dishonor, the days of education and disgrace, when all those in whom our natwonal integrity is vested were silent or worse, there were fewer than a corporal's guard of us seeking its recapture, so lonely and abused that only we who lived through it can expect each other to understand and feel its pain. Willingly or unwillingly, the day can now be seens when the government may say "We did wrong. To the degree now that we/can we will rectify that wrong."

Then it will have earned the respect of men, here and abroad, and it will have begun to face the crisis in credibility that it made for itself. Then, perhaps more than would otherwise be possible, it will be worthy of respect and belief.

As the author of the first book on this disagreeable subject and of the most extensive writing on it in scope and volume, I rejoice in the prospect.

In this, my third completed book on it, I may for the first time see the shadow of a happy ending.