FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to

Report of

JAMES F. MORRISSEY

Officer

Washington, D.C.

Dates

Field Office File &: 105-37111

12/4/63

Bureau File A:

105-82555

Titles

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopiles

Interview set forth of JOHN E. DONOVAN, former section commander of subject when both in MACS-9, USMC, March, 1959, to September, 1959. OSWALD described as wise guy, trouble maker, officer-baiter, revolter against authority, felt he was one of few actually aware of world affairs. Attitude, however, never resulted in any official administrative action against him according to DONOVAN. OSWALD dependable on assignments, remained to himself during slack periods reading and studying. Fellow officer who knew subject reported to DONOVAN that subject was out of his mind, a nut on politics. Stewardess who dated OSWALD told DONOVAN subject real nut. assignment with MACS-9 gave him access to secret radio frequencies, call signs and codes which were compromised and changed at time of his defection. Other military knowledge available to OSWALD in same position set forth. Interview of Mrs. SYLVIA HOKE, sister of RUTH PAINE, set forth. PAINE visited HOKE around last Labor Day, indicated her plan to pick up subject's wife, MARINA, in New Orleans; told HOKE that MARINA wanted to leave subject since he was not supporting the family. Subject described as "jerk."

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WFO 105-37111

DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D.C.

Interview of JOHN E. DONOVAN, Former U.S. Marine Corps Section Commander of LEE HARVEY OSWALD During the Period March, 1959, to September, 1959

JOHN E. DONOVAN, 2009 Belmont Road, N.W., Washington, D.C., a physics instructor at Ascension Academy, Alexandria, Virginia, advised that as a U.S. Marine Corps Officer he was Section Commander of LEE HARVEY OSWALD during the period March to September, 1959. Both were attached to the Counter Air Operations Center (CAOC) with Marine Air Control Squadron 9 (MACS-9), U.S. Marire Corps (USMC), Santa Ana, California. OSWALD was a Private and DONOVAH was the Assistant Operations Officer. DONOVAN described OSWILD as a wise guy who went out of his way to annoy people; as revolting against any kind of authority and through this attitude expelling himself from society. OSWALD felt he was one of a minority who actually knew what was happening in world affairs, particularly in the field of politics. OSWALD was an officer-baiting troublemaker who used his superior knowledge of world political situations to trap unwary officers.

DONOVAN said OSWALD was dependable on watch during his performance of duties with the CAOC crew such as radar scarning operations. He believed OSWALD's position would be classified as Operations Man in an MACS unit. DONOVAN's association with OSWALD was generally on a daily basis and while both assigned to the CAOC, MACS-9, on the West Coast. DONOVAN mentioned that in slack periods, OSWALD rarely associated with other members of the crew. spent time reading history books, magazines and a Russian name urknown. OSWAID also studied the Russian language. DONOVAN said that although OSWALD was an officer baiter, he was never directly insulting to same although they sensed that he held them in little esteem for the most part. DONOVAN never had nor did be know of any trouble in his association with OSWALD which required administrative action, such that it would be noted in his record. DONOVAN stated that some of the men actually liked and respected OSWALD because he was able to back up some of his officer-baiting accomplishments with studied knowledge of the facts in the political problem or historical question which he used to balt his trap.

On	12/3/63 of Alexandria, Virg	11 File # WPO 10537111	-
Ьу	SA JAMES F. MORRISSET:elv	Date dictated 12/4/63	_

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DOMOVAN believed OSWALD had a very high IQ, was a self-educated man and well read, especially in the fields of political world affairs. DONOVAN said that OSWALD thus presented the anomaly of a 20 year old Marine Corps Private with an extensive knowledge and maturing interest in world affairs and politics.

DOMOVAN stated that a fellow officer, WILLIAM TRAIL, told him that TRAIL was Officer of the Day in Japan when OSWALD get Into trouble there over his having been drunk and cursing out a Sergeant, and not an officer as reported in a December 2, 1963, article in the Washington. D.C., "Evening Star' newspaper reporting an interview of DONOVAN. TRAIL, knowing OSWALD was going into DONOVAN's outfit, warred the latter that OSWALD was a talker and out of his mird. In explanation of this last remark, DONOVAN said that TRAIL explained that OSWALD was a mut on politics, felt this was meant by TRAIL rather than any mental instability. DONOVAN also stated that he dated an airline stewardess, found out from her that she had also dated OSWALD on a few occasions. The stewardess told DONOVAN OSWALD was a real nut. DONOVAN conjectured that stewardess' remark might have been due to the fact that CSWALD, all wrapped up is political theory, may have expossible on same and to her was a poor and odd date.

DONOVAN also said that when OSWALD requested a hardship discharge in September of 1959 to assist his mother firancially, OSWALD thankel down the offer of other men in the group to help.

DOMOVAN know of to restal instability on the part of OSWALD.

DONOVAN related that OSWALD's position with the CAOC crew gave him access to all secret radio frequencies, call signs, and authentication codes utilized in connection with the normal functions of the CAOC. Since they were compromised, they were charged at the time of OSWALD's defection to Moscow. In connection also with the normal effective operational functions g of his position, OSWALD

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also knew the displacement of most military squadrons of all services on the West Coast, the number and type aircraft of all services on the West Coast, the ranges and locations of radar control sites of all services on the West Coast, and knew the practical effective ranges as distinguished from theoretical or book ranges on all radar sets in the USMC. DONOVAN stated that OSWALD's position required a secret clearance, that access to the location in which they operated was gained by presentation of appropriate credentials to the guard on duty.

DONOVAN stated that OSWALD never actually presented his political views regarding this country or Russia. DONOVAN stated that he knew nothing about a statement in the Washington, D.C., newspaper "Evening Star" article previously referred to which reported him as knowing about a court martial for OSWALD on not reporting that OSWALD owned a pistol. He said he did not know where the reporter obtained this information for he knew nothing of any interest in gums on the part of OSWALD.

DONOVAN stated that the following persons would know OSWALD well:

- 1. ROBERT BLOCK, USMC, presently with MACS-9 at Santa Ana, California. BLOCK was Operations Officer during the period DONOVAN was Assistant Operations Officer of CAOC, MACS-9, and as such was OSWALD's over-all superior.
- 2. CAMELIUS (phonetic) BROWN, a Negro Staff Sergeant, USMC, believed to be stationed at the Helicopter Base, New River, North Carolina, with MACS-5, or can be located through Camp Lejeune. BROWN was OSWALD's crew chief part-time when both were with MACS-9.
- 3. EUGENE HOLMBERG (or HOLMBURG), Warrant Officer, USMC, presently an Airborne Radar Observer with the USMC F4H Squadron in the San Diego area. HOLMBERG was then Staff Sergeant and also a crew chief of OSWALD with MACS-9.

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- 4. WILLIAM K. TRAIL, South Eberhardt Street, Chicago, Illinois, employed by North American Insurance Company, Chicago, as claims adjustor. TRAIL was a former officer in the USMC. DONOVAN believed TRAIL and OSWALD both together with MACS-1, Atsugi, Japan, probably from December, 1957, to January, 1959, and that TRAIL should know people who knew OSWALD in Japan.
 - 5. OWEN DEJANOVICH (phonetic), formerly of the USMC in the same crew with OSWALD at MACS-9 and also lived in the same barracks area as OSWALD. DEJANOVICH was presently living in Chicago and DONOVAN believed that he could be readily reached from the Chicago phone book.

DONOVAN suggested DEJANOVICH be interviewed concerning a Marine whose name DONOVAN could only recall as BEEZER and whom he described as a short football player whom DEJANOVICH would readily recall. DONOVAN pointed out that BEEZER's sister, whose first name was ROSE, was an airline stewardess who dated OSWALD once or twice and who is previously described herein. DONOVAN believed that BEEZER introduced OSWALD to his sister, doubted that BEEZER would perform such an action if there was anything wrong with OSWALD in any respect.

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Interview of Mrs. SYLVIA HOKE, 5421 Waneta Road, Glen Echo Heights, Maryland, Sister of Mrs. RUTH PAINE

It will be recalled that LEE HARVEY OSWALD's wife, MARINA, was residing with a RUTH PAINE at time of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. EMMETT DIAMOND, Grand Prairie, Texas, advised she was acquainted with relatives of RUIH PAINE; that one of these relatives was a sister, SYLVIA HOKE, 5421 Waneta Road, Glen Echo Heights, Washington, D.C.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

December 10, 1963

Subject John Edward Pic

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Staff Sergeant JOHN EDWARD PIC, Air Force Serial Number AF 11313239, Non-Commissioned Officer in Charge of the Clinical Microscopic Branch, Medical Squadron, Wilford Hall, U. S. Air Force Hospital, Lackland Air Force Base, principally in connection with reports that in the early 1950's Sergeant PIC's wife, then living with Sergeant PIC in an apartment at 325 East 92nd Street, New York, New York, had claimed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had threatened her with a knife.

Sergeant PIC said that in about August, 1952, he and his wife, Mrs. MARGARET PIC, also known as "Marge" were living in an apartment at 325 East 92nd Street, New York, New York, at which time Sergeant PIC was a member of the U.S. Coast Guard stationed at the Coast Guard Port Security Unit, Ellis Island, New York. The apartment at 325 East 92nd Street was actually rented by Mrs. PIC's mother, Mrs. MARY FUHRMAN and Sergeant and Mrs. PIC were only occupying the apartment temporarily while Mrs. FUHRMAN was away visiting.

Sergeant PIC said that to his best recollection it was sometime in August 1952 that his mother, Mrs.

MARQUERITE OSWALD and her son LEE HARVEY OSWALD (a half-brother of Sergeant PIC) came to New York City to visit the PICs. Sergeant PIC remarked that in reality he 33-26/2 Sergeant PICs although she had indicated she was merely there on a visit. At this time LEE HARVEY OSWALD was twelve years old and would become thirteen years old in October 1952 White Market Circle Market OSWALD ? 308063 113 31

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ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

and finally PIC stated he could do nothing more about his mother's lack of interest in his own future and decided he desired nothing more than to leave home. Accordingly in January, 1950 he joined the U.S. Coast Guard, being sworn in in Dallas, Texas, about January 25, 1950. He remained in the Coast Guard until January 31, 1956, and since February 1, 1956, has been in the U.S. Air Force.

PIC said both of his half-brothers, ROBERT and LEE HARVEY OSWALD, entered the U. S. Marines as soon as they were old enough to do so and he expressed the belief that each of them did this in order to get away from Mrs. OSWALD. He mentioned that neither they nor he did this with any idea of abandoning her as he stated all three of them in fact "sent the woman money" while in the military service.

Sergeant PIC said he had no recollection of Mrs. OSWALD and LEE HARVEY OSWALD having damaged table cloths or furniture while living with the PIC in New York in August, 1952 as previously mentioned.

Sergeant PIC observed that from the time he entered the U. S. Coast Guard in January, 1950 (when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was only about ten years old) he previously visited his home in Fort Worth, Texas, once, in about October, 1950, and did not again see Mrs. OSWALD or LEE HARVEY OSWALD until August, 1952, in New York City as detailed above. Then, from August, 1952 he did not see or communicate with LEE HARVEY OSWALD until Thanksgiving 1962 for only a few hours on that occasion, (PIC noting that he had explained that contact in a previous interview with agents of the FBI) and has never seen or had any correspondence with him since Thanksgiving, 1962.

Following the interview with Sergeant PIC'S wife on December 10, 1963, Sergeant PIC advised that after hearing her account at that time of LEE HARVEY OSWALD threatening her with a knife, he did recall Mrs. PIC having told him of that matter but stated he had forgotten all about it as he had not known what to believe at the time and had not regarded it seriously in any event because LEE HARVEY OSWALD was only twelve years of age at the time.