

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 23 1963

URGENT 11-23-63 8-17 AM EST JUV
TO DIRECTOR, SACS NEW ORLEANS AND DALLAS
FROM SAC, MIAMI

T
10/15

ASSASINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY.
EVELIO LEY, SECRETARY IN DIRECTORIO REVOLUCIONARIO

ESTUDIANTIL / D. R. E. STUDENT REVOLUTIONARY DIRECTRATE/. AN ANTI
CASTRO ORGANIZATION AT MIAMI. ADVISED THIS DATE THAT LEE H. OSWALD
IN AUGUST NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA. APPLIED FOR
JOB ON MILITARY INSTRUCTOR IN DRE BASED ON FORMER U.S. MARINE EXPERIENC.

CARLOS BRINGUIER, DRE DELAGATE AT NEW ORLEANS, DISCOVERED OSWALD
HAD PREVIOUS ASSOCIATION WITH FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE AND OSWALD
WAS REJECTED BY DRE. OSWALD REPORTEDLY SPEAKS SPANISH PERFECTLY AND
POSSIBLE RUSSIAN. AFTER OSWARD-S EXPOSURE AS A PRO FIDEL CASTRO HE
ENGAGED IN DEBATE WITH BRIGUIER ON NEW ORLEANS RAIDIO STATION
/WDSU/ DURING AUGUST NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE. THE DEBATE WAS FOLLOWED
BY A FIGHT FOR WHICH OSWALD WAS ADJUDGED GUILTY IN LOCAL COURT, NEW
ORLEANS, AND FINED TWENTY DOLLARS. IN AS MUCH AS OSWALD IS CONSIDERED
SUSPECT IN ASSASINATION NEW ORLEANS LOCATE AND INTERVIEW CARLOS
BRINGUIER, WHOSE WHEREABOUTS IS KNOWN BY NEW ORLEANS, FOR DETAILS
OSWALD-S ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS.

DALLAS WILL BE ADVISED.

EN
END AND ACK PLS
WAS-23 AM OK FBI WA MET
NO 7-23AM OK FBI NO TM
TU DIS
CC-MR SULLIVAN

25 DEC 2 1963
[Handwritten initials]

105-82555 - UNREC
NOT RECORDED
102 DEC 4 1963

58 DEC 5 1963 *[Handwritten mark]*

URGENT 11-23-63 8-59 PM NH
 TO DIRECTOR AND SAC MIAMI
 FROM SAC WASHINGTON FIELD /63-75/ 2 P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN E. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY
 SECOND LAST, ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICER, OO DALLAS.
 RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TO WFO INSTANT.

CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR
 A FREE CUBA, INTERVIEWED AND ADVISED HIS FILES CONTAIN NO
 INFORMATION RELATING TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD WITH EXCEPTION OF
 INFORMATION FURNISHED BY JOSE LANUSA, CUBA STUDENT DIRECTORATE,
 MIAMI, WHICH RELATES TO OSWALD'S ATTEMPT TO INFILTRATE STUDENT
ANTI CASTRO GROUP, JULY, LAST AT NEW ORLEANS. SUCH INFORMATION
 REPORTED TO PRESS BY LANUSA NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND LAST
 LANUSA IN TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH WFO NOVEMBER TWENTY
 SECOND LAST DESCRIBED OSWALD DEFINITELY A COMMUNIST AND
 SUPPORTER OF CASTRO. LANUSA HAS INFORMATION THAT FIDEL CASTRO
 END PAGE ONE

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-101110-

59 DEC 12 1963

105-82555-UNREC
 NOT RECORDED
 180 DEC 10 1963
 cc - Ram
 cc - Parille/ps



OPPOSITE:

On August 21, 1963, Oswald participated in a radio station debate with Carlos Bringuier on a show hosted by Edward Scannell Butler, an anti-Communist. In the interview Oswald said he was a Marxist. He also said his wife Marina was the daughter of a Russian Army Colonel. Some have said the interview was a setup to provide Oswald with more of a cover as a Communist. "The debate was followed by a fight for which Oswald was adjudged guilty in local court, New Orleans, and fined twenty dollars."

TOP (ALSO REFERRED TO OPPOSITE):

Urgent telex about Oswald and the anti-Castro organization Directorio Revolucionario Estudiantil. Oswald applied for a job as military instructor in the D.R.E., but his Fair Play for Cuba Committee background was discovered.

BOTTOM:

Information about attempted penetration of Oswald's organization.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum

TO : MR. SULLIVAN
 FROM : MR. BRANIGAN
 SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
 INTERNAL SECURITY - R

DATE: 11-27-63

Mr. Scannell Butler of New Orleans telephonically contacted Assistant Director Sullivan 11-27-63. He advised that Carlos Tuiroga of New Orleans had allegedly penetrated Oswald's organization. He stated that Tuiroga can be located through Carlos Brinture who works at Casa Roca, a haberdashery on Decatur Street in New Orleans, La.

SAC Maynor, New Orleans, was furnished this information with instructions to locate Brinture and Tuiroga today and interview them.

ACTION:
 When results are received from New Orleans further investigation will be considered.

WAS: [initials]
 (5) Mr. Belmont
 1 - Mr. Sullivan
 1 - Mr. Turner
 1 - Mr. Branigan

59 DEC 11 1963

105-82555-203

DEC 9 1963

PERMITS DIV
 1100



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

URGENT 12-3-63 648 PM CST DAV

TO. DIRECTOR, AND SAC, DALLAS
FROM. SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/ /P/
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

RE JAMES D. ALLRED, JR.

ON DECEMBER THREE INSTANT, JEANNE ALLRED, FIVE THREE FOUR SIX MORNINGSIDE AVENUE, DALLAS, TEXAS, PRESENTLY IN LAREDO, TEXAS, ADVISED SA ELDON E. HASTINGS THAT SHE WAS DIVORCED MAY FIVE LAST FROM JAMES D. ALLRED, JR., WHO POSSESSES RADICAL BELIEF CONCERNING CUBA. ALLRED STATED THAT HER HUSBAND SUBSCRIBED TO THE "WORKER" NEWSPAPER, JOINED THE YOUTH FREEDOM SOCIETY AND WAS REPORTED TO HAVE FLOWN MONEY AND GUNS TO CUBA. ALLRED OBTAINED PASSPORT AND VISAS FOR EIGHT CENTRAL AMERICAN COUNTRIES IN NEW ORLEANS, DECEMBER FOURTEEN SIXTYTWO. DAWN STALLINGS REPORTEDLY LEADER OF JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY IN DALLAS ACCOMPANIED ALLRED TO NEW ORLEANS. STALLINGS AND ALLRED FORMER ROOMMATES. MRS. ALLRED THINKS SHE REMEBBERS SEEING NAME LEE HARVEY OSWALD ON ONE OF HER HUSBAND-S ENVELOPES.

HUSBAND ABSCONDED WITH THIRTY FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS BELONGING TO MRS. ALLRED AND PRESENT WHEREABOUTS UNKNOWN. ALLRED HAD MADE FREQUENT TRIPS TO MEXICO. MRS. ALLRED RETURNING TO DALLAS

END PAGE ONE

Handwritten: [Signature] ar
12-12-63

Handwritten: [Signature]

Vertical handwritten: 12-10-63 FOS:pal

REC 27 105-22555 513

Handwritten: [Signature]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA RICHARD L. KESLER Office: CHARLOTTE

Date: 12/9/63

Field Office File #: 105-1731

Bureau File #:

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Synopsis:

WILLIAM MORRIS DEAN, inmate, N. C. Prison Dept., Blanch, N. C., advises was former inmate Florida Penitentiary, Raiford, Fla., being released to N. C. authorities 9/12/63. States while at Raiford, Fla. met JOHN (JACK) FREEMAN, another inmate, who was pro-Castro and pro-Communist. FREEMAN claimed to have flown planes to Cuba and spent considerable time in Cuba. DEAN advises that at time LEE OSWALD involved in affray in New Orleans last spring, FREEMAN listened to broadcast concerning it and concerning pro-Castro group in New Orleans and made statement that OSWALD was "his buddy" and he belonged to same outfit as OSWALD. DEAN also advised that FREEMAN made statement that President KENNEDY would be killed before his term was up and this would occur in Texas. Also that after President was killed and "they took over", the Governors and Sheriffs would be killed. FREEMAN further made statement that pro-Castro group in Utah had caches of guns. FREEMAN gave DEAN following names of contacts which DEAN recorded in a book: ANDRE T. MARTISON, 331 East 9th St., New York 3, N. Y.; T. C. CHENG, Room 906, East Asia Bank Building, #10 Deaveux Road, Central, Hong Kong; CUSTAVO MACHADO, Caracas, Venezuela; LUIS VALENCIA, Colombia, South America; DOMINGO RANGEL, Venezuela; FRANCISCO JULIAO, Brazil; TOM KINGBURG, Mexico; LOHMBARD TOLEDANO, Mexico.

- P -

DETAILS: AT BLANCH, NORTH CAROLINA

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

SECRET

CABLE TO LEGAT, MEXICO
RE: LEE OSWALD
105-82555

NOTE: Oswald is a U.S. Marine Corps veteran who defected to Soviet Union in 1959, married a Soviet girl and returned to U.S. in 1962. He has generally been unemployed and has experienced marital difficulty since return to U.S. Oswald was interviewed twice in 1962 by Bureau agents. u

[REDACTED]

Legat, Mexico, requested background data and 3 investigative reports and a letterhead memo will be sent pouch arriving Mexico City 10-26-63. Cable will be sent by State Department line at no cost to Bureau. u

NR. 743
ENC. [initials]
CK. [initials]
APPROVED BY: [initials]
TYPED BY:

DEC 15 2 05 PM '63
CODING UNIT

OPPOSITE:

James Allred was supposed to have flown money and guns to Cuba. He obtained a passport and visas for eight Central American countries in New Orleans. Note that he was accompanied on this trip by Dawn Stallings, "reportedly leader of John Birch Society in Dallas." Strange bedfellows. Mrs. Allred thinks she "remembers seeing name Lee Harvey Oswald on one of her husband's envelopes."

TOP:

A memo with some truly bizarre allegations regarding Oswald while he was in New Orleans. The FBI files had in them many such documents as this. Most turned out to be mostly lunatic ravings, but the FBI investigated them all to the best of its abilities. In one instance, the FBI went as far as to track an individual who had scrawled a pro-Oswald sentiment on a railroad boxcar.

BOTTOM:

Finally, the interesting thing about this cable is why it was sent. Later, it was said, Oswald travelled to Mexico City to make contact with the Soviet Embassy there. Many have said he was never there, or that he was impersonated by someone while he was there. Why is the U.S. government forwarding information about Oswald to Mexico at such an early date?



MISTAKEN IDENTITY: Oswald in Mexico?

In September of 1963, according to documents filed with the Warren Commission, Lee Harvey Oswald took a trip to Mexico to supposedly contact the Soviet Embassy, or the Cuban embassy, regarding either repatriation, yet again, to the Soviet Union, or about the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

However, grave questions exist and are even documented by the evidence that follows, about whether or not Oswald traveled to Mexico at all. If he hasn't, why concoct a trip? According to many assassination theorists, the trip to Mexico was fabricated to further bolster Oswald's Communist leanings and provide evidence of his desire to repudiate his country. These theorists also say a faked trip to Mexico would jibe with the supposedly fake pamphleteering out of the office of the ex-FBI agent Guy Banister, and the inconsistencies in Oswald's trip to the U.S.S.R. Lumping these three disparate elements together, they weave a scenario wherein Lee Oswald was carefully set up as the dupe, the fall guy for the Kennedy assassination.

So let's look at the so-called evidence for Oswald's trip to Mexico.

According to CIA records, Oswald repeatedly visited the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City and the Cuban embassy, where he tried to get a visa to return to the Soviet Union. To this end, the CIA produced statements from an embassy employee, which they obtained under duress, attesting to this fact. These allegations don't hold much water under scrutiny. It was a well known fact that regular surveillance was kept at these embassies, both photography and wiretap, yet no photos or tapes of Oswald's visit were

ever produced. The Agency begged off, saying their equipment wasn't working, a feeble explanation.

According to Jim Garrison, "The sponsors of the assassination also arranged numerous scenes where Lee Oswald was impersonated in hopes of laying a trail of incriminating evidence at his feet... The reason this [Mexico] impersonation stands out is that all the 'documentation' for it was provided by the CIA. This evidence—which included memos, photographs of a man who obviously was not Oswald, and tapes of phone calls to the Soviet Embassy that were not of Oswald's voice—was insultingly flimsy."

The FBI's own agents were to later dispute Oswald's appearance there. Evidence shows, instead, that Lee Oswald was impersonated in Mexico City.

Jim Garrison sums up the facts of Oswald's presence in Mexico as follows: "The Oswald seen in Mexico City was a completely different person from the Oswald known to all. The CIA photo said to be of Oswald leaving the Soviet embassy is not Oswald's image. A tape recording of Oswald talking on the phone with a Soviet diplomat is not Oswald's voice. A Cuban diplomat who had three angry confrontations with Oswald said repeatedly and in detail that the Oswald of Mexico City was not the Oswald of Dallas. The one eyewitness who said she saw Oswald in the Cuban consulate could not describe him correctly."

As with all the information about Oswald, here, too, there is so much contradictory evidence that it's problematic to come to a firm conclusion. However, in this case, as the following documents and photos show, it was indeed someone else, not Oswald, in Mexico.

CLASSIFIED MESSAGE

ORIG : [REDACTED]
UNIT : [REDACTED]
EXT : [REDACTED]
DATE : 23 OCT 1963

INDEX
 NO INDEX
 FILE IN CS FILE NO. 201-289248

~~30 SECRET~~

12-62	
ROUTING	
1	4
2	5
3	6

TO : DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY CS COPY
FROM : ~~SECRET~~ CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

21 Oct 63 19 10z
24 Oct 63

DEFERRED
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE

CONF: [REDACTED]

INFO: CI, [REDACTED] *date change - 23 Oct on run should be 24 Oct*

TO INFO CITE DIR 77978

SUBJECT: X LEE HENRY OSWALD

REFERENCE IS MADE TO CIA OUT TELETYPE NO. 74673, DATED 10 OCTOBER 1963, REGARDING POSSIBLE PRESENCE OF SUBJECT IN MEXICO CITY. IT IS REQUESTED THAT YOU FORWARD TO THIS OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE TWO COPIES OF THE MOST RECENT PHOTOGRAPH YOU HAVE OF SUBJECT. WE WILL FORWARD THEM TO OUR REPRESENTATIVE IN MEXICO, WHO WILL ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE IF THE LEE OSWALD IN MEXICO CITY AND SUBJECT ARE THE SAME INDIVIDUAL.

END OF MESSAGE

CLASSIFICATION REVIEW
CONDUCTED ON 16 APR 1975
E-2 IMPDET CL BY [REDACTED]

201-289248
24 Oct 63

This document has been approved for release through the HISTORICAL REVIEW PROGRAM of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Date 8 MAY 92
HRP 92-5

6

BASED ON: MEXI [REDACTED] (IN 40357)

[REDACTED] (in draft)
[REDACTED] Draft (Roll)
[REDACTED]

Document Number 10-6
for FOIA Review on APR 1976

201-289248
ABSTRACT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> INDEX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DATE 24 Oct 63

CS COPY
COORDINATING OFFICERS

~~SECRET~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

[REDACTED]
AUTHENTICATING OFFICER

REPRODUCTION BY OTHER THAN THE ISSUING OFFICE IS PROHIBITED.

Copy No. 1

64 (Rev. 6-17-61)

DECODED COPY

AIRGRAM CABLEGRAM RADIO TELETYPE

URGENT 12-5-63 6:19 PM CST WRH
 TO DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS
 FROM SAC SAN ANTONIO 052130

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R.
 RE BUREAU TEL TO SAN ANTONIO DECEMBER 3 LAST AT
 7:41 P. M.

INVESTIGATION TO DATE HAS FAILED TO ESTABLISH
 SUBJECT RETURNED TO US ON OCTOBER 3 LAST OR ENTERED
 MEXICO ON SEPTEMBER 26 LAST, ALTHOUGH MEXICAN
 IMMIGRATION RECORDS REFLECT PERSON USING NAME LEE HARVEY
 OSWALD ENTERED AND LEFT MEXICO ON THOSE DATES.

REQUEST LEGAT, MEXICO CITY OBTAIN LIST OF ALL PASSENGERS
 AND ALL IDENTIFYING DATA OF PERSONS RIDING LA FRONTERA BUS
 LEAVING MEXICO CITY OCTOBER 2 LAST EN ROUTE FOR NUEVO LAREDO
 ON WHICH PERSON USING NAME OF OSWALD WAS PASSENGER. LEGAT
 SHOULD SET OUT LEADS TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW EACH PASSENGER
 THIS BUS AS WELL AS ARRANGE FOR INTERVIEW OF DRIVERS,
 VENDORS OR MERCHANDISE, AND OTHER BUS TERMINAL PERSONNEL
 SERVICING BUS ON TRIP. PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD SHOULD BE
 SHOWN IN ATTEMPT TO ESTABLISH WHETHER PASSENGER WAS, IN
 FACT, OSWALD.

LEGAT, MEXICO CITY, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY DONE, SHOULD
 OBTAIN OSWALD REGISTRATION CARD, DEL COMERCIO HOTEL AND
 FORWARD TO FBI LAB FOR HANDWRITING COMPARISON.
 LEGAT REQUESTED TO FURNISH SAN ANTONIO WITH FULL

REC-20 11/17/63
 8105-2255-396
 DEC 12 1963

64 DEC 13 1963

*Cable Legat Mexico
 12/13/63*

*REC-20 11/17/63
 8105-2255-396*

DEC 12 1963

*EX-101
 REC-10*

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

PHOTO ON PAGE 54
 The so-called Oswald in Mexico.

OPPOSITE:
 The CIA sent the Department of the Navy this memo regarding Oswald's presence in Mexico City, asking the Navy to forward a photo for identification.

TOP AND BOTTOM:
 Teletype to the Dallas office of the FBI which says Mexican immigration records reflect a person using Oswald's name entered the country. Of course, this doesn't mean it was actually Oswald. Supposedly Oswald or his double was a passenger on a bus bound for Nueva Laredo. Quite a lot of effort was to be expended interviewing passengers, drivers, vendors and terminal personnel.

ADDENDUM:
 According to Jim Garrison, Oswald was impersonated not just in Mexico. A so-called "Leon" Oswald turned up in Dallas along with some Cuban emigres who said he was crazy and wanted to kill the President. Another Lee Oswald showed himself for a job interview at a Dallas hotel and asked the interviewer if there was a good view of downtown Dallas from the building. Another Oswald imitator was refused a used-car for credit problems and remarked, "Maybe I'm going to have to go back to Russia to buy a car."

64 (Rev. 6-17-61)

DECODED COPY

AIRGRAM CABLEGRAM RADIO TELETYPE

PAGE TWO FROM SAC SAN ANTONIO 052130

DESCRIPTION OF CLOTHING WORN BY OSWALD AS WELL AS BAGGAGE
 CARRIED DURING TIME IN MEXICO CITY.

LEGAT REQUESTED TO ADVISE WHETHER OR NOT SUBJECT HAS
 BEEN POSITIVELY IDENTIFIED AS THE OSWALD WHO STAYED AT
 DEL COMERCIO HOTEL AND TOOK LA FRONTERA BUS TO NUEVO LAREDO.

RECEIVED: 7:31 PM NCC

EX-101, ROSEN

DEC 2 10 30 AM '63

REC-20 11/17/63

EX-101
 REC-10

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

DECODED COPY

"ROUTINE"

Radio

FROM: WASHINGTON, D.C.

TO: LEGAT, MEXICO CITY.

NO: 968 BY: JD

Teletype

DATE SENT: 2/29/64

DATE RECD: 3/1/64

TIME RECD: 9:55 AM

BUFILE 105-82555.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA.

SAN ANTONIO ADVISED BY TELETYPE FEBRUARY 28 LAST THAT POLICE CHIEF AT EAGLE PASS, TEXAS, HAD STATED THAT SANTANA JIMENEZ, PRESENTLY AT SALTILLO, COAHUILA, MEXICO, HAD STATED THAT ONE RESIDENC RPT RESIDENC (PHONETIC) AND OSWALD STAYED AT SAME HOTEL IN MEXICO CITY AND THAT RESIDENC HAS SOME SUBVERSIVE CONNECTIONS.

YOU SHOULD ARRANGE FOR INTERVIEW OF JIMENEZ TO DETERMINE IDENTITY OF RESIDENC; NAME OF HOTEL WHERE HE AND OSWALD ALLEGEDLY STAYED IN MEXICO CITY; AND THE SIGNIFICANCE, IF ANY, OF THIS INFORMATION.

3-2-64 - answered later

*SA Garcia
Advised & will
inform Legat
JD 3/1/64*

105-3702-222 304/11

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 1 - 1964	
LEGAL ATTACHE - MEXICO	

This document has been approved for release through the HISTORICAL EVIDENCE PROGRAM of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Date 8 MAY 92
RHP 92-5

P8593

15 October 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR : The Ambassador
FROM : [redacted]
SUBJECT : Lee OSWALD/Contact with the Soviet Embassy
Ambassador notified [redacted]

- The following information was received from a usually reliable source: On 1 October 1963, an American male contacted the Soviet Embassy and identified himself as Lee OSWALD. This officer determined that OSWALD had been at the Soviet Embassy on 23 September 1963 and had talked with Valeriy Vladimirovich KOSTENOV, a member of the Consular Section, in order to learn if the Soviet Embassy had received a reply from Washington concerning his request. We have no clarifying information with regard to this request.
- Our Headquarters has informed us that the OSWALD above is probably identical with Lee Henry OSWALD, born on 18 October 1929 in New Orleans, Louisiana, a former radar operator in the U. S. Marine Corps who defected to the Soviet Union in October 1959.
- This office will advise you if additional information on this matter is received.

Orig - The Ambassador
The Minister
Counselor for Political Affairs
Regional Security Officer - PLEASE RETURN
cc - Legal Attache
cc - Naval Attache
cc - I & H S
cc - Lee Henry OSWALD P.
cc - [redacted]

CLASSIFICATION REVIEW
CONDUCTED ON 13 APR 86
E/ALBMPDET CL BY [redacted]

5

UNIT	
INDEX	
FILE	
SEARCHED	
SERIALIZED	
FILED	
DATE	
BY	
OFFICE	
REMARKS	

Document Number 9-5
for FOIA Review on APR 1976

RECORD COPY

16 OCT. 63
201-289248

OPPOSITE:
Evidence of Oswald in Mexico at last? Oswald reportedly stayed with a man named Residenc at a hotel in Mexico City. Note, "Residenc has some subversive connections," a vague assertion. Also note the request for the significance of this information.

TOP:
To the American Ambassador: "An American male contacted the Soviet Embassy and identified himself as Lee OSWALD. This officer determined that OSWALD had been at the Soviet Embassy on 28 September 1963...in order to learn if the Soviet Embassy had received a reply from Washington concerning his request."

BOTTOM:
The notations on the left hand margin of this memo are the most revealing. Note the response to the telex which says "OSWALD MAY BE IDENTICAL TO LEE HENRY [sic] OSWALD." One agent scribbled "As I recall, this description... NOT OSWALD!" and amended "WRONG!"

CLASSIFIED MESSAGE

UNIT: [redacted] INDEX: [redacted]
EXT: [redacted] NO INDEX: [redacted]
DATE: 10 Oct 1963 FILE IN CI FILE NO.

TO: SEE BELOW
FROM: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
CONF: [redacted]
INFO: [redacted]
XX

ROUTING: 1 4
2 5
3 6

10 OCT 63 20 12z

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

74673

Date 8 MAY 92
RHP 92-5

2121

1. ON 1 OCTOBER 1963 A RELIABLE AND SENSITIVE SOURCE IN MEXICO REPORTED THAT AN AMERICAN MALE, WHO IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS LEE OSWALD, CONTACTED THE SOVIET EMBASSY IN MEXICO CITY INQUIRING WHETHER THE EMBASSY HAD RECEIVED ANY NEWS CONCERNING A TELEGRAM WHICH HAD BEEN SENT TO WASHINGTON. THE AMERICAN WAS DESCRIBED AS APPROXIMATELY 35 YEARS OLD, WITH AN ATHLETIC BUILD, ABOUT SIX FEET TALL, WITH A "RECORDING" HAIRLINE.

2. IT IS BELIEVED THAT OSWALD MAY BE IDENTICAL TO LEE HENRY OSWALD, BORN ON 18 OCTOBER 1929 IN NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, A FORMER U.S. MARINE WHO DEFECTED TO THE SOVIET UNION IN OCTOBER 1959 AND LATER MADE ARRANGEMENTS THROUGH THE UNITED STATES EMBASSY IN MOSCOW TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES WITH HIS RUSSIAN-BORN WIFE, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA PUSAKOVA, AND THEIR

Document Number 9-5
for FOIA Review on APR 1976

REPRODUCTION BY OTHER THAN THE ISSUING OFFICE IS PROHIBITED.

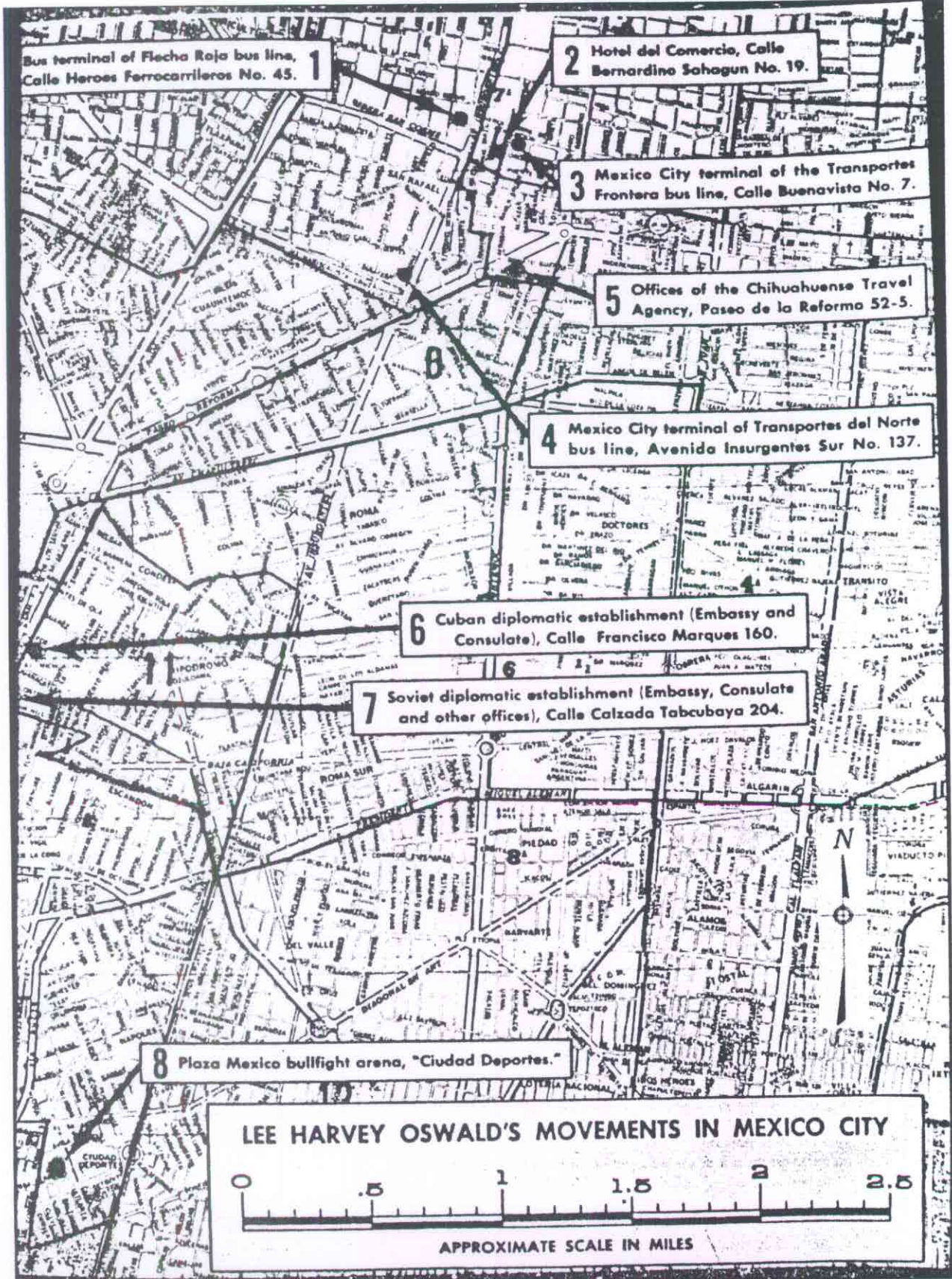
CLASSIFICATION REVIEW
CONDUCTED ON 13 APR 86
E/ALBMPDET CL BY [redacted]

201-289248
10 Oct 63

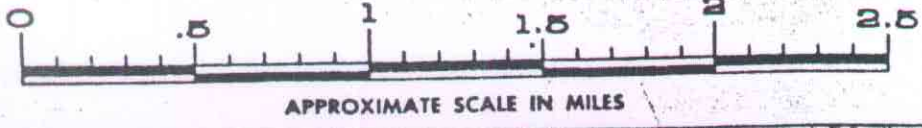
3

As I recall, this description... NOT OSWALD!
WRONG!

Wagon



LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S MOVEMENTS IN MEXICO CITY



CLASSIFIED MESSAGE

UNIT: [REDACTED] INDEX: [] NO INDEX: []
 EXT: [] NO EXT: []
 DATE: 10 Oct 1963 FILE IN CS FILE NO. []

TO: MEXICO CITY
 FROM: DIRECTOR
 INFO: ACDOP, CI, [REDACTED]
 REF: MEXI 8453 (IN 36017)*

ROUTING
 1 []
 2 []
 3 []

10 Oct 63 22 289z
 SERVIC: CEM
 ROUTINE

CITE DIR 74830

~~SECRET~~

REPRODUCTION BY OTHER THAN THE ISSUING OFFICE IS PROHIBITED. Copy No.

CS COPY

This document has been approved for release under the HISTORICAL REVIEW PROGRAM of the Central Intelligence Agency. Date 8 MAY 92 BY 92-5

Document Number: []
 for FOIA Review on: 04/01/93

NO FORN DISSEMINATION

COORDINATING OFFICERS
 AUTHENTICATING OFFICERS

(CONTINUED)

1. LEE OSWALD WHO [REDACTED] SOVIETS 1 OCT PROBABLY IDENTICAL
 LEE HENRY OSWALD (201-289248) BORN 18 OCT 1939, NEW ORLEANS,
 LOUISIANA, FORMER RADAR OPERATOR IN UNITED STATES MARINES
 WHO DEFECTED TO USSR IN OCT 1959. OSWALD IS FIVE FEET TEN
 INCHES, ONE HUNDRED SIXTY FIVE POUNDS, LIGHT BROWN WAVY HAIR,
 BLUE EYES.

2. ON 31-OCT 1959 HE ATTEMPTED TO RENOUNCE HIS UNITED
 STATES CITIZENSHIP TO THE UNITED STATES EMB IN MOSCOW,
 INDICATING HE HAD APPLIED FOR SOVIET CITIZENSHIP. ON 13 FEB
 THE US EMB MOSCOW RECEIVED AN UNDATED LETTER FROM OSWALD
 POSTMARKED MINSK ON FIVE FEB 1961 IN WHICH SUBJ INDICATED
 HE DESIRED RETURN OF HIS US PPT AS WISHED TO RETURN TO USA
 IF "WE COULD COME TO SOME AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE DROPPING
 OF ANY LEGAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST ME." ON 8 JULY ON HIS OWN
 INITIATIVE HE APPEARED AT THE EMB WITH HIS WIFE TO SEE ABOUT
 HIS RETURN TO STATES. SUBJ STATED THAT HE ACTUALLY HAD NEVER
 APPLIED FOR SOVIET CITIZENSHIP AND THAT HIS APPLICATION AT [REDACTED] 10 Oct 63



OPPOSITE:
 Map of Oswald's alleged move-
 ments in Mexico City.

TOP:
 The FBI figured out Lee Henry
 Oswald was Lee Harvey. Here
 Oswald is five feet ten inches tall,
 rather than five-nine or five-eleven.

BOTTOM:
 The FBI summed up information
 on Oswald as background for the
 Mexico investigation.

BACKGROUND INFO:
 The government's reason for set-
 ting Oswald in Mexico was said by
 some to be part of the overall plan
 to make him a scapegoat. This type
 of setup is called "sheepdipping" in
 the intelligence community. Taken
 together with the pamphleteering
 in New Orleans and the "proofs"
 of Marxism, the government might
 well have been setting up the sce-
 nario implicating Oswald as the
 "natural" killer of the President, a
 radical, gun-toting leftist menace
 with a history of anti-American
 activity. The highly detailed map
 on the opposite page shows just
 how far the government went in
 establishing Oswald's presence
 and activities. (Of course, there is
 an outside chance he actually did
 go there at some point, for what-
 ever reason.)

CLASSIFIED MESSAGE

UNIT: [REDACTED] INDEX: [] NO INDEX: []
 EXT: [] NO EXT: []
 DATE: [] FILE IN CS FILE NO. []

TO: See Serialized File - A
 FROM: DIRECTOR Number []
 INFO: For sterile copy of this document.

ROUTING
 1 []
 2 []
 3 []

10 Oct 63 22 289z
 DEFERRED []
 ROUTINE []

CITE DIR 74830

~~SECRET~~

REPRODUCTION BY OTHER THAN THE ISSUING OFFICE IS PROHIBITED. Copy No.

(CONTINUED)

COORDINATING OFFICERS
 AUTHENTICATING OFFICERS

3. LATEST HDQS INFO WAS [REDACTED] REPORT DATED MAY 1962
 STATE [REDACTED] HAD DETERMINED OSWALD IS STILL US CITIZEN AND
 BOTH HE AND HIS SOVIET WIFE HAVE EXIT PERMITS AND DEPT STATE
 HAD GIVEN APPROVAL FOR THEIR TRAVEL WITH THEIR INFANT CHILD
 TO USA.



UNIT : INDEX ~~SECRET~~ | 1 | 4 |
 EXT : NO INDEX | 2 | 5 |
 DATE : FILE IN CS FILE NO. | 3 | 6 |

TO :
 FROM : DIRECTOR
 CONF :
 INFO :

431

DEFERRED
 ROUTINE

PAGE THREE

TO INFO CITE DIR 74830

4. ^{YOU} [REDACTED] SHOULD PASS INFO REF AND PARA ONE TO
^{OTHER AGENCIES} [REDACTED] LOCALLY. INFO PARAS
^{STATE} [REDACTED] TWO AND THREE ORIGINATES WITH [REDACTED]
5. REF AND POSSIBLE IDENTIFICATION BEING DISSEMINATED
^{STATE} [REDACTED] ^{OTHER AGENCIES} [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED] PLS KEEP
 HDQS ADVISED ON ANY FURTHER CONTACTS OR POSITIVE IDENTIFICATION
 OF OSWALD.

END OF MESSAGE

WH CMT: *According to [REDACTED] 1 Oct, an American male who spoke broken Russian said his name Lee Oswald (phonetic) stated he at Sov Emb on 28 Sept when spoke with Consul. He discussed sending a telegram to Washington. No local Dissemination had been made.

T. Karamessines
 T. KARAMESSINES

[REDACTED] (in draft)
[REDACTED] (in draft)
[REDACTED] (in draft)

201-289248

[REDACTED]

ADDP
 RELEASING OFFICER

COORDINATING OFFICERS

~~SECRET~~

GROUP 1
 Excluded from automatic
 downgrading and
 declassification

CWHD
 AUTHENTICATING OFFICER

CLASSIFIED MESSAGE

ROUTING

1	4
2	5
3	6

TO : DIRECTOR

FROM : MEXICO CITY

ACTION: [REDACTED]

INFO: [REDACTED]

XX

----- MESSAGE

DIP CITE MEXI [REDACTED]

1. ACC [REDACTED] 1 OCT 63, AMERICAN MALE WHO SPOKE BROKEN RUSSIAN SAID HIS NAME WAS OSWALD (PHONETIC), STATED HE AT SOME TIME OR SEPT WHEN SPOKE WITH CONSUL WHOM HE BELIEVED WAS ALEXIY VLADIMIROVICH VOSTIKOV. SUPJ ASKED SOV GUARD IVAN OBYEDKOV [REDACTED] IF THERE ANYTHING NEW RE TELEGRAM TO WASHINGTON. OBYEDKOV UPON CHECKING SAID NOTHING RECEIVED YET, BUT REQUEST HAD BEEN SENT.

2. HAVE PHOTOS MALE APPEARS BE AMERICAN [REDACTED]

3. [REDACTED] 1 OCT. APPARENT AGE 35, ATHLETIC BUILD, CIPOCA 5 FEET, RECEDING HAIRLINE, [REDACTED] TOP. WORE KHAKIS AND SPORT SHIRT. SOURCE [REDACTED]

3. NO LOCAL DISSEM. This document has been approved for release through the HISTORICAL REVIEW SOCIETY of the Central Intelligence Agency.

CLASSIFICATION REVIEW
CONDUCTED ON 16 APR 1976
E/LE/MPDET CL BY [REDACTED]

Date 8 MAY 92
REF 92-5

Hand 6534, 15 Oct
Request pouch photo Oswald,
5-1A 33 COPY.
201-289248
9 Oct 63

Document Number [REDACTED] 33 COPY.

For FOIA Review on APR 1975

REPRODUCTION BY OTHER THAN THE ISSUING OFFICE IS PROHIBITED

Copy No.

OPPOSITE:

Note the addendum to the main part of this message. A witness has been found who verified Oswald's presence at the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City on September 28th.

TOP:

Information on Oswald's presence at the Embassy is perpetuated. Note item 2, "HAVE PHOTOS MALE APPEARS BE AMERICAN" and handwritten note, "Requested pouch photo Oswald."

BOTTOM:

Mysterious letter regarding Oswald received at the Embassy.

ADDENDUM:

The CIA produced a statement from a Silvia Duran of the Cuban Embassy who was said to have seen Oswald. After Kennedy was killed Duran was arrested and kept away from other prisoners. It was also requested that her identity not be revealed. Subsequently, she was released and re-arrested. Of course, she's not the only witness to Oswald's presence in Mexico. There are plenty of others, but most of them, including Duran, consistently got his description wrong.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

CONFIDENTIAL

TO : Legal Attache

FROM : SA Adolf L. Larson

SUBJECT: LEO HANCOCK OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

DATE: 5/22/64
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP3 BEE/IAN/HR 7-11-77
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 4.3
DATE OF REVIEW 2-22-14

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Attached hereto is an effort at translation from Spanish of an anonymous letter received at the Embassy from individual who used the return address of Calle Ebro No. 32. The letter is hardly coherent and utilizes slang which several experts who were consulted could not decipher.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

IN VIEW OF THE INCLEMENT NATURE OF THE ATTACHED LETTER, WHICH IS BEING PLACED IN THE EXHIBIT SECTION OF THIS FILE, AND THE SWORN TESTIMONY OF THE SAIC PERSONNEL, IT IS NOT CONSIDERED THAT AN "IS - R - CUBA" IS JUSTIFIED IN THIS CONNECTION.

ALL

X

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAY 25 1964
LEGAL ATTACHE - MEXICO

CONFIDENTIAL

7 Feb 64

Mr. Ambassador don't let Mrs. Jackeline Kennedy come Danger!

- (1) The automobile with license 13 41 65 driven by a lawyer individual collided on July 22, 1963 at Cuba Street 99 at about 12 p.m going on to the sidewalk he tried to run over the owner of a bar at the corner of Brazil and Cuba (one day previously they found this individual with \$175000 one hundred seventy five thousand pesos in his billfold and he was at the 3* Precinct under arrest and was able to recover that sum (????.. The "Poquianchis" (possibly pimps or madams) of Cuba 42 who possess real "ton toms macutes huehuenches" (ancient Indian tom toms or drums?) use the automobile bearing licenses 13 41 65 for their abuses there at Cuba 42 they meet with Michoacan types such as Eli de Gortari (who lives at Tepoztecos 36 Col Narvarte) Yucatecans such as Guillermo Ponce and some Russians and Yugoslavs
- (2) Thus in Sept. of 1963 there was a meeting of Oswald and other Brother "3 puntos - points" with such as a short, aquiline nosed attorney who is an attorney and teacher of the 2nd year of "Bachillerato" (High School) in the Michoacan University of San Nicolas de Hidalgo he teaches the subjects of Political Economy to those whom he hopes to indoctrinate to the metaphysical pathos of spiritualism (pardon, of Communism) For that purpose he utilizes an ingenious system since he has discovered the secret which is jealously guarded by the Russians for mental communication in the great secret lodges (DESDEMONA FOLICULORUM) the CNOP which is nothing more than a den of these "prende tonton macutes" having the "visionuda" idea of killing Mr. Kennedy since the terror is a favorite weapon they have attorneys and assassins on salary they saw that the PRI is too worn and the organized the CNOP at Berlin G. While Kennedy and Johnson remain in power they (the CNOP) would be a zero to the left.
- (3) The only manner in which the CNOP won't continue to be a zero for the left was killing Kennedy and waiting patiently, though gnashing their teeth, for Lyndon B. Johnson to be killed. Who will be the Brutus who kills the Caesar of the modern world??.....
Watch out for Guillermo Ponce, (Tepoztecos 36)
Watch out for the professor of Political Economy of the Michoacan University.
Watch out for the Russian Mission that is visiting Michoacan and Quintana Roo, and look out for Panama where the communistic students are.

CONFIDENTIAL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64) /32

FBI
Date: 9-18-72

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via CABLE URGENT CLASS. & EXT. BY SPATE/ASJ
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 9-18-72

NO. 519

TO ACTING DIRECTOR
ATTENTION DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION
FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY (105-3702) 2P

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE.

BERNARD FENSTERWALD, JR. - FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.

REBUCAB SEPTEMBER FIFTEEN LAST.

THE QUOTE TWENTY PHOTOGRAPHS OF POSSIBLE WHITE MALE
AMERICANS UNQUOTE MENTIONED IN REBUCAB WERE NOT ENTERED
IN MEXICO CITY FILE OF OSWALD INVESTIGATION AND THEIR
DISPOSITION IS NOT EVIDENT FROM FILE.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

SENT BY W
DATE 9/18/72
TIME 12:30

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____
M. SEARCH 02

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1971-241-719



OPPOSITE:

Strange goings on in Mexico. Are there the makings of a conspiracy? Here's where the Cuban connection to Kennedy's assassination begins to seem possible. Note number 2: "Thus in Sept. of 1963 there was a meeting of Oswald and other Brother." This person, according to the document, "having the 'visionu-da' idea of killing Mr. Kennedy since terror is a favorite weapon." Apparently the organization, CNOP, was accused of plans for killing Lyndon B. Johnson. The last portion of this document reads "Who will be the Brutus who kills the Ceaser of the modern world?.... Watch out for [and a number of persons and organizations are named.]"

TOP:

Where are the photos? "THE QUOTE TWENTY PHOTOGRAPHS OF POSSIBLE WHITE MALE AMERICANS UNQUOTE... WERE NOT ENTERED IN MEXICO CITY FILE OF OSWALD AND THEIR DISPOSITION IS NOT EVIDENT" says this response to a Freedom of Information Act request. At least some of the photos existed. (See page 54.)

BOTTOM:

Oswald is identified as a passenger on the Red Arrow bus line, on his way to Mexico City. He supposedly talked to two Austrian girls from New York.

1 - STOKES

12/15/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE URGENT

TO SAC NEW YORK
FROM DIRECTOR FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD; IS - R

SUBJECT IDENTIFIED AS PASSENGER ON QUOTE RED ARROW UNQUOTE
BUS FROM NUEVO LAREDO TO MEXICO CITY SEPTEMBER TWO SIX DASH TWO
SEVEN LAST. ENROUTE TALKED TO TWO AUSTRIAN GIRLS IN TWENTIES WHO
BOARDED IRIS AT MONTERREY, MEXICO, ENROUTE MEXICO CITY. GIRLS
POSSIBLY IDENTICAL WITH PATRICIA CLARE RASHLEIGH WINSTON, AGED TWO
TWO, AND PAMELA LILLIAN WINFORD, AGED TWO ONE, ADDRESS TWO TWO TWO
WEST THIRTY THIRD STREET, NEW YORK CITY. GIRLS ENTERED MEXICO AT
NUEVO LAREDO SEPTEMBER TWO FIVE LAST, DESTINATION MEXICO CITY. 64

INTERVIEW GIRLS FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING SUBJECT'S TRAVEL TO
MEXICO CITY. WAS HE ALONE? DO THEY HAVE ANY INFORMATION RE HIS
ACTIVITIES IN MEXICO CITY? - COPY DALLAS BY MAIL.

1 - DALLAS

JCS:jak
(4)

COPIES DESTROYED
86 FEB 2 1973

79 DEC 18 1963

REC-56
WEL
DEC 16

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
TELETYPE

Room



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 17 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. Woom	_____
Mr. Holmes	_____
Mr. Gandy	_____

URGENT 12-17-63 3-38 PM MJM

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/, SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/

AND SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/

FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES /105-15823/ 3P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS DASH R, CUBA.

RE PHILADELPHIA TEL, DEC. SIXTEEN, LAST, TEN FIFTYSEVEN PM.

PATRICIA WINSTON AND PAMELA MUMFORD INTERVIEWED DEC.

SEVENTEEN, INSTANT.

THEY PURCHASED TICKET ON SEPT. TWENTYFIVE AT TRAILWAYS
BUS STATION, LAREDO, TEXAS, TO MEXICO CITY, WITH STOP OVER
AT MONTEREY, MEXICO. DEPARTED LAREDO TEN AM, CROSSED
BORDER ELEVEN AM, SEPT. TWENTYFIVE. ARRIVED MONTEREY SIX
PM, SEPT. TWENTYFIVE. DEPARTED MONTEREY SEVEN THIRTY PM,
SEPT. TWENTYSIX, ON A THROUGH BUS FROM LAREDO TO MEXICO CITY,
STOPPING AT MONTEREY TO PICK UP PASSENGERS.

ON THIS BUS WERE LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AN ENGLISHMAN WHO
HAD LIVED IN MEXICO FOR THIRTY YEARS, AND AN ENGLISH COUPLE
HEADED FOR YUCATAN TO STUDY THE INDIANS. BUS WAS FULLY LOADED,
THIRTYNINE PASSENGERS, REST WERE MEXICANS WHO DID NOT SPEAK
ENGLISH.

END PAGE ONE

11 DEC 19 1963

Handwritten notes on left margin:
12-17-63
105-82555
105-2909
105-15823

Handwritten signatures:
B. [unclear]
[unclear]

Handwritten mark:
P

Handwritten stamps and marks:
REC-52
105-82555-720
5-108

FACE TWO

MAN LATER DETERMINED TO BE OSWALD OBSERVED SITTING NEXT TO ENGLISHMAN ON BUS WHEN IT ARRIVED FROM LAREDO. DURING TRIP OSWALD INTRODUCED HIMSELF AND EXHIBITED HIS AMERICAN PASSPORT, SHOWING THEM HE HAD TRAVELED IN USSR.

OSWALD SAID HE HAD LIVED IN RUSSIA FOR TWO YEARS AND HAD A HARD TIME GETTING OUT. ALSO SAID HE HAD BEEN TO JAPAN. HE RECOMMENDED THE GIRLS STAY AT HOTEL CUBA, MEXICO CITY, AS HE HAD STAYED THERE SEVERAL TIMES BEFORE AND IT WAS INEXPENSIVE. HE TOLD THEM HE WAS NOT STAYING THERE THIS TIME.

DID NOT SAY HE WAS MARRIED ALTHOUGH WORE GOLD WEDDING RING. ACTED FRIENDLY. MADE NO COMMENT RE RUSSIA, COMMUNISM OF CUBA. DID NOT SAY WHY IN MEXICO, WHERE HE WAS GOING IN MEXICO, FUTURE PLANS OR OCCUPATION. SAID HE WAS FROM FORT WORTH OR DALLAS. AFTER ALL LEFT BUS IN MEXICO CITY OSWALD NOT FURTHER OBSERVED.

ENGLISHMAN SAID TO GIRLS QUOTE I GATHER THE YOUNG MAN SITTING WITH ME HAS BEEN TO MEXICO CITY BEFORE UNQUOTE.

OSWALD TRAVELING ALONE, HAD NO APPARENT PREVIOUS CONNECTION WITH ANYONE ON BUS. HAD ONE PIECE OF LUGGAGE, A SMALL ZIPPER BAG.

END PAGE TWO



OPPOSITE

"Oswald's" presence on a bus going from Laredo, TX to Mexico City is confirmed. "ON THIS BUS WERE LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AN ENGLISHMAN WHO HAD LIVED IN MEXICO FOR THIRTY YEARS AND AN ENGLISH COUPLE HEADED FOR YUCATAN."

TOP:

Oswald supposedly revealed on this bus ride that he had been to the U.S.S.R. Note the following: "HE RECOMMENDED THE GIRLS STAY AT HOTEL CUBA... AS HE HAD STAYED THERE BEFORE. ENGLISHMAN SAID TO GIRLS QUOTE I GATHER THE YOUNG MAN SITTING WITH ME HAS BEEN TO MEXICO CITY BEFORE." These two statements could be meant to bolster Oswald's continuing shady activities.

BOTTOM:

More on the Red Arrow (Flecha Roja) bus excursion from Nueva Laredo to Mexico City. Note that according to this teletype Oswald's rent had expired at his New Orleans address.

REC 12 1963
TELETYPE

URGENT 12-12-63 12-38 PM CST RDL

TO DIRECTOR /105-82555/
SAC, DALLAS /100-10461/
SAC, NEW ORLEANS/100-16601/

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO /105-2909/ 2P

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA. RE TRAVEL OF OSWALD.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL TO BUREAU DEC. ELEVEN LAST, NINE THIRTYSEVEN P. M.

SAN ANTONIO HAS DEVELOPED NO INFORMATION AT THIS TIME CONCERNING MEANS BY WHICH TICKET FROM NUEVO LAREDO, TEXAS, TO MEXICO CITY ON FLECHA ROJA BUS LINES WAS OBTAINED BY MAN USING NAME OSWALD. EFFORTS BEING MADE TO OBTAIN ALL INFORMATION CONCERNING THIS.

RETEL INDICATES OSWALD DID NOT SPEND NIGHT OF SEPT. TWENTYFOUR LAST AT FOUR NINE ZERO SEVEN MAGAZINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS. IF INFORMATION AVAILABLE NEW ORLEANS ADVISE SAN ANTONIO DATE OSWALD'S RENT TERMINATED AT THAT ADDRESS.

NEW ORLEANS CONSIDER CHECKING YMCA TO DETERMINE IF HE SPENT NIGHT OF SEPT. TWENTYFOUR LAST THERE SINCE HE IS REPORTED TO HAVE USED YMCA DALLAS.

END PAGE ONE

66DEC17 1963

52-104 REC 55

DEC 13 1963

52a



FBI

Date: 2/3/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via CABLE PRIORITY
NO.: 345 BY: [Signature] (Priority or Method of Mailing)

BUFILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH EIGHT TWO FIVE FIVE FIVE.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

RE ALLEGATIONS OF YLARIO ROJAS VILLANUEVA.

CONTINUED INVESTIGATION BY SA EDWIN O. JOHNSON HAS DISCLOSED THAT ON AUGUST THREE, ONE NINE SIX TWO, ROJAS UNDER NAME OF HILARIO ROJAS TRAVELED FROM GUADALAJARA TO MONTERREY VIA AERONAVES DE MEXICO AND FROM MONTERREY TO NUEVO LAREDO VIA COMPANIA MEXICANA DE AVIACION PAREN CMA PAREN. TICKET WAS ISSUED TO ROJAS AT GUADALAJARA TO TRAVEL TO NUEVO LAREDO AND RETURN TO GUADALAJARA ON BASIS OF TELEGRAPHIC PURCHASE ORDER SENT TO GUADALAJARA BY CMA OFFICE IN NUEVO LAREDO ON JULY THREE ONE, ONE NINE SIX TWO. RECORDS IN GUADALAJARA CONTAIN NO INFORMATION INDICATING WHO PAID FOR PURCHASE ORDER AT CMA OFFICE IN NUEVO LAREDO. TICKET NUMBER ONE EIGHT SEVEN NINE THREE WAS ISSUED AT GUADALAJARA TO COVER TRAVEL BY ROJAS FROM GUADALAJARA TO MONTERREY AND RETURN ON AERONAVES AND FROM MONTERREY TO NUEVO LAREDO AND RETURN ON CMA. TICKET ACTUALLY CONSISTED OF FOUR PARTS TO COVER TWO AERONAVES FLIGHTS AND TWO CMA FLIGHTS.

SUGGEST SAN ANTONIO BE INSTRUCTED TO CONDUCT INVESTIGATION AT CMA OFFICE IN NUEVO LAREDO IN EFFORT TO DETERMINE WHO PAID FOR TICKET AND TO MAKE SUCH HOTEL CHECKS AS POSSIBLE TO DETERMINE

105-3702
CDA:plb
Approved: _____
(2)

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

440P

Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 10-12-60)

F B I

Date: 11 27 63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR AND SAC DALLAS

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT : J. F. KENNEDY,
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas
OSWALD - TRAVEL

The following investigation was conducted by SA [redacted] and SA [redacted]:

AT REYNOSA, TAMAULIPAS, MEXICO:

On November 26, 1963, [redacted] advised he had previously checked all travel permits issued during the month of September, 1963, under the names LEE HALVY OSWALD and M. D. LEE but not under the name HIRDEL, nor had he checked the names of OSWALD's wife or mother.

[redacted] stated he would immediately cause a check to be made of his records pertaining to persons entering and leaving Mexico from August 10, 1963, to November 22, 1963, under the true name and known aliases of OSWALD, as well as the name of his wife and mother.

[redacted] pointed out that his office covers an area encompassing the towns of Camargo and San Miguel de Camargo, Tamaulipas, Mexico, where Mexican Immigration sub-offices are located and that copies of permits issued at those points of entry are maintained in his office, thus precluding the necessity of checking Mexican Immigration records at those places.

[redacted] subsequently stated no record identifiable with OSWALD, his wife, or his mother was located in the Mexican Immigration files at Reynosa.

LHM and 302's follow.

① Bureau (AM)
② Dallas (89-43) (AM)
③ San Antonio (40-67)

JMK/dnb
(7)

Approved: _____ Sent _____
Special Agent in Charge NOT RECORDED Per _____
79 DEC 19 1963 FBI DEC 16 1963

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

OPPOSITE:
Other travelers' plans and purchasing decisions were closely scrutinized for an Oswald connection in memos such as this.

TOP:
A records search of Mexican Immigration offices came up empty. "No record identifiable with OSWALD, his wife, or his mother was located in the Mexican Immigration files..."

BOTTOM:
More doubt is thrown on Oswald's presence in Mexico. Someone reported seeing him in New Orleans at the same time. "SEEN BY NEIGHBOR AFTER SEPT. TWENTYFOUR LAST."

ADDENDUM:
The discrepancies about Oswald's appearance in Mexico and elsewhere are wide-ranging. The woman who pegged him at the Cuban consulate in Mexico said he was five foot three. Others put him at five foot seven and five foot eight. He is described as with or without a widow's peak, with thick and thinning hair, which runs the range from blond to deep black. Most of the incorrect descriptions take place in Mexico and Dallas, just prior to the assassination.

PAGE TWO

NEW ORLEANS FURNISH OSWALD'S ADDRESS WHEN SEEN BY NEIGHBOR AFTERNOON SEPT. TWENTYFOUR LAST, IF AVAILABLE.

END AND ACK PLS.

1-40 PM OK FBI WA MSL

DL 1238 PM OK FBI DL NH

NO 12-39 PM CST OK FBI NO LM

TU ALL DISC

CC-MR ROSEN



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

FBI, Dallas (89-43)

December 17, 1963

Date:

To:

105-82555

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
Re: JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover, Director

62-109060
FBI File No. D-438119 BE
Lab. No.

Examination requested by: Legat, Mexico
Reference: Letter 12-13-63
Examination requested: Document
Remarks:

The evidence described in the attached Laboratory report was received under the caption "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka IS - R."

Characteristics in the handwriting on Q332 indicate that at least two persons made the entries on this specimen and that one of these persons may also have made the entries on Line 4. Similarities in several lines of writing on Q332 indicate that persons other than the passengers themselves may enter the names and destinations on the bus passenger list.

Enclosures (2) (2 Lab rpt)

- 2 - Mexico (105-3702) Enclosures (3) (Q332, 2 Lab rpt)
- 1 - San Antonio (89-67) Enclosures (2) (Photocopy of Q332, Lab rpt)
- Mr. Schutz, Room 5722 (Sent direct)
- Mr. Turner, Room 649 RB (Sent direct)
- Bufile (105-82555)

Tolson
 Belmont
 Mohr
 Casper
 Callahan
 Conrad
 DeLoach
 Evans
 Gale
 Rosen
 Sullivan
 Tavel
 Trotter
 Tele. Room
 Holmes
 Gandy

HLD:sab (12)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

JAN 3 1964

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

62-109060-3119

**REPORT
of the
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.**

FBI, Dallas (88-43) Date: December 17, 1963
 FBI File No. 82-169060
 Lab. No. D-438218

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11-22-63,
DALLAS, TEXAS**

Specimens received 12-16-63 from Legat, Mexico

Q332 Transportes Frontera bus company passenger list covering a trip made by bus No. 340 from Mexico City to Laredo, Texas, 10-2-63, bearing the name "Oswald" in the space for seat No. 4

Result of examination:

It was concluded that the name of the passenger and the destination on Line 4 of Q332 were not written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD, whose known writing appears on K4 and K5 in this case.

Due to the limited amount of comparable writing, no conclusion was reached whether the name and destination on Line 4 of Q332 were written by the writer of other entries on this specimen.

Q332 is returned to Legat, Mexico. Photographs are retained. A photocopy of Q332 is attached for the San Antonio Office.

Transmit the following in _____
 (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIR TEL AIR MAIL
 (Priority or Method of Mailing)

To _____
 From _____
 Subject _____

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

OPPOSITE:

Attempts were made to find samples of Oswald's handwriting on the bus passenger manifest. However, it turned out "that persons other than the passengers themselves may enter the names and destinations on the bus passenger list."

TOP:

"It was concluded that the name of the passenger and the destination... were not written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD [but] by the writer of other entries on this specimen."

BOTTOM:

Another bus trace shows no sign of Oswald. "The mother advised son told her there were only two Americans on the bus besides himself and they were a young married couple... from Miami, Florida."

BACKGROUND INFO:

According to Jim Garrison, the Mexico City charade was orchestrated to provide a fake trail neatly leading Oswald to Kennedy. "A trail of phony incriminating evidence had been carefully laid down prior to the execution of the President, leading to Oswald as the scapegoat. At the same time, the real Oswald had been manipulated by his intelligence community baby sitters." (From *On the Trail of the Assassins.*)

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI
Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
 (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIR TEL AIR MAIL
 (Priority or Method of Mailing)

To Director, FBI
 From SAC, Indianapolis (105-3399)
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
 O. H. Lee,
 Alek James Hidell
 IS-B
 OO:DL

Re SA airtel to Bureau, 12/3/63, cc Legat, Mexico.

Page 3 of reairtel reflects one CHESTER STANLEY STEMP, teacher, from Hammond, Indiana, crossed border at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, on 9/26/63. Investigation at Hammond, Indiana, reflects CHESTER STANLEY STEMP is presently employed as a mathematics teacher in the American High School, San Salvador, El Salvador, and resides at Tihai Boarding House, 1807 Avenida Roosevelt, San Salvador. His mother advised her son left Chicago by train on 9/23/63, for Houston, Texas, and at Houston he took a bus to San Antonio, and then a bus across the border into Mexico on his way to his teaching assignment. The mother advised son told her there were only two Americans on the bus besides himself and they were a young married couple who stated they were from Miami, Florida.

Legat, Mexico handle.

5 - Bureau (AM, RM)
 (2 - Legat, Mexico)
 2 - Dallas (AM, RM)
 2 - San Antonio (105-2909) (AM, RM)
 1 - Indianapolis

PJF:job
 (5)

C. C. Wick

79 DEC 18 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____
 Special Agent in Charge

REC-54 105-82555-549

DEC 18 1963

SOVIET SECTION

MC 105-3702

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

C

Mr. SLAWSON volunteered that OSWALD's wife had first prevaricated that she knew nothing about OSWALD's trip to Mexico, but subsequently she advised that she knew that he was in Mexico for the purpose of making a trip to Cuba. He stated that this information was confidential and that it was not to be disseminated to anyone.

He advised also that OSWALD's wife had admitted that upon OSWALD's return from Mexico he told her that he had attended a bullfight and had visited "some museums."

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

12/1/63

CODE

TELETYPE URGENT 1 - Mr. Stokes

TO SAC DALLAS
NEW ORLEANS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R.

AS IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED OSWALD WAS NOT IN MEXICO
SEPTEMBER EIGHTEEN LAST, INVESTIGATION IN REGARD TO
PLACING HIM THAT DATE SHOULD BE DISCONTINUED. DALLAS
ADVISE AUXILIARY OFFICES.

JCS:RHM
(3)

NOTE:
Allegation that Oswald received money from Cuban Embassy,
Mexico City, on 9/18/63 in connection with plot to assassinate
the President has been proven unfounded as source has now
recanted.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 FEB 0 1973

REC-50 105-82555-66

DEC 2 1963

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
DEC 1 1963

TELETYPE

6:15 PM

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

OPPOSITE:

Marina Oswald capitulates to questioning, at first denying Oswald's Mexican trip, then confirming it. "OSWALD's wife had first prevaricated that she knew nothing about OSWALD's trip... but subsequently she advised that she knew that he was in Mexico for the purpose of making a trip to Cuba."

TOP:

The FBI changes its mind, calls off investigation: "IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED OSWALD WAS NOT IN MEXICO SEPTEMBER EIGHTEEN LAST." Also laid low are allegations that Oswald received money from the Cuban Embassy in connection with the Kennedy assassination.

BOTTOM:

Mexico City confirms he was never there, though later the Warren Commission would be told he had been. "Investigation Mexico has failed to determine any information concerning subject's entry into or departure from Mexico." Note intriguing handwritten note on right margin to "add data later."

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI (105-82555) Date: 11/22/63

From: Legat, Mexico City (105-3702) (P)

Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R

Re: Remycab 10/18/63.

Investigation Mexico has failed to determine any information concerning subject's entry into or departure from Mexico. Last known information, as set out in re: cab, CIA advised in SECRET communication subject in contact Soviet Embassy, Mexico City, 9/28/63 and 10/1/63. Investigation continuing.

add data later

Bureau
(1 - Liaison Section)
(2 - New Orleans, 100-16601)
(2 - Dallas, 100-10461)

1 - Mexico City
CRP:jhk
(8)

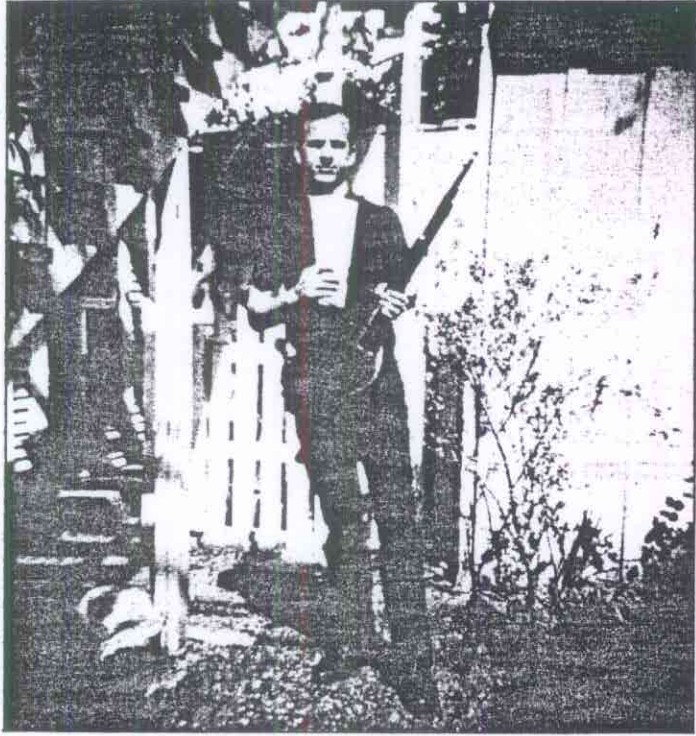
REC-19 105-82555-127

NOV 26 1963

ST-104

SOVIET SECTION
DEC 6 1963

53 DEC 9 1963



The Assassination

So much information has been written and disseminated about the actual assassination of John Kennedy by Lee Harvey Oswald that there's no plausible way to completely go over the evidence in this format. However, the major events of that fateful day in Dallas stand out and bear some examination.

By now everyone has heard the theories of multiple gunmen, of shots being heard and smoke being seen from the grassy knoll. Much has been made of Kennedy's body being removed from Dallas and whisked to Bethesda where his remains were tampered with. How much of all this is true is likely hidden in still unopened files, if it exists at all. But here are some items to consider:

The lone gunman theory which was endorsed by the Warren Commission is one of the weakest links in the chain of logic regarding the assassination. One woman saw a man with a rifle set up near the aforementioned knoll. A railroad switchman saw two men standing behind a fence on the knoll speaking into a microphone. Another worker saw someone run from the knoll toward a railway siding. Others heard shots from a group of trees. Even a Secret Service agent reported what sounded like gunfire coming from the opposite direction of the Texas Book Depository from where Oswald was supposed to have fired.

The rifle that Oswald used has also been the subject of much discussion. The Mannlicher-Carcano rifle is an out of date weapon of dubious accuracy, and tests on the scope after the assassination showed it to be out of focus. Add that to the great distance Oswald would have had to shoot from, at a moving target, and consider his less than great marksmanship in the Marines.

The photographs that turned up after

Kennedy's killing showing Oswald posing with the rifle and a Communist publication have been said by many to be doctored. Oswald's head is too large in proportion to his body, and shadows are falling in the wrong direction on his neck versus his torso.

Many trajectory and timing studies have been made from the window of the Texas Book Depository and in the building itself. Some have theorized that Oswald could not have shot the President from the angle he was aiming from. Others have noted that Oswald was located in the basement, but that he could not have run there from the time of the shooting to the time he was questioned there.

It has also been pointed out that the Secret Service and Dallas police did an extraordinarily poor job protecting Kennedy. Here's what Jim Garrison wrote about this: "A telexed warning of an attempt to assassinate the President in Dallas on November 22 or 23 had apparently been sent to every FBI special agent... and had been quietly ignored. The protective bubble for the President's limousine had been left off by the Secret Service. The windows and roofs of buildings along the parade route had not been secured. And the parade route had been changed at the last minute so that the motorcade would have to make a sharp turn, thus slowing it to less than ten miles per hour. All of this added up, essentially, to the withdrawal of the President's protection..."

There are so many mitigating factors and strange twists of evidence to further confound the issue. Just one, for instance, is Oswald's supposed murder, after the assassination, of a Dallas police officer, J.D. Tippit, for which evidence was bungled.

On the following pages we present samples of recently released documents that touch on many aspects of the events in Dallas and their aftermath.

Internal security memo about Oswald's relocation. (Also mentioned in this Department of Justice document is Oswald's subscription to *The Worker*, a Communist newspaper, while he resided in Fort Worth.) It also gives his occupation as a maintenance man.

"[Oswald] reportedly drank to excess and beat his wife on numerous occasions... They had numerous complaints from the other tenants."

Oswald's ties to the Communist Party, in addition to details of his family life are noted at right. Note also that informant T-2, who has turned up before in these documents, reports that Oswald was still in touch with the aforementioned Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 51407
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION CD 692

Copy to:

Report of: JAMES P. HOSTY, Jr. Office: DALLAS
Date: 9/10/63

Field Office File No.: Dallas 100-10461 Bureau File No.: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis: Subject subscriber to *The Worker* while resident of Fort Worth, Texas. Subject reportedly drank to excess and beat his wife on numerous occasions. Subject presently residing and working in New Orleans, Louisiana.

- RUC -

DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUND

A. Residence and Employment

Mr. JESSIE JAMES GARNER, 4939 Magazine Court, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised on August 3, 1963 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, E. JAMES, have occupied the apartment at 4905 Magazine, New Orleans since June 1963.

Mrs. MARY BERTUCCI, Personnel Secretary, William Holly Coffee Company, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, advised on August 5, 1963 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD has been employed as a maintenance man at that company since May 15, 1963.

B. Miscellaneous

On March 11, 1963 Mrs. L. F. TOBIAS, apartment manager, 602 Elzabeth, Dallas, Texas, advised on March 3, 1963 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife MARIEA moved from that apartment building, to 244 East Nealey Street in Dallas, Texas. Mrs. TOBIAS advised they had considerable difficulty

CS COPY

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

This document has been approved for release through the HISTORICAL RECORDS PROGRAM of the Central Intelligence Agency.

REPRODUCED BY THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

DL 100-10461

with Mr. OSWALD who apparently drank to excess and beat his wife on numerous occasions. They had numerous complaints from the other tenants due to OSWALD's drinking and beating his wife.

II. CONNECTIONS WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY

On September 20, 1963 Dallas confidential informant T-1 advised that LEE H. OSWALD, who at that time resided at 2703 Horsham Street, Fort Worth, Texas, was a subscriber to *The Worker*, an East Coast Communist newspaper.

On April 21, 1963 Dallas confidential informant T-2 advised that LEE H. OSWALD of Dallas, Texas, was in contact with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New York City at which time he advised that he passed out pamphlets for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. According to T-2, OSWALD had a placard around his neck reading, "Hands off Cuba Viva Fidel".

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum

TO : W. C. Sullivan
 FROM : D. E. Moore
 SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
 INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA
 (ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY)

DATE: 11-27-63

1 - Sullivan
 1 - D.E. Moore

1 - Branigan
 1 - H.A. Schutz
 1 - Turner

Inspector James Malley called from Dallas tonight (11-27-63) to advise as follows:

The whereabouts of Oswald from October 3, 1963, up to 12 noon on November 22, 1963, is as follows:

On October 3 he spent one day at the Dallas, Texas, YMCA during which he also made inquiry at the Texas Employment Commission appearing there in person. On October 4, 5, 6, and 7 he resided at the home of Mrs. Ruth Paine in Irving, Texas, and did not leave the residence. On October 7 in the morning he left the Paine residence and then moved to the home of Mrs. Mary Bledsoe, 621 North Marzalis, Dallas, Texas, moving in at 3 p.m. He was there at this address from October 7 until October 12 at 10 a.m. He left Bledsoe's home on the morning of October 12 and was gone for the weekend where he spent the weekend at the home of Mrs. Paine in Irving, Texas. On October 14 he returned to the Bledsoe home, picked up his belongings, and on the afternoon of October 14 moved to 1026 North Beckley, arriving there at approximately 4 p.m. He continued his residence at this address from October 14 until November 22. He paid his rent on a weekly basis of \$8 each Monday in cash except on November 11 when he was away from the room and paid his rent that week on Tuesday, November 12. On the weekend of November 15, 16, and 17 he remained at 1026 North Beckley, staying there the entire weekend. On all other weekends from October 14 up to November 22 he left 1026 North Beckley and spent the weekends with his wife at the residence of Mrs. Paine. On the holiday weekend of November 11 he remained at the Paine's and returned to Dallas on November 12. While living at 1026 North Beckley, he is reported not to have gone out in the evenings; no drinking; no smoking; watched television; occasionally went out to the store at which time he generally bought lunch meat or jellies or some similar item and frequently had his meals in his room. He was not known to have had any visitors at either of the places he stayed in Dallas, Texas. Irving, Texas, is a suburban area of Dallas. With respect to the period from October 16 up to November 22 it is noted Oswald was employed at the Texas Schoolbook Depository.

REC-56 381
 DEC 12 1963

DEM:lab (6)



OPPOSITE:

On March 3, 1963, Lee Harvey Oswald and his wife, Marina, moved to Dallas, Texas. A neighbor reported: "They had considerable difficulty with Mr. OSWALD who apparently drank to excess and beat his wife... They had numerous complaints from the other tenants due to OSWALD's drinking and beating his wife."

TOP:

Background on Oswald's Dallas activities. Note the attention to detail. Also, note the comments on his drinking in this memo as opposed to the previous one: "He is reported not to have gone out in the evenings; no drinking; no smoking;... occasionally went to the store..."

BOTTOM:

After the assassination: Internal memorandum about the hairs found on Oswald's jacket. The important section is in the third paragraph: "None of the textile fibers previously removed from the rifle used in Mr. Kennedy's assassination could be associated with this jacket and no gunpowder residues were found on the jacket."

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad
 FROM : R. H. Jevons
 SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.;
 IS - R - CUBA

DATE: 12/31/63

The Dallas Office submitted to the Laboratory a blue jacket which was recovered from the Texas School Book Depository on 12/16/63. This jacket was positively identified as being Oswald's by his wife and was submitted for gunpowder residue, hair and fiber examinations.

Several head hairs were found in the debris removed from this jacket that microscopically matched known head hairs from Oswald.

None of the textile fibers previously removed from the rifle used in Mr. Kennedy's assassination could be associated with this jacket and no gunpowder residues were found on the jacket.

A report setting out the above results is being prepared.

ACTION:
 For information.

52-109060

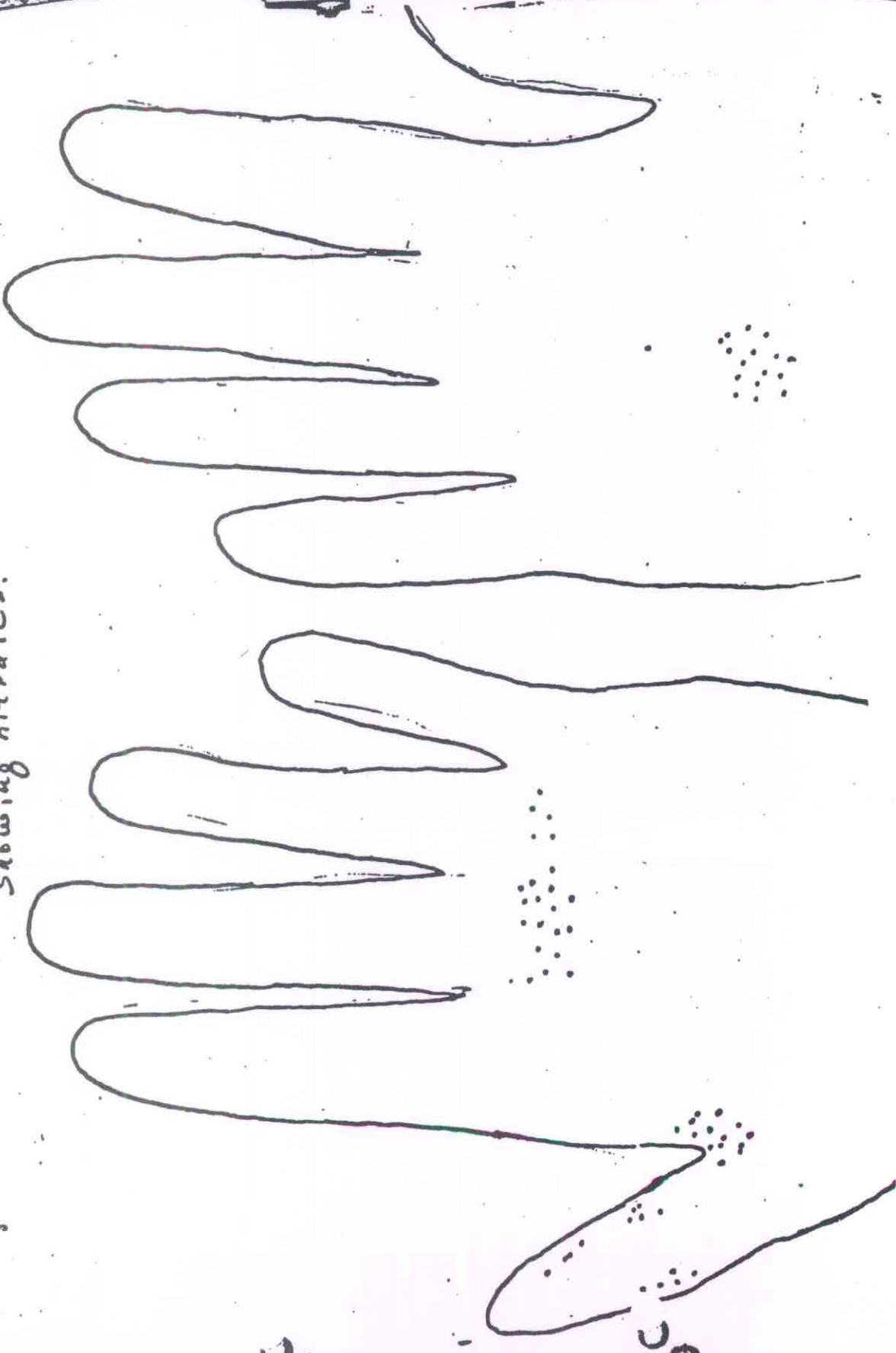
1-Mr. Belmont
 1-Mr. Rosen
 1-Mr. Sullivan
 1-Mr. Hogge, Room 5718

REC-56 1182
 31 JAN 2 1964

JAN 6 1964



DCCC/L # 3531
Ex. # 2, left hand, paraffin cast
showing nitrates.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to _____

Report of: JOHN R. WINEBERG Office: Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Date: 12/10/63

Field Office File #: 105-9958 Bureau File #: _____

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis: JOSEPH GOULDEN, reporter, "Philadelphia Inquirer," former reporter of "Dallas News," Dallas, Texas, interviewed and advised unnamed law enforcement officer gave him information that LEE HARVEY OSWALD approached by FBI to be informant and that Dallas Sheriff's Office gave him information regarding witnesses seeing OSWALD in building with rifle from which President Kennedy shot.

- P -

Details: _____

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

OPPOSITE:

The gunpowder residues found on Oswald's hands. Many have said this evidence is inconclusive, arguing that if Oswald were to have fired a rifle with a sight, as he did, there would have been nitrate traces on his cheeks as well. Apparently, there were not.

TOP:

Internal security memo regarding interview with unnamed law enforcement officer: "LEE HARVEY OSWALD approached by FBI to be informant and... Dallas Sheriff's Office gave him information regarding witnesses seeing OSWALD in building with rifle from which President Kennedy [was] shot."

BOTTOM:

More on the previous assertion that Oswald was an FBI informant: "LEE HARVEY OSWALD at one time had been contacted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to become an informant. He said he had obtained this information from a law enforcement officer in Dallas whom he declined to identify."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date: 12/10/63

Mr. JOSEPH GOULDEN, news reporter, "Philadelphia Inquirer," Philadelphia, Pa. advised that prior to coming to work for the "Inquirer" in 1961 for three years he had been a reporter for the "Dallas News" in Dallas, Texas, covering the Sheriff's Office and Police Department in Dallas. He also advised he was the only reporter from the "Philadelphia Inquirer" who was in Dallas during or subsequent to the assassination of President Kennedy. He stated that he was in Dallas from about 9:00 a.m., Tuesday, December 3, 1963, until the evening of December 7, 1963.

He said that as a result of having worked for the newspaper in Dallas, he had many contacts in law enforcement and the news media in that city.

Mr. GOULDEN advised that in a news article in the December 8, 1963 "Philadelphia Inquirer," datelined December 7, Dallas, Texas, which he had written, he had pointed out that LEE HARVEY OSWALD at one time had been contacted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to become an informant. He said he had obtained this information from a law enforcement officer in Dallas whom he declined to identify.

Mr. GOULDEN advised that in the same article he had made reference to the fact that witnesses had seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Texas School Book Depository Building 15 minutes before the shots were fired at the President. He stated he had received this information from the Dallas Sheriff's Office.

Mr. GOULDEN stated he would attempt to contact the law enforcement officer in Dallas whom he declined to identify, and obtain permission to give his name to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Late in the evening, Mr. GOULDEN telephonically advised that he had been unable to contact the officer in Dallas.

On 12/9/63 at Philadelphia, Pa. File # Philadelphia 105-9958

by SA JOHN R. WINEBERG/jr Date dictated 12/10/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

-2*

Date 11/23/63

1

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed by Captain WILL FRITZ of the Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department. Special Agents JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. and JAMES W. BOOKHOUT were present during this interview. When the Agents entered the interview room at 3:15 p.m., Captain FRITZ had been previously interviewing LEE HARVEY OSWALD for an undetermined period of time. Both Agents identified themselves to OSWALD and advised him they were law enforcement officers and anything he said could be used against him. OSWALD at this time adopted a violent attitude toward the FBI and both Agents and made many uncomplimentary remarks about the FBI. OSWALD requested that Captain FRITZ remove the cuffs from him, it being noted that OSWALD was handcuffed with his hands behind him. Captain FRITZ had one of his detectives remove the handcuffs and handcuff OSWALD with his hands in front of him.

Captain FRITZ asked OSWALD if he ever owned a rifle and OSWALD stated that he had observed a MR. TRUELY (phonetic), a supervisor at the Texas Schoolbook Depository on November 20, 1963, display a rifle to some individuals in his office on the first floor of the Texas Schoolbook Depository, but denied ever owning a rifle himself. OSWALD stated that he had never been in Mexico except to Tijuana on one occasion. However, he admitted to Captain FRITZ to having resided in the Soviet Union for three years where he has many friends and relatives of his wife.

OSWALD also admitted that he was the secretary for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New Orleans, Louisiana a few months ago. OSWALD stated that the Fair Play for Cuba Committee has its headquarters in New York City. OSWALD admitted to having received an award for marksmanship while a member of the U.S. Marine Corps. He further admitted that he was living at 1026 N. Beckley in Dallas, Texas, under the name of O. H. LEE. OSWALD admitted that he was present in the Texas Schoolbook Depository on November 22, 1963, where he has been employed since October 15, 1963. OSWALD stated that as a laborer, he has access to the entire building which has offices on the first and second

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43
 by Special Agent S JAMES P. HOSTY, JR. and JAMES W. BOOKHOUT /wvm Date dictated 11/23/63

DL 89-43

floors and storage on the third and fourth, as well as the fifth and sixth floors. OSWALD stated that he went to lunch at approximately noon and he claimed he ate his lunch on the first floor in the lunchroom; however he went to the second floor where the Coca-Cola machine was located and obtained a bottle of Coca-Cola for his lunch. OSWALD claimed to be on the first floor when President JOHN F. KENNEDY passed this building.

After hearing what had happened, he said that because of all the confusion there would be no work performed that afternoon so he decided to go home. OSWALD stated he then went home by bus and changed his clothes and went to a movie. OSWALD admitted to carrying a pistol with him to this movie stating he did this because he felt like it, giving no other reason. OSWALD further admitted attempting to fight the Dallas police officers who arrested him in this movie theater when he received a cut and a bump.

OSWALD frantically denied shooting Dallas police officer ~~XXXXXX~~ or shooting President JOHN F. KENNEDY. The interview was concluded at 4:05 p.m. when OSWALD was removed for a lineup.

91



OPPOSITE

After Oswald's arrest: In this record of Oswald's initial interrogation and deposition, he claims never to have been in Mexico except Tijuana. He denied owning a rifle, but said his supervisor had brought one to the Texas Schoolbook Depository on November 20.

TOP:

Bolstering some conspiracy theorists, Oswald says he was on the first floor drinking Coca Cola when the President was shot. Strangely, though, after going home because of the confusion, Oswald went to a movie and "admitted to carrying a pistol with him to this movie stating he did this because he felt like it... OSWALD further admitted attempting to fight the Dallas police officers who arrested him in this movie theater when he received a cut and a lump." Finally, "OSWALD frantically denied shooting Dallas police officer Tippit or shooting President JOHN F. KENNEDY."

BOTTOM:

Two days later, Oswald reiterated that he didn't own a rifle. This time he said he'd just purchased a Coke on the second floor when a police officer came in, verified Oswald was an employee, and left.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/63

1

LEE HARVEY OSWALD was interviewed at the Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, by Captain J. W. FRITZ in the presence of Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT, Federal Bureau of Investigation. OSWALD was advised of the identity and official capacity of said agent and the fact that he did not have to make any statement, that any statement he did make could be used in a court of law against him, and that any statement made must be free and voluntary and that he had the right to consult with an attorney.

OSWALD stated that he did not own any rifle. He advised that he saw a rifle day before yesterday at the Texas School Book Depository which MR. TRULY and two other gentlemen had in their possession and were looking at.

OSWALD stated that on November 22, 1963, at the time of the search of the Texas School Book Depository building by Dallas police officers, he was on the second floor of said building, having just purchased a Coca-cola from the soft-drink machine, at which time a police officer came into the room with pistol drawn and asked him if he worked there. MR. TRULY was present and verified that he was an employee and the police officer thereafter left the room and continued through the building. OSWALD stated that he took this Coke down to the first floor and stood around and had lunch in the employees lunch room. He thereafter went outside and stood around for five or ten minutes with foreman BILL ~~XXXXXX~~, and thereafter went home. He stated that he left work because, in his opinion, based upon remarks of BILL ~~XXXXXX~~, he did not believe that there was going to be any more work that day due to the confusion in the building. He stated after arriving at his residence, then he went to a movie, where he was subsequently apprehended by the Dallas Police Department.

OSWALD stated that his hours of work at the Texas School Book Depository are from 8 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., but that he is not required to punch a time clock. His usual place of work in the building is on the first floor; however, he frequently is required to go to the fourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh floors of the building in order to get books and

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43

by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT /vtr Date dictated 11/24/63

97

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



Date 11/25/63

1

LEE HARVEY OSWALD was interviewed at the Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, at 6:35 p.m., by Captain J. W. FRITZ in the presence of Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT, Federal Bureau of Investigation. OSWALD was advised of the identity and official capacity of said Agent and the fact that he did not have to make any statement, that any statement he did make could be used in a court of law against him, and that any statement made must be free and voluntary and that he had the right to consult with an attorney.

Captain J. W. FRITZ exhibited to LEE HARVEY OSWALD a photograph which had been obtained by the Dallas Police Department in a search, by search warrant, of the garage at the residence of MRS. RUTH PAINE, located at Irving, Texas, which photograph reflects OSWALD holding a rifle and wearing a holstered pistol. OSWALD was asked if this was a photograph of himself. OSWALD stated that he would not discuss the photograph without advice of an attorney. He stated that the head of the individual in the photograph could be his but that it was entirely possible that the Police Department had superimposed this part of the photograph over the body of someone else. He pointed out that numerous news media had snapped his photograph during the day and the possibility existed that the police had doctored up this photograph.

OSWALD denied that he had purchased any rifle from Kleins Store in Chicago, Illinois.

OSWALD complained of a lineup wherein he had not been granted a request to put on a jacket similar to those worn by some of the other individuals in the lineup.

on 11/23/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43
 by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT /wvm Date dictated 11/24/63

103

Date 11/23/63

Irving *N.Y. La.*

MARINA OSWALD, 2515 West Fifth Street, IRVING, TEXAS, phone Blackburn 3-1828, was interviewed at the Dallas Police Department through interpreters Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, phone Blackburn 3-1828, and ILVA S. KHANTOV, 2511 East Mockingbird Lane, Dallas, Taylor 1-2817, inasmuch as MARINA OSWALD speaks only the Russian language.

OSWALD advised that she is the wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She will have been married to OSWALD three years April, 1962, having married him in Minsk, U.S.S.R.

She arrived with her husband June 13, 1962, in the United States of America at New York City. They immediately came to Fort Worth, Texas, and resided with ROBERT OSWALD, who is the brother of her husband. ROBERT OSWALD now resides in Denton, Texas. After staying one month with ROBERT OSWALD, they rented an apartment in Fort Worth, Texas. About October, 1962, they moved to Dallas, Texas, and rented an apartment on Elsiebeth Street and thereafter moved to an apartment on Reedy Street. About May, 1963, they moved to New Orleans, Louisiana. MARINA OSWALD moved back to Dallas about September 24, 1963, and LEE HARVEY OSWALD moved to Dallas about two weeks later. About October 18, 1963, LEE HARVEY was employed by the Texas School Book Depository. He has been renting a room (at 1026 North Beckley, Dallas) and visits her on the weekends at 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving.

On the night of November 21, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD spent the night with her at 2515 West Fifth. He left early on the morning of November 22, 1963, before she or Mrs. RUTH PAINE awakened.

MARINA OSWALD advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD owned a rifle which he used in Russia about two years ago. She observed what she presumed to be the same rifle in a blanket in the garage at 2515 West Fifth, Irving. On November 22, 1963, she observed the same blanket in the garage but the rifle was missing. MARINA OSWALD stated that on November 22, 1963, she had been shown a rifle in the Dallas Police Department, reportedly found at the Texas School Book

on 11/22/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 89-43
by Special Agent JAMES W. BOOKHOUT/csh Date dictated 11/23/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

3
DL 89-43

not heard from him since that time, but insofar as she knew he had moved to Dallas. She did know that they had one child and that he had had difficulty in finding employment in Fort Worth because no one wanted a defected Communist in his employ.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she had never seen a rifle or any other firearms in LEE HARVEY's possession at any time and did not know anything about his activities during the past year. She could not give any information regarding the friends or associates of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, nor did she know anything concerning any organizations to which he belonged.

Mrs. OSWALD did not believe that her son had actually defected to Russia, stating he could have been abridged and made to remain there, although she said this was her opinion only.

During her son's Marine service, she recalled he was in the "Formosa crisis" in the summer of 1957 or 1958, having entered the Marine Corps about 1956 and being released in September, October, or November, 1958.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that her son was a brilliant boy and wanted to attend college. He did receive a high-school diploma while a member of the U. S. Marines. She stated that she raised LEE HARVEY OSWALD as an orphan because his father died before he was born.

While in high school he played football, belonged to the Y.M.C.A. and seemed to get along with others, but had no friends. He was alone, spending spare time reading, listening to the radio and television and playing monopoly. Mrs. OSWALD stated she worked as a practical nurse and on many occasions did not have the money to pay for her children's lunches. While her sons were in school, they came home before she did almost every afternoon. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, she stated, had never caused her any trouble and she did not know of any instances in which he had been arrested. Her son, ROBERT OSWALD, attended Texas Christian University and MARTIN LARDY attended that school for a short time.

She read in the papers that LEE HARVEY spoke Russian fluently and it was her belief if this were true he studied Russian in the service. He had never had any mental trouble and had never been examined by a psychiatrist at any time, Mrs. OSWALD stated. He at no time indicated any animosity toward the Government of the United States or the President.

115

OPPOSITE:

The famous photograph appears, showing Oswald holding a rifle and wearing a holstered pistol. Oswald "stated that the head of the individual in the photograph could be his but that it was entirely possible that the Police Department had superimposed this part... over the body of someone else."

TOP:

Marina's testimony is quite telling. Note: "[She] advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD owned a rifle which he used in Russia about two years ago. She observed what she presumed to be the same rifle in a blanket in the garage... On November 22, she observed the same blanket in the garage but the rifle was missing." The handwritten notation by the last paragraph says "This was not the rifle if he had it in Russia." (The last word is barely legible.) Indeed, it's not likely he could have brought a rifle from the Soviet Union to the U.S.

BOTTOM:

Interview with Oswald's mother. "Mrs. OSWALD stated that she had never seen a rifle or any other firearms in LEE HARVEY's possession at any time." There's also background information here on Oswald's political leanings. "He at no time indicated any animosity toward the Government of the United States or the President."

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 3 1963

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

URGENT 12-2-63 11-07 PM DEC
TO DIRECTOR, FBI --- ATTN- ASST. DIR. SULLIVAN
FROM SAC, DALLAS /89-43/ , T 5P

LFE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO
MARINA OSWALD INTERVIEWED FOR OVER FIVE HOURS TODAY AND
FURNISHED FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING EVENTS LEADING TO
THE ASSASSINATION-

B-237

SHE KNEW OSWALD HAD THE RIFLE WRAPPED IN A BLANKET IN THE
GARAGE AT THE PAINE HOUSE AND HAD SEEN IT THERE. SHE DESCRIBED
THE BLANKET AS BROWN WITH GREEN SQUARES AND SAID IT WAS A
GERMAN MADE BLANKET PURCHASED IN RUSSIA. SHE ADVISED SHE HAD
TAKEN THE PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD HOLDING THE RIFLE AND COPY OF
THE PAPER QUOTE MILITANT UNQUOTE AND WITH PISTOL IN HIS BELT.
SHE SAID SHE DID NOT NOTICE THE PISTOL UNTIL THE PHOTO WAS
DEVELOPED. TOOK PHOTO END OF FEBRUARY OR MARCH, NINETEEN
SIXTYTHREE AT NEELY ST. ADDRESS. EX-105

P

DEC 7 10 55 AM '63 - 702

25 DEC 1963
19

CONCERNING QUESTIONS ASKED BY INSPECTOR MOORE TODAY, SHE
KNOWS OF NO ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE BY OSWALD, THINKS HE WAS INCAPABLE
OF COMMITTING SUICIDE, AND DID NOT BELIEVE HE HAD ATTEMPTED
SUICIDE. STATED HAD NOTICED AN OLD SCAR FROM THE LEFT INNER
END PAGE ONE

5
6
OKeeffe

[Handwritten signature]

3-11-63 11:53 am

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 11/25/63

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

By letter 11/24/63, Dallas furnished an enlarged copy of a photograph of suspect Oswald holding a rifle and wearing a pistol strapped to his hip. This enlargement was furnished by Dallas Police Department, the original photograph having been found in the residence of Mrs. Michael R. (Ruth) Paine in Irving, Texas, where suspect's wife has been living. Because the photograph of Oswald shows very little detail, a comparison between the rifle in the picture and the photographs made by us of the murder rifle does not permit definite determination that the gun held by Oswald is the murder weapon. However, based on this comparison it has been determined that the gun shown in the photographs is similar in all respects and possibly depicts the same gun. There is a rather long cut mark on the stock of the murder weapon just above the trigger guard and by use of highlighting we have located a mark on the gun in the photograph of Oswald holding the gun which supports the "possibility" that they are one and the same.

A copy of the photograph of Oswald referred to above is attached.

ACTION: None. For information.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach

WES:mb
(8)

68 DEC 11 1963

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

OPPOSITE:

More on Marina, the rifle and the famous photograph. Here, Marina confesses having taken it. "SHE ADVISED SHE HAD TAKEN THE PHOTOGRAPH. TOOK PHOTO END OF FEBRUARY OR MARCH."

TOP:

Was the gun in the photo used in killing Kennedy? Only maybe, the FBI says in this memo. "Because the photograph of Oswald shows very little detail, a comparison between the rifle in the picture and the gun photographs made by us of the murder rifle does not permit definite determination that the gun held by Oswald is the murder weapon. However, [evidence] supports the 'possibility' that they are one and the same."

BOTTOM:

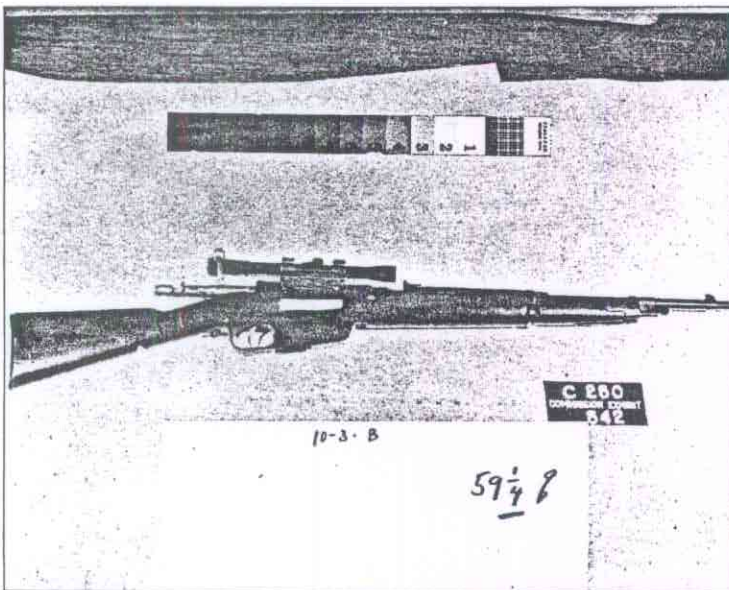
A photo of the rifle used in the killing of the President.

Next Page:

The elusive Hidell resurfaces, on a Selective Service card mysteriously found not in Oswald's wallet but "received separately." The card was tested and "determined to be a complete forgery."

PAGE 87:

Oswald's jacket with evidence of hairs.



U

1 - 0 rner

12-18-63

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas

From: Director, FBI (105-82355)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - P

Reference is made to pages 140 and 485 of DL report dated 11-30-63 and telephone call 12-13-63 between SAC Shanklin and Inspector DE Moore.

Subject's wallet when it was received at the Bureau did not contain either the U.S. Marine Certificate of Service in the name of Hidell or the Selective Service card in the name of Hidell. The Selective Service card was received separately in the Lab and it was determined to be a complete forgery. The Bureau has been unable to locate any copy of the photograph of the Marine Certificate of Service except those attached to the 11-30-63 report. Please advise date and caption of the communication which forwarded this item to the Bureau.

P

ETT:cgw
(4)

REC-19

5 DEC 19 1963

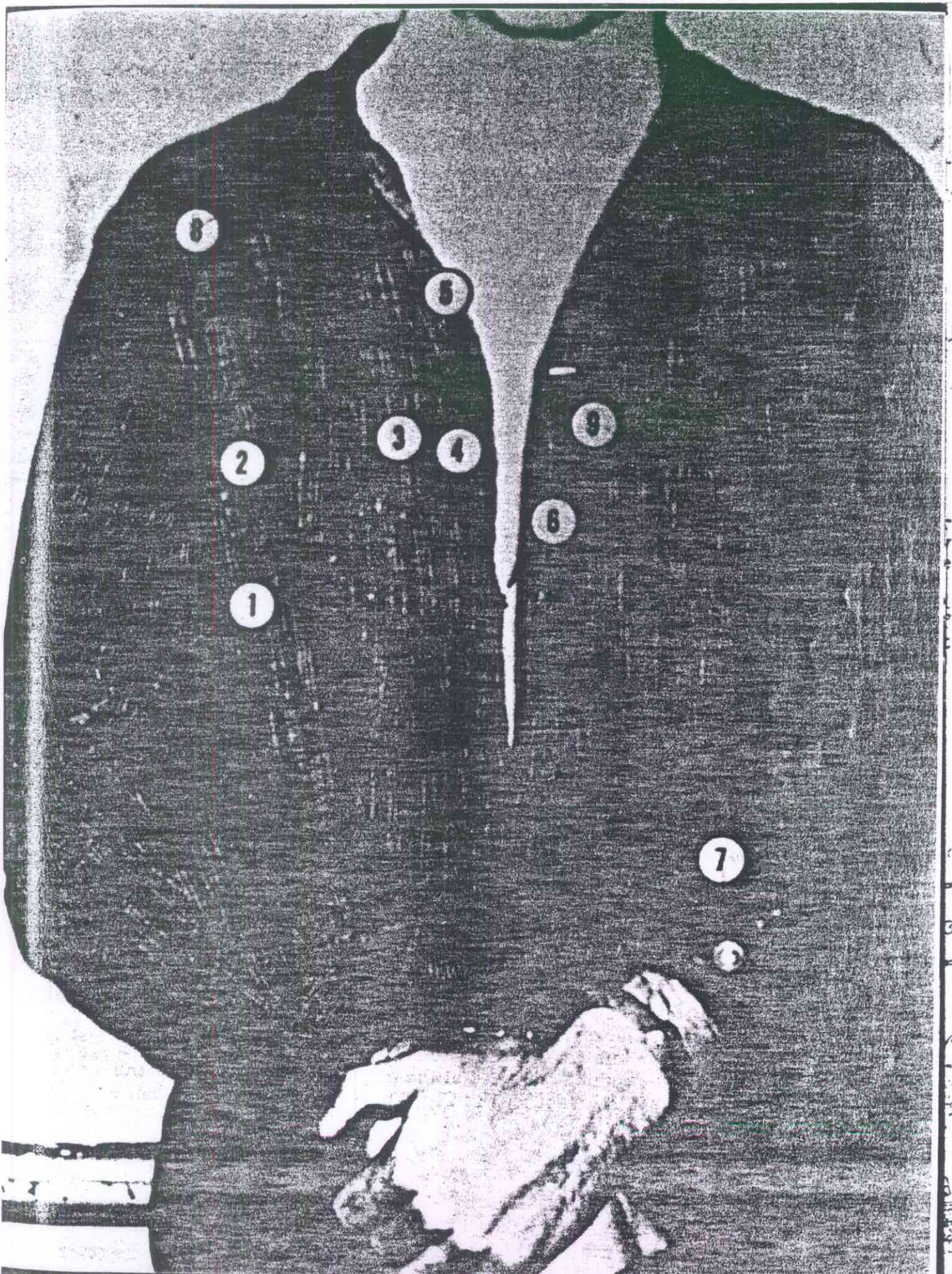
727

MAILED TO
DEC 17 1963
COMM-FBI

W.B.
LET INZURED
SEC. N RE
EW

DEC 18 8 28 AM '63

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT



8

5

2

3

4

9

6

1

7

0

Finally, the report discusses the defective service of protection of the President rendered by the Secret Service and the Dallas Police, which did not even preoccupy themselves with surveillances of the houses of the streets through which Kennedy passed in an open automobile, together with his wife and the Governor of Texas.

Pointing out this lack of good protection, and recalling that the same thing happened in 1901, when an anarchist killed President McKinley, the Warren Investigative Commission (sic*) suggests that the Secret Service be reorganized and that this service be in closest contact with the Federal Bureau of Investigation; that is to say, with the all-powerful FBI.

The report notes that the Secret Service did not consider Oswald's presence in Dallas, or that he was "an individual who had been in the USSR" and "who had applied for a passport at the Embassy of Cuba in Mexico to return to the USSR with his Soviet wife and daughter."

The report has been received throughout the world with ironies and incredulity. Oswald's mother declared that it was an "enormous fake and an enormous lie." The liberal and progressive European press recorded many contradictions in the declarations of the U. S. Police (sic*) immediately after the assassination, and highlighted, as no U. S. newspaper wanted to publish it, the series of articles of the great U. S. newspaperman Thomas Buchanan (see "Politica," "March 15, 1964), in which authentic facts were published showing that Oswald alone could not have assassinated Kennedy and that shots from two different sites were fired at him: from the railing of a bridge and from a window of the Schoolbook Depository.

Marina Oswald, the wife of the presumed assassin, who had married him in the USSR, made several declarations before the Warren Commission, but systematically refused to make statements to newspapermen. Why?

Bertrand Russell speaks.

The great English philosopher Bertrand Russell said in London that the report of the Warren Commission "was a mockery of the truth and an infamy." He added: "The assassination of the U. S. President affects the peace of the world. A conspiracy to kill him could have grave consequences." For this reason, the Warren Commission had to explain the baffling anomalies which occurred at the time of the assassination and afterwards. With all the resources of The White House at its command,

* Translator's Note

FBI

Date: 12/22/63

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)
 RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
 IS-R-CUBA

There is attached hereto an article appearing in The Dallas Times Herald, Sunday, Dec. 22, 1963, reflecting that an Agent wearing the robe and face mask of a doctor waited in vain at LEE HARVEY OSWALD's bedside for a deathbed confession.

The following is submitted for the information of the Bureau in the event any inquiries are received. Immediately following the report that OSWALD had been shot at the Police Station, I directed Agents to proceed to Parkland Hospital and establish liaison in order to insure that if OSWALD regained consciousness and desired to give a deathbed confession, that we would be in a position to take the same. SA CHARLES T. BROWN, JR. and SA WALLACE R. HEYMAN made arrangements with Dr. MOURY SOLTES and through him with Dr. TOM SHIRES, Professor of Medicine at Southwest Medical School and chief of surgery, to be available in the event OSWALD regained consciousness. In order to save time and be immediately available, these Agents did don operating clothing and took positions outside the operating room. OSWALD, however, died before regaining consciousness.

SHAWLIN

3 - Bureau (Enc 1)
 1 - Dallas
 JGS:mfr
 (4)

58 JAN 3 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____
 Special Agent in Charge

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

1107
DEC 20 1963
ENCLOSURE
RECEIVED
DEC 31 1963
105-22-105
11 DEC 20 1963
1107
RECEIVED
DEC 20 1963

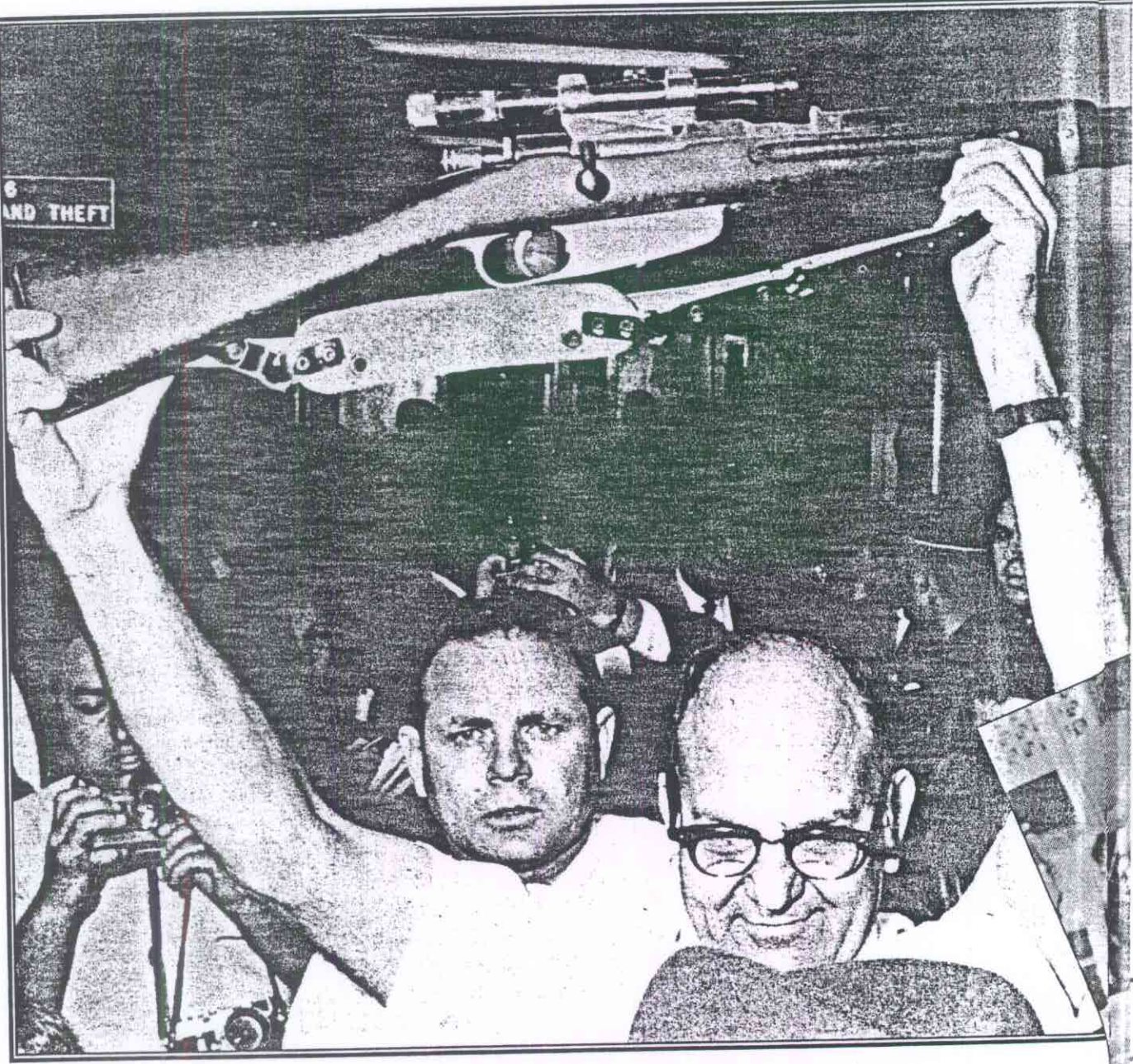
OPPOSITE:

The Warren Report severely criticized the protection offered President Kennedy. "The report notes that the Secret Service did not consider Oswald's presence in Dallas, or that he was 'an individual who had been in the USSR,'" etc. In fact, the lack of adequate Secret Service protection has been one of the major factors leading to the burgeoning of conspiracy theories. The last minute rerouting of the Presidential motorcade, the slow speed at which it traveled, the riding with the top down are grist for the mill. Today, no President would be allowed so little protection while visiting any major American city. (The activities of the Dallas police also received some not so good grades.)

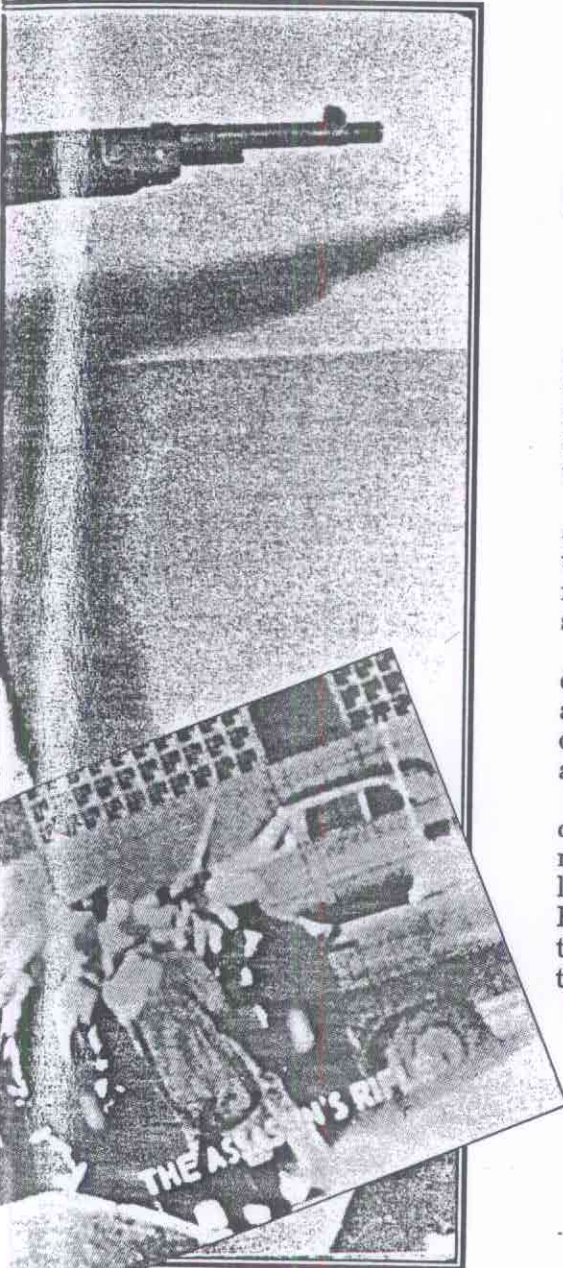
THIS PAGE:

Oswald's last moments. "I directed Agents to proceed to [the hospital where Oswald was dying] to insure that if OSWALD regained consciousness and desired to give a deathbed confession, that we would be in a position to take the same... In order to save time and be immediately available, these Agents did don operating clothing and took positions outside the operating room. OSWALD, however, died before regaining consciousness."

6
AND THEFT



After the Fact: The FBI's Plan



The Federal Bureau of Investigation moved fast. Just days after the assassination of President Kennedy, the agency had assembled a carefully thought out scenario of the events to prove that Oswald was the lone killer. The most telling aspect of this is that there must have been mounds of evidence to consider, interviews and interrogations to conduct, information to analyze, leads to trace, cross-checks to make with other agencies.

However, as soon as November 24th, the FBI had apparently concluded its task and decided to go with the Oswald as lone assassin theory. In fact, the memos reveal, the FBI went about their investigation with a strange backwards methodology.

First, it was decided what had happened, then, evidence was marshalled to support the agency's case. And, as other memos show, the investigators were fully aware of the possibilities and ramifications of a conspiracy, and prepared explanations beforehand.

Nonetheless, in reading the internal memorandums, one doesn't get the feel of a sinister plot or Machiavellian machinations. Instead, the writing in the documents is lucid, well thought out, above-board, concise, as if the FBI itself so feared finding out something earthshaking that its agents sincerely believed their own interpretation and spin on the events in Dallas on November 22nd.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *WB*

DATE: 11/24/63

FROM : *F. Rosen*

SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY, AKA.
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

LEE HARVEY
Assistant Director Courtney A. Evans called at 10:25 p. m., and advised he had just received a call from Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach concerning the whereabouts of Mrs. Oswald. Katzenbach indicated that it was his thinking that if anything should happen to Mrs. Oswald it would create more talk concerning the possibility that this entire matter was foreign inspired. Mr. Evans was told that during the day SAC Shanklin advised that the police had stated that they had taken Mrs. Oswald out of the area shortly after Oswald was shot.

TEXAS
SAC Shanklin of the Dallas Office was contacted again and he advised that now the Secret Service, Dallas, have taken over the mother and the wife of Oswald and have them in some locale, the whereabouts was unknown by the office at this time. In order to be certain, Dallas was going to verify this again with Secret Service and establish the whereabouts of Mrs. Oswald and Oswald's mother.

Immediately after receiving this information from Dallas, Assistant Director Evans was contacted and this information given to him.

REC-16

105-83335-56
NOT RECORDED
145 DEC 31 1963

- 1 - Mr. Evans
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

JLH:jlt
(10)
53 DEC 4 1963
ADDENDUM

JLH:jlt

11/24/63

At 10:55 p. m. Inspector Malley advised that they had been assured by Secret Service, Dallas, that the mother and wife of Oswald had been taken out of Dallas and the location is unknown to Headquarters Secret Service at this time.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: November 24, 1963

FROM : MR. BELMONT

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSTALD
ASSAULTING A GOVERNMENT OFFICER

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

This afternoon I advised SAC Shanklin in Dallas that we are sending down Supervisors Rogge and Thompson for the purpose of going carefully over the written interview and investigative findings of our Agents in the Oswald matter so that we can prepare a memorandum to the Attorney General, attaching exhibits such as photographs, et cetera, to set out the evidence showing that Oswald is responsible for the shooting that killed the President. We will show that Oswald was an avowed Marxist, a former defector to the Soviet Union and an active member of the FPCC, which has been financed by Castro. We will then show the background of Oswald, when and where he was born, et cetera, and then the story of what happened when the President was shot and subsequently until Oswald was picked up in the theatre. We will set forth the items of evidence which make it clear that Oswald is the man who killed the President.

Shanklin said results of the investigation have been reduced to written form and consequently the information will all be available for these two Supervisors.

Supervisors Rogge and Thompson are leaving the night of November 24 for Dallas (by AIR FORCE PLANE)

I told Shanklin that he should contact the Chief of Police and arrange to be sure that any evidence such as the rifle, gun casings, paper bag containing Oswald's fingerprints, et cetera, be locked up in custody of the Chief so that no souvenir hunters or other persons would destroy or take away the evidence. Despite the fact that Oswald is dead, this evidence will be necessary to back up any statement that Oswald was the man who killed the President.

I also alerted our Laboratory to retain the bullets that were compared with the rifle and to hold on to any other evidence pertaining to this case.

I told Shanklin that Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach is reportedly sending Assistant Attorney General Hiller of the Criminal Division down to Dallas to speak to the Mayor to see if he can keep the Chief of Police and Lieutenant Fritz off television and radio.

AHD:ams
(5)

53 DEC 6 1963

REC 4 1963

OPPOSITE:

Clearly, there was immediate concern on the part of the FBI and others that a conspiracy would be sought in the killing of the President. In this memorandum, indicative of the paranoid mind-set at the time, an agent is warned to keep an eye on Oswald's mother, "thinking that if anything should happen to Mrs. Oswald it would create more talk concerning the possibility that this entire matter was foreign inspired."

TOP:

On November 24th, the FBI prepared a carefully delineated memo "proving" that Oswald was the lone assassin. It's hard to believe that all leads to the assassination had been tracked down in such a short time. Yet, the FBI constructed a seemingly airtight case. Note the wording, "We will show that Oswald was an avowed Marxist," etc., "We will then show the background of Oswald... and then the story of what happened when the President was shot... We will set forth the items of evidence which make it clear that Oswald is the man who killed the President." Other items, apparently, would never be set forth by the FBI.

BOTTOM:

On the same afternoon, the memo continues, the FBI was already ready to put out a statement to the effect that "We are now persuaded that Oswald killed the President; however, the investigation... is continuing." However, the FBI did not put out a statement immediately.

Memorandum for Mr. Tolson
Re: LEE HARVEY OSTALD

At 4:15 p.m., Mr. DeLoach advised that Katzenbach wanted to put out a statement, "We are now persuaded that Oswald killed the President; however, the investigation by the Department of Justice and the FBI is continuing." Guthman of the Department wanted the FBI to put this statement out. Mr. DeLoach advised Guthman that the FBI would not put out the statement and we are opposed to any statement being put out along this line.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: November 26, 1963

FROM : C. A. Evans

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach called with reference to the report which is to be submitted by the FBI in relation to the circumstances surrounding the assassination of President Kennedy.

He noted that a tremendous responsibility had been placed on the FBI in this instance by President Johnson because this report, which is to be publicized, is for the purpose of assuring the American public and the world as to what the facts are in Kennedy's assassination and setting to rest the many, many rumors that have been circulating and speculation both in the United States and abroad.

Katzenbach noted in this regard that we are being called upon to, in many instances, prove the negative. For example, he observed that there has been considerable speculation in the press in the United States and in Europe that the assassination was part of a communist or Castro conspiracy. There have also been allegations that Oswald and Ruby were known to each other and were part of a conspiracy. It has been further alleged that Oswald was killed to silence him.

Katzenbach noted that it is, of course, more difficult to prove that something did not occur than to prove what actually happened. As a consequence, it is his belief there might have to be some so-called editorial interpretation. He noted that the report will be subjected to the closest scrutiny by the world-wide press and foreign governmental representatives, as well as by the American people. He knew that we were keeping this in mind in preparation of the report.

As Katzenbach understands it, the report is to be reviewed by the Justice Department and transmitted to the White House. In this regard, he feels it is his responsibility to do this personally for the Department. To this end, he said if it would be helpful he would be glad to review and discuss any preliminary drafts, since time is of the essence.

- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

NOT RECORDED
199 DEC 10 1963

UNREC

CAE:vap (8)

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont

ACTION BEING TAKEN:

From the facts disclosed in our investigation, there is no question but that we can submit in our report convincing evidence beyond any doubt showing Oswald was the man who killed President Kennedy. The problem is to show motive and this, of course, is a condition of Oswald's mind and can be, at best, a speculative conclusion predicated upon circumstantial evidence. Oswald has admitted he was an avowed Marxist. The facts are not clear cut as to his relationship with organized communism, either the Communist Party or the pro-Castro organizations. The Domestic Intelligence Division has been reviewing this very matter so that our report may reflect the factual information we have in this regard. While neither the White House nor the Department should be able to contend that our report does not meet the required purpose, we must be factual and recognize that a matter of this magnitude cannot be fully investigated in a week's time.

✓

*As to how long
you estimate it
will take
It seems to me
we have the
basis for this now.
Turn to J.C.M.
11/27/63
11/28/63*

OPPOSITE:

An interesting and cogent point is made in this memorandum of November 26th, and in a sense it's right on the money: "We are being called upon to prove the negative... It is, of course, more difficult to prove that something did not occur than to prove what actually happened. As a consequence, it is [believed] there might have to be some so-called editorial interpretation."

TOP:

The FBI is sure it can make a convincing case, and fast, to reassure the American public that Oswald acted alone. "There is no question but that we can submit in our report convincing evidence beyond any doubt showing Oswald was the man who killed President Kennedy. The problem is to show motive..." The FBI was to be proved wrong on the former assertion. Note, also, the disclaimer at the conclusion of this memo: "We must be factual and recognize that a matter of this magnitude cannot be fully investigated in a week's time."

BOTTOM:

The FBI soon found itself putting out fires regarding conspiracy theories. For example, this memo brings up the Cuban and China connection. The FBI dismisses the China theory out of hand. "[The claimant's] document contains nothing but speculation concerning the possibility that Communist China was behind Oswald's act. It appears he was interested in getting his theory down on paper as quickly as possible and was attempting to attract some attention to himself during a crisis."

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum
 TO : W. C. Sullivan (UC)
 FROM : W. R. Wannall
 SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

1 - Belmont
 1 - Mohr
 1 - Evans
 11/26/63
 1 - DeLoach
 1 - Rosen
 1 - Sullivan
 1 - Wannall
 1 - Anderson
 1 - Mullins

On 11/23/63 a U. S. Information Agency (USIA) employee, Bernard Weisman, furnished the Bureau a four-page memorandum concerning the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) in which Weisman raised a question as to whether Communist China was possibly involved indirectly in the assassination of President Kennedy by Lee Harvey Oswald. Weisman indicated he was making copies of his memorandum available to USIA and State Department.

The memorandum contained public source data regarding Oswald; Vincent Theodore Lee, National Director of the FPCC; Richard Gibson, former head of the FPCC; Conrad Lynn, communist attorney who has made trips to Cuba; Bureau fugitive Robert F. Williams who fled to Cuba and visited Communist China this fall; William Worthy, the controversial Negro newspaperman who has appealed his conviction for violating United States regulations pertaining to Cuban travel; and Milton Rosen, who was expelled from the Communist Party for disruptive activities which included following some Communist Chinese ideologies. It showed that some of them had associated themselves with the Communist Chinese "line" as regards race relations in the United States.

Referring to Oswald's disillusionment with the Soviet Union, his recent activities in connection with the FPCC and the fact that he still reportedly held Marxist ideas, the memorandum indicated that President Kennedy's assassination could have at least advanced the interests of Communist China.

While there is no question that some of the individuals named are sympathetic to Communist China, Weisman's document contains nothing but speculation concerning the possibility that Communist China was behind Oswald's act. It appears he was interested in getting his theory down on paper as quickly as possible and was attempting to attract some attention to himself during a crisis.

RWH:alj:gcj (10)
 DEC 5 1963
 DEC 6 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. SULLIVAN *S*

DATE: 11/26/63

FROM : A. H. Belmont *MB*

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Rosen
Mr. J.P. Mohr

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	_____
Evans	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD -
Assassination of the President

The Director advised that he had talked to Katzenbach, who had been talking to the White House relative to the report we are to render in the Oswald case. It is Katzenbach's feeling that this report should include everything which may raise a question in the mind of the public or the press regarding this matter, including such things as the return of the passport to Oswald in Moscow, and the furnishing of money to him by the State Department for the purpose of returning to the U.S. If the State Department regulations or law required State to do these things, we should get a copy of the law.

This report will have to contain anything of relevance to the case. We should get from the Defense Department Oswald's record and disciplinary action and discharge. We should cover the angle of Oswald going down to Mexico City, and his contacts down there.

In other words, this report is to settle the dust, in so far as Oswald and his activities are concerned, both from the standpoint that he is the man who assassinated the President, and relative to Oswald himself and his activities and background, et cetera.

At such time as the report is finished, Mr. Katzenbach will go over it, and will furnish it to other officials of the government, such as McCone of CIA, the Secretaries of Navy, Defense, and State, so that they can look it over and make sure they agree and do not have any objections.

The above change will, of course, require more time for the preparation of this report. However, the Director desires that it be out as quickly as possible. Division Six will continue to handle the portion of the report dealing with the assassination attempt and the evidence gathered to show that Oswald is responsible. This means that we will have to carefully check the evidence and Oswald's possessions that the police are now turning over to us, to see if additional information should go into the report from this.

Division Five will handle the other part of the report, which will show the background, associations, et cetera, of Oswald. We must be certain that anything that is put into the report can be backed up, as it will be subject to minute scrutiny from the press and the public. For Division Five's part of the report we should be certain also that we get back-up material, such as the law relied on by State to give

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 67-107-1000

REC-16

243

AHB:CSH (5)

XEROX

25 DEC 9 1963

DEC 10 1963

614

Mr. Sullivan

Oswald's passport back to him, et cetera.—We should be certain that agents thoroughly go through Oswald's effects to see if they can pick up any correspondence with the Communist Party, the Soviet Embassy, et cetera.

This is a difficult report to prepare, but we will have to concentrate our full attention on it in order to produce the desired results.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: December 6, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

Lee Oswald

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach called me at 10:35 p. m., 12-5-63. He told me that Sandy Smith of the "Chicago Sun-Times" had called Guthman several times relative to the attempted assassination of General Edwin A. Walker by Lee Harvey Oswald. I told Katzenbach that we too had received a number of calls, however, had refused to make any comment whatever in this matter although we knew the story was getting out. Katzenbach told me that Pierre Salinger of the White House had called him and wanted guidance on what to say in the matter. Katzenbach told Salinger inasmuch as the story was apparently already out that Salinger should go ahead and merely confirm the fact that apparently there was evidence that Oswald had made an assassination attempt upon General Walker's life.

Katzenbach told me that the Associated Press (AP) had picked up a rumor that the FBI report on the assassination of the President and the murder of Oswald was now over in the Department. He wanted to know if we had received any inquiries in this regard. I told him we were deluged with inquiries during the past several days as to when the FBI would complete the report, however, we had made no comment and intended to stick by this. He stated that Senator Russell, at the Presidential Commission meeting yesterday, 12-5-63, had been somewhat sore that information contained in the report was leaked out. Katzenbach stated he told Russell that Director Hoover had assured him that the FBI was not giving any information to the press and that he further stated he would check with the FBI to make certain that this was not being done. I asked Katzenbach if he had any information that facts given to the press were coming from the FBI. He stated he had none and that was not the purpose of his call. He indicated he merely wanted to advise me of Senator Russell's feelings. I told him he should keep in mind that almost every police officer in the Dallas Police Department has been furnishing information to the press. I mentioned that Henry Wade, the prosecutor, the Chief of Police and Captain Will Fritz had had a field day in giving out all available facts. I mentioned there were still a considerable number of reporters in Dallas and that the evidentiary reports which we had furnished the Dallas Police Department were still being quoted on a daily basis. Katzenbach stated he knew all of this but that he had been unable to convince Russell that such was the case. I further told Katzenbach

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Evans
- 1 - Mr. Jones
- 1 - Mr. Morrell
- 1 - Mr. Tolson
- 1 - Miss Gandy
- 1 - Miss Holmes

1105-82556
NOT RECORDED
196 DEC 11 1963
CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

69 DEC 18 1963

OPPOSITE:

The government realized it would have to be thorough, and have evidence to back up its assertions. "This report will have to contain anything of relevance to the case... In other words, this report is to settle the dust... We must be certain that anything that is put into the report can be backed up, as it will be subject to minute scrutiny..."

TOP:

Here again, we see that the investigators worked to achieve desired results, a cart before the horse approach: "This is a difficult report to prepare, but we will have to concentrate our full attention on it in order to produce the desired results."

BOTTOM:

The FBI was anxious that information be kept close to the vest, and was anxious about leaks that would engender conspiracy theories. "I mentioned that Henry Wade, the prosecutor, the Chief of Police and Captain Will Fritz had had a field day in giving out all available facts."

NEXT PAGE:

The FBI was testy about accusations that the leaks were coming from within. Also, note how politics intruded into the situation.

INSIDE BACK COVER

Seconds before the end.

DeLoach to Mohr 12-6-63
Re: Assassination of the President

that before looking at the FBI as to possible "leaks," he should carefully examine his own house. I told him I was quite thoroughly familiar with the way Guthman and Rosenthal dealt with the press and that as he well knew the wire service people stayed constantly in Guthman's private office. I told him it was quite obvious to me how the AP had learned that the report had been sent over to the Department.

Katzenbach reiterated that he had no complaints against the FBI. He stated again that the purpose of his call was to tell me about Senator Russell's feelings.

He added that he had another reason for calling and that was to determine if we could give him any ideas as to how Warren Olney could be dropped as Chief Counsel of the Presidential Commission. I told Katzenbach of our feelings concerning Olney. He stated that he was presently working through Congressman Hale Boggs and he thought he was going to be successful in getting Olney's name removed from consideration. He told me that Boggs was very sympathetic.

Katzenbach mentioned that Waggoner Carr, the Texas State Attorney General, would like very much to see the Director on Friday, 12-6-63. I asked him what for. He stated that Carr had no particular motive in mind other than to indicate to the press later on that he had discussed matters with the Director. I told him I could see no percentage in the Director's seeing Carr, that we were the investigative agency and that Carr's dealings should be with the Department and the Presidential Commission. Katzenbach indicated that the White House might think otherwise. He stated that the President was most anxious for Carr to be given attention in Washington inasmuch as Carr was running for office next year. I told Katzenbach I knew this, however, I still felt that the Director should not be injected into this matter. Katzenbach stated he would attempt to dissuade Carr from seeing the Director, however, Carr was quite persistent.

ACTION:

In view of the close friendship which Carr obviously has with the President, the Director may desire to just shake hands with Carr without sitting down and discussing facts concerning our report.

Ed. J. Callahan
with [unclear]
[Signature]



UPI/Bettmann

