# Family Plans to Sue C.I.A. Over Suicide in Drug Test

# By SEYMOUR M. HERSH

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Special to The New York Times FREDERICK, Md., July 9-The widow and children of a researcher who committed suicide in 1953 after being made an unwitting conficipant in a Central Intelligence Agency drug experiment said today that they planned to sue the agency for his "wrongful death." death."

In an interview at their home here, Alice W. Olson and her three children said that they learned the circumstances of Frank R. Olson's death after the Rockefeiler commission disclosed last month that C.I.A. files showed a suicide had occurred during a 10-year agency program of administering the drug LSD to unsuspecting subjects to learn its effects.

The commission's report did not identify the victim, who worked for the Army, but his family identified him today, and later, David W. Bellin, director of Vice President Rockefeller's panel looking into C.I.A. activities, confirmed that Mr. Olson had been the victim.

"I'm very angry at the C.I.A., because they let us grow up thinking our father had "and plicably' committed suicide," said Eric W. Olson, 30 years old, the eldest son, who is now a graduate student at Harvard.

After weeks of family discussions, Mr. Clson said, the fam-

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ily decided "to get the story out, so our father's friends and colleagues---and also our friends -could know what the C.I.A. has done '

Until last month, the family members said, all they were told about Mr. Olson's death was that he "jumped or fell" to his death on Nov. 18, 1953. from the 10th floor of the Hotel Statler in New York.

At no time since then, Mrs. Olson said, did the C.I.A. get in touch with her to explain the true circumstances of her husband's death.

"I was stunned" after learning of the C.I.A.'s experiment on her husband, Mrs. Olson said. "It never occurred to me that there could be foul play."

William E. Colby, Director of Central Intelligence, could not be reached immediately for comment, but a spokesman for the agency declined to comment on the authenticity of the report.

In a statement to be distributed at a news conference tomorrow, the family relates that whether to call the death a Mr. Olson, then a 43-year-old suicide. high-level civilian researcher in biological warfare at nearby Fort Detrick, suddenly hegan

showing symptoms of anxiety and became "uncharacteristically withdrawn" after a week-long work conference.

## Series of Meetings

The conference was one of a series that Mr. Oison and some his colleagues held with of. C.I.A. personel in the office of the 'special operations' division at Fort Detrick, apparently to discuss C.I.A. needs in biologi-

cal waffare research. Cal warrare research. Not until publication of the Rockeféller commission's re-port and subsequent discussions with one of Mr. Olson's former colleagues, the family's state-ment said, "did we learn that Frank Olson had, without his knowledge or consent, been given LSD by two C.I.A. em-ployes during the research meeting

"Shortly after dinner one eve-"Shortly after dinner one eve-ning during the meeting, Frank. Olson and four special opera-tions divisions scientists were told that they had been given hysergic acid disthylamide, and that their reactions would be observed. This statement add-ed. "We do not know what oc-curred, during the remainder of this meeting." Mr. Olson continued to ex-

this meeting." Mr. Olson continued to ex-hibit signs of the lence at work the next where, the femily wate-ment continued, and a colleague - who was put identified by name-called two C.I.A. flaisen men and made plans to fly the scientist to flowr York to see a psychiatrist. Dr. Harold A. Abramson, who held appropri-ate security clearances. A few days later, the stre-ment said the family was told of Mr. Olson's disth.

of Mr. Olson's death. "An employe of the Central Intelligence Agency had been with Frank Olson in his hotel room the night he died," the statement said. Olson's widow was later told that her hus-band's escort had awakened about 1:30 A.M. to see. Offion going at a full run toward the window. He said he saw Olson go through both the closed win-dow and a drawn shade. dow and a drawn shade.

## Compensation Pledged

"We have agoinized over the question of what kind of horrid 'nightmany' or 'svent' pould have driven him to huri himhave driven him to hurt him-self at a full ren out of a 10th-story window, and how this 'suicidal newons breakdown'-the term we have always used -could have developed so suddenly, so developed so friends had known of him." The family was notified

The family was notified shortly after the death that they would be paid compensation, because the death was the resuit of a work-related accident. For the next 22 years, the family recalled in today's in-terview, the Olanes were unsure

There was some share, we iver their father's death, the Ichildren recalled. "We friends would ask How

did your daddy die?'---that's always been a tough one," said Mrs. Lisa W. Hayward, the 29year-old married daughter of Mrs. Olson.

Mrs. 01801. "I used to say, 'Fie died of a concussion." Nils W. Olson, the younger son, a 27-year-old dental student at the Univer-sity of Maryland said.

In the statement, the family described the impact of the re-

cent disclosures, saying: "Since 1953, we have strug-gled to understand Frank Olson's death as an inexplicable 'suicide.' At the time he died, Frank Olson's wife was 38 / years old, his eldest son was nine years old, his daughter seven and his youngest son five. Now, 22 years later, we learn that this death was the result of, I.A. negligence and illegality of a scale difficult to contemporty, we learn that Alice Official being left in early adulthood to raise a family alone, her children left to grow up without a father-we learn that these deprivations were not necessary. 'suicide.' At the time he died,

not necessary.

"And we suddenly learn that for 22 years we were lied to, led to believe that Frank Olson had a fatal nervous breakdown. Thus, Frank Olson's children grew up under a double shadow, the shadow of their father's suicide and the sha-dowy inexplicability of that dowy

Eric Olson said that the fam-Eric Olson said that the fam-ily's lawsuit was "a way of holding the C.I.A. publicly ac-countable for what they did. The Olson's attorney, David Rudowsky of Philadelphia, was unable to say when he would like the suit assist the account

file the suit against the agency.

The Olson family also said that it would seek further facts about the role of Dr. Abram-son, the New York psychiatrist who had "several long seswho had "several l sions" with Mr. Oison

Dr. Abramson, reached at his office, refused to discuss the

issue. "Til have to consult a lawyer because this is a serious mat-ter," he said. "I'm being ac-cused of something I did 22 years ago."

The Olsons also charged that investigators for the Rockefel-ler commission had failed to check out some of the C.I.A.'s information about Mr. Olson and had not informed the family of the true circumstances of the death.

In its report, the commission In its report, the commission said in a footnote that there were "indications in the few remaining agency records that this individual [Mr. Olson] may lave had a history of smothe-the imstability." The report also noted that two C.L.A. employee



Frank R. Olson on his 40th birthday, in 1950, three years before death.