

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Case No. 1, New Orleans, Louisiana (M)

Report of [Name] [Rank]

Office [City]

Reference No. [Number]

Bureau File No. [Number]

Date of Report [Date]

Character: [Description]

The subject, was alleged to travel to Europe in October, 1950, and was seen & located at the U. S. Marine Corps Post, [Location], and given an honorable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps on 5/11/50. Subject born [Date], [Location], Louisiana. His name, [Name] was listed in [Location], Louisiana, in 1945. As a high school student at Fort Worth, Texas, subject enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps on 10/14/46. He received an honorable discharge 5/11/50 from the U. S. Marine Corps as a private in the 2nd Marine Division. Subject's discharge in September, 1950, subject given [Location] at Fort Worth for a few days and [Location] in [Location]. Subject's mother stated subject released [Location]. Subject advised [Location] and [Location]. Subject later [Location]. Subject registered in [Location], Louisiana, and is still in [Location].

Investigation was conducted on information received by [Name] on 1/20/51, from [Name], [Location], New Orleans, Louisiana, [Location].

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CD8

CG 100-10601

... attempted to defect to Russia in October, 1950, and was given a member of the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve, was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on August 17, 1950.

I. BACKGROUND

A. Birth and Address

... also known as ...

B. Residence

On April 23, 1961, Mrs. ... subject's mother, currently residing at 4111 Herring Avenue, East, Texas, where she was employed at ... Orphans Home, volunteered the following information:

She stated that up until 1946 she and her sons had lived at New Orleans, Louisiana. In 1946 they moved to Fort Worth, Texas, where the subject attended high school until he enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps at the age of 17 in October, 1947.

In June 13, 1961, Mrs. ... Collingwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas, stated she subject and his mother resided in a partly furnished apartment at 1508 Collingwood Street, from July 1, 1953, to May 1, 1957, except that subject resided during the Fall of 1956, enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps at the age of 17. She advised that subject's brother, ... also resided at 1508 Collingwood until the time of his marriage.

On April 18, 1961, Mrs. ... furnished the information that she was currently residing at 4111 Herring Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas. She explained that she had returned to Fort Worth on April 1, 1961, from ... Texas, where she had operated a ... Mrs. ... related that during January, 1957, she had made a trip to Washington, D. C., for the purpose of ... the office of the U. S. Secretary of State in an effort to obtain some information concerning subject. She stated that she had furnished all information available in her possession concerning the subject and that she had in such sought information to ascertain his current address. She advised that she had recently been advised by the State Department that subject was located at ... Texas. She also advised that it is her understanding that ... to return to the United States.

SI 100-10461

C. Employment

Mrs. OSWALD advised on April 28, 1960, that subject had been employed in the expert-labor type of employment at New Orleans, Louisiana, under visiting bar in Fort Worth, Texas, in 1959. In 1958 he was a student at the First North High School at the time he enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps in Orleans, LA.

D. Citizenship Status

According to information furnished by Mrs. OSWALD in April, 1960, subject was born October 18, 1938, in New Orleans, Louisiana. His father was RYAN OSWALD who died before subject was born.

Mrs. OSWALD volunteered the information that subject had taken his birth certificate with him when he left Fort Worth, Texas.

E. The White Background

No information available.

F. Education

Mrs. OSWALD stated on April 28, 1960, subject was attending high school at Fort Worth when he enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps. He has not finished high school.

On June 22, 1961, Dallas Confidential Informant T-1 advised that subject had special educational training while in the U. S. Marine Corps at Jacksonville, Florida, from March 1, 1957 to May 2, 1957, at Biloxi, Mississippi, from May 4, 1957 to June 15, 1957. Subject had special training as an electronics operator and a radio operator.

In April, 1960, Mrs. OSWALD advised that subject had been contacted by letters sometime during the Spring or Summer of 1959 that he had made arrangements to attend the Albert Einstein College in Switzerland. She also advised that a sonogram was received to April 28, 1960. She had received a letter from the college at the office that subject was expected to arrive on April 28, 1960.

On February 23, 1961, Dallas Confidential Informant T-2 advised that it had been ascertained that subject never arrived.

NY 100-10151

at the Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland although he had paid a \$25.00 deposit toward school fee. The college had not heard from subject since he sent in his deposit during June of 1955.

6. Military Record

Exhibit T-1 advised on June 23, 1951, that subject, assigned serial number 1553330, had enlisted in the U. S. Marine Corps on October 21, 1950, while residing at 4506 Collingwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas. On September 11, 1950, subject received an honorable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps and entered on the reserve list in a Private First Class in the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve.

By communication dated January 11, 1951, the District Intelligence Office, 8th Naval District, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that subject had been given an honorable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on August 17, 1950.

7. Known Relatives in Armed Forces

On April 23, 1950, Mrs. WASHINGTON C. GONALD stated that she had two other sons, HENRY BEN GONALD, age 20, who was currently in the U. S. Air Force, and JOHN EDWARD PIC, age 20, who was then a Staff Sergeant in the U. S. Air Force and was then stationed at Hirschfeld, Japan. This is Staff Sergeant JOHN EDWARD PIC, Air Force No. 1151829.

8. Description of Subject

Mrs. WASHINGTON GONALD also on April 23, 1950, furnished the following description of LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Age:	20 (1950)
Date of birth:	October 18, 1930
Place of birth:	New Orleans, Louisiana.
Height:	5'10"
Weight:	165 lbs.
Eyes:	Blue
Hair:	Light brown, wavy

NY 100-10451

1. Identification Bureau

In February 21, 1951, the following advised they had no record in their files identifiable with subjects:

S. P. SPANES, Identification Division, and CONNIE SMITH, Central Records Division, Fort Worth, Texas, Police Department, and W. H. WYNN, Identification Division, Tarrant County, Sheriff's Office.

2. Photograph

On April 20, 1951, Mrs. HENRIETTA OSWALD furnished a photograph of subject which is being retained in the Dallas file.

3. Communications with ROBERT OSWALD

ROBERT LEO OSWALD, 7818 Deavenport Street, Fort Worth, Texas, was, on April 27, 1950, employed as a salesman for Acme Truck Company of Fort Worth. ROBERT LEO OSWALD stated that he is a brother of subject who was believed by OSWALD to be in Houston, Texas. OSWALD related that his brother had obtained an honorable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps in September, 1949, and after visiting his mother in Fort Worth for a period of about three days left Fort Worth with the expressed intention of going to New Orleans, Louisiana, to resume his former employment in export-import work. OSWALD stated that the entire family was being shocked to learn that subject had gone to a country where he had renounced his United States citizenship and had applied for citizenship in the Soviet Union.

ROBERT LEO OSWALD also stated that he had never known subject to have had any contact for or connection with Communism before this incident occurred.

ROBERT OSWALD stated that he has had no contact in any form or form with any individual known by him to be a Soviet agent or affiliated in any way with Soviet establishments. OSWALD stated that so far as he knows, neither his mother nor any other member of this family have had any contact whatsoever with Soviet officials or with Soviet establishments.

ROBERT LEO OSWALD stated that he would immediately contact the FBI in the event he were contacted by Soviet officials. OSWALD stated that neither he nor his mother has been requested to furnish any items of personal identification to the subject in Dallas and that in the event he were to receive such a request he would immediately contact the FBI.

NY 100-10011

In April 21, 1951, Mrs. YASMINA C. SWAID, who was then employed at National Capital News, 1111 Thirteenth Avenue, New York, New York, volunteered the following information:

Mrs. SWAID stated that she had been very much interested and curious concerning her son, BEN SWAID SWAID, since she learned during the Fall of 1948, that she had learned that he had gone to Moscow, Russia, where he had remained since that time. She stated that she had approximately 1948-1949, and stated that following his discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps in September, 1949, he visited her for a few days in New York and left her address that he was going to New Orleans, Louisiana, to resume his employment with an engineering company in New Orleans. She stated that subject had engaged in employment for a brief period of time prior to the discharge in the U. S. Marine Corps. Mrs. SWAID also stated that subject had mentioned something about his desire to travel and had mentioned also about the fact that he might go to Cuba.

Mrs. SWAID stated that shortly after subject arrived in New Orleans, she received the following letter postmarked at New Orleans, Louisiana, from subject:

"Dear mother:

"Well I have booked passage on a ship to Europe. I would of had to travel as later, and I think the best that I can do. Don't worry about me all right. My values are very different from yours or yours."

"It is difficult to tell you how I feel. Just remember this is what I must do. I did not tell you about my plans because you could hardly be expected to understand. Love."

Mrs. SWAID stated that she was very much interested and curious to learn that he had gone to Moscow, Russia. She stated that she had no idea as to how he arrived there but that she had heard that he had stayed up about 1948-1949 in New Orleans in the U. S. Marine Corps. She stated that she had had a discussion with her son regarding his intention to go to New Orleans, Louisiana. She also stated that she had never shown any interest for the identification of subject. She stated that he had not mentioned any specific fact as to the communist system. She stated that she was a student type of individual and that he was a type that was considered "deep." Mrs. SWAID stated that she could not have been surprised to have heard that subject had gone to New Orleans, Louisiana or Cuba, but that it had indeed caused her mind that he might go to Russia or that he might go to Cuba.

NY 65-14811

... a citizen of ... Mrs. ... stated that she felt ... subject has a right as an individual to vote his ... however, she stated that she was very ... and disappointed that he had taken this action.

Mrs. ... stated that she made application on January 20, 1960, at the First National Bank of Fort Worth, Texas, for a ... and upon payment of \$100.00 she was ... a ... transfer No. ... by which ... the ... by air mail to subject, ... in care of ...

Mrs. ... explained that she was indebted to subject in the amount of \$100 as a result of a loan which she had made to her previously.

She stated that on December 18, 1959, she had mailed a personal check of \$100.00 in payment of this debt to "Mr. ... Memphis Hotel, Houston, Texas." The wife ... to ... Houston, on or about January 3, 1960, this check was returned to her by mail containing a note ... a piece of paper in pencil by subject, stating he ... the check, of course." In this note he requested ... in cash in an envelope and sent it to ... "also ... and asked the ... " ... a \$50 bill and ... in ... the ... to ... his correct ... the ... in this letter has hope that ... Houston, ... I believe it ... she stated that she ... Houston Hotel, Houston, Texas. ... the ... returned ... "Houston Register" ... side of this envelope was stamped ... "January 10, 1960," and ... "Houston Register."

Mrs. ... advised that since January 20, 1960, she had ... letters to her ... that all ... Mrs. ... stated that she ... the ... in danger. She ... the ... of subject ... the U. S. State Department ... for fear that ...

NY 100-10662

Mrs. WATSON stated that she would gladly report any information which she had by Soviet officials. She said that she was prepared to cooperate in any way possible. She stated that she had not been requested to furnish any items of personal information to subject in London. She remembered the information that subject had taken with him his first certificate was to visit Fort Worth. She promised to advise the FBI immediately in the event any contacts were made with her by Soviet officials or by Soviet establishments in this connection.

A check of the files of office of Naval Intelligence, London Naval District, U. S. Naval Station in England, London, on April 10, 1951, revealed that this file contained a photograph of a telegram from the Department of State, Moscow, London, dated August 17, 1949, at 1:40 A.M. This telegram stated beyond that subject was an enemy agent of the U.S. Government, carrying passport No. 1000000, London District No. 1000000, and appeared at the Embassy in London on August 10, 1949, and had applied for a passport for London following her entry into the United Kingdom. This telegram advised further that subject's photograph in the United States was also being passed to the U.S. Coast Guard. This telegram stated subject had been arrested and this matter being handled by the U.S. Coast Guard. The U.S. Coast Guard's attention was directed to the fact that subject had recently been discharged from the U.S. Coast Guard. Subject was further advised at this time that the U.S. Coast Guard had received an intelligence report.

On April 23, 1951, Mrs. JOHN E. HAYES, U.S. Intelligence Officer, London, stated that on or about August 10, 1949, subject was arrested while visiting London, and that she was the only person who was with her at the time. Mrs. HAYES stated that she was the only person who was with her at the time. Mrs. HAYES stated that she was the only person who was with her at the time.

Mrs. WATSON stated that she was a citizen of the United States and was born in New York City on July 15, 1915. She stated that she was married to John E. Hayes, a U.S. Intelligence Officer, and that they had three children. She stated that she was the only person who was with her at the time of her arrest. She stated that she was the only person who was with her at the time of her arrest.

RE: [REDACTED]

It was noted that the subject indicated as it appeared to her that she had never had any friends and no social life. She stated that she dated the boy because he had never known his father and had lived before his birth. She stated that Mrs. [REDACTED] contacted her in an effort to support her and her son. Mrs. [REDACTED] mentioned that she has never seen any one else in her home except the subject. She stated that Mrs. [REDACTED] often quarreled with him for staying in her home so closely and as a result urged him to get out and seek employment but that he preferred to sit at home and read.

Mrs. [REDACTED] stated that Mrs. [REDACTED] was in poor health and extremely nervous and that she often quarreled very loudly with Mrs. [REDACTED] and the subject.

Mrs. [REDACTED] stated that the subject came to Fort Worth from the Dallas area. Mrs. [REDACTED] stated that Mrs. [REDACTED] and Mrs. [REDACTED] were checked and sent to the Dallas area hospital for treatment. Mrs. [REDACTED] stated that she has had no contact with the subject in several years.

Mrs. [REDACTED] stated that subject resided in the U. S. Marine Corps camp in Fort Worth at 4015 [REDACTED] Street. She stated that Mrs. [REDACTED] moved from this address on or about May 1, 1944, and that she has had no contact with the subject in several years.

On June 20, 1944, James V. [REDACTED], State Farm Sales Agent, Fort Worth, stated that for a period of several months prior to [REDACTED] he had known Mrs. [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] and that he had no known subject in [REDACTED] and that he was unable to furnish any information of value to this investigation.

On June 20, 1944, Dallas Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that their knowledge of subject in [REDACTED] is based on reports received regarding subject's defection to the [REDACTED] Party (CP) at Fort Worth and that [REDACTED] and his name furnished in connection with CP membership.

It is noted that the Communist Party, USA (CP), has been declared by the Attorney General of the United States, pursuant to Executive Order 9835.

NY 100-1251

A review on May 8, 1951, of the files of the Passport Office, U. S. Department of State, Washington, D. C., revealed that on or about January 22, 1951, Mrs. ALICE HENRIETTA BROWN, mother of the subject, appeared at the U. S. Department of State in Washington, D. C. She advised that she had come to Washington in order to see the State Department regarding her son, the subject. She expressed the thought that perhaps her son had been in the Soviet Union as a "secret agent" and that the State Department was not doing enough to help him. She was advised that such was not the case and that efforts were being made to help her son.

On February 10, 1951, the U. S. Embassy in Moscow, USSR, received an unsigned letter from Mrs. ALICE HENRIETTA BROWN dated January 5, 1951. In this letter BROWN indicated that in order to return to the United States she would need a visa agreement concerning the dropping of any legal proceedings against her. She also said that she could not leave Russia without a passport and therefore was writing instead of visiting the American Embassy.

On March 20, 1951, the U. S. Embassy in Moscow received a letter from ALICE HENRIETTA BROWN, dated March 5, 1951. In this letter BROWN said she found it inconvenient to come to Moscow for a passport at the American Embassy and that she could not leave without a passport. She asked that in place of a passport interview she be sent a questionnaire.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1
To: [illegible]
From: [illegible]

Dallas, Texas
July 3, 1961

Title: [illegible]

Character: [illegible]

Reference: Report of SA JOHN W. BIRD, Dallas, 7/3/61.

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

X - 19(2)

AIR MAIL

1100 Main, Dallas, Texas
December 19, 1961

PLEASE REFER TO THIS FILE NUMBER
A12 531 002

PASSPORT OFFICE

19-1

DEC 21 1961

P.T./L.C.

Director, Passport Office
Department of State
Room 2131, New State Extension
Washington 25, D. C.

Re: Lee Harvey Oswald, born New Orleans, La., 10-18-39, now residing Apt. 24, No. 4 Kolinin St., Minsk, Russia

Dear Sir:

Attention: Liaison

The above named has filed a visa petition with this Service to classify his Russian born wife, Marina N. Oswald, as a nonquota immigrant. Subject apparently departed from the United States during the latter part of 1959 and proceeded to Russia where he renounced his United States citizenship.

For the use of this Service in adjudicating the visa petition it will be appreciated if you will furnish information contained in your records pertaining to subject.

Very truly yours,

L. A. Mack

L. A. Mack
Officer in Charge

Reviewed 1-15-62

B. M. Reichman
B. M. Reichman, USINS.

AIR MAIL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Sup Ex No 4

Sup Ex No 4

19-2

DEPARTMENT OF STATE REFERENCE SLIP				DATE		
				12/29/61		
TO:	NAME OR TITLE	ROOM, SYMBOL	ROOM NO.	BLDG.	INITIALS	DATE
1.	P. J. K.					
2.						
3.						
4.						
5.						
APPROVAL			NOTE AND FORWARD			
AS REQUESTED			NOTE AND RETURN			
COMMENT			PER CONVERSATION			
FOR YOUR INFORMATION			PREPARE REPLY			
INITIAL FOR CLEARANCE			SEE ME			
NECESSARY ACTION			SIGNATURE			
REMARKS OR ADDITIONAL ROUTING						
<p>Does P. J. K. have any interest in Oswald at this time? If so please send to file</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>File</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;">PASSPORT OFFICE P/J/s JAN 2 1962 C 115 ET/II 1/2/62</p>						
FROM (NAME AND ORGANIZATION)				ROOM NO. AND BLDG.		
SIGNATURE <i>W. H. ...</i>				PHONE NO.		

Box Ex. 4

Box no. 4

REVIEW AND PROTECTION CERTIFICATE

Subject of file (To be entered by reviewer) OSWALD, Lee Harvey

To be signed by all non-Navy representatives upon the review of each Naval Intelligence Investigative file, and to be permanently filed with the material reviewed.

1. Subject file has been reviewed this date by the undersigned, a duly accredited representative of the Department (Agency) indicated.
2. This review was permitted under the following conditions, which are understood and will be observed by the undersigned:
 - a. The review is on behalf of the agency I represent, and for its official purposes;
 - b. All information extracted or obtained will be reported solely to my parent agency.
 - c. Only that material of Department of the Navy origin will be reviewed; information originating with agencies other than the Department of the Navy will not be reviewed, but I am free to take identifying citations therefrom in order that my parent agency may request the material from the originating agency;
 - d. I may make extracts and quotations from Navy-originated information, and may identify the Department of the Navy as the source in my report to my agency. The Department of the Navy, however, is not to be identified outside the Executive Branch of the Government as the source of the information, nor is the Department of the Navy to be identified as the source of the information to the subject or to any other individual mentioned in the report.
 - e. All information extracted or obtained will be classified in accordance with the classification of the source report, unless otherwise authorized by appropriate Naval authority. If unclassified, the material will be designated "For Official Use Only." The information will be protected in accordance with the assigned classification or designation.
 - f. The names of any confidential source will not be recorded, nor will any other data which would tend to identify such sources, without specific permission from appropriate Naval Authority.
 - g. I am aware that unauthorized disclosure of the information obtained would constitute a violation of the Espionage Laws (Title 18, U.S.C., section 793), or of official directives of the Secretary of the Navy.

Date of review 18 Dec 61

Signature of reviewer S. M. Reichman

Name of reviewer (Printed) S M Reichman

Name of Agency USING - Area Dallas A12531002

Investigation

SR

921017 JB
921E JM

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNCLASSIFIED WHEN ENCLOSURE(S) REMOVED

HD9:005E:LC:as

Ser: 0 4099^E

30 NOV 1960

From: Officer in Charge, District Intelligence Office
NINTH Naval District, Chicago 7, Illinois
To: Officer in Charge, District Intelligence Office
EIGHTH Naval District
Subj: COMMB, Lee Harvey, 1653239, EX-PFC, USMC

- Encl: (1) Gy of CMC spltr DK-MPV of 8 Mar 1960 re subj
- (2) Hq, USAF Conf ltr ser 33-26125 of 17 Dec 1959, subj: PFC, John E.
- (3) Four newspaper clippings re subj
- (4) ALUSNA MSGCN msg 130839 Z Nov 1959
- (5) Anamb MSGCN Foreign Service Despatch no. 224 of 26 Oct 1959, subj: CITIZENSHIP: Robert Edward WEBSTER
- (6) Anamb MSGCN Foreign Service Despatch no. 234 of 2 Nov 1959, subj: CITIZENSHIP: Lee Harvey COMMB
- (7) ALUSNA MSGCN msg 031215Z Nov 1959
- (8) BNI msg 122101Z Nov 1959
- (9) ALUSNA MSGCN msg 03 DEC/10 Nov 59
- (10) Dept State Telegram from Tokyo no. 1448 of 9 Nov 1959
- (11) CMC msg 041529Z Nov 1959
- (12) CMC (Op-921B1) Memo for File of 2 Nov 1959, s/s
- (13) Dept State Telegram from Moscow no. 1304 of 31 Oct 1959
- (14) CSE Conf inv rpt 03540 of 27 Jun 1960, subj: John Edward PEG, SS3T, AF, 12313239, USAF (less encls)

RECORDED BY
DESK
DEC-5 1960
OP921D

1. The District Intelligence Office, Ninth Naval District, has been advised that subject was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on 17 August 1959. His home address, as of July 1959, is listed as 3124 West 5th Street, Fort Worth, Texas.
2. Enclosures (1) through (14), which represent subject's intelligence file, are forwarded for information and retention.

S. C. LOMIS, Jr.

CC: to
BNI to
-BARTCOO.
- (less encls)
DEC 15 1960
DESK

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ UNCLASSIFIED WHEN ENCLOSURE(S) REMOVED

6 0561005

CI-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

92/922E
Serial: 053
11 JAN 1961

Special Agent in Charge
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Dallas Field Office
12th Floor, 1114 Commerce Street
Dallas 2, Texas

Re: OSWALD, Lee Harvey

Dear Sir:

Subject, who attempted to defect to Russia in October 1959 and who was a member of the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve, was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on 17 August 1960. His latest home address of record, as of 28 July 1959, is listed as 3124 West 5th Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

Yours very truly,

F. O'C. FLETCHER, JR.
Captain, U. S. Navy
Officer in Charge
District Intelligence Office
Eighth Naval District

Copy to:
MI ✓

RECEIVED
MAIL DESK
JAN 16 1961
OF921D

RECEIVED
OFFICE
JAN 17 1961
DESK _____

*Local office
OK
CSO/A
9/1/67*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

15 NOV 1960

OP-92112/en
Ser 011167392

FILED
NOV 16 1960
OP-92112

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

From: Director of Naval Intelligence
To: Officer in Charge, District Intelligence Office,
NINTH Naval District

Subj: OSWALD, Lee Harvey, 1653230, Ex-PFC, USMC (U)

Ref: (a) DNI Conf ltr ser 013958392 of 2 Jun 1960, same subj

1. Reference (a) contains information concerning OSWALD.
2. The Commandant of the Marine Corps has advised the Office of Naval Intelligence that OSWALD was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on 17 August 1960. His home address, as of 20 July 1959, is listed as 3124 West 5th Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

J. C. BICY
By direction

CRIG BY: LEJG FREDRICKSON
 TYPED BY: J. SATTY, YN2 6/1/60
 RE-CRIG: GRADY, YN1 10/11/60
 RETYPED: WEBARGER, YN2 10/12/60
 RECEIVED: WEBARGER, YN2 10/13/60
 RECEIVED: WEBARGER, YN2 10/26/60
 RECEIVED: WEBARGER, YN2 11/4/60

WA

CONFIDENTIAL
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Declassified
C. B. Hammett
CASD (A)
9/1/67
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OP-92152/oa
Ser 923792

~~FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY~~

15 NOV 1960

~~FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY~~

MEMORANDUM FOR Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Attn: Liaison Section

FILED
NOV 15 1960
OP-923415

Subj: OSWALD, Lee Harvey, 1659230, PFC, USMC (Inactive) (C)

Ref: (a) FBI memo to State of 3 Jun 1960, same subj

1. Reference (a) contains information concerning OSWALD.
2. The Commandant of the Marine Corps has advised the Office of Naval Intelligence that OSWALD was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on 17 August 1960. His home address, as of 23 July 1959, is listed as 3124 West 5th Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

WILLIAM ABBOTT

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.
Attn: Liaison Section

FILED
NOV 16 1960
OP-923415

ORIG BY: MEADY, YH1 OP-92152
TYPED BY: WERLGER, YH2 10/12/60

Handwritten notes:
10/12/60
10/12/60

~~FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY~~

Handwritten initials: dk



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

IN REPLY REFER TO
OP-92152/cn
Ser 012107P92
11/15/60

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
CONFIDENTIAL

From: Director of Naval Intelligence
To: SAC in Charge, District Intelligence Office,
EIGHTH Naval District
Subj: OSWALD, Lee Harvey, 1653230, PFC, USMC (Inactive) (U)

Ref: (a) DNI Conf ltr ser 0236192 of 12 Apr 1960, same subj (NOTAL)
(b) DNI Conf ltr ser 012958P92 of 2 Jun 1960, same subj (NOTAL)

Encl: (1) FBI (DALLAS) Conf int rpt File No. 100-352496 of 12 May 1960,
subj: Funds Transmitted to Residents of Russia
(2) FBI memo to State of 2 Jun 1960, same subj

1. By references (a) and (b), the Director of Naval Intelligence forwarded information concerning OSWALD to the District Intelligence Office, EIGHTH Naval District. Enclosures (1) and (2) are forwarded for information.

2. The Commandant of the Marine Corps has advised the Office of Naval Intelligence that OSWALD was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve on 17 August 1960. His home address, as of 20 July 1959, is listed as 2124 West 5th Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

3. By copy of this letter, the District Intelligence Office, EIGHTH Naval District, is requested to forward the intelligence documentation concerning OSWALD to the District Intelligence Office, EIGHTH Naval District.

J. C. LACY
By direction

Copy to:
DIO-91D

Handwritten signature
CONFIDENTIAL
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STATUS CHECK

From: OP-921E2
To: SUPER (R12) MARCORPS

Date: 6 Sep 60

Subj: OSWALD, Lee Harvey PFC USMCR 1653230
Name (Last, first, middle) RANK/RATE SERVICE File/Desig/Ser.No.

18 October 1939 & New Orleans, La.
(Date) (Place of birth)

3124 W. 5th St., Fort Worth, Texas > 20 Jul 59
(Latest Home Address) (Date)

Record held by the Commandant _____ Naval District (In case of USNR-R)

- 1. UNABLE TO IDENTIFY ()
- 2. ACTIVE DUTY _____
(Present Duty Station)
- 3. INACTIVE DUTY

Discharged/ Separated (Date & Type of Discharge/ Separation)

(a) ~~RESERVE~~ 17 Aug 1960 _____
(Date) (Type) Undesirable (Unfitness)

(b) RESERVE

- (1) INACTIVE () LATEST RAD _____
- (2) END OF OBLIGATED SERVICE _____
- (3) AFFILIATION _____
- (4) NO ACTIVE DUTY TO DATE OTHER THAN ACDUTRA _____

4. OTHER INFORMATION - (Foreign Travel, etc)

PROCESSED BY B. Smith DATE 27 Sep 60

SR

FF

ONI ROUTING SLIP

OPNAV FORM 5210-14A (REV. 2-56)

XX 113848

ORIGINATOR

FBI

SUBJECT
J. EDGAR HOOVER OSWALD INTERNAL SECURITY - R

ORIGINATOR FILE NUMBER

106-20865

ADDRESSED TO

ONI

DATE OF LETTER

3 June 60

ENCLOSURE(S)

DATE REC'D ONI

7 JULY 60

VIA ADDRESSEE

ONI FILE NUMBER

ONI COPY DISTRIBUTION

921 E2 - Cleared for FF
11/10/60 (WSP)

ROUTE TO	FOR	INITIALS	OUT DATE	ROUTE TO	FOR	INITIALS	OUT DATE
1	*	(P)	11-10-60				
2							
3							
4							
5							

10. ONI ADMINISTRATIVE FILE

* Timely action as required by the effective edition of ONI INTERNAL INSTRUCTION 5216.16.

COMMENT Precede each comment with an office designation.

5: Lt. to FBI Ser 923 P92 ^{Nov} ~~1960~~ 1960

Lt. to DI:81-D cc: DI:92-D Ser 014167 P92 ^{Nov} ~~1960~~ 1960

TURN THIS ROUTING SLIP TO ONI ADMINISTRATION FILES

etc



BY HAND

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Commandant of the Marine Corps (AO-2A)
Room 2117, Arlington Annex
Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps
Washington 25, D.C.
Attn: Col. E. E. Dobson

OP-921 D/ck
SER 015422P92

Confidential
DK

4-AUG 1960

MEMORANDUM FOR

COMDT MARCORPS (AO2A)

SUBJ: OSWALD, Lee Harvey, PFC, USMC, 1653230
REF: (a) PHONECON MSGT EMERSON TO PARKER YNI 2 August 60
ENCL: (1) Op-923M5 Investigative File, same subj

29 AUG 1960
RETURNED, COMCORPS
NOTED. SUPPLY AND CONTROL
2 AUGUST 60
ACQUAINTANCE OFFICE

25 AUG 1960

E. W. HOUCK
By direction

- ENCLOSURE (1) is FORWARDED FOR information
- The information forwarded herewith is sensitive in character and its security must be preserved by carefully safeguarding its existence and source, as well as the names of any informants mentioned therein. Under no circumstances should material be removed from the enclosed file or the file disassembled.
- In no case, if the report covers an investigation of an individual, shall the report be shown to the subject, nor shall copies be made if it, nor shall the Office of Naval Intelligence or any other agency contributing material to the report be mentioned in connection with any action taken on the basis of such report.
- The information contained herein shall not be disseminated or made known to persons outside the Department of Defense, nor shall further transmission of the enclosure(s) be made to any other activities without permission of Director of Naval Intelligence. Any investigative material enclosed herewith which was originated by another governmental agency remains the property of that agency and is furnished to the Office of Naval Intelligence on a loan basis only.
- Prompt return of this correspondence and enclosure(s) is requested, endorsement or letter of transmittal in order that the files of ONI will reflect the addressee's cognizance and/or action in this matter. Return by authorized courier should be delivered to Room 5C663, Pentagon Building, Washington 25, D.C. Other means of transmission are prohibited. ONI should be advised if there is requirement for retention beyond 30 days from date of this letter.

TRANSMITTAL

FORM 5521-21 (Rev. 3-60)

R. A. ...
By direction

Reclassified
Confidential
9/1/60



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. 105-82555

Date: June 3, 1960
To: Office of Security
Department of State
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference is made to Foreign Service Despatch Number 234 dated November 2, 1959, concerning subject's renunciation of his American citizenship at the United States Embassy, Moscow, Russia, on October 31, 1959.

It is noted that among other items, subject surrendered his United States passport Number 1733242 to an American Embassy official. His last known residence as indicated in your despatch was The Metropole Hotel, Moscow, where he was residing in a nontourist status.

Your attention is directed to the report of Special Agent John W. Fuin, Dallas, Texas, dated May 12, 1960, entitled "Funds Transmitted to Residents of Russia; Internal Security - R," a copy of which was furnished to the Department of State on May 24, 1960.

In that report you will note that subject's mother, Mrs. Marguerite C. Oswald, Fort Worth, Texas, advised that she recently received a letter addressed to her son from the Albert Schweizer College in Switzerland indicating that Lee Oswald was expected at the college on April 20, 1960. She stated subject had taken his birth certificate with him when he left home. She was apprehensive about his safety because three letters she had written him since January 22, 1960, have been returned to her undelivered.

Since there is a possibility that an imposter is using Oswald's birth certificate, any current information the Department of State may have concerning subject will be appreciated.

① - Director of Naval Intelligence

60-105-82555-100

FILED

JUN 2 1960

Op-92182/jws
Ser 013992P92

OP-92182

1 JUN 1960

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

From: Director of Naval Intelligence
 To: Officer in Charge, District Intelligence Office, SEVENTH Naval District
 Subj: OSWALD, Lee Harvey, 1653230, PFC, USMC (Inactive) (U)
 Ref: (a) DNI Conf ltr ser 0236P92 of 12 Apr 1960, same subj
 Encl: (1) OSI Conf inv rpt DO# 46 of 27 Jan 1960, Subj: John Edward PEO,
 SGT, AF 11313239, USAF (less oncls)

1. Reference (a) contains information on OSWALD. Enclosure (1) is forwarded for information.

J. C. LACY
 By direction

Orig. by SAUG FREDRICKSON
 92182 - 75741
 Typed 5-1-60, J. satter

*Declassified
 (with) OSO (P-2)
 7/1/67*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Federal Bureau of Investigation

MAY 25 1960

Director of Naval Intelligence
Department of the Navy
The Pentagon
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Sir:

For your information, I am enclosing communications which may be of interest to you.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enclosures

(Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any,
this transmittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ONI ROUTING SLIP

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 (REV. 12-55)

GG 71228

jhl

OSW + LD

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Lee Harvey
(when filed in)

ORIGINATOR

FBI

SUBJECT

FUNDS TRANSMITTED TO RESIDENTS OF RUSSIA

SUBJECT INDEX OK

ORIGINATOR FILE NUMBER

EU 100-353496

ADDRESSED TO

DNI

ENCLOSURES

W/O

DATE OF LETTER

12 May 1960

DATE REC'D ONI

26 May 1960

ONI FILE NUMBER

VIA ADDRESSEE

ONI COPY DISTRIBUTION

921E2 - cleared for FF
11/10/60 (WSS)

ROUTE TO	FOR	INITIALS	OUT DATE	ROUTE TO	FOR	INITIALS	OUT DATE
1	E	E	11-16-60	6			
2				7			
3				8			
4				9			
5				ONI ADMINISTRATIVE FILES			

* Timely action as required in accordance with ONI Internal Instruction 5216.16 or revisions thereof.

COMMENT Precede each comment with an office designation.

FORWARDED TO DIO 9ND UNDER DNI SER 014167F92 OF MAY 60 &

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RETURN THIS ROUTING SLIP TO ONI ADMINISTRATIVE FILES

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of JOHN W. FAIN
 Date: 8/12/60

Office: DALLAS

File Number Dallas 105-976; Bureau file 100-355456

Title: FUNDS TRANSMITTED TO RESIDENTS OF RUSSIA

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis: MRS. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, aka., Mrs. Edward Lee Oswald, is reported to have purchased "foreign money transfer No. 142,088" at the First National Bank of Fort Worth, Texas, on 1/22/60 by means of which she sent the sum of \$25 to her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, in care of Hotel Metropole, Moscow, Russia. According to Mrs. OSWALD, her son LEE OSWALD, an ex-Marine, upon receiving his honorable discharge from the service on 9/2/60 visited her briefly in Ft. Worth and left town stating that he was en route to New Orleans, Louisiana, where he planned to resume employment with an export-import company. According to Mrs. OSWALD, she received a letter from LEE in September, 1960, from New Orleans, stating that he had booked passage on a ship to Europe. According to Mrs. OSWALD, she was subsequently checked to learn that he had gone to Moscow, Russia, where he is reported to have renounced his U. S. citizenship and where he sought Soviet citizenship.

- RUC -

DETAILS:

At Fort Worth, Texas:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of any kind. It is the property of the FBI, and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CD 294j.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
INTERVIEW REPORTDate 5/3/63

ROBERT LEE OSWALD, 731 Ravensport Street, is employed as a salesman at Acme Brick Company, Fort Worth, Texas. OSWALD stated he is the brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD who is believed to be in Moscow, Russia, at this time. Mr. OSWALD stated that his brother obtained an honorable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps in September, 1959, and after visiting in Fort Worth for a period of about three days left Fort Worth with an expressed intention of going to New Orleans, Louisiana, to resume his former employment in export-import work. He stated the entire family was later shocked to hear that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had gone to Russia where he renounced United States citizenship and applied for citizenship in the Soviet Union.

Mr. OSWALD stated he had never known LEE HARVEY OSWALD to have any sympathy for or connection with Communism before this occurred.

ROBERT OSWALD stated his mother has had correspondence directed to LEE OSWALD in Moscow, Russia, and that she attempted to send a sum of \$25.00 to him during January of 1963. ROBERT OSWALD stated that his mother could be contacted at 1111 Herring Avenue, Waco, Texas.

ROBERT OSWALD stated he had no contact in any manner or form with any individual known by him to be a Soviet official or affiliated in any way with Soviet establishments. He also advised that so far as he knows neither his mother or other members of his family have had any contact whatsoever with Soviet officials or with Soviet establishments.

ROBERT L. OSWALD stated that he understands fully the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in the internal security of the United States and he stated that he would immediately contact the FBI in the event he is contacted by Soviet officials.

ROBERT L. OSWALD stated that he will be pleased to cooperate with the FBI in any way possible. OSWALD stated that neither he nor his mother, so far as he knows, has been requested to furnish any items of personal identification to LEE OSWALD in Russia, and said he would immediately contact the FBI in the event he receives such a request.

Interview with ROBERT LEE OSWALD File # 105-376
 on 5/2/63 at FORT WORTH, TEXAS Date dictated 5/2/63
 by Special Agent JOHN W. FAIR /jog

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
INTERVIEW REPORTDate 5/3/60

Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, also known as Mrs. Edward Leo Oswald, volunteered for interview stating that she had learned through her son, ROBERT L. OSWALD, that she had been sought on the previous day for interview.

Mrs. OSWALD stated she is currently employed as a deputy mother at Methodist Orphans Home, 1111 Fearing Avenue, Waco, Texas, and that she had come to Fort Worth on that day inasmuch as this was her "day off." Mrs. OSWALD stated she had mentioned to the superintendent of the Methodist Orphans Home at Waco, Texas, the fact that her son, LEE OSWALD, was currently in Moscow, Russia, and that the superintendent appeared to be sympathetic with her in her grief and uneasiness concerning the status of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mrs. OSWALD stated she has been very much upset and uneasy concerning her son LEE HARVEY OSWALD, since she learned during the Fall of 1959 that much to her surprise he had gone to Moscow, Russia, where he had renounced his United States citizenship and had apparently sought Soviet citizenship.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, had entered the United States Marine Corps when he was only seventeen years of age. He had serial number 1036204-0VAL, OSWALD. He was a Private First Class (E-3) and was in Marine Air Corps School (MACS-8) and held the status of radar operator. She stated that he received an honorable discharge on or about September 3, 1959, in accordance with para. 14273 (MFR PAR 14273). When he was separated from the service he had served fourteen months on a base near Tokyo, Japan. Mrs. OSWALD has in her possession numerous clippings which she has taken from the "Waco Worth Star Telegram" concerning her son.

She stated that following his discharge in September, 1959, he came to Fort Worth for a visit of about three days and thereafter left Fort Worth with the expressed intention of going to New Orleans, Louisiana. She stated that he indicated to her when he left Fort Worth that he planned to resume his employment with an export-import company at New Orleans. She explained that she family had up until 1948 lived at New Orleans and had come to Fort Worth in 1949. He had engaged in the export-import employment.

Interview with Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD File # 105-276
on 5/27/60 at Fort Worth, Texas Date dictated 5/27/60
by Special Agent JOHN E. HARR /scj

BB 100-073

prior to his entry into the U. S. Marine Corps. She stated he had mentioned something about his desire to travel and said something about the fact that he might go to Cuba.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that shortly after LEE arrived in New Orleans she received the following letter postmarked at New Orleans, Louisiana, from LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

"Dear Mother:

"Well I have booked passage on a ship to Europe. I would have had to sooner or later, and I think its best that I do now. Just remember above all else that my values are very different from BUREAUS or yours.

"It is difficult to tell you how I feel. Just remember this is what I must do. I did not tell you about my plans because you could hardly be expected to understand. LHO."

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she was very much shocked and surprised later to learn that he had gone to Moscow, Russia. She stated that she has no idea as to how he got there but that she does know that he had saved up about \$1000 from his service in the U. S. Marine Corps. She stated that he did not previously discuss with her any intention to go to Moscow, Russia. She stated that he had never shown any proclivities for the ideologies of Communism. She stated that he had never expressed any sympathy for Russia or the Communistic system. She stated that he was always/usually type of individual and that he read books that were considered "top." Mrs. OSWALD stated she would not have been surprised to learn that LEE had gone to, say South America or Cuba, but that it had never entered her mind that he might go to Russia or that he might try to become a citizen there.

Mrs. OSWALD stated she "feels strongly" that LEE has a right as an individual to make his own decisions, but yet, she stated that she was greatly surprised and disappointed that he had taken this action. She stated that she has suffered a great deal of embarrassment as a result of inquiries from newspaper reporters concerning LEE.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she made application on January 22, 1960, at the First National Bank of New Worth, Texas, for a foreign draft and on payment of \$50.00 she was issued a "foreign money transfer No. 142,028" by which instrument she sent \$50.00 by air mail to her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, in care of Hotel Metropol, Moscow, Russia.

PL 100-075

Mrs. OSWALD explained that she is indebted to LEE OSWALD in the amount of \$100 as a result of a loan which he had made to her.

She stated that on December 13, 1960, she had mailed a personal check of \$20 by way of part payment on this debt to "LEE OSWALD, Metropole Hotel, Moscow, Russia." This check was made payable to LEE OSWALD. However, on or about January 6, 1961, this check was returned to her by mail containing a note scratched on a piece of paper in pencil by her son LEE, stating he "could not use the check, of course." In this note he requested her to put \$20 in cash in an envelope and send it to him inasmuch as he was "also short of cash and need the rest, LEE." She stated she then mailed a \$20 bill and expressed her reluctance in sending cash through the mail. She, in this letter to him, requested LEE to let her know if he received the \$20 bill and also to furnish her with his correct address. She stated that she added in this letter that "I hope you like Russia. If you don't and want to come back, I believe it can be arranged. Are you working?" She stated that she addressed this letter to Mr. LEE E. OSWALD, Metropole Hotel, Moscow, Russia. She also advised that the envelope containing the \$20 bill was returned to her on February 25, 1961, stamped "retour parti." She stated that the reverse side of this envelope was stamped "Moskva, Noyent, (Moscow) Russia, January 18, 1960" and also bore the following lettering "OSWALD LEE E."

is

Mrs. OSWALD stated she is at a loss to understand why this particular envelope containing the \$20 bill was returned to her whereas the envelope containing the check had actually been received by LEE and returned to her by him. She stated this increased her uneasiness over LEE's safety. She stated that she has no way of knowing whether LEE has actually received the \$20 which she attempted to send to him by transfer number 141,000.

Mrs. OSWALD advised she has since January 22, 1961, sent three different letters to her son LEE, but that all have been returned to her undelivered. She stated she has feared that he might be stranded and in danger.

She stated that she has had correspondence with her Congressman and with the United States State Department inasmuch as she has been very much alarmed for fear that something might have happened to LEE.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that LEE had told her sometime during the spring or early summer of 1959 by letter that he had made arrangements to attend what she believes to be the Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland. She advised that a few days ago she received a letter from the Albert Schweitzer

NY
NY 105-876

College in Switzerland to the effect that this college was expecting LEE OSWALD on April 20, 1960. She stated that the letter which had been directed to LEE OSWALD stated that the college hoped his travel itinerary permitted him to be in Switzerland by April 20, 1960. She stated that the receipt of this letter had raised her hopes to cause her to feel that he might actually be en route to this college in Switzerland and that she intends to write the college to see if they have received any word from LEE.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that her husband, and LEE's father, DONALD LEE OSWALD, died before LEE was born. She stated she has two other sons, ROBERT LEE OSWALD, age 30, who resides at 7112 Harwood Street, Fort Worth, Texas, and JOHN DONALD PIC, age 20, who is Staff Sergeant in the U. S. Air Force, and stationed currently at Hiroshima, Japan. She stated that Staff Sergeant JOHN DONALD PIC, is a half brother to LEE and ROBERT OSWALD. She stated that Sgt. PIC has two years yet to serve in the U. S. Air Force.

Mrs. OSWALD advised that ROBERT LEE OSWALD of Fort Worth, also formerly served in the U. S. Air Force and that all three of the boys have seen service with the U. S. Armed Forces in Japan.

On April 25, 1960, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD also stated that she has had no contact whatsoever with Soviet officials or with Soviet establishments.

Mrs. OSWALD stated she thoroughly understands that the Federal Bureau of Investigation has investigative jurisdiction in regard to the internal security of the United States. She volunteered that she would gladly report any contacts made with her by Soviet officials. Mrs. OSWALD volunteered her eagerness to cooperate with the Federal Bureau of Investigation in any way possible.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she has not been requested to furnish any form of personal identification to LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Russia. She volunteered the information that LEE HARVEY OSWALD took his birth certificate with him when he left Fort Worth, Texas. She promised to advise the Federal Bureau of Investigation immediately in the event any contact whatsoever is made with her by Soviet officials or by Soviet establishments in this connection.

CONFIDENTIAL

DP 108-876

Mrs. OSWALD furnished voluntarily a photograph of
MR. HARVEY OSWALD, and the following description of him:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Age:	20
Date of birth:	October 13, 1939
Place of birth:	New Orleans, Louisiana
Height:	5'10"
Weight:	165 lbs.
Hair:	Light brown and wavy
Eyes:	Blue

CONFIDENTIAL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: JOHN W. FAIR
Date: 8/22/50

Office: DALLAS

File Number: Dallas 103-976; Bureau file 100-463498

Title: FUNDS TRANSMITTED TO RESIDENTS OF RUSSIA
FILE: OSWALD LEE HARVEY

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis: Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, aka., Mrs. Edward Leo Oswald, is reported to have purchased "Foreign money transfer No. 14B,688" at the First National Bank of Fort Worth, Texas, on 1/22/50 by means of which she sent the sum of \$25 to her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, in care of Hotel Metropol, Moscow, Russia. According to Mrs. OSWALD, her son LEE OSWALD, an ex-Marine, upon receiving his honorable discharge from the service on 6/8/50 visited her briefly in Ft. Worth and left town stating that he was en route to New Orleans, Louisiana, where he planned to secure employment with an export-import company. According to Mrs. OSWALD, she received a letter from LEE in September, 1950, from New Orleans, stating that he had booked passage on a ship to Europe. According to Mrs. OSWALD, she was subsequently shocked to learn that he had gone to Moscow, Russia, where he is reported to have renounced his U. S. citizenship and where he sought Soviet citizenship.

- RUC -

SUMMARY:

At Fort Worth, Texas:

Enclosure (1) to ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ Ltr.
Ser: 6/4/50 [unclear] of [unclear]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of any kind. It is the property of the FBI, and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

16 7425 1 GPO

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
INTERVIEW REPORT

Date 3/27/50

ROBERT LEE GOWALD, 7313 Davenport Street, is employed as a salesman at Adams Brick Company, Fort Worth, Texas. (GOWALD claimed to be the brother of LEE HARVEY GOWALD who is believed to be in Moscow, Russia, at this time. Mr. GOWALD stated that his brother obtained an honorable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps in September, 1949, and after visiting in Fort Worth for a period of about three days left Fort Worth with an expressed intention of going to New Orleans, Louisiana, to secure his former employment in export-import work. He called the office daily and later checked to hear that LEE HARVEY GOWALD had gone to Russia where he renounced United States citizenship and applied for citizenship in the Soviet Union.

Mr. GOWALD stated he had never known LEE HARVEY GOWALD to have any agency for or connection with Communist Espionage Work Bureau.

GOWALD stated his mother has had correspondence directed to LEE GOWALD in Moscow, Russia, and that she attempted to send a sum of \$85.00 to him during January of 1950. ROBERT GOWALD stated that his mother could be contacted at 1311 Waring Avenue, Waco, Texas.

ROBERT GOWALD stated he had no contact in any manner or form with any individual known by him to be a Soviet official or assisted in any way with Soviet establishments. He also claimed that so far as he knows neither his mother or other members of his family have had any contact whatsoever with Soviet officials or with Soviet establishments.

ROBERT L. GOWALD stated that he understands fully the jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in the national security of the United States and he stated that he would immediately contact the FBI in the event he is contacted by Soviet officials.

ROBERT L. GOWALD stated that he will be pleased to cooperate with the FBI in any way possible. GOWALD stated that whether he saw his mother, so far as he knows, has been requested to furnish any items of personal identification to LEE GOWALD in Russia, and said he would immediately contact the FBI in the event he receives such a request.

Interview with ROBERT LEE GOWALD File # 100-676
on 3/27/50 at FORT WORTH, TEXAS Date dictated 3/27/50
by Special Agent JOHN W. SMITH 1603

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
INTERVIEW REPORT

Date 5/2/50

Mrs. ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ C. OSWALD, also known as Mrs. Edward Lee Oswald, volunteered for interview stating that she had learned through her son, ~~LEON~~ L. OSWALD, that she had been sought on the previous day for interview.

Mrs. OSWALD stated she is currently employed as a supply mother at Methodist Episcopal Home, 1111 Herring Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas, and that she had come to Fort Worth on that day because as this was her "day off." Mrs. OSWALD stated she had mentioned to the superintendent of the Methodist Episcopal Home at Waco, Texas, the fact that her son, LEE OSWALD, was currently in Moscow, Russia, and that the superintendent appeared to be sympathetic with her in her grief and uneasiness concerning the status of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mrs. OSWALD stated she has been very much upset and uneasy concerning her son LEE HARVEY OSWALD, since she learned during the Fall of 1949 that much to her surprise he had gone to Moscow, Russia, where he had renounced his United States citizenship and had apparently sought Soviet citizenship.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, had entered the United States Marine Corps when he was only seventeen years of age. He had serial number RA 1058003-3741, 0101. He was a Private First Class (P-1) and was in Marine Recruits School (MRS-0) and held the status of MRS1 (radar operator). She stated that he received an honorable discharge on or about September 3, 1949, in accordance with Para. 1040.1 (MRS CAR 1040). When he was discharged from the service he had served fourteen months on a ship in the Pacific, Japan. Mrs. OSWALD has in her possession number 01010101 which she has taken from the "Fort Worth Star Telegram" concerning her son.

She stated that following his discharge in September, 1949, he came to Fort Worth for a visit of about three days and thereafter left Fort Worth with the expressed intention of going to New Orleans, Louisiana. She stated that he indicated to her when he left Fort Worth that he planned to resume his employment with an export-import company at New Orleans. She explained that the family had up until 1949 lived at New Orleans and had come to Fort Worth in 1949. He had engaged in the export-import employment

Interview with Mrs. ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ C. OSWALD File # 105-973
on 4/20/50 at Fort Worth, Texas Date dictated 5/2/50
by Special Agent JOHN W. PAIS /juc

EL 105-978

prior to his entry into the U. S. Marine Corps. She stated he had mentioned something about his desire to travel and said something about the fact that he might go to Cuba.

Mrs. GUILD stated that shortly after LEE arrived in New Orleans she received the following letter postmarked at New Orleans, Louisiana, from LEE MILTON GUILD:

"Dear Mother:

"Told I have booked passage on a ship to Europe. I wouldn't had to answer or leave, and I think it's best that I do now. Just remember above all else that my values are very different from money or fame.

"It is difficult to tell you how I feel. Just remember this is what I must do. I did not tell you about my plans because you could hardly be expected to understand. LEE."

Mrs. GUILD stated that she was very much shocked and surprised later to learn that he had gone to Havana, Russia. She stated that she has no idea as to how he got there but that she does know that he had saved up about \$1000 from his service in the U. S. Marine Corps. She stated that he did not previously discuss with her any intention to go to Russia, Russia. She stated that he had never shown any pro-Russian/Soviet sympathies of Communism. She stated that he had never expressed any sympathy for Russia or the Communist system. She stated that he was always/steadfast type of individual and that he read books that were considered "big." Mrs. GUILD stated she would not have been surprised to learn that LEE had gone to any South America or Cuba, but that it had never entered her mind that he might go to Russia or that he might try to become a citizen there.

Mrs. GUILD stated she "feels strongly" that LEE has a right as an individual to make his own decisions, however, she stated that she was greatly surprised and disappointed that he had taken this action. She stated that she has suffered a great deal of embarrassment as a result of inquiries from newspaper reporters concerning LEE.

Mrs. GUILD stated that she made application on January 21, 1950, at the First National Bank of New York, Texas, for a foreign draft and on payment of \$25.00 she was issued a "foreign money transfer in. 10,000" by which instrument she sent \$25.00 by air mail to her son, LEE MILTON GUILD, in care of Hotel Metropole, Moscow, Russia.

DL 105-976

Mrs. OSWALD explained that she is indebted to LEE OSWALD in the amount of \$100 as a result of a loan which he had made to her.

She stated that on December 18, 1959, she had mailed a personal check of \$20 by way of part payment on this debt to "LEE OSWALD, Metropole Hotel, Moscow, Russia." This check she made payable to LEE OSWALD. However, on or about January 5, 1960, this check was returned to her by mail containing a note scratched on a piece of paper in pencil by her son LEE, stating he "could not use the check, of course." In this note he requested her to put \$20 in cash in an envelope and send it to his inasmuch as he was "almost short of cash and need the suit. LEE." She stated she then mailed a \$20 bill and expressed her reluctance in sending cash through the mail. She, in this letter to him, requested LEE to let her know if he received the \$20 bill and also to furnish her with his current address. She stated that she added in this letter that "I hope you like Russia. If you don't and want to come back, I believe it can be arranged. Are you working?" She stated that she addressed this letter to Mr. LEE H. OSWALD, Metropole Hotel, Moscow, Russia. She also advised that the envelope containing the \$20 bill was returned to her on February 25, 1960, stamped "retour parti." She stated that the reverse side of this envelope was stamped "Moskva, Boytant, (Moscow) Russia, January 18, 1960" and also bore the following lettering "LEHAYHAFARD."

is

Mrs. OSWALD stated she/at a loss to understand why this particular envelope containing the \$20 bill was returned to her whereas the envelope containing the check had actually been received by LEE and returned to her by him. She stated this increased her uneasiness over LEE's safety. She stated that she has no way of knowing whether LEE has actually received the \$20 which she attempted to send to him by transfer number 142,683.

Mrs. OSWALD advised she has since January 22, 1960, sent three different letters to her son LEE, but that all have been returned to her undelivered. She stated she has feared that he might be stranded and in danger.

She stated that she has had correspondence with her Congressman and with the United States State Department inasmuch as she has been very much alarmed for fear that something might have happened to LEE.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that LEE had told her sometime during the spring or early summer of 1959 by letter that he had made arrangements to attend what she believes to be the Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland. She advised that a few days ago she received a letter from the Albert Schweitzer

DL 105-976

College in Switzerland to the effect that this college was expecting LEE OSWALD on April 29, 1960. She stated that the letter which had been directed to LEE OSWALD stated that the college hoped his travel itinerary permitted him to be in Switzerland by April 29, 1960. She stated that the receipt of this letter had raised her hopes to cause her to feel that he might actually be en route to this college in Switzerland and that she intends to write the college to see if they have received any word from LEE.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that her husband, and LEE's father, EDWARD LEE OSWALD, died before LEE was born. She stated she has two other sons, ROBERT LEE OSWALD, age 13, who resides at 7313 Davensport Street, Fort Worth, Texas, and JOHN EDWARD PIC, age 28, who is Staff Sergeant in the U. S. Air Force, and stationed currently at Misaki, Japan. She stated that Staff Sergeant JOHN EDWARD PIC, is a half brother to LEE and EDWARD OSWALD. She stated that Sgt. PIC has two years yet to serve in the U. S. Air Force.

Mrs. OSWALD advised that ROBERT LEE OSWALD of Fort Worth, also formerly served in the U. S. Air Force and that all three of the boys have seen service with the U. S. Armed Forces in Japan.

On April 29, 1960, Mrs. MARGHERITE OSWALD also stated that she has had no contact whatsoever with Soviet officials or with Soviet establishments.

Mrs. OSWALD stated she thoroughly understands that the Federal Bureau of Investigation has investigative jurisdiction in regard to the internal security of the United States. She volunteered that she would gladly report any contacts made with her by Soviet officials. Mrs. OSWALD volunteered her agreement to cooperate with the Federal Bureau of Investigation in any way possible.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she has not been requested to furnish any items of personal identification to LEE HARVEY OSWALD in Russia. She volunteered the information that LEE HARVEY OSWALD took his birth certificate with him when he left Fort Worth, Texas. She promised to advise the Federal Bureau of Investigation immediately in the event any contact whatsoever is made with her by Soviet officials or by Soviet establishments in this connection.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DL 105-978

Mrs. OSWALD furnished voluntarily a photograph of
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and the following description of him:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Age:	30
Date of birth:	October 18, 1939
Place of birth:	New Orleans, Louisiana
Height:	5'10"
Weight:	165 lbs.
Hair:	Light brown and wavy
Eyes:	Blue

- 70 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE-DIRECT EXAMINATION

I didn't recognize the accused when he first came over to the table, then I saw he was the same guy who had challenged RODRIGUEZ a couple of weeks before.

The witness was warned by the Court to restrict his answers to material matters and that assertions about previous actions of the accused were not admissible.

I am sure that the drink was poured deliberately. I was watching the accused when he did it.

I told the "Mama San" to call the MPs because I didn't want TSgt. RODRIGUEZ to get in any trouble. TSgt. RODRIGUEZ didn't tell me to call them.

The defense (accused) made an opening statement.

I wish to show that I attempted to get out from under TSgt. RODRIGUEZ authority as much as seven weeks ago. I didn't say anything to TSgt. RODRIGUEZ on the night in question until he had pushed me and I spilled the drink on him accidentally.

The following witnesses for the defense were sworn and testified substantially as follows:

Lieutenant Colonel Norman D. GLENN, Marine Air Control Squadron 1, Marine Aircraft Group 11, 1st Marine Aircraft Wing, Aircraft, FMF, c/o Fleet Post Office, San Francisco, California

DIRECT EXAMINATION (By Accused)

I know the accused, Private OSWALD. The accused came to me at request mast on 26 May and asked that his overseas extension be cancelled because he was not getting along with someone in his section. I denied his request.

CROSS - EXAMINATION

The accused did not state with whom he was not getting along with. I did not connect TSgt. RODRIGUEZ with this problem.

First Lieutenant Charles R. RHODES, Marine Air Control Squadron 1, Marine Aircraft Group 11, 1st Marine Aircraft Wing, Aircraft, FMF, c/o Fleet Post Office, San Francisco, California

DIRECT EXAMINATION

I know the accused, Private OSWALD. My position is assistant Operations Officer and, as such, I am technically in charge of the accused's work. I recall a general meeting held of the operations personnel about five

CROSS EXAMINATION

I didn't drop the glass the drink was in, it just sort of hit the edge of the table and poured out.

(Accused here asked if he could refuse to answer questions regarding what he said to TSgt. RODRIGUEZ. The warning he received prior to electing to take the stand in his own defense was reiterated and he was reminded that he had waived the privileges against self-incrimination with respect to cross-examination on any offense which he testified in denial of explanation.)

I asked TSgt. RODRIGUEZ to step outside to fight after he had shoved me. I don't recall calling him yellow. I didn't make any statements to the MPs because I was sort of drunk at the time.

CHARGE SHEET

USNAS Atsugi, Japan		DATE	17 April 1958
OSWALD Lee H.		SERVICE NUMBER	1653230
MACS-1 MAG-11 1stMAW FMF, c/o FPO, San Francisco, California		GRADE	Pfc
DATE OF BIRTH		PAY PER MONTH	
18 October 1939		\$ 85.80	
CONTRIBUTION TO FAMILY OR QUARTERS ALLOWANCE (MCM. 124A (2))		SEA OR FOREIGN DUTY \$ 8.00	
None		TOTAL \$ 93.80	

RECORD OF SERVICE	
INITIAL DATE OF CURRENT SERVICE	TERM OF CURRENT SERVICE
24 October 1956	Three (3) Years
PRIOR SERVICE (As to each prior period of service, give inclusive dates of service and organization in which serving at termination, if available.)	
None	

DATA AS TO WITNESSES			
NAME OF WITNESS	ADDRESS	WITNESSES FOR	
		PROSECUTION	ACCUSED
KURDYLA, Francis J., Sgt.	MACS-1 MAG-11 1stMAW FMF, c/o FPO, San Francisco, California	X	Sj
GAJEWSKI, Francis J., Capt	MACS-1 MAG-11 1stMAW FMF, c/o FPO, San Francisco, California	X	

DOCUMENTS AND OBJECTS	
LIST AND DESCRIBE. IF NOT ATTACHED TO CHARGES, NOTE WHERE IT MAY BE FOUND.	
None	

DATA AS TO RESTRAINT		
NATURE OF ANY RESTRAINT OF ACCUSED	DATE	LOCATION
None		

Charge : Violation of the Uniform Code of Military Justice, Article 92

Specification : In that Private First Class Leo H. OSWALD, U. S. Marine Corps, Marine Air Control Squadron 1, Marine Aircraft Group 11, First Marine Air Wing, Fleet Marine Force, Pacific, did, at Barracks #5, Naval Air Station, Atsugi, Japan on or about 2030 hours on 27 October 1957, violate a lawful general order, to wit, paragraph 10a, 10b, 10c COMNAVFORJAPAN INST 5030.1C dtd 18 October 1957, by having in his possession a privately-owned weapon that was not registered.

If this space is insufficient for all charges and specifications, they will be set forth numerically, front to back, on separate sheets attached to this page.

Will in blank members of pertinent charges and specifications or "all specific items and charges", as may be appropriate. For use unless departmental regulations prevent such election (MCM, 2.1(2)).

THE ACCUSED HAS BEEN ADVISED AND HAS ELECTED TO REFUSE PUNISHMENT UNDER ARTICLE 15 AS TO

GRADE AND ORGANIZATION OF OFFICER EXERCISING JURISDICTION UNDER ARTICLE 15 SIGNATURE

RECORD OF TRIAL BY SUMMARY COURT-MARTIAL CASE NUMBER 2-58
(Inserted by convening authority)

TO BE FILLED IN BY THE ACCUSED
 CONSENT OBJECT TO TRIAL BY SUMMARY COURT-MARTIAL SIGNATURE OF ACCUSED
Lee H. Curtis

TO BE FILLED IN BY SUMMARY COURT IF APPLICABLE,
 When an accused has been permitted and has elected to refuse punishment under Article 15, trial by summary court-martial may proceed despite his objections.

1. THE ACCUSED, HAVING REFUSED TO CONSENT IN WRITING TO TRIAL BY SUMMARY COURT-MARTIAL AND NOT HAVING BEEN PERMITTED TO REFUSE PUNISHMENT UNDER ARTICLE 15, THE CHARGES ARE HEREWITH RETURNED TO THE CONVENING AUTHORITY.

GRADE AND ORGANIZATION OF SUMMARY COURT OFFICER SIGNATURE

2. WAS THE ACCUSED ADVISED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH 79G, MCM, 1951? YES

SPECIFICATIONS AND CHARGES	PLEAS	FINDINGS	SENTENCE OR REMARKS
Sp: Chs Chs	G G	G G	To be confined at hard labor for 20 days, to forfeit \$25.00 per month for two months and to be reduced to the grade of private
			NUMBER OF PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS CONSIDERED (MCM: 73b(2)) None

PLACE U. S. Naval Air Station, Atsugi, Japan DATE 29 April 1958

GRADE, ORGANIZATION AND ARMED FORCE OF SUMMARY COURT OFFICER (MCM 4g) SIGNATURE
 Captain, MACS-1, MAG-11, 1stMAW, USMC BROOKS JOHNSON JR.

TO BE FILLED IN BY CONVENING AUTHORITY (MCM, 81, and app. 14a.)
 ORGANIZATION MACS-1 MAG-11 1stMAW PLACE NAS Atsugi, Japan DATE 29 April 1958
 c/o FPO SFRAV, CALIF.

ACTION OF CONVENING AUTHORITY
 Approved and ordered executed, but the confinement at hard labor for twenty days is suspended for six months, at which time, unless the suspension is sooner vacated, the sentence to confinement at hard labor for twenty days will be remitted without further action.
 The forfeitures shall apply to pay and allowances becoming due on and after date of this action.

GRADE AND ORGANIZATION OF CONVENING AUTHORITY SIGNATURE
 Lt. D. GLENN, LtCol USMC, MACS-1 MAG-11 1stMAW FPO, c/o FPO San Francisco, Calif. *D. Glenn*

ENTERED ON APPROPRIATE PERSONNEL RECORDS IN CASE OF CONVICTION. (MCM, 91e)

GRADE AND DESIGNATION OF OFFICER RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCUSED'S RECORDS SIGNATURE
 R. E. LEWIS JR. 2ndLt., Adjutant

NOTE: Summary of evidence, if required by the convening of higher authority, will be attached on separate pages.
 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1950 O-369979

1ST MARINE AIRCRAFT WING, AIRCRAFT, FMF, PACIFIC
c/o FLEET POST OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

257/dri

A17-3

100-SU

100-2 1952

In the foregoing case of Lee H. Oswald, private first class, U.S. Marine Corps, the sentence as approved, ordered executed and suspended by the convening authority is approved.

By copy here the convening authority is advised that the proceedings, findings, and the sentence of the case are final and conclusive in the sense of Article 44 and 76 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice. Accordingly, the convening authority is directed to take the administrative action required by 1955 NS MCM, Section 0118, with respect to the service record book of the accused.

This record has been reviewed in accordance with the provisions of Article 65c, Uniform Code of Military Justice. The record of trial will be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of 1955 NS MCM, Section 0120.


E. W. SEEDS

Colonel, U. S. Marine Corps
Chief of Staff, 1st Marine Aircraft Wing, Aircraft, FMF, Pacific
Supervisory Authority

Copy to:
CO, MAG-11
CO, MACS-1

MARINE AIR CONTROL SQUADRON 1
MARINE AIRCRAFT GROUP 11
1ST MARINE AIRCRAFT WING, AIRCRAFT, FMF, PACIFIC
C/O FLEET POST OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

NDG/rdp
AL7
10May58

From: Commanding Officer
To: Commanding General, 1st Marine Aircraft Wing (Supervisory Authority)

Subj: Delay in preferring charges, case of Private First Class Lee H. OSWALD 1653230 USMC

Ref: (a) Report of Investigation, Case 15-58, Criminal Investigation Section, Office of the Provost Marshal, MAG-11, NAS Atsugi, Japan

1. In the subject case, the delay in preferring charges was the result of the following factors:

a. Private First Class OSWALD was confined at the Naval Hospital Yokosuka, Japan undergoing treatment for the gunshot wound from 27 October 1957 to 16 November 1957.

b. This organization was on extended field maneuvers from 18 November to 18 March 1958 during which time the investigation could not be handled by squadron personnel.

c. The Report of Investigation by the MAG-11 Provost Marshal (Ref a) was not completed until 7 April 1958 and not received until 9 April 1958.

d. Office hours were held on 10 April 1958 and the Charge Sheet prepared on 11 April 1958.

2. During the period between the commission of the offense and his court-martial Private First Class OSWALD was not subject to any disciplinary restraint and it is not considered that the delay resulted in any injustice.

N. D. Glenn
N. D. GLENN

STATEMENT OF Captain Francis J. GAJEWSKI 060577/7533 USMC

I have been the supervisor of Private First Class OSTALD for the past twelve months. During the period he has worked directly under me in the operations center, here in MACS-1. He has worked on the plotting boards and has done other routine jobs in the operations center. As a matter of fact he has done very good work for me. I would desire to have him work for me at any time.

During operation SPRINGBACK he performed duties as squadron messman. His work was highly satisfactory. He did ask me a couple of times if I would help to get him off mess duty. However there was nothing I could do for him.

While I have known him he has given me the impression that he minds his business and does his job well. If I were to rate him for conduct and proficiency at this time I would award him 3.9 for proficiency and a 4.0 for conduct.

Francis J. Gajewski
FRANCIS J. GAJEWSKI

EXHIBIT (A)

CP Gives Oswald
Letters to Probers

Arnold Johnson, public relations director of the Communist Party, issued the following statement Dec. 23 concerning the letters which Lee Oswald sent to the Communist Party.

Some persons have raised questions as to what happened to the original letters which Lee Oswald, the accused assassin of President Kennedy, had sent to the Worker and to the Communist Party for information and literature.

Those letters and copies of my replies were forwarded to the Presidential Commission conducting the full investigation of this monstrous crime, for whatever value they may have to the Commission. This was done voluntarily by me on December 3rd, in keeping with our own policy and our demand that all the facts and all the related materials must be made available to the Commission so that the American people can know the full truth.

We again state that Oswald was never a Communist or a Marxist. He wrote letters to the Party office asking for literature and information, just as thousands of other do. I reply to all such letters as a matter of normal procedure. Apparently, Oswald also wrote to many others and was in contact with organizations and persons of the ultra-Right, and with the government agencies. All the facts about Oswald must be examined.

Every American has the responsibility to learn serious lessons from the full truth involved in this mad act of assassination and the calculated murder of the accused assassin. Whatever we can contribute to the full truth, we do without qualification.

The Worker
12/29/63

OSWALD ASSASSIN BEYOND A DOUBT, F. B. I. CONCLUDES

He Acted Alone and Did Not
Know Ruby, Says Report
to Warren Inquiry Panel

Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, Dec. 9—A
Federal Bureau of Investigation
report went to a special Presi-
dential commission today and
named Lee H. Oswald as the
assassin of President Kennedy.

There can be no doubt of Os-
wald's guilt, according to the
report. The report further con-
cluded that there was no link
between Oswald and Jack Ruby,
the man who killed him in the
Dallas police garage.

The Department of Justice,
declining all comment on the
content of the report, announced
only that on instructions of
President Johnson the report
was sent directly to the special
commission of which Chief Jus-
tice Earl Warren is chairman.

The commission asked that
the report not be made public
until it had had an opportunity
to review it and had taken
"whatever action it may feel
appropriate."

Investigation Continues

The Justice Department said
that the F. B. I. investigation
was continuing and that any
further facts that were found
would be reported to the War-
ren commission.

The report is known to em-
phasize that Oswald was un-
questionably the assassin and
that he acted alone.

Speculation that Oswald and
Ruby knew each other, or in
some way were part of a prior
vendetta or association, is com-
pletely discounted in the report.

The slaying of Oswald by
Ruby, an act witnessed by mil-
lions on television, is simply
reported in the F. B. I. document.
There is no attempt to find
Ruby guilty in a legal sense.
This is a matter for a jury.

Ruby's lawyer has said his
client will plead temporary in-
sanity. Hence, a jury could find
that though a man committed
the act of killing Oswald he
was not guilty by reason of
insanity.

Congress, meantime, gave the
Warren commission subpoena
power's. When the commission
next meets will be determined
by the Chief Justice. Its course
after that will be determined
in the light of the facts in the
F. B. I. report.

The principal findings that
point to Oswald as the assassin
are his fingerprints and clothing
fragments. The clothing frag-
ments were found on the rifle
used in the assassination. Prints
were found on wrapping paper
that covered the gun when it
was carried into the Dallas
building from which the shots
were fired.

Oswald worked in that build-
ing and was there at the time of
the assassination on Nov. 22.
The rifle was identical with one

Continued on Page 50, Column 3

OSWALD ASSASSIN, F. B. I. CONCLUDES

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

he ordered under an assumed
name last March.

Agitated for Castro

Oswald, who had defected to
the Soviet Union but returned
on June 13, 1962, was a pro-
Castro agitator and apparently
a paranoid personality who be-
lieved himself put upon by so-
ciety. The F. B. I. had been aware
of his agitating but had found
no evidence that he was an
agent of a foreign power.

Ruby operated a night-spot
joint in Dallas and was emo-
tionally volatile. The evidence
is that he appointed himself the
avenger of the crime against the
President.

New York Times
Dec 10, 1963

LEE HARVEY OSWALD—THE MAN AND THE MYSTERY

Suspected Assassin of Kennedy Was Withdrawn and Friendless

By DONALD JANSON

DALLAS, Dec. 7—Two weeks ago President Kennedy was assassinated in downtown Dallas. Two days later the accused assassin, Lee H. Oswald, was killed in the Dallas City Hall. The second slaying cut off any opportunity for a startled world to learn from Oswald's lips his version of what happened.

Even the life story of the secretive young malcontent has not been completely pieced together, but what is known casts some light on the troubled man and the mystery he created just before his death.

Lee Harvey Oswald was born Oct. 18, 1939, in New Orleans. His father, a life insurance salesman, had died two months before. What parental guidance he received came from his widowed mother, Mrs. Marguerite Oswald.

At the age of 3 she put him in a Lutheran home for children. His older brother and a half-brother, her son by her first marriage, were already there.

The child acquired a stepfather, Edwin A. Eckdahl, when his mother married for the third time two years later.

He did not have him long. The Eckdahls took him to Fort Worth, where the husband, an engineer, was granted a divorce in 1948.

Lee was almost 7 when he was enrolled in the first grade. Throughout elementary schools in Fort Worth he was a child of average intelligence and low achievement.

Neighbors reported that he played alone with toy guns. Mr. Carro found him a withdrawn and friendless child who was taunted at school because of his Southern drawl and because he wore blue jeans.

Mrs. Oswald ignored requests that she see school counselors. The case was taken to Bronx Children's Court. Mr. Carro persuaded the welfare agency to help, but she told its representative to "please keep out of family affairs." She said her boy's trouble was only a matter of truancy.

John Carro became his probation officer. He found that the 13-year-old youngster was staying home and watching television in the Oswald's small furnished apartment much of the day.

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The youth appeared before three Children's Court judges. Each recommended psychiatric treatment. Mrs. Oswald demurred. A fourth judge sent him to the Youth House for Boys in the Bronx.

He was examined for a month there in 1953. The chief psychiatrist, Dr. Renatus Hartogs, found that the slim 13-year-old had schizotypic tendencies and was "potentially dangerous."

This examination, performed 10 years ago, found Oswald to be full of anger although outwardly calm. It found he had fantasies involving violence. The fatherless boy had a hatred of authority, fixed on a father symbol. His personality was unaffiliated, exclusive, aggressive.

Mrs. Oswald and her son returned to New Orleans, home of her sister. There he finished eighth and ninth grades. Attendance improved. Grades were average. He was inconspicuous.

Fought Other Boys

He started spending spare time in New Orleans libraries, he said later, reading about Marxism.

Soon the youth was uprooted again. This time it was back to Fort Worth. He entered tenth grade there, but a month later quit to join the Marines.

This was in October, 1956, a week after he turned 17.

He was unpopular with his buddies. He fought a lot, but wasn't big enough to win. Oswald did become a good shot with a rifle, according to Donald Goodwin, a Marine sergeant who was his section head.

John E. Donovan, his commanding officer at a radar air control center at Tustin, Calif., said Oswald had read Russian newspapers and spent a lot of time studying the Russian language.

March to September period of 1959, Oswald's last six months in service. Mack Osborn, who shared a double bunk with him

then, said he spent "most of his spare time" on Russian.

Oswald's plans matured quickly that September. He received a passport he had applied for, then was placed on inactive duty, following a plea for a hardship discharge so he could return to Fort Worth to take care of his ailing mother.

He shocked her by staying only a night, then hurrying on to New Orleans, where he booked passage for Europe.

Oswald reached Moscow Oct. 13, 1959.

He listed his occupation as "shipping export agent." On Oct. 31 he appeared at the United States Embassy and said he was "through" and had applied for Soviet citizenship. His mother tried to call him in Moscow. He hung up on her.

Pledge of Allegiance

On Nov. 2 he wrote out an affidavit saying "I affirm that my allegiance is to the Soviet Socialist Republic."

But the country of his choice refused to grant him citizenship. The detection aborted, he remained as an alien and found work in a sheet metal factory in Minsk for 80 rubles (\$88.80) a month.

Life there added more frustrations to a mind long buffeted by them. He told about them later: Low wages, crowded quarters, little privacy, no paid vacation, monotonous food, forced lectures on Communism during lunch hours.

But there was Marina. He married the young pharmacist a month and a half after he met her. She said later she had felt sorry for him because he had no friends.

He had begun seeking an exit visa in July, 1960, before he met Marina. A year and a half later he was still trying.

"I beseech you," he wrote to Senator John G. Tower of Texas in January, 1962, "to rise [sic] the question of holding by the Soviet Union of a citizen of the United States, against his will and expressed desires."

After Senator Tower referred the matter to the State Department, the embassy amended Oswald's passport to include his wife and a daughter, June Lee, born Feb. 15, 1962.

Meanwhile, the Marine Corps, following his attempted defection, had taken him off inactive duty with an "undesirable" discharge. This came to his attention a month before his daughter was born and he sent a bitter letter of protest to John B. Connally Jr., the Secretary of the Navy, who later became Governor of Texas.

The hostile young man with yet another grievance wrote to Mr. Connally that after his return to the United States "I shall employ all means to right this gross mistake."

With money lent them by the United States Embassy in Moscow, the Oswald family traveled to New York, arriving by ship June 13, 1962.

New Start

In Fort Worth, the Oswalds lived with relatives, then found a cheap furnished apartment of their own. Lee found the first of a series of unskilled jobs that provided a bare living.

The Oswalds soon found their way to a Russian language class at the Fort Worth public library. This put them in touch with the small Fort Worth-Dallas Russian-speaking community. Several members were immigrants, and Marina was a source of fresh information on the old country for them.

They liked her and invited the Oswalds to their homes. They visited her also, and brought clothing and a playpen for the baby when they discovered their financial plight.

But their friendship with Oswald soon soured. Without exception they found him unmanly, opinionated, contrary, a man with a mind closed to persuasion and logic.

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But their friendship with Oswald soon soured. Without exception they found him unmanly, opinionated, contrary, a man with a mind closed to persuasion and logic.

The hate in Oswald grew. He became dictatorial at home. He lost his job. One night one of Marina's friends got a call from her asking if she could come over at once.

When she got there she said her black eye and facial bruises resulted from his hitting her for smoking. She stayed several days, then moved to the home of another Dallas woman for a week.

She returned when her husband pledged reform. Meanwhile, he moved to Dallas and got a second unskilled job, which he held from October to last April.

Oswald had other interests. He rented a post office box in October under the name "A. Hiddell." He received "The Worker and the Militant," a paper reflecting Trotskyite views. He also received first-class mail, including letters from Communist party headquarters in New York City, where he had written for information.

And last March 20 a rifle for A. Hiddell arrived from a mail order house in Chicago. This was the rifle that remained in his possession until it was used to kill President

Kennedy, evidence gathered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation shows.

Secondary evidence developed this week showed that it was first used April 10 to fire into the home here of Edwin A. Walker, the former general who'd been preaching ultraracism since he was relieved of his command in Germany. The shot missed Walker, but not by much. This was about the time Oswald's Dallas job ended.

On April 24 he was discovered by an acquaintance packed and ready to take a bus to New Orleans. Marina and the baby went to Irving, near Dallas, to stay with a friend, Mrs. Michael R. Paine.

Orleans Oswald first stayed with his aunt, found work as an oiler of equipment at a coffee warehouse, found a cheap apartment and called his wife May 8. Mrs. Paine took her there May 10.

Oswald took a post office box again and lost no time getting to the branch library nearest his home. On May 23 he checked out "Portrait of a Revolutionary: Mao Tse-tung."

In June he was reading "Portrait of a President," a biography of President Kennedy, and "The Huey Long Murder Case," an account of the assassination of the Louisiana political leader.

Passport Issued

On June 24, Oswald applied for a passport to visit Europe and the Soviet Union. The records in Washington showed only that he had a reputation for "fuzzy Marxist" thinking. This was insufficient to deny a passport. One was issued the next day.

Living on unemployment compensation, he started spending long hours in reading about the Cuban revolution. On Aug. 9 he passed out leaflets on Canal Street for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, a New York-based pro-Castro organization that has denied he represented them officially.

After a scrape with an anti-Castro Cuban that day, Oswald was fined \$10 in municipal court for disturbing the peace. On Sept. 17 he got a 15-day tourist card from the Mexican Consulate, representing himself as a photographer who wanted to visit Mexico.

Mrs. Paine came to visit and found the family living on \$33 a week in unemployment checks, and took Marina, pregnant, and June Lee home with her Sept. 23.

Oswald told them he would go to Houston to look for work. He started hours after they left — but for Mexico City.

Arriving by bus Sept. 26, he called the next day at the Cuban and Soviet Embassies. He asked for swift action and would be imposed.

After further efforts he departed, frustrated again, for Dallas. He arrived Oct. 3, spent the next night with his family in Irving, and the rest of his short life in rooming houses in Dallas.

It had been announced Sept. 26 that President Kennedy would visit Dallas and other points in Texas Nov. 22. Oswald's rifle, hidden from view in a blanket, had gone to Irving with other family possessions in Mrs. Paine's station wagon three days before.

Oswald rented another postal

box and started job-hunting. On Oct. 14 he moved to the last living quarters he was to have, an 18-a-week cubicle in a rooming house near the Texas School Book Depository. He signed the register as "O. H. Lee." But even his wife knew of the deception.

New Job

V. S. Truly, superintendent of the textbook distributing center, hired him as an order filler the next day. He went to work Oct. 16.

His second daughter was born Oct. 20. Mrs. Paine said he seemed happy about it. The F.B.I. checked on Oswald more than once after he returned from Mexico City, but did not yet know about the Walker shooting. Agents did learn soon after he got his job.

that he was working at the depository.

On Nov. 16 Dallas newspapers reported that there would be a motorcade through the downtown section Nov. 22 to give the President maximum crowd exposure.

It was announced that 10 would go to the Trade Mart, where the President was to speak at a luncheon.

It could be assumed that the motorcade would pass the depository. This was confirmed when the route was announced three days later.

The Night Before

The night before the assassination, Oswald went unannounced and uninvited to the Paine home, the first time he had done this.

He stayed in the suburb all night, with his family. In the morning, evidence indicates he took the rifle to work with him, wrapped in brown paper sacks. It is charged that Oswald used the rifle from a six-story window to kill the President and wound Governor Connally as they rode by.

In his flight, the police say he also killed a Dallas patrolman who challenged him a short time later. This time he used a pistol. He was arrested, imprisoned and unwaveringly denied everything. He never had a trial. His troubled life ended with his own death by shooting two days later.

NY Times 12-8-63

The Federal Bureau of Investigation has requested that certain pages of this document not be disclosed. This request was incorporated in a letter of August 13, 1965, to Dr. Wayne C. Grover, Archivist of the United States from Norbert A. Schlei, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, Department of Justice.

Commission Document Number: 110

Pages Withheld: *First Page (Synopsis)*
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BDM/lac

Relatives of RUTH HYDE PAINE

On December 2, 1963, SAS JOHN W. LILL, JR., and BERNARD D. MALONEY contacted CARL D. HYDE, M.D., 1405 President Street, Yellow Springs, at his office located at 1425 Xenia Avenue, Yellow Springs, Ohio, who furnished the following information:

He is a brother of RUTH HYDE PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, with whom the wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD is presently residing. He said that OSWALD was not known personally to him and that he had not heard of him prior to the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas, November 22, 1963.

He related that his sister, RUTH, had visited him at Yellow Springs in September, 1963, and mentioned she was leaving for New Orleans, Louisiana, at that time to contact a woman of Russian birth and invite her to stay with her in her home at Irving, Texas. He could not recall whether his sister had mentioned the woman's last name but recalled she had told him that the woman's husband was a communist and although the woman was a Russian, she did not share her husband's views. It was mentioned that the husband had not allowed this woman to learn English, that the woman was pregnant at the time, and that she was experiencing marital difficulties. The circumstances of his sister's acquaintance with this woman were not mentioned.

Dr. HYDE said that his sister, RUTH, was also experiencing marital difficulties at this time and it was his opinion that RUTH's actions to assist this woman were to lend moral support to this woman and herself in view of their mutual difficulties.

He said that following the assassination of President KENNEDY he learned of the identity of the woman previously mentioned by his sister, RUTH, as being the wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He said that his father, WILLIAM A. HYDE, Park Street, Columbus, Ohio, had told him that he had received mail from RUTH, in which she mentioned that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been to his sister's home prior to the assassination for the purpose of visiting his wife. It was not indicated to him that OSWALD himself was actually residing at his sister's home.

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Dr. HYDE said that all of the family, including himself, were "tolerant of others, point of view" and explained by this he meant that should a person make it known that he is a communist and not engaged in subversion, they would not feel duty-bound to advise respective authorities of this person's views. He claimed to have no further knowledge of the OSWALDs and appeared cooperative during the interview.

CI 105-2505

RFM/mac

The following investigation was conducted by SAS ROBERT F. MAHLER and FRANCIS X. SHORTT at Columbus, Ohio:

Efforts to locate Mrs. CAROL HYDE, mother of Mrs. RUTH PAINE, nee HYDE, were made December 2, 1963, at 4400 Glenmawr Avenue. It was observed this residence was empty.

Mrs. JOAN BARKER, neighbor, 4390 Glenmawr Avenue, advised on December 2, 1963, she was more closely associated with Mrs. CAROL HYDE than any other neighbor. CAROL HYDE, she said, has not lived next door since 1961. She presently attends Oberlin Theological Seminary, Oberlin, Ohio, and lives there. During the summer of 1963, she said, CAROL HYDE was ordained a minister in the First Unitarian Church, 93 West Wiseheimer Road, Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. BARKER said the residence at 4400 Glenmawr Avenue had been rented to a JEAN JOLLIFF, who has recently moved away to 758 Racine Avenue, Columbus, Ohio. The residence is now empty.

Mrs. BARKER said CAROL HYDE was divorced from her husband, WILLIAM HYDE, at Franklin County in 1961. During an unknown period, 1960, her ex-husband had Mrs. HYDE committed to the Harding Sanitarium, Worthington, Ohio, as a mental patient.

CAROL HYDE is not expected to return to Columbus in the near future. Her last visit to Columbus was during September, 1963, at which time her daughter, RUTH PAINE, stayed overnight in Columbus, then went to visit her brother, CARL HYDE, in Yellow Springs, Ohio.

Mrs. BARKER said she had never heard Mrs. HYDE mention the name OSWALD until the two spoke via a long distance telephone call November 29, 1963, concerning the property next door, at which time Mrs. HYDE mentioned that a Mrs. OSWALD had been living with her daughter, RUTH PAINE, at Irving, Texas. During this conversation, CAROL HYDE also told Mrs. BARKER after she graduates from the theological seminary her ambition is to become a chaplain in a mental institution.

WILLIAM AVERY HYDE, Apartment 105, 530 Park Street, Columbus, Ohio, born June 4, 1902, Palo Alto, California, employed as a actuary, Nationwide Insurance Company, 246 North High Street, was interviewed December 2, 1963. He said he is the father of RUTH PAINE, nee HYDE, who is married to MICHAEL PAINE, Irving, Texas. He is also the father of Mrs. SYLVIA HOKE, 5421 Waneta Road, Bethesda, Maryland, and the father of Dr. CARL D. HYDE, 1405 President Street, Yellow Springs, Ohio. He said he is divorced from CAROL ELIZABETH HYDE, nee HYDE. He explained he and his ex-wife are sixth cousins with the same surname. He advised their divorce took place at Franklin County, Ohio, in 1961. He said CAROL HYDE is a divinity student at Oberlin Theological Seminary, Oberlin, Ohio.

He related he last visited with his daughter, RUTH PAINE, at the residence of RUTH's husband's mother, Mrs. RUTH YOUNG, Paoli, Pennsylvania, during Labor Day weekend, 1963. He stayed at this place two days. His daughter, RUTH, and her two children were there but her husband, MICHAEL PAINE, remained at Dallas, Texas.

During this visit his daughter related that she had met Mrs. MARINA OSWALD, through circumstances not recalled by WILLIAM HYDE, and that MARINA, who had separated from her husband, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, had been living with RUTH PAINE, who was also temporarily separated from her husband, at RUTH's home, Irving, Texas, during the summer of 1963. During their visit over Labor Day weekend WILLIAM HYDE understood that MARINA OSWALD and her daughter had joined LEE HARVEY OSWALD at New Orleans, Louisiana, where the latter went to seek employment.

During this visit, RUTH PAINE expressed concern about MARINA OSWALD, who was pregnant. She wanted MARINA to join her at Irving, Texas, so MARINA could have her child there. RUTH PAINE returned to Texas via New Orleans, where she picked up MARINA and her daughter. WILLIAM HYDE believed LEE HARVEY OSWALD remained in New Orleans since he did not return to Texas with RUTH and MARINA.

WILLIAM HYDE could not explain why his daughter and MARINA OSWALD were so closely attached, except that his daughter was interested in studying the Russian language and through her membership in the Society of Friends she felt learning the Russian language would assist in lessening the tensions between the United States and Russia. He added MARINA OSWALD was apparently very interesting to his daughter and could offer her substantial comfort or his daughter would not have had anything to do with her. He said he knew of no subversive connections MARINA OSWALD may have had.

WILLIAM HYDE continued and said RUTH and MARINA and MARINA's daughter lived together, away from their respective husbands, from September, 1963, until just recently when MARINA OSWALD was placed in protective custody by the U.S. Secret Service. A daughter, RACHAEL OSWALD, was born to MARINA October 20, 1963.

WILLIAM HYDE said he received a letter from RUTH PAINE, written October 19, 1963, in which she mentioned that MARINA and her daughter were a comfort to her. She also mentioned that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was a weekend visitor, that he had taken a room in Dallas, separate from his wife, and had obtained employment at Dallas, Texas. The time of OSWALD's arrival at Dallas was not mentioned, nor was the type of employment described. In a sentence, RUTH PAINE said LEE HARVEY OSWALD had proven himself to be a "fine family man after all." WILLIAM HYDE did not know the significance of this sentence.

He received another letter from RUTH, dated November 6, 1963, which announced the birth of MARINA's child.

WILLIAM HYDE said during his visit with his daughter, during the Labor Day weekend, the information concerning MARINA OSWALD was not significant to him. He explained he had never met either MARINA nor LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and knew nothing more concerning what he had related.

CI-105-2505
JTP:VD

Background on RUTH HYDE PAINE and relatives

The 2/14/48 issue of the "Ohio State News," a newspaper published by students at the Ohio State University, contained an article which was captioned "Ohio College Students Initiate Educational Democracy Drive." The article that more than 100 students from colleges and universities throughout Ohio have initiated a drive for democracy in education. The article indicated the Ohio Council for Educational Democracy was formed in Columbus over the past weekend to obtain this goal. This organization would work to do away with racial and religious discrimination in Ohio colleges. CARL HYDE of Antioch College was elected as vice chairman of the organization.

Confidential Informant T-1, another U. S. Government Agency which conducts intelligence investigations, advised on 12/17/52 that Mrs. WILLIAM A. HYDE, 1986 Summit Street, Columbus, Ohio, had admitted to many neighbors during the past years that she was a "Communist." Mrs. HYDE's daughter was a student at Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio.

This same informant advised that RUTH AVERY HYDE, 1986 Summit Street, Columbus, Ohio, was listed in the 1951-1952 Antioch Student Directory of Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio.

Confidential Informant T-2 advised on 12/27/54 that the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom met on 12/20/54 at 70 E. Como Street, Columbus, Ohio. Mrs. CAROL HYDE was the speaker of the evening and she showed a film entitled, "The Toynaker." The theme of the film was that although men are different, they are all made by one Creator and only this realization makes them conscious of the fact that when they destroy others they are also destroying themselves.